# Project 2 ~Pokemon RPG~

CSC-17C-44049

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## Introduction

Title: Pokemon RPG

In the world of Pokemon, one must level up their Pokemon in order to be the strongest trainer!

Leveling up Pokemon, however, requires battling other Pokemon and foes! You can also catch Pokemon to expand your library of available fighters (from weak to strong).

Fighting monsters will make your Pokemon unhealthy and hurt, but using items can restore their health! Buy items at the Hospital or find them lying around!

First time players: press 'h' to bring up a legend and help menu!

Quitting the game or dying in-game will make you lose your progress, so be careful!

I chose this style of project because it contains a lot of logic and features. This helped me decide what concepts to use, and where, easier.

# **Summary**

Program size: ~1760 lines (Excluded the header [file, author, date, purpose] and huge comments, then rounded to the nearest 10<sup>th</sup> place)

Number of major variables: ~39

Number of constructs: ~49

It was fairly challenging to do. I had the most problems with buffer overflows caused by linked lists, displaying linked lists the way I wanted them to, making up how the project requirements would fit into a game, and thinking up what to do for the project in general. I also had no idea what to use a queue for (feels like it would be a repeat of something already in-game).

For Project 2, the tree gave me buffer overflows and crashes. I wanted, at first, to implement a personal computer the user could use to store notes or text files in; but that didn't happen.

Project 2 took me about 10 hours to do overall; most of the time being used to figure out how to implement the new concepts for this type of game.

I had many challenges and features I would have loved to add, but sadly, time does not allow it at the moment. Also, for the last few concepts, I had something better in mind, but I was unable to implement them.

I had fun making this project (although I admit some times were frustrating) and at the same time learned so much on how to use a few of the STL algorithms, containers, and iterators. I also learned the use of hashing in password protection and trees to easily and efficiently store data.

Other aspects that I used that have not been covered in this course are using allocators for sets. I used an allocator to sort the set based on string length, istream iterators and the STL's count function for counting the number of lines in a file. Everything else I haven't really seen before was a requirement, so I don't think it counts.

# **Description**

At first, I tried to make a dice game of chance, but it was way too short and not enough to include all the concepts necessary. On the side I tried to make a map-panning program using pure ASCII characters and C++, which, in turn, gave me the idea to mix the two and this eventually led to a Pokemon-style game. Oddly enough, using a sheet of paper to solve problems I had helped a whole lot! Other than that, looking at documentation and redoing concepts on a separate program helped me get through my problems.

#### Sample Input/Output

```
Starting the program
```

Sign Up

```
Pokemon CSC 17 C____
1) Sign In
2) Sign Up
3) Exit
       Sign In Success (Note: My NetBeans doesn't display console input)
Enter username:
Enter password:
LOADING...
=====START!!=====
*TIP: Use 'h' for help!!*
 0 0 0 0 0
 0 H . . x
 0 . 8 . x
 0 E . . x
Action:
       Sign In Fail
Username and/or password incorrect!
```

```
Enter a new username:
Enter password for User:
Signup Success!!
```

#### Pressing 'h' brings up a help menu

```
Action: Legend
 '8' PLAYER
 '~' WATER (water types found here)
 'x' CONCRETE (rock types found here)
 'v' TALL GRASS (grass types found here)
 '.' NORMAL TILE (Items found here)
 'H' HOSPITAL (Buy medicine here)
 'E' EVOLUTION TREE (See the world evolution tree)
Actions
 In world
    w move up
    s move down
    a move left
    d move right
    p PokeDex menu
    h brings up this menu
    m displays a world map with shortest distances from your current location
    q quits the game
    --dying also stops the game
 In battle
    l attacks rival Pokemon
    2 attempts to catch Pokemon
    3 runs from battle
    4 uses health potion for your Pokemon
Casually walking around gives chance of finding items!
```

```
Pressing 'q' quits the game (output varies)
SHUTTING DOWN...

Your attack log:
Sorted log to count number of times an action was used
Attacks used: 0
Catches used: 0
Times Ran: 0
Times Healed: 0
```

```
======PokeDex=====
These are all the Pokemon found in this world
Weak Rock
Weak Grass
Weak Water
Strong Rock
Strong Grass
Strong Water
Intermediate Rock
Intermediate Grass
Intermediate Water
======Nontindo=====
      Pressing 'm' displays a world map
Amaranth -> Eburnean 476
Amaranth -> Xanadu
Amaranth -> Wenge 5376
Amaranth -> Mikado 1835
Eburnean -> Amaranth 476
Eburnean -> Xanadu
                    1847
Eburnean -> Glaucous 1463
Eburnean -> Sarcoline 4062
Xanadu -> Amaranth 136
Xanadu -> Eburnean 1847
Xanadu -> Wenge
Xanadu -> Glaucous 801
Wenge -> Amaranth 5376
Wenge -> Xanadu
Wenge -> Mikado
                1091
Glaucous -> Eburnean 1463
Glaucous -> Xanadu
                     801
Glaucous -> Mikado
                  1122
Glaucous -> Sarcoline 1337
Mikado -> Amaranth 1835
Mikado -> Wenge
                   1091
Mikado -> Glaucous 1122
Mikado -> Sarcoline 2341
Sarcoline -> Eburnean 4062
Sarcoline -> Glaucous 1337
Sarcoline -> Mikado 2341
```

Pressing 'p' displays the "PokeDex"

```
        Location
        Shortest distance from you (Amaranth Town)

        Eburnean
        476

        Xanadu
        136

        Wenge
        877

        Glaucous
        937

        Mikado
        1835

        Sarcoline
        2274
```

Pressing 'w' moves the player ('8') upward (camera also moves accordingly)

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 H 8 . x 0 . . . x 0 E . . x Action:
```

Pressing 's' moves the player ('8') downward (camera also moves accordingly)

```
0 H . . x
0 . 8 . x
0 E . . x
0 . . . v
0 . . . v
Action:
```

Pressing 'd' moves the player ('8') right (camera also moves accordingly)

```
H . . x x
. . 8 x x
E . . x x
. . . v v
. . . v v
Action:
```

Pressing 'a' moves the player ('8') left (camera also moves accordingly)

```
0 H . . x
0 8 . . x
0 E . . x
0 . . . v
0 . . . v
Action: ■
```

Walking on 'H' takes you to the hospital

```
Shop? (NOT YET IMPLEMENTED)
***Items in stock***
forwards: Full Half Small
backwards:Small Half Full
      Walking on 'E' displays the 'Evolution Tree'
EVOLUTION TREE
THE ROOT OF ALL IS A MYSTERY!
Weak Grass Intermediate Grass Weak Rock Intermediate Rock Strong Rock Strong Grass Weak Water Interm
ediate Water Strong Water
       Walking on '.' tiles has a chance of finding a heal potion (output varies)
Found half heal!!
0 0 0 0 0
Action:
      Walking on '~' tiles has a chance of a Water-type Pokemon attacking
      (Pokemon strength varies)
A Weak Water Level 2 Appeared!!
Your Pokemon at hand: Weak Grass Level 3
Your Pokemon's Health: 10
Weak Water's Health: 8
What do you do?
1) Attack
```

Walking on 'v' tiles has a chance of a Grass-type Pokemon attacking (Pokemon strength varies)

2) Catch 3) Run 4) Use Heal Action:

```
A Weak Grass Level 2 Appeared!!

Your Pokemon at hand: Weak Grass Level 3

Your Pokemon's Health: 9

Weak Grass's Health: 5

What do you do?

1) Attack
2) Catch
3) Run
4) Use Heal
Action:
```

Walking on 'x' tiles has a chance of a Rock-type Pokemon attacking (Pokemon strength varies)

```
A Intermediate Rock Level 6 Appeared!!

Your Pokemon at hand: Weak Grass Level 3

Your Pokemon's Health: 9
Intermediate Rock's Health: 14

What do you do?

1) Attack
2) Catch
3) Run
4) Use Heal
Action:
```

Selecting '1) Attack' during battle

```
Your Attacks
Tackle Power: 1

Your Weak Grass used Defend!

Weak Water used Defend!

Your Pokemon's Health: 8

Weak Water's Health: 7

What do you do?

1) Attack
2) Catch
3) Run
4) Use Heal
Action:
```

Selecting '1) Attack' during battle if the attacker failed to attack

```
Your Attacks
Tackle Power: 1

Your Weak Grass used Defend!

Intermediate Grass failed to attack!

Your Pokemon's Health: 9
Intermediate Grass's Health: 9

What do you do?

1) Attack
2) Catch
3) Run
4) Use Heal
Action:
```

Selecting '1) Attack' and winning (Pokemon type and level up varies)

```
Intermediate Grass killed!
Your Weak Grass leveled up 2!
```

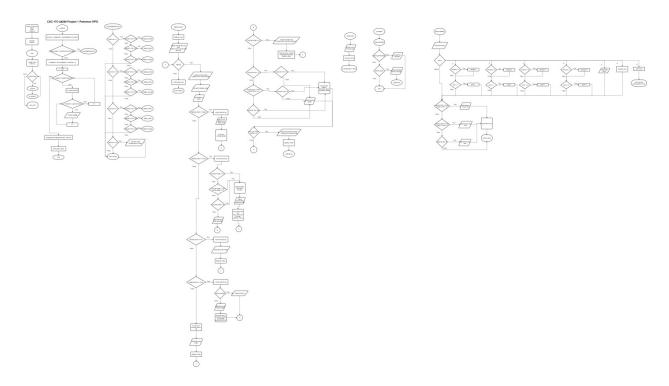
Selecting '1) Attack' and losing. 'CIN ERROR' displayed because I used arrow keys for the purpose of displaying 'CIN ERROR' on the log (output varies greatly)

```
====Your Pokemon died!====
====Game Over====
Your Pokemon
Weak Grass
Weak Grass
Your attack log:
 MOVE: 1 USED: RUN
 MOVE: 2 USED: CIN ERROR
  MOVE: 3 USED: ATTACK
 MOVE: 4 USED: ATTACK
 MOVE: 5 USED: ATTACK
 MOVE: 6 USED: ATTACK
  MOVE: 7 USED: ATTACK
 MOVE: 8 USED: ATTACK
 MOVE: 9 USED: ATTACK
  MOVE: 10 USED: ATTACK
  MOVE: 11 USED: CIN ERROR
 MOVE: 12 USED: CIN ERROR
 MOVE: 13 USED: CIN ERROR
  MOVE: 14 USED: ATTACK
 MOVE: 15 USED: ATTACK
Sorted log to count number of times an action was used
ATTACK
CIN ERROR
CIN ERROR
CIN ERROR
CIN ERROR
RUN
Attacks used: 10
Catches used: 10
Times Ran:
Times Healed: 10
====Your Pokemon died!====
====Game Over====
Press any key to quit
```

```
Selecting '2) Catch' success (swaps your monster)
Action: Successfully caught a Weak Grass!
       Selecting '2) Catch' fail (does nothing, attacker attacks or misses)
Action: Failed to catch Weak Grass
       Selecting '3) Run' flees from battle
Got Away Safely
       Selecting '4) Use Heal' uses a found or bought health potion (output
       varies)
Used small heal!
Your Pokemon now has 10 health points!
       Selecting '4) Use Heal' without items
NO ITEMS!
      Hashing (External Text File) (varies)
2566729182
 13448772
 3379058244
3146257350
2739899042
       Recursive Sorting (External Text File) (varies) (broken)
```

6978616 2739899042

## Flowchart



#### Pseudocode

```
output login menu
if (choice == 1)
       signIn()
if (choice == 2)
       signUp()
else
       exit
signIn()
       Prompt for username and password
       hash and check database
       if (hash == input)
              game.isRunning() = true
       else
              output error
              output login menu
signUp()
       Prompt for username and password
       hash and send result to database
       output login menu
while game.isRunning() do
```

```
game.draw()
       game.update()
exit
game.draw()
       lastChar = map[playerPosY][playerPosX]
       if player is playing and !justFought do
               checkBattle(lastChar)
       i = playerCameraY
      for i < viewport + playerCameraY do
               j = playerCameraX
              for j < viewport + playerCameraX do
                      output map[i][j]
               i++
       justFought = false
checkBattle(lastChar)
       check lastChar
               if (water or grass or rock) do
                      if (chance) do
                             fight(monster)
               if (hospital) do
                      output items available to buy
               if (evolutionTree) do
                      output evolution tree
fight(monster)
       fighting = true
       output who is fighting
       while (fighting) do
               output health of both monsters
              prompt for fighting action
               if (attack) do
                      log the action
                      output available attacks
                      attack the monster and decrease its health
               if (catching) do
                      log the action
                      check health of monster
                             if (chance) do
                                     swap monsters
```

```
add newly caught monster to list
                                     heal the monster
                                     fighting = false
                              else do
                                     output failed to catch message
               if (run from battle) do
                      log the action
                      fighting = false
               if (healing) do
                      log the action
                      if (empty items list) do
                              output no items message
                      else do
                              output item used
                              heal accordingly
                             pop item from list of items
               else do
                      log the action
                      fighting = false
               if (monster health == 0) do
                      level up user's monster
                      full heal dead monster
                      fighting = false
               check monster's level
                      if (chance) do
                              reduce user's monster's health accordingly
                      else do
                              output monster missed or failed to attack message
               if (user's monster's health \leq 0) do
                      output monster died message
                      output user's monster list
                      fighting = false
                      quitGame()
       display player's action log
       running = false
game.update()
       player.update()
       if (player.getViewSet()) do
               display set or "PokeDex"
       if (player.quits()) do
```

quitGame()

## quitGame()

```
player.update()
       prompt for action
       if (action == 'w' or 'a' or 's' or 'd') do
              move player and camera accordingly
       if (action == 'h') do
              output a help menu
       if (action == 'p') do
              viewSet = true
       if (action == 'm')
              display world map
       if (action == 'q') do
               quit = true
       default do nothing
       if (chance) do
              output found item
              push item to item list
       else do nothing
```

#### Variables

Variable	Туре	Location	
pokeDex	set <string, sortorder=""></string,>	Game.h:74	
	_	Game.cpp:105 – 115, 140, 506	
log	list <string></string>	Game.h:76	
		Game.cpp:262, 276, 299, 365, 373, 395,	
		520, 537, 540	
mList	MonList, linked list	Game.h:79	
		Game.cpp: 64, 65, 143, 146 – 149, 240,	
		309, 328, 347, 415, 419, 483	
sList_H	Shop, doubly linked list	Game.h:80	
_		Game.cpp:76, 222	
sList_T	Shop, doubly linked list	Game.h:81	
		Game.cpp:77, 223	
mIt	map <string, int="">::iterator</string,>	Game.h:100	
		Game.cpp:280 – 282, 289, 291, 294, 435,	
		437, 449, 451, 463	
sIt	set <string>::iterator</string>	Game.h:101	
		Game.cpp:506, 507	
1It	list <string>::iterator</string>	Game.h:102	
		Game.cpp:520, 524, 540, 541, 545 - 548	
items	stack <string></string>	Player.h:21, 26, 40, 55	
		Player.cpp:91, 96, 101	
attacks	map <string, int=""></string,>	Pokemon.h:40, 41, 45 – 47, 51 – 54, 59,	

		60, 64 – 66, 70 – 74, 78, 79, 83 – 85, 89 – 92, 99, 144, 153
hash	unsigned int	Login.cpp: 46 – 78, 81 – 112

# Concepts

Variable	Туре	Location
swap	Algorithm	Game.cpp:305, 324, 343,
sort	Algorithm	Game.cpp:537
count	Algorithm	Login.cpp:23
mIt	Iterator	Game.h:100
		Game.cpp:280 – 282, 289,
		291, 294, 435, 437, 449,
		451, 463
sIt	Iterator	Game.h:101
		Game.cpp:506, 507
lIt	Iterator	Game.h:102
		Game.cpp:520, 524, 540,
		541, 545 - 548
pokeDex	Container	Game.h:74
		Game.cpp:105 – 115, 140,
	-	506
log	Container	Game.h:76
		Game.cpp:262, 276, 299,
		365, 373, 395, 520, 537, 540
mList	Container	Game.h:79
		Game.cpp: 64, 65, 143, 146
		-149, 240, 309, 328, 347,
1.11		415, 419, 483
sList_H	Container	Game.h:80
aList T	Containen	Game.cpp:76, 222 Game.h:81
sList_T	Container	
itama	Container	Game.cpp:77, 223
items	Container	Player.h:21, 26, 40, 55
attacks	Container	Player.cpp:91, 96, 101 Pokemon.h:40, 41, 45 – 47,
attacks	Container	
		51 – 54, 59, 60, 64 – 66, 70 – 74, 78, 79, 83 – 85, 89 –
		92, 99, 144, 153
hash	Hashing	Login.cpp: 125 – 127
heapsort, heapify	Recursive Sorting	Login.cpp: 177 – 204
root	Tree	EvolTree.h: 68, 31 – 43, 46
1001	1100	- 56, 59 - 63
graph	2D Array for weighted	World.h: 27
5 upii	graph	World.cpp: 23, 25, 31, 44 –
	grapii	w ond.cpp. 23, 23, 31, 44 =

	75 92 92 04 125
	75, 82, 83, 94 – 125,
	Dijkstral's Algorithm: 144 –
	195

## References

- Previous homework
- Gaddis book
- Explains advanced C++ concepts

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCcDGsN3JxMavDkM9INRLGF

A

https://www.youtube.com/user/CodingMadeEasy

- Used to learn about libraries (documentation)
   http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/
- NetBeans' autocorrect feature with man pages
- Weighted Graphs

 $\underline{http://www.geeks for geeks.org/greedy-algorithms-set-6-dijks trasshortest-path-algorithm/}$ 

Hashing Functions

http://www.partow.net/programming/hashfunctions/index.html

• Trees

http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/tree-traversals-inorder-preorder-and-postorder/

# **Program**

## main.cpp

```
/*
 * File: main.cpp
 * Author: Najera Enrique
 * Date Due: 07 June 2017
 * Purpose: Main game loop for Project 1 - Pokemon
 */

// User Libraries
#include "Game.h"

// Start method main handles game loop
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
 // Declare Objects
```

```
Game g;
  // After game has been initialized
  while (g.isRunning()){
     g.draw(); // Draw our game at default settings
    g.update(); // Update our game
  // SYS EXIT
  return 0;
}// End method main
                                         EvolTree.h
* File: EvolTree.h
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Tree to hold evolution tree
#ifndef EVOLTREE H
#define EVOLTREE H
// System Libraries
#include <iostream>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string>
struct node {
  std::string data;
  struct node* left;
  struct node* right;
};
// Start class EvolTree
class EvolTree{
  // Constructor and Destructor
  public:
    EvolTree(){fill();} // Fill the tree
    ~EvolTree(){}
    // Function Prototypes
    void print(){print(root);} // Prints tree
  private:
    // Start method fill
```

```
void fill(){
      // Add Pokemon to the tree
       root = newNode("THE ROOT OF ALL IS A MYSTERY!\n");
       root->left = newNode("Weak Grass");
       root->left->left = newNode("Intermediate Grass");
       root->left->right = newNode("Strong Grass");
       root->right = newNode("Weak Water");
       root->right->left = newNode("Intermediate Water");
       root->right->right = newNode("Strong Water\n");
      root->left->right= newNode("Weak Rock");
      root->left->left->right->left= newNode("Intermediate Rock");
       root->left->right->right= newNode("Strong Rock");
    } // End method fill
    // Start method print
    void print(struct node* node){
      if (node == NULL)
        return;
      /* first print data of node */
      std::cout << node->data << " ";
      /* then recur on left subtree */
      print(node->left);
      /* now recur on right subtree */
       print(node->right);
    } // End method print
    // Start method newNode
    struct node* newNode(std::string data){
       struct node* node = new struct node;
       node->data = data;
       node->left = NULL;
      node->right = NULL;
      return (node);
    } // End method newNode
    // Declare Objects
    node *root;
}; // End class EvolTree
```

#### Game.h

```
* File: Game.h
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: The game's main logic and drawing
*/
#ifndef GAME H
#define GAME H
// System Libraries
#include <map>
#include <set>
#include <list>
// User Libraries
#include "Login.h"
#include "Player.h"
#include "Pokemon.h"
#include "MonsterList.h"
#include "ShopList.h"
#include "EvolTree.h"
// Sorts the pokeDex set by string length
struct SortOrder {
  // Operator overload
  bool operator()(const string &first, const string &second){
    // Get the length of strings
    int length1 = first.length();
     int length2 = second.length();
    // If same length, return alphabetical order
    if (length1 == length2)
       return (first < second);
    return (length1 < length2);
};
// Start class Game
class Game{
  public:
    // Constructor & Destructor
```

```
Game();
  ~Game();
  // Function Prototypes
  bool isRunning(){return running;} // Should our game run
  void update();
                            // Update logic
  void draw();
                            // Draw based on updated logic
  void quitGame();
                              // Quits the game
  void checkBattle(char);
                                // Check if we are in a battle state
  void fight(Pokemon *);
                                 // Actual fighting state
  void dispSet();
                             // Displays the set, or PokeDex
  void dispLog();
                             // Displays the list, or program log
  Shop *stockShop(char);
                                  // Fills doubly linked list with items
  void printShop F(Shop *);
                                  // Print shop in a forward fashion
  void printShop B(Shop *);
                                   // Print shop in a backward fashion
  // -Link List Functions
  void addBefore(MonList *, string, string);
  void prntList(MonList *);
private:
  // Declare Variables
  bool running: // is/should the game (be) running
  bool justFought; // Did the player just fight
  int fAction; // Holds fighting action player has provided
  char map[8][8]; // Map/World container
            // Was dynamic and read from a file, but
            // that caused too much seg fault errors
            // and delimiter errors
  int viewport; // How much of the world to display on camera
  // Declare Objects
  std::set<string, SortOrder>pokeDex; // Holds all pokemon names
                        // in the current world
                               // Holds log of player input
  std::list<string>log;
  Login login; // Login object
  Player p:
               // Player
  MonList *mList; // List of Pokemon the player has
  Shop *sList H; // List of item in shop (holds the Head)
  Shop *sList T; // List of item in shop (holds the Tail)
  EvolTree evTree; // List of monsters and their evolutions
  // -Pokemon Objects
  Pokemon *starter; // Starter, or default, Pokemon
```

```
Pokemon *current; // Holds current Pokemon our player is using
    Pokemon *w weak; // Weak Water
    Pokemon *w inter; // Intermediate Water
    Pokemon *w strong; // Strong Water
    Pokemon *g weak; // Weak Grass
    Pokemon *g inter; // Intermediate Grass
    Pokemon *g strong; // Strong Grass
    Pokemon *r weak; // Weak Rock
    Pokemon *r inter; // Intermediate Rock
    Pokemon *r strong; // Strong Rock
    // Declare iterators
    std::map<string, int>::iterator mIt; // Loops through Pokemon attacks
    std::set<string>::iterator sIt;
                                  // Loops through PokeDex
    std::list<string>::iterator lIt;
                                  // Loops through log
};// End class Game
#endif /* GAME H */
                                        Game.cpp
* File: Game.cpp
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Main Game container
       Builds and draws map,
*
       Creates objects,
       Handles Game state: fighting, menu/pause
*/
// User Libraries
#include "Game.h"
// System Libraries
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip> // setw()
#include <cstdlib> // rand()
#include <ctime> // time()
#include <set>
#include <typeinfo> // typeid()
#include <algorithm> // sort()
```

```
using namespace std;
// Start constructor Game
Game::Game(){
  // Login before starting game
  login.menu();
  cout << "\nLOADING...\n";</pre>
  // Set random number seed
  srand(time(0));
  // Initialize variables
  viewport = 5;
                   // View up to 5 elements on X and Y
              // Changing this could cause seg fault
              // If change is wanted, however, must also
              // change the Player object's "if (camera < [int]) camera ++;"
              // where ' 'means 'X' or 'Y' and [int] means any integer value
              // Its all trial and error and depends on the 'map' array size!!
  justFought = false; // Checks if player just fought a monster
              // to prevent a fight loop on the same tile
  // Create our Pokemon
  // Format (type, health, level, power)
  // -Starter
  starter = new Pokemon("Weak Grass", 10, 3, 3);
  current = starter; // Our current Pokemon
  // -Water
  w weak = new Pokemon("Weak Water", 8, 2, 2);
  w inter = new Pokemon("Intermediate Water", 12, 5, 4);
  w strong = new Pokemon("Strong Water", 18, 9, 6);
  // -Grass
  g_weak = new Pokemon("Weak Grass", 5, 2, 1);
  g inter = new Pokemon("Intermediate Grass", 10, 5, 3);
  g strong = new Pokemon("Strong Grass", 14, 9, 5);
  // -Rock
  r_weak = new Pokemon("Weak Rock", 6, 2, 2);
  r inter = new Pokemon("Intermediate Rock", 14, 6, 6);
  r strong = new Pokemon("Strong Rock", 20, 9, 8);
  // Fill our list with the starter
  mList = new MonList;
  MonList *prev = mList;
```

```
prev->data = starter->getType();
prev->linkPtr = NULL;
MonList *end=new MonList;
end->data=starter->getType();
end->linkPtr=NULL;
prev->linkPtr=end;
prev=end;
// End fill list
// Fill our shop list
sList H = stockShop('h');
sList T = stockShop('t');
// Create the map
for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++)
  for (int j = 0; j < 8; j++)
     // Create Border
     if (i == 0 || j == 0 ||
       j == 7 || i == 7
       map[i][j] = '0';
     // Tall Grass
     else if (i \ge 4 \&\& j \ge 4 \&\& map[i][j] != '0')
        map[i][j] = 'v';
     // Concrete
     else if (i \le 4 \&\& j \ge 4 \&\& map[i][j] != '0')
        map[i][j] = 'x';
     // Water
     else if (i == 6 \&\& map[i][j] != 'x')
       map[i][j] = '\sim';
     // Hospital
     else if (i == 1 \&\& j == 1)
        map[i][j] = 'H';
     // Evolution Tree
     else if (i == 3 \&\& j == 1)
       map[i][j] = 'E';
     // Floor
     else map[i][j] = '.';
// End creating map
// Create our pokedex
pokeDex.insert("Weak Grass");
pokeDex.insert("Weak Water");
pokeDex.insert("Weak Rock");
```

```
pokeDex.insert("Intermediate Grass");
  pokeDex.insert("Intermediate Water");
  pokeDex.insert("Intermediate Rock");
  pokeDex.insert("Strong Grass");
  pokeDex.insert("Strong Water");
  pokeDex.insert("Strong Rock");
  p.setViewSet(false);
  // If successfully logged in, start loop
  if (login.loginSuccess()){
    // Start our loop once elements successfully initialized
    cout << "====START!!====\n";
    cout << "*TIP: Use 'h' for help!!*\n\n";</pre>
    running = true;
  // Else leave game
  else {
    running = false;
}// End constructor Game
// Start destructor Game
Game::~Game(){
  // Destroy our Pokemon objects
  delete w weak;
  delete w inter;
  delete w strong;
  delete g weak;
  delete g inter;
  delete g strong;
  delete r weak;
  delete r inter;
  delete r strong;
  // Delete the set just in case
  // No pointers so we can just clear it
  pokeDex.clear();
  // Destroy MonList if it contains elements
  if (mList==NULL);
  else{
       MonList *temp=mList->linkPtr;
       delete mList;
```

```
mList = temp;
    } while (mList!=NULL);
}// End destructor Game
// Start method update
void Game::update(){
  p.update(); // Update our player
  // If player wants to see PokeDex, display
  if (p.getViewSet())dispSet();
  // If player quits, end game
  if (p.quits()){
    cout << "\nSHUTTING DOWN...\n";</pre>
    quitGame();
}// End method update
// Start method checkBattle
// Checks if our player will fight
void Game::checkBattle(char lastCh){
  // Check water types
  if (lastCh == '\sim')
    // 50% chance of a weak pokemon
    if (rand() \% 100 < 75){
       fight(w weak);
    // 40 % chance of an intermediate pokemon
    else if (rand() \% 100 < 40){
       fight(w inter);
    // 20% chance of a strong pokemon
    else if (rand() \% 100 < 20){
       fight(w strong);
  }
  // Check grass type
  if (lastCh == 'v'){
    // 50% chance of a weak pokemon
    if (rand() \% 100 < 50){
       fight(g weak);
    // 40 % chance of an intermediate pokemon
    else if (rand() \% 100 < 30){
```

```
fight(g inter);
    // 20% chance of a strong pokemon
     else if (rand() \% 100 < 20){
       fight(g strong);
  }
  // Check rock type
  if (lastCh == 'x'){
    // 50% chance of a weak pokemon
    if (rand() \% 100 < 75){
       fight(r weak);
    // 40 % chance of an intermediate pokemon
     else if (rand() \% 100 < 40)
       fight(r inter);
    // 20% chance of a strong pokemon
     else if (rand() \% 100 < 20){
       fight(r strong);
  }
  // Check if in hospital
  if (lastCh == 'H')
     cout << "\nShop? (NOT YET IMPLEMENTED)\n";</pre>
     cout << "***Items in stock***\n";
    cout << "forwards: ";printShop F(sList H);</pre>
    cout << "\nbackwards:";printShop B(sList T);</pre>
     cout << endl;
  }
  // Check if in evolution tree
  if (lastCh == 'E'){
    cout <<"\nEVOLUTION TREE\n";</pre>
     evTree.print();
}// End method checkBattle
// Start method fight
// Puts our game into a fighting state
void Game::fight(Pokemon *monster){
  // Declare Variables
  bool fighting = true; // Loops our fighting state
```

```
//log.push back(monster->getType()); UGLY OTUPUT
// Output who approached us
cout << "\nA" << monster->getType()
  << " Level " << monster->getLevel() << " Appeared!!\n";</pre>
// Output our Pokemon's current state
cout << "\nYour Pokemon at hand: " << mList->data
  << " Level " << current->getLevel() << endl;</pre>
// The fighting loop
while (fighting){
  // Output health of both
  cout << "\nYour Pokemon's Health: " << current->getHealth() << endl;</pre>
  cout << monster->getType() << "'s Health: " << monster->getHealth() << endl;</pre>
  // Prompt for player fighting action
  cout << "\nWhat do you do?\n";
  cout << "1) Attack " << endl
     << "2) Catch " << endl
     << "3) Run " << endl
     << "4) Use Heal" << endl
     << "Action: ";
  cin >> fAction;
  // If bad input, just leave
  if (cin.fail()) {
    // Log cin fail as 999
     log.push back("CIN ERROR");
     cout << "\nGot Away Safely\n";</pre>
     cin.ignore();
     cin.clear();
     fighting = false;
    return;
  // Static cast to prevent wrong type errors
  fAction = static cast<int>(fAction);
  // Chose to attack
  if (fAction == 1)
     // Insert to log
     log.push back("ATTACK");
    // Outputs user's available attacks
     cout << "\nYour Attacks\n";</pre>
```

```
for (mIt = current->getAttacks().begin();
       mIt != current->getAttacks().end(); mIt++){
     cout << mIt->first << " " << " Power: " << mIt->second;
     cout << endl;
  }
  // Prompt for attack (SOON)
  // Output attack used
  mIt = current->getAttacks().begin();
  cout << "\nYour " << current->getType() << " used "
     << mIt->first << "!" << endl;
  // Decrease offending monster's attack
  monster->hit(mIt->second);
// Chose to catch
else if (fAction == 2){
  // Insert to log
  log.push back("CATCH");
  // Dying health = easier catch (80%)
  if (monster->getHealth() \leq 3){
     if (rand() \% 100 < 80){
       // Swap algorithm changes player's monster
       std::swap(current, monster);
       cout << "Successfully caught a " << current->getType()
            << "!" << endl;
       // Add catch to our list
       addBefore(mList, monster->getType(), current->getType());
       // Fully heal new Pokemon
       current->heal("full");
       // Leave the fighting state
       fighting = false;
       return;
     }
    else {
       cout << "Failed to catch " << monster->getType() << endl;</pre>
  // Sick health = decent chance (50%)
  else if (monster->getHealth() > 3 && monster->getHealth() <=5){
    if (rand() \% 100 < 50){
       // Swap algorithm changes player's monster
       std::swap(current, monster);
       cout << "Successfully caught a " << current->getType()
```

```
<< "!" << endl:
       // Add catch to our list
       addBefore(mList, monster->getType(), current->getType());
       // Fully heal new Pokemon
       current->heal("full");
       // Leave the fighting state
       fighting = false;
       return;
     else {
       cout << "Failed to catch " << monster->getType() << endl;</pre>
     }
  // Healthy = small chance (2\%)
  else if (monster->getHealth() > 6){
     if (rand() \% 100 < 2){
       // Swap algorithm changes player's monster
       std::swap(current, monster);
       cout << "Successfully caught a " << current->getType()
            << "!" << endl;
       // Add catch to our list
       addBefore(mList, monster->getType(), current->getType());
       // Fully heal new Pokemon
       current->heal("full");
       // Leave the fighting state
       fighting = false;
       return;
     }
     else {
       cout << "Failed to catch " << monster->getType() << endl;</pre>
     }
  // Other, output failed to catch message
  else { cout << "Failed to catch " << monster->getType() << endl; }
// Chose to run
else if (fAction == 3)
  // Insert to log
  log.push back("RUN");
  cout << "\nGot Away Safely\n";</pre>
  fighting = false;
  return;
// Choose to heal player's monster
else if (fAction == 4)
```

```
// Log this event
  log.push back("HEAL");
  // If no items, leave
  if (p.getItems().empty()){
     cout << "\nNO ITEMS!" << endl;</pre>
  // If item, heal Pokemon accordingly
  else {
     cout << "\nUsed " << p.getItems().top() << " heal!" << endl;
     current->heal(p.getItems().top());
     cout << "\nYour Pokemon now has " << current->getHealth()
         << " health points!" << endl;</pre>
    // Remove item from list
    p.popItems();
// If error, just leave
else {
  // Insert to log
  log.push back("OUT OF BOUNDS ERROR");
  cout << "\nGot Away Safely\n";
  fighting = false;
  return;
    /*** Monster Action Handler ***/
// Check if monster is dead before attacking
// BUG SINCE I'M USING LINKED LIST FOR DISPLAYING POKEMON TYPE!!
if (monster->getHealth() == 0){
  cout << "\n" << monster->getType() << " killed!" << endl;
  cout << "Your " << current->getType() << " leveled up "</pre>
     << monster->getLevel() / 2 << "!" << endl;
  // Level up our monster
  current->lvlUp(monster->getLevel() / 2);
  // Change type if level is high
  if (current->getLevel() >= 5 && current->getLevel() <= 13 ){
     addBefore(mList, current->getType(), "Intermediate Grass"); // Add to list first!
    current->setType("Intermediate Grass"); // Should split 'type' & 'element'
  }
```

```
else if (current->getLevel() >= 14 && current->getType() != "Strong Grass"){
     addBefore(mList, current->getType(), "Intermediate Grass"); // Add to list first!
     current->setType("Strong Grass"); // Should split 'type' & 'element'
  // Reset attacker's health to prevent infinite level up
  monster->heal("full");
  // Leave fighting state
  fighting = false;
  return;
// Low level 40% chance of attacking
if (monster->getLevel() < 10)
  if (rand() \% 100 < 40){
     // Outputs attack used
     mIt = monster->getAttacks().begin();
     cout << endl << monster->getType()
        << " used " << mIt->first << "!\n":
     current->hit(monster->getPower()); // Decrease player health
  }
  else {
     cout << endl << monster->getType() << " failed to attack!\n";
// Intermediate 60% chance of attacking
else if (monster->getLevel() > 10 && monster->getLevel() < 14){
  if (rand() \% 100 < 60){
     // Outputs attack used
     mIt = monster->getAttacks().begin();
     cout << endl << monster->getType()
        << " used " << mIt->first << "!\n";
     current->hit(monster->getPower()); // Decrease player health
  else {
     cout << endl << monster->getType() << " failed to attack!\n";</pre>
// High levels 80% attack
else {
  if (rand() \% 100 < 80){
     // Outputs attack used
     mIt = monster->getAttacks().begin();
```

```
cout << endl << monster->getType()
            << " used " << mIt->first << "!\n";
         current->hit(monster->getPower()); // Decrease player health
       }
       else {
         cout << endl << monster->getType() << " failed to attack!\n";</pre>
    // End monster attack handler
    // If our Pokemon's health has dropped to or below 0
    // End game
    if (current->getHealth() \le 0){
       // Output game over message
       cout << "\n====Your Pokemon died!====\n";</pre>
       cout << "====Game Over====\n";
       // Print the list of Pokemon the player had
       prntList(mList);
       // Leave this loop
       fighting = false;
      // Leave the game
       quitGame();
       cout << "\n====Your Pokemon died!====\n";
       cout << "===Game Over====\n";
       cout << "\nPress any key to quit\n\n";
  }// End fighting loop
  // Gives 1 step delay before Pokemon appear
  justFought = true;
}// End method fight
// Start method dispSet
void Game::dispSet(){
  cout << "\n=====PokeDex====\\n";
  cout << "These are all the Pokemon found in this world\n";
  // Go through PokeDex set and output
  for (sIt = pokeDex.begin(); sIt != pokeDex.end(); sIt++)
    cout << *sIt << endl:
  cout << "\n=====Nontindo=====\n";
  p.setViewSet(false);
```

```
}// End method dispSet
// Start method dispLog displays the log
// Log contains user actions
void Game::dispLog(){
  // Declare Variables
  int i = 0; // Move counter
  cout << "\nYour attack log:\n";</pre>
  // Loop through log
  for (IIt = log.begin(); IIt != log.end(); IIt++){
    i++; // Increment move counter
    // Output move number and what user used against monster
    cout << setw(8) << "MOVE: " << i
       << setw(5) << " USED: " << *lIt << endl;
  }// End for loop
  cout << "\nSorted log to count number of times "
     << "an action was used\n";
  // Declare counter variables
  int numAttack = 0;
  int numCatch = 0;
  int numRun = 0;
  int numHeal = 0;
  // Sort algorithm
  log.sort();
  // Output and count
  for (IIt = log.begin(); IIt != log.end(); IIt++){
    cout << *lIt << endl;
    // BUG: DOESN'T COUNT FOR EACH
    // ONLY COUNTS FOR ONE ("ATTACK")!!
    // DEBUGGER'S CONSOLE DOESNT COOPERATE!!
    if (*IIt == "ATTACK") numAttack++;
    else if (*IIt == "CATCH") numCatch++;
    else if (*IIt == "RUN") numRun++;
    else if (*IIt == "HEAL") numHeal++;
  // Output count results
  cout << endl;
  cout << "Attacks used: " << numAttack << endl;</pre>
  cout << "Catches used: " << numAttack << endl;</pre>
  cout << "Times Ran: " << numAttack << endl:
```

```
cout << "Times Healed: " << numAttack << endl;</pre>
  cout << endl:
}// End method dispLog
// Start method quitGame
void Game::quitGame(){
  dispLog();
               // Display the log
  running = false; // Quit our game loop
}// End method quitGame
// Start method draw
// Draws our game elements
void Game::draw(){
  // Get the last tile our player stepped on to overwrite it
  char lastChar = map[p.getPosY()][p.getPosX()];
  // Check if a Pokemon has approached us
  // If our player just fought, skip this
  if (p.getState() == 'p' && !justFought)checkBattle(lastChar);
  // Place our player in the world
  map[p.getPosY()][p.getPosX()] = '8';
  // Draw our map/world
  for (int i = p.getCameraY(); i < viewport + p.getCameraY(); i++){
    for (int j = p.getCameraX(); j < viewport + p.getCameraX(); j++){
       cout << setw(2) << map[i][j] << "";
    cout << endl;
  // Overwrite the last character
  map[p.getPosY()][p.getPosX()] = lastChar;
  // We did not just fight
  iustFought = false;
}// End method draw
    /*** Link List Functions ***/
// Start method addBefore
// BUG ADDS MORE THAN ONE!!
void Game::addBefore(MonList *front, string before, string val){
  MonList *next = front; // Keeps track of next node
```

```
MonList *prev = new MonList; // Stores previous node
  MonList *newNode = new MonList; // Creates new node for next value
  newNode->data = val; // Store value in newNode's data
  // Go through list until it hits position wanted
  while (next->linkPtr != NULL && next->data != before){
    // Clone everything before 'before'
    prev = next;
    next = next - linkPtr;
  // Store newNode into the linked list
  prev->linkPtr = newNode;
  newNode->linkPtr = next;
}// End method addBefore
// Start method printList prints our Pokemon all game
void Game::prntList(MonList *front){
  cout << "\nYour Pokemon\n";</pre>
  MonList *next=front; //Start at the front of the list
  cout << endl;
                   //Put the beginning on a new line
  do{
    cout << setw(4) << next->data << " "; //Print the link
    next=next->linkPtr; //Go to the next link
    cout << endl;
  } while(next!=NULL); //Stop when your at the end
  cout << endl;
}// End method printList
// Start method stockShop
// Takes in char 'h' for returning the HEAD
// Takes in char 't' for returning the TAIL
// else return HEAD
Shop *Game::stockShop(char loc){
  Shop *head; // Head
  Shop *tail; // End
  Shop *n; // Next
  // Full heal
  n = new Shop;
  n->data = "Full";
  n->prev = NULL; // First node has no previous
  head = n;
  tail = n;
```

```
// Half heal
  n = new Shop;
  n->data = "Half";
  n->prev = tail;
  tail->next = n;
  tail = n;
  // Small heal
  n = new Shop;
  n->data = "Small";
  n->prev = tail;
  tail->next = n;
  tail = n;
  // Close list
  tail->next = NULL;
  // Check the argument for proper return
  if (loc == 't' || loc == 'T') return tail;
  else return head;
}// End method stockShop
// Start method printShop F
void Game::printShop F(Shop *head){
  Shop *temp = head; // Points to front of list
  // Print while data
  do {
    cout << temp->data << " ";
     temp = temp->next; // Point to next node
  }while(temp != NULL);
  cout << endl;
}// End method printShop F
// Start method printShop B
void Game::printShop B(Shop *tail){
  Shop *temp = tail; // Points to end of list
  // Print while data
  do {
    cout << temp->data << " ";
     temp = temp->prev; // Point to previous node
  }while(temp != NULL);
  cout << endl;
```

```
}// End method printShop B
                                           Login.h
* File: Login.h
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Login screen to implement hashing algorithms
#ifndef LOGIN H
#define LOGIN H
// Start class Login
// Bug: when you sign up and try to sign in using
     the new login info, it throws 'login unsuccessful,'
//
     after signing in, press '3' (exit) and you're in
class Login{
  public:
     Login(){leave = false; loggedIn = false; size = 0;}
     ~Login(){delete [] loginHolder;}
     bool loginSuccess(){ return loggedIn; }
     void menu(); // Shows log in menu
     void signIn(); // Checks fake database for username + password
     void signUp(); // Creates an entry for new username + password
  private:
     bool loggedIn; // Checks if log in success
     bool leave;
                    // Tells game to exit
     unsigned int *loginHolder; // Array to hold hashed login info
                 // Holds size for allocating memory
     unsigned int BKDRHash(const std::string&);
    // Private Functions
     void scan(); // Counts contents in database
     void heapSort(unsigned int *, unsigned int); // Sorts database
     void heapify(unsigned int *, unsigned int, unsigned int); // Rearrange the heap
}; // End class Login
#endif/* LOGIN H */
```

```
/*
* File: Login.cpp
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Login screen to implement hashing algorithms
// System Libraries
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <fstream>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
// User Libraries
#include "Login.h"
// Start method scan
void Login::scan(){
  ifstream inFile("users.pokeDB"); // File object
  // Count lines in file
  size = count(istreambuf iterator<char>(inFile),
      istreambuf iterator<char>(), '\n');
  // Allocate memory
  // One size larger just in case
  loginHolder = new unsigned int[size + 1];
  // Bug: output differs, but using unsigned ints
  // causes stuck on an infinite loop
  if (loginHolder != nullptr){
    ifstream inDB;
    unsigned int getHashes = 0;
    int i = 0;
    // Assign every array index to a hashed value
    inDB.open("users.pokeDB");
    // Different numbers
    while (inDB >> getHashes)
       loginHolder[i] = reinterpret cast<unsigned int>(getHashes);
    inDB.close();
  }
  // Recursive sort
  // Either fails or succeeds
```

```
heapSort(loginHolder, size);
  // Output sorted array to a file
  // Delete file to see results
  ofstream ofSorted:
  ofSorted.open("sorted users.pokeDB", ios::app);
    // Go through sorted array and output to file
     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
       ofSorted << loginHolder[i] << endl;
  ofSorted.close();
}// End method scan
// Start method menu
void Login::menu(){
  scan(); // Scan the database for sorting
  int choice = 0; // Holds menu choice
  // Prompt for choice
  cout << " Pokemon CSC 17 C " << std::endl;
  cout << "1) Sign In\n2) Sign Up\n3) Exit\n";
  cin >> choice;
  // Check choice
  switch (choice){
     case 1:
       signIn();
       break;
    case 2:
       signUp();
       break;
     default:
       /*
        * Bug if sign in fail
        * Repeats sign in error message
        */
       cout << "Exiting...\n";</pre>
       leave = true;
       break;
}// End method menu
// Start method signIn
void Login::signIn(){
  /*
```

```
* Default login
   * user & pass = admin : password
  ifstream inDB;
  string user = "";
  string pass = "";
  unsigned int dbHash = 0;
  unsigned int hash = 0;
  // Prompt for username and password
  cout << "Enter username: ";</pre>
  cin >> user;
  cout << "\nEnter password: ";</pre>
  cin >> pass;
  // Check database for hashed values
  // Bad Practice: could be cracked by key generator
  hash = BKDRHash(user + pass);
  inDB.open("users.pokeDB");
    while (inDB >> dbHash){
       if (hash == dbHash)
         loggedIn = true;
         break;
       }
       else {
         cout << "\n\nUsername and/or password incorrect!\n\n";</pre>
         menu();
  inDB.close();
}// End method signIn
// Start method signUp
void Login::signUp(){
   * Bug: after sign up, new username and password
  * fail, but exiting lets user through
   * First time users must make account!
   */
  ofstream outDB; // Stream object for database storage
  string user = "";
  string pass = "";
  unsigned int hash = 0;
```

```
// Prompt for username and password
  cout << "Enter a new username: ";</pre>
  cin >> user;
  cout << "\nEnter password for " << user << ": ";
  cin >> pass;
  // Hash info
  hash = BKDRHash(user + pass);
  // Open our database
  outDB.open("users.pokeDB", ios::app);
    // Write to database
    outDB << hash << endl;
     cout << "\n\nSignup Success!!\n\n";</pre>
  outDB.close();
  // Reload the menu
  menu();
}// End method signUp
// Start method BKDRHash
* Taken from "GeneralHashFunctions.cpp" assignment
* http://www.partow.net/programming/hashfunctions/index.html
unsigned int Login::BKDRHash(const std::string& str){
  // Declare Variables
  unsigned int seed = 131;
  unsigned int hash = 0;
  // Go through each character and encrypt
  for (std::size t i = 0; i < str.length(); i++){
     hash = (hash * seed) + str[i];
  }
  // Return encrypted string as UINT
  return hash;
}// End method BKDRHash
// Start method heapify
void Login::heapify(unsigned int *a, unsigned int n, unsigned int i){
  // Declare and Initialize Variables
  unsigned int largest = i; // Holds largest index
  unsigned int left = 2 * i + 1; // Left side
  unsigned int right = 2 * i + 2; // Right side
```

```
// Check largest index
  if (left \leq n && a[left] \geq a[largest])
     largest = left;
  if (right \leq n && a[right] \geq a[largest])
     largest = right;
  if (largest != i){
     swap(a[i], a[largest]);
     heapify(a, n, largest);
}// End method heapify
// Start method heapSort
void Login::heapSort(unsigned int *a, unsigned int n){
  for (int i=n/2-1; i>=0; i--)
     heapify(a, n, i);
  for (int i=n-1; i>=0; i--){
     swap(a[0], a[i]);
     heapify(a, i, 0);
}// End method heapsort
                                         MonsterList.h
* File: MonsterList.h
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Holds a list of monsters the player has caught
*/
#ifndef MONSTERLIST H
#define MONSTERLIST H
// System Libraries
#include <string>
//Start structure MonList
struct MonList {
  string data;
                 // Holds Pokemon's type
  MonList *linkPtr; // Pointer to next data
};// End structure MonList
#endif/* MONSTERLIST H */
```

## Player.h

```
* File: Player.h
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Contains our Player properties
        Also updates movement
*/
#ifndef PLAYER H
#define PLAYER H
// System Libraries
#include <stack>
#include <string>
// User Libraries
#include "World.h" // Displays world map
// Start class Player
class Player {
  public:
    // Constructor & Destructor
    Player();
    ~Player(){items.empty();}
    // Function Prototypes
    void update(); // Handle user input
     void outHelp(); // Outputs a help page
    void popItems(){items.pop();} // Uses the stack's 'pop' algorithm
    // Mutator Functions
     void setState(char s){state = s;} // Sets player's state
     void setViewSet(bool b){viewSet = b;} // Sets if PokeDex set
                            // should be displyed
    // Accessor Functions
     int getCameraX() const {return cameraX;} // Get our camera's x position
    int getCameraY() const {return cameraY;} // Get our camera's y position
     int getPosX() const {return posX;}
                                            // Get our player's x position
    int getPosY() const {return posY;}
                                            // Get our player's y position
    char getState() const {return state;} // Get our player's state
     bool getViewSet() const { return viewSet;} // View pokeDex set?
    std::stack<std::string> getItems() const {return items; } // Get inventory
     bool quits() const {return quit;};
                                          // Did player just quit
```

```
private:
    // Declare Variables
    int cameraX; // Holds camera's x position
    int cameraY; // Holds camera's y position
    int posX; // Holds player's x position
    int posY; // Holds player's y position
    char action; // Holds player input
    char state; // Holds player's state
    bool viewSet; // Tells game to display PokeDex set
    bool quit; // Holds if player decided to quit
    // Declare Objects
     World worldMap;
    std::stack<std::string>items; // Holds all our items
\};// End class Player
#endif/* PLAYER H */
                                          Player.cpp
* File: Player.cpp
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Contains our Player properties
        Also updates movement
*/
// User Libraries
#include "Player.h"
// System Libraries
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib> // rand()
using namespace std;
// Start constructor Player
Player::Player(){
  // INIT variables
  cameraX = 0;
  cameraY = 0;
  posX = 2; // Place at center of camera
  posY = 2; // Place at center of camera
  state = 'p'; // State playing
```

```
action = ' '; // No action taking place
  quit = false;
}// End constructor Player
// Start method update
void Player::update(){
  // Prompt for action
  cout << "Action: ";
  cin >> action;
  // Action handler
  switch(action){
    // If playing in the world
    // UP
    case 'w':
       // Moves everything UP
      // if (state == 'p'){ /!\ ERROR: makes player freeze
         if (cameraY > 0)cameraY--; // If camera in bounds
         if (posY > 1)posY --; // If player in bounds
       //}
       break;
    // LEFT
     case 'a':
       // Moves everything LEFT
      // if (state == 'p') { /!\ ERROR: makes player freeze
       if (cameraX > 0)cameraX--: // If camera in bounds
       if (posX > 1)posX - \cdot \cdot //  // If player in bounds
       break:
    // DOWN
    case 's':
       // Moves everything DOWN
       //if (state == 'p'){ /!\ ERROR: makes player freeze
       if (cameraY < 3)cameraY++; // If camera in bounds
       if (posY < 6)posY++;// // If player in bounds
       break;
    // RIGHT
     case 'd':
       // Moves everything RIGHT
       //if (state == 'p') { /!\ ERROR: makes player freeze
       if (cameraX < 3)cameraX++; // If camera in bounds
       if (posX < 6)posX++;// // If player in bounds
       break:
    // HELP
     case 'h':
       // Displays help page
       //if (state == 'p') { /!\ ERROR: makes player freeze
```

```
outHelp();//}
       break;
     // MAP
     case 'm':
       worldMap.dispWorld();
       break;
     // PAUSE (just displays PokeDex)
     case 'p':
       viewSet = true;
       break;
     // QUIT
     case'q':
       // Acknowledges game that player quit
       quit = true;
       break;
     // Else do nothing
     default:
       break;
  }// End action handler
  // After every move, check for an item
  // 6% chance to find 'small' heal
  if (rand() \% 500 < 30 \&\& rand() \% 100 > 15){
     cout << "\n Found small heal!!\n";</pre>
     items.push("small");
  // 3% chance to find 'half' heal
  else if (rand() \% 500 < 15 \&\& rand() \% 1000 > 5){
     cout << "\n Found half heal!!\n";</pre>
     items.push("half");
  // 1% chance to find 'full' heal
  else if (rand() \% 500 < 5){
     cout << "\n Found full heal!!\n";</pre>
     items.push("full");
  // Found nothing!
  else {}
  cout << endl:
}// End method update
// Start method outHelp
void Player::outHelp(){
  // Output help page
  cout << "Legend "<<endl
```

```
<< " '8' PLAYER\n"
     << " '~' WATER (water types found here)\n"
     << " 'x' CONCRETE (rock types found here)\n"</pre>
     " 'v' TALL GRASS (grass types found here)\n"
     << "'.' NORMAL TILE (Items found here)\n"
     << " 'H' HOSPITAL (Buy medicine here)\n"
     << " 'E' EVOLUTION TREE (See the world evolution tree)\n"
     << endl
     << "Actions "<<endl
     << " In world\n"
           w move up\n"
     << "
           s move down\n"
     << "
           a move left\n"
     << "
           d move right\n"
     << "
           p PokeDex menu\n"
     << "
           h brings up this menu\n"
     << "
           m displays a world map with shortest distances from your current location\n"
     << "
           q quits the game\n"
     << "
           --dying also stops the game\n"
     << " In battle\n"
     << " 1 attacks rival Pokemon\n"
           2 attempts to catch Pokemon\n"
     << " 3 runs from battle\n"
     < " 4 uses health potion for your Pokemon\n"
     "Casually walking around gives chance of finding items!\n"
     << endl;
}// End method outHelp
                                       Pokemon.h
* File: Pokemon.h
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Holds Pokemon properties
*/
#ifndef POKEMON H
#define POKEMON H
// System Libraries
#include <map> // Holds Pokemon's power
#include <string>
using namespace std;
// Start class Pokemon
class Pokemon {
```

```
public:
  // Default constructor
  Pokemon(){
    // INIT everything to 1
    health = 1;
    type = 1;
     level = 1;
  };// End default constructor
  // Constructor
  // Takes in a type, total health, level, power of attacks
  Pokemon(string t, int h, int l, int p){
     health = h;
     maxHealth = h;
     type = t;
     level = 1;
     power = p;
    // Check type and assign attacks
    // Map is
    if (type == "Weak Grass"){
       // Weak types only have 2 attacks
       attacks["Tackle"] = 1;
       attacks["Defend"] = 1;
     else if (type == "Intermediate Grass"){
       // Intermediate types have 3 attacks
       attacks["Tackle"] = 1;
       attacks["Whip"] = 3;
       attacks["Absorb"] = 2;
     else if (type == "Strong Grass"){
       // Strong types have all 4 attacks
       attacks["Whip"] = 3;
       attacks["Absorb"] = 2;
       attacks["Photosynthesis"] = 5;
       attacks["Spore"] = 4;
     }
     else if (type == "Weak Water") {
       // Weak types only have 2 attacks
       attacks["Tackle"] = 2;
       attacks["Defend"] = 1;
     else if (type == "Intermediate Water") {
       // Intermediate types have 3 attacks
```

```
attacks["Tackle"] = 2;
     attacks["Splash"] = 2;
     attacks["Wave"] = 4;
  else if (type == "Strong Water") {
     // Strong types have all 4 attacks
     attacks["Splash"] = 2;
     attacks["Wave"] = 4;
     attacks["Whirlpool"] = 5;
     attacks["Tsunami"] = 6;
  }
  else if (type == "Weak Rock"){
     // Weak types only have 2 attacks
     attacks["Tackle"] = 2;
     attacks["Defend"] = 1;
  else if (type == "Intermediate Rock"){
     // Intermediate types have 3 attacks
     attacks["Tackle"] = 1;
     attacks["Throw"] = 6;
     attacks["Quake"] = 5;
  else if (type == "Strong Rock"){
     // Strong types have all 4 attacks
     attacks["Throw"] = 6;
     attacks["Quake"] = 8;
     attacks["Crush"] = 5;
     attacks["Sandstorm"] = 8;
}; // End Constructor
// Destructor
~Pokemon(){
  // Delete our map just in case
  attacks.clear();
};
// Function Prototypes
void hit(int p){health -= p;} // Removes health by power of attacker
void lvlUp(int lU){level += lU;} // Levels Pokemon up
void heal(string med){
  // If already at full health, leave
  if (health == maxHealth) return;
  // If given full medicine, fill health
```

```
// to max health
     if (med == "full"){
       health = maxHealth;
    // If given half medicine, fill health
    // half of max
     else if (med == "half"){
       health += maxHealth / 2;
       // If previous calculation exceeds the max health,
       // health is our maxHealth
       if (health > maxHealth)
          health = maxHealth;
    // If given small dosage, add health by 2
     else if (med == "small"){
       health += 2;
       // If previous calculation exceeds the max health,
       // health is our maxHealth
       if (health > maxHealth)
          health = maxHealth;
    // If some kind of arg error, return
     else { return; }
  }
  // Mutator Functions
  void setType(string t)\{type = t;\}
  // Accessor Functions
  int getHealth() const {return health;}
  string getType() const {return type;}
  int getPower() const {return power;}
  int getLevel() const {return level;}
  map <string, int> getAttacks() const {return attacks;}
private:
  // Declare Variables
  int health; // Pokemon's total health
  int maxHealth; // Pokemon's maxHealth for healing
  string type; //Pokemon's type
  int level; // Pokemon's level
  int power; // Pokemon's attack power
  map<string, int>attacks; // Holds list of attacks
                  // Keytype (string) = name of attack
                  // Value (int) = power of attack
```

```
};// End class Pokemon
#endif/* POKEMON H */
                                       ShopList.h
* File: ShopList.h
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Doubly linked list used as a shop
       so the user could buy items
*/
#ifndef SHOPLIST H
#define SHOPLIST H
// System Libraries
#include <string>
struct Shop{
  std::string data;
  Shop *next;
  Shop *prev;
};
#endif/* SHOPLIST H */
                                         World.h
* File: World.h
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Graph that displays the world
       and its lengths/path weights
*/
* Credits: http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/greedy-algorithms-set-6-dijkstras-shortest-path-
algorithm/
*/
#ifndef WORLD H
#define WORLD H
```

```
// Start class World
class World {
  public:
    // Constructor and Destructor
     World();
    ~World();
    // Function Prototypes
     void dispWorld(); // Displays world
  private:
    // Declare Variables
    int **graph; // 2D array for holding weights between vertices
    // Function Prototypes
    int findMinDist(int *, bool *); // Find minimum distance between vertexes
    void dispWorld(int *, int); // Output results
     void dijkstraAlgo(int **, int); // Finds length
}; // End class World
#endif /* WORLD H */
                                          World.cpp
* File: World.cpp
* Author: Najera Enrique
* Date Due: 07 June 2017
* Purpose: Graph that displays the world
        and its lengths/path weights
*/
* Credits: http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/greedy-algorithms-set-6-dijkstras-shortest-path-
algorithm/
*/
// System Libraries
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// User Libraries
#include "World.h"
// Start constructor World
World::World(){
```

```
// Allocate memory for 7 vertices
graph = new int *[7];
for (int i = 0; i < 7; ++i)
  graph[i] = new int[7];
// INIT all to 0 to skip hard code initialization
// of unreachable weights or going to itself
for (int i = 0; i < 7; ++i){
  for (int j = 0; j < 7; ++j)
     graph[i][j] = 0;
}
// Fill the array with vertices weight
/*
* 0 = Amaranth
* 1 = Eburnean
* 2 = Xanadu
*3 = Wenge
* 4 = Glaucous
*5 = Mikado
* 6 = Sarcoline
graph[0][1] = 476; // Amaranth -> Eburnean
graph[0][2] = 136; // Amaranth -> Xanadu
graph[0][3] = 5376; // Amaranth -> Wenge
graph[0][5] = 1835; // Amaranth -> Mikado
graph[1][0] = 476; // Eburnean -> Amaranth
graph[1][2] = 1847; // Eburnean -> Xanadu
graph[1][4] = 1463; // Eburnean -> Glaucous
graph[1][6] = 4062; // Eburnean -> Sarcoline
graph[2][0] = 136; // Xanadu -> Amaranth
graph[2][1] = 1847; // Xanadu -> Eburnean
graph[2][3] = 741; // Xanadu -> Wenge
graph[2][4] = 801; // Xanadu -> Glaucous
graph[3][0] = 5376; // Wenge -> Amaranth
graph[3][2] = 741; // Wenge -> Xanadu
graph[3][5] = 1091; // Wenge -> Mikado
graph[4][1] = 1463; // Glaucous -> Eburnean
graph[4][2] = 801; // Glaucous -> Xanadu
graph[4][5] = 1122; // Glaucous -> Mikado
graph[4][6] = 1337; // Glaucous -> Sarcoline
```

```
graph[5][0] = 1835; // Mikado -> Amaranth
  graph[5][3] = 1091; // Mikado -> Wenge
  graph[5][4] = 1122; // Mikado -> Glaucous
  graph[5][6] = 2341; // Mikado -> Sarcoline
  graph[6][1] = 4062; // Sarcoline -> Eburnean
  graph[6][4] = 1337; // Sarcoline -> Glaucous
  graph[6][5] = 2341; // Sarcoline -> Mikado
} // End constructor World
// Start destructor World
World::~World(){
  // Deallocate memory
  for (int i = 0; i < 7; ++i)
    delete [] graph[i];
  delete [] graph;
} // End destructor World
// Start public method dispResults
void World::dispWorld(){
  dijkstraAlgo(graph, 0);
} // End method dispResults
// Start private method dispResults
void World::dispWorld(int *dist, int n){
  // Output distances
  cout << "\nAmaranth -> Eburnean " << graph[0][1] << endl;</pre>
  cout << "Amaranth -> Xanadu  " << graph[0][2] << endl;
  cout << "Amaranth -> Wenge " << graph[0][3] << endl;
  cout << "Amaranth -> Mikado " << graph[0][5] << endl;</pre>
  cout << endl;
  cout << "Eburnean -> Amaranth "<< graph[1][0] << endl;</pre>
  cout << "Eburnean -> Xanadu" << graph[1][2] << endl;
  cout << "Eburnean -> Glaucous " << graph[1][4] << endl;
  cout << "Eburnean -> Sarcoline " << graph[1][6] << endl;
  cout << endl;
  cout << "Xanadu -> Amaranth " << graph[2][0] << endl;
  cout << "Xanadu -> Eburnean " << graph[2][1] << endl;</pre>
  cout \ll "Xanadu \rightarrow Wenge " \ll graph[2][3] \ll endl;
  cout << "Xanadu -> Glaucous " << graph[2][4] << endl;</pre>
  cout << endl;
  cout << "Wenge -> Amaranth " << graph[3][0] << endl;
  cout \ll Wenge \rightarrow Xanadu \ll graph[3][2] \ll endl;
  cout << "Wenge -> Mikado " << graph[3][5] << endl;
  cout << endl:
  cout << "Glaucous -> Eburnean " << graph[4][1] << endl;
```

```
cout << "Glaucous -> Xanadu  "<< graph[4][2] << endl;
  cout << "Glaucous -> Mikado " << graph[4][5] << endl;
  cout << "Glaucous -> Sarcoline " << graph[4][6] << endl;
  cout << endl;
  cout << "Mikado -> Amaranth " << graph[5][0] << endl;
  cout << "Mikado -> Glaucous " << graph[5][4] << endl;
  cout << "Mikado -> Sarcoline " << graph[5][6] << endl;
  cout << endl;
  cout << "Sarcoline -> Eburnean " << graph[6][1] << endl;</pre>
  cout << "Sarcoline -> Glaucous " << graph[6][4] << endl;</pre>
  cout << "Sarcoline -> Mikado " << graph[6][5] << endl;
  cout << endl;
  // Output minimum spanning tree
  cout << "\nLocation</pre>
                        Shortest distance from you (Amaranth Town)\n";
  // Could be done with map -> string vertex : int weight
  for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++)
    if (i == 0);
    if (i = 1) cout << "Eburnean" << "\t\t" << dist[i] << endl;
    if (i == 2) cout << "Xanadu" << "\t\t" << dist[i] << endl;
    if (i == 3) cout << "Wenge "<< "\setminust\setminust" << dist[i] << endl;
    if (i == 4) cout << "Glaucous" << "\t\t" << dist[i] << endl;
    if (i == 5) cout << "Mikado "<< "\t\t" << dist[i] << endl;
    if (i == 6) cout << "Sarcoline" << "\t\t" << dist[i] << endl;
  }
} // End method dispResults
// Start method findMinDistance
int World::findMinDist(int *dist, bool *set){
  // Declare Variables
  int min = 0x7FFFFFFFL; // Max value of an int
  int minIndex = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++)
    if (set[i] == false && dist[i] <= min)
       min = dist[i], minIndex = i;
  }
  return minIndex;
} // End method findMinDistance
// Start method dijkstraAlgo
void World::dijkstraAlgo(int **graph, int src)
```

```
int dist[7]; // Holds shortest distance
  bool sptSet[7]; // sptSet[i] will true if vertex i is included in shortest
             // path tree or shortest distance from src to i is finalized
  // Initialize all distances as INFINITE and stpSet[] as false
  for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++)
     dist[i] = 0x7FFFFFFFL, sptSet[i] = false;
  // Distance of source vertex from itself is always 0
  dist[src] = 0;
  // Find shortest path for all vertices
   for (int count = 0; count < 7-1; count++)
    // Pick the minimum distance vertex from the set of vertices not
    // yet processed. u is always equal to src in first iteration.
    int u = findMinDist(dist, sptSet);
    // Mark the picked vertex as processed
    sptSet[u] = true;
    // Update dist value of the adjacent vertices of the picked vertex.
    for (int v = 0; v < 7; v++)
     // Update dist[v] only if is not in sptSet, there is an edge from
     // u to v, and total weight of path from src to v through u is
     // smaller than current value of dist[v]
     if (!sptSet[v] && graph[u][v] && dist[u] != 0x7FFFFFFFL
                         && dist[u]+graph[u][v] < dist[v])
       dist[v] = dist[u] + graph[u][v];
   }
  // print the constructed distance array
  dispWorld(dist, 7);
} // End method dijkstraAlgo
```