

Table S2. AI Prompts for all teams. Teams A and B used Claude 3.7 Sonnet; Team C used GPT-4o."

Team	Prompt
A	Looking at these instructions, how would you analyze this in google colab?: ASK: Analyze Eukaryotic Enzyme Length Distribution with regards to the potential preferred sizes. 2. READING: Read TWO key articles: https://www.pnas.org/doi/10.1073/pnas.91.9.4044 and https://www.liebertpub.com/doi/10.1089/153623102760092805 . 3. DATA-1: Choose database (data preparation: e.g., EBI or NCBI) and compile target data set (data cleaning). 4. DATA-2: Apply Fourier-transform (data processing) and Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA). 5. HYPOTHESIS: Test hypothesis* and formulate conclusion/s. 6. DESCRIPTION: Provide a detailed description of the entire process.
A	Looking at these instructions, how would you analyze this in google colab? Please use the diverse enzyme .csv for analysis to start in google drive. ASK: Analyze Eukaryotic Enzyme Length Distribution with regards to the potential preferred sizes (to generate our own new Fourier transformation equation and use the cosine equation from the paper that got us ~125aa). Apply Fourier-transform (data processing) and Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA). Please provide secondary analysis using updated approaches including Full Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) that captures both amplitude and phase information * Wavelet analysis for multi-scale detection of periodic patterns * Short-Time Fourier Transform (STFT). Please also provide statistics comparing each analysis with each other and highlight p-values of any positive spectrogram peaks identified.
B	Help me to understand the Spectral Analysis of Protein Distribution using the attached paper as a guide. Create a step-wise approach to understanding this methodology used in the paper and break down each step. Presume that we could use R tidyverse and the R 'spectral' package if necessary.
B	As for the critique of the R script, yes. Adjust mixture model complexity, fixed peaks, parameter constraints, p-value interpretation. Window size limitation estimates, refer to the attached paper for guidance and cross-validation. Requesting to keep the Cosine model per the paper. Script Implementation issues aside, for now we need to fix the SAD and statistical modeling first. Regenerate another R script that addresses these issues, while also taking into account the attached. ALSO an after thought for further discussion - is the protein length normally distributed? What's up with the spikes in protein length in the dataset? Should we somehow take this into account?
B	We've created a complete, fully functional R script that performs spectral analysis on protein length distributions. The script follows the methodology from Kolker et al. and includes significant improvements to ensure reliability.

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B	Given the attached R script and attached original study, how does this script compare to scientifically validated research published by Kolker et al? I take this to be the foundation to build upon. The goal is to reproduce as closely as possible the methodologies used by Kolker in the attached.
C	Hello I am working on this project and I need help with my part. I will upload the project plan for context now. We have three papers (see attached) that describe periodicity in protein/enzyme lengths using Cosine Fourier Transform and SAD. With AI tools now, I want to see if we uncover periodic structure in eukaryotic enzymes?
C	A group member created this CSV using UniProt Advanced Search and filtered by EC number, evidence at protein level, and reviewed (SwissProt) for Eukaryota. I want to make sure this CSV correctly matches the downloaded proteins file I have. I also have this notebook where I started analyzing the distribution. Help me check if the files align and the fields are correct.
C	I now want to add the actual amino acid sequences and their lengths. I'll need to go back to UniProt and get those fields. How do I create a file that includes columns like Sequence, Length, and match it using accession numbers?
C	Either filter the protein sequences by protein names [DE] or by sequences and apply either Rule 1 or Rule 2. Rule 1: For any two protein sequences with the same protein names [DE] or sequences, if the length difference is less than 20%, remove the shorter one, else, keep them both. Rule 2: For protein sequences with the same protein names [DE] or sequences, if the difference of length between the shortest and second shortest is less than 20%, only remove the shorter and keep the rest, else, keep them both and the rest of the protein sequences with the same protein name or sequences.
C	Help me generate histograms of protein length distributions across original and filtered datasets. Also generate pie charts of the top 10 organisms and top 10 protein names. I want to export all plots as images.
C	We want to now test for periodicity using two methods: Cosine Fourier Transform and SAD (Spectral Analysis of Distributions) as done in the original Kolker and Berman papers. Use the filtered datasets and perform both FFT and SAD analysis. Visualize the power spectrum and frequency amplitude plots. Also find the most prominent peak.
C	I want to now model the distribution of enzyme lengths using a mixture of a gamma background distribution and several normal peaks centered at integer multiples of a base period. I want to fit this model, estimate confidence intervals using bootstrap, and compare against a background-only model using AIC/BIC and a likelihood ratio test.

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C	Print the final model evaluation summary for each filtered dataset. I want the likelihood ratio test statistics, p-value, AIC/BIC values, and 95% confidence intervals from bootstrap. Confirm that the results are significant and identify the preferred model based on both AIC and BIC. Also print the optimized weights and parameters used.
C	Please come up with a short and well-written executive summary of our enzyme length analysis project that includes all key findings. Mention the hypothesis, data source, methodology (filtering, SAD, Fourier, and model), and key results like the 121.4aa periodicity and significance.