Assignment #3

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1. 編譯結果

```
root@DESKTOP-SIDL7N9:~/repo/Cherry/110503507_assignment_3_linkedList# gcc main.croot@DESKTOP-SIDL7N9:~/repo/Cherry/110503507_assignment_3_linkedList# ./a.out -n-s 123.txt
```

Figure 1: Compile file

2.執行結果

Figure 2: Initial interface of X player

Figure 3: X player inputs 1 to play and move the piece

Figure 4: Initial interface of Y player

```
      9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|

      香桂銀金王金銀桂香一

      □飛□□□□□□□□□

      □□□□□□□□□□

      □□□□□□□□□□

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      □□

      □□

      □

      □
```

Figure 5: Y player inputs 1 to play and move the piece

```
9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
香柱銀金王金銀柱香一
□飛□□□□□□与世□四
□□□□□□□□□五
□□歩□□□□□□六
步步□歩步步步步步七
□角□□□□□□飛□八
香柱銀金王金銀柱香九
玩家X
choose the option(1:play/0:back to last step/s:save the record): 1
continue
玩家X[藍棋]請輸入你要移動的棋子:
8 8
玩家X[藍棋]請輸入你要移動的棋子:
8 8
元家X[藍棋]請輸入你要放置的位置:
2 2 ■
```

Figure 6: X player captures the piece of Y player

Figure 7: when X player enters wrong value

Figure 8: X player should input numbers again

```
9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|
口飛口口口口口角口二
口口口口口口口口五
口口步口口口口口口六
步步口步步步步步士
口角口口口口口可飛口八
香桂銀金王金銀桂香九
玩家Y
choose the option(1:play/0:back to last step/s:save the record/x:replay the board): 0
9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|
口飛口口口口口角口二
口口口口口口口口口六
步步步步步步步士
口角口口口口口飛口八
玩家x
choose the option(1:play/0:back to last step/s:save the record/x:replay the board):
```

Figure 9: Y player enters 0 to go back to the last step

```
日本將棋
9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|
香柱載並工並炎
口飛口口口口口角口二
5555年七月一
步步步步步口步步
口口口口口口步口口四
香桂銀金王金銀桂香九
玩家x
choose the option(1:play/0:back to last step/s:save the record/x:replay the board): 0
    日本將棋
9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|
口飛口口口口口角口二
步步步步步步步步
 ロロカロロロロロロ大
歩歩ロ歩歩歩歩歩歩せ
ロ角ロロロロロ飛口八
 香桂銀金王金銀桂香九
玩家Y
choose the option(1:play/0:back to last step/s:save the record/x:replay the board):
```

Figure 10: X player enters 0 to go back to the last step

```
日本將棋

9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|
香柱銀金王金銀柱香一
口飛口口口口角口二
步步步步步步步步步
三口口口口口口口口口四
口口口口口口口口口
五口口步口口口口口口六
步步口步步步步步步七
口角口口口口口飛口八
香柱銀金王金銀柱香九
玩家Y
choose the option(1:play/0:back to last step/s:save the record):
```

Figure 11: Pawn of Y player returns to initial place



Figure 12: X player wins the game

```
日本將棋

9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|
香桂銀金王金銀桂香一
口飛口口口口口二
歩步歩歩歩中一歩一三
口口口口口口口口四
口口口口口口口口口 五
口口サロ口口口口口 五
口口歩り口口口口口 六
歩歩口歩歩歩歩歩歩せ
口角銀口口口口飛香八
香桂口金角金銀桂口九
GAMEOVER!玩家X輸了
```

Figure 13: X player loses the game

```
日本將棋

9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|
香桂銀金王金銀桂ロー
口飛口口口口口香二
歩歩歩歩歩歩りはある
ロロロロロロサロ四
ロロロロロロロロ五
ロロサロロロロロ五
ロロサロロロロサ六
歩歩ロ歩歩歩歩歩ロセ
ロロロ角ロロ一飛口八
香口銀金王金銀桂香九
玩家X
choose the option(1:play/0:back to last step/s:save the record): s
```

Figure 14: Once we input s, the record would be saved

```
player X -> xi:7,yi:2,xj:6,yj:2,goalplace:ssc[34m步ssc[0m player Y -> xi:3,yi:6,xj:4,yj:6,goalplace:ssc[31m步ssc[0m player X -> xi:8,yi:1,xj:3,yj:6,goalplace:ssc[34m角ssc[0m player Y -> xi:1,yi:8,xj:2,yj:8,goalplace:ssc[31m香ssc[0m player X -> xi:3,yi:6,xj:5,yj:4,goalplace:ssc[34m角ssc[0m player Y -> xi:2,yi:7,xj:5,yj:4,goalplace:ssc[34m角ssc[0m player Y -> xi:9,yi:1,xj:7,yj:2,goalplace:ssc[34m桂ssc[0m player X -> xi:9,yi:1,xj:7,yj:2,goalplace:ssc[34m桂ssc[0m player Y -> xi:5,yi:4,xj:7,yj:2,goalplace:ssc[34m寿ssc[0m player Y -> xi:7,yi:8,xj:6,yj:8,goalplace:ssc[34m步ssc[0m player Y -> xi:7,yi:2,xj:8,yj:3,goalplace:ssc[31m角ssc[0m
```

Figure 15: The record would be printed on [record.txt]

```
日本將棋
9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|
口飛口口口口口角口
步步步步步步口步步
口口口口口口步口口四
口口步口口口口口口六
步步口步步步步步步七
口角口口口口口飛口八
香桂銀金王金銀桂香九
choose the option(1:play/0:back to last step/s:save the record/x:replay
the board): 1
continue
玩家X[藍棋]請輸入你要移動的棋子:
8 8 3 3
玩家X[藍棋]請輸入你要放置的位置:
是否要升變?(y/n)
```

Figure 16: If input 'y', the shogi will be promotion

Figure 17: "龍馬" is the promotion of "角"

```
日本將棋
9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|
口口口口口口口飛口二
5步步步步5日飛香
口口口口口口步口步四
口口步口口口口口口六
步步口步步步步口步七
口口口口口口口口八
香桂銀金王金銀桂香九
choose the option(1:play/0:back to last step/s:save the record/x:replay
the board): 1
continue
玩家x[藍棋]請輸入你要移動的棋子:
3 2 3 4
元了
玩家X[藍棋]請輸入你要放置的位置:
是否要升變?(y/n)
y
```

Figure 18: "If input 'y', the shogi will be promotion

```
日本將棋

9|8|7|6|5|4|3|2|1|
香柱銀金王金銀柱口一
口口口口口口飛口二
步步步步龍口口香三
口口口口口口口口口五
口口与口口口口口口五
口口与口口口口口口八
专生銀金王金銀柱香九
玩家Y

choose the option(1:play/0:back to last step/s:save the record/x:replay the board):
```

Figure 19: "龍王" is the promotion of "飛"

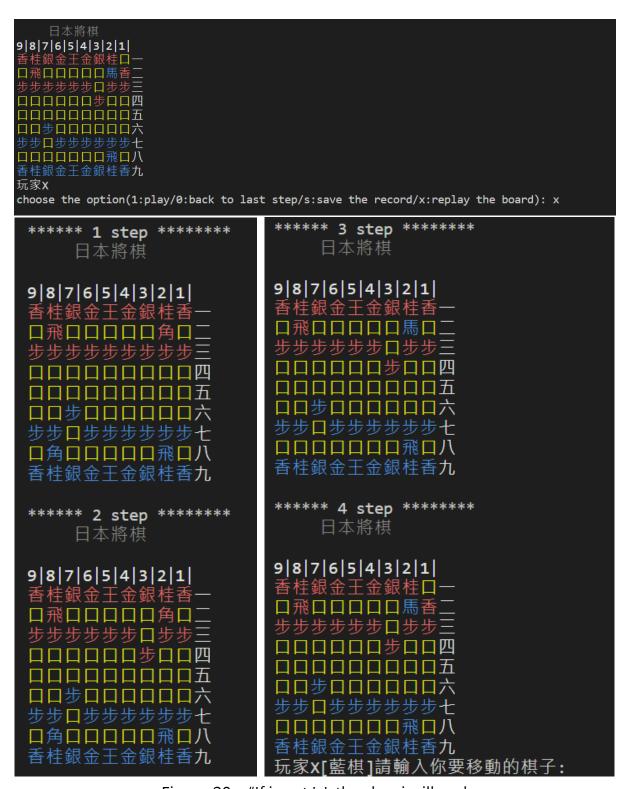


Figure 20: "If input 'x', the shogi will replay

<將棋棋子規則>

else if (chessPosition[xi][yi] == Blue(飛))

```
if (chessPosition[i][yi] != GAP) isStandard = 0; //如果初始位置和目標位置之間有棋子,則不符合規則
                   if (chessPosition[i][yi] != GAP)
  isStandard = 0;
           for (int i = yi + 1; i < yj; i++)
    if (chessPosition[xi][i] != GAP)
    isstandard = 0;
for (int i = yi - 1; i > yj; i--)
    if (chessPosition[xi][i] != GAP)
    isstandard = 0;
                  printf("是否要升變?(y/n)\n"); //棋子升變與否scanf("%s", &y_n);
                         insert(xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
chessPosition[xi][yi] = GAP;
chessPosition[xj][yj = Blue(B);
insert2(chessPosition[xj][yj]);
fprintf(record, "player X -> xi:Xd,yi:Xd,yj:Xd,goalplace:Xs\n", xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
return;
           /insert(xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
chessPosition[xi][yi] = G8P; chessPosition[xj][yj] = Blue(飛);
insert2(chessPosition[xj][yj]);
fprintf@record, "player X - ] xi:%d,yi:%d,yi:%d,goalplace:%s\n", xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj][j];
if (chessPosition[xi][yi] == Red(飛))
                    if (chessPosition[i][yi] != GAP)
| isStandard = 0; //如果初始位置和目標位置之陽有棋子,則不符合規則
                    if (chessPosition[i][yi] != GAP)
  isStandard = 0;
              for (int i = yi + 1; i < yj; i++)
    if (chessPosition[xi][i] != GAP)
    isStandard = 0;
for (int i = yi - 1; i > yj; i--)
    if (chessPosition[xi][i] != GAP)
    isStandard = 0;
        if ((xi == xj || yi == yj) && isStandard && (redOrBlue(xj, yj) != -1)) //如果棋子直行、沒有犯規且落點不是紅棋,可以移動
               printf("是<mark>古要升景</mark>?(y/n)\n"); //棋子升變與舌 scanf("%s", &y_n); if (y_n == 'y')
                      insert(xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
chessPosition[xi][yj] = GAP;
chessPosition[xj][yj] = Red(龍);
insert2(chessPosition[xj][yj]);
fprintf(record, "player Y -> xi:%d,yi:%d,yj:%d,goalplace:%s\n", xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
return:
               insert(xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]); chessPosition[xi][yj] = cAP; chessPosition[xj][yj] = Red(\Re); insert2(chessPosition[xj][yj]); fprintf(record, "player Y -> xi:%d,yi:%d,yj:%d,goalplace:%s\n", xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]); return;
```

Figure 21: [飛] 可到上下左右的任何 1 格

Figure 22: [桂] 每次走右上格或左上格對上之1格

Figure 23: [步] 每次只可向前 1 格,不能後退

```
if (chessPosition[xi][yi] == Blue(角))
           int diff=0;
            diff=abs(xi-xj);
if ((yi<yj)&& (xi<xj))</pre>
                    for (i,j; i < xj,j<yj; i ++,j++)
                           if (chessPosition[i][j] != GAP)
isStandard = 0;//如果初始位置和目標位置之間有棋子,則不符合規則
                    if(xj!=xi+diff||yj!=yi+diff){isStandard=0;}
             if ((yi<yj)&& (xi>xj))
                    int j=yi+1;int i = xi-1;
for (i,j; i > xj,j<yj; i--,j++)</pre>
                           if (chessPosition[i][j] != GAP)
isStandard = 0;//如果初始位置和目標位置之間有棋子,則不符合規則
                    if(xj!=xi-diff||yj!=yi+diff){isStandard=0;}
         ((yi > yj) && (xi > xj)
             if (chessPosition[i][j] != GAP)
| isStandard = 0; //如果初始位置和目標位置之間有棋子,則不符合規則
             printf("是否要升變?(y/n)\n"); //棋子升變與否scanf("%s", &y_n);
                 insert(xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
chessPosition[xi][yi] = GAP;
chessPosition[xi][yj] = Blue(無);
insert2(chessPosition[xi][yj]);
fprintf(record, "player X -> xi:%d,yi:%d,xj:%d,yj:%d,goalplace:%s\n", xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
saturn.
         insert(xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
chessPosition[xi][yi] = GAP;
chessPosition[xj][yj] = Blue(m);
insert2(chessPosition[xj][yj]);
fprintf(record, "player X -> xi:%d,yi:%d,xj:%d,yj:%d,goalplace:%s\n", xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
return:
```

Figure 24: [角] 每次可到對角的任何 1 格(英文字母「X」方向)

```
### Comparison of the content of th
```

Figure 25: [銀] 每次走前面、右上、右下、左上、左下1格

Figure 26: [金] 每次走前面、右上、右面、左上、左面、下面 1 格

Figure 27: [香] 每次可向前行任1格,但不能後退

```
else if (chessPosition[xi][yi] == Red(E))

{
    if ((redOrBlue(xj, yj) != -1) && ((xj == xi-1 && yj == yi-1) || (xj == xi-1 && yj == yi+1) || (xj == xi-1 && yj == yi) |
        || (xj == xi+1 && yj == yi) || (xj == xi+1 && yj == yi-1) || (xj == xi8&yj == yi+1) || (xj == xi8&yj == yi-1) ||
        || push1(xi);push2(yi);push4(yj);push4(yj);wpush(chessPosition[xj][yj]);
        chessPosition[xi][yj] = Red(E);
        fprintf(record, player Y -> xi:%d,yi:%d,xj:%d,yj:%d,goalplace:%s\n",xi,yi,xj,yj,chessPosition[xj][yj]);
    }
    else
    if ((redOrBlue(xj, yj) != 1) && [(xj == xi-1 && yj == yi-1) || (xj == xi-1 && yj == yi-1
```

Figure 28: [王] 向前面、右上、右面、右下、左上、左面、左下、下面 1 格

Figure 29: [龍] 向前面、右上、右面、右下、左上、左面、左下、下面 1 格、 向同一行或同一列移動

Figure 30: [と] 每次走前面、右上、右面、左上、左面、下面1格

```
else if (chessPosition[xi][yi] == Red(馬))
          int j = yi + 1;
int i = xi + 1;
fr (i, j; i < xj, j < yj; i++, j++)</pre>
               if (chessPosition[i][j] != GAP)
isStandard = 0; //如果初始位置和目標位置之關有棋子,則不符合規則
              isStandard = 0;
     ;
if ((yi < yj) && (xi > xj))
          int j = yi + 1;
int i = xi - 1;
for (i, j; i > xj, j < yj; i--, j++)</pre>
               if (chessPosition[i][j] != GAP)
| isStandard = 0; //如果初始位置和目標位置之間有棋子,則不符合規則
              isStandard = 0;
          int j = yi - 1;
int i = xi + 1;
for (i, j; i<xj, j> yj; i++, j--)
               if (chessPosition[i][j] != GAP)
isStandard = 0; //如果初始位罟和目標位罟之閹有棋子,則不符合規則
       ((yi > yj) && (xi > xj))
        int j = yi - 1;
int i = xi - 1;
for (i, j; i > xj, j > yj; i--, j--)
            if (chessPosition[i][j] != GAP)
| isStandard = 0; //如果初始位置和目標位置之間有棋子,則不符合規則
       ((xi != xj && yi != yj) || (xj == xi && yj == yi - 1) || (xj == xi && yj == yi + 1) || (xj == xi + 1 && yj == yi) || (xj == xi - 1 && yj == yi) && isStandard && (redorBlue(xj, yj) != -1)
       insert(xi, yi, xi, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
chessPosition[xi][yi] = GAP;
chessPosition[xj][yj] = Red(馬);
insertz(chessPosition[xj][yj]);
fprintf(record, "player Y -> xi:Xd,yi:Xd,yj:Xd,goalplace:Xs\n", xi, yi, xj, yj, chessPosition[xj][yj]);
return:
       restart = 1:
```

Figure 31: [馬] 向前面、右上、右面、右下、左上、左面、左下、下面 1 格、即向對角線位置移動

3.規則

當使用者輸入 1 · 可以決定下一步的位置 · (先輸入[段(行)]的數值 · 再輸入[筋 (列)]的數值) 確定要移動的棋子後 · 在決定放置的位置 · 如果輸入錯誤 · 會顯示違反遊戲規則 · 使用者需要再輸入一次(1/0/s/x) · 若使用者輸入 0 · 可進行悔棋 · 悔棋可連續執行 · 直到回到第一手 · 若使用者輸入 x · 可進行重播 · 當一方進入另外一方前三排的領地 · 除了王將 (玉將) 、金將及已經升級的棋子外 · 所有棋子都可以選擇是否升變 · 輸入 s 會儲存從頭到此的下棋資料到 record.txt · 若其中一方將對方的王吃掉 · 遊戲即結束 ·

4.參考資料

- (1) https://markdown.tw/
- (2) https://shogi.hk/Gameplay-of-Japanese-Chess-Shogi/
- (3) https://lakesd6531.pixnet.net/blog/post/332858496-

%5B%E8%B3%87%E6%96%99%E7%B5%90%E6%A7%8B%5D%E7%94%A8c%E8

%AA%9E%E8%A8%80%E8%A3%BD%E4%BD%9C%E5%A0%86%E7%96%8A%2 8stack%29

(4) https://www.delftstack.com/zh-tw/howto/c/read-file-c/

5. GITHUB 連結

https://github.com/NCU-DSA-111-1/assignment 2-yayi1213/tree/main/110503507 assignment 3 linked%20list