# data\_extracting

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# Project setup

```
here(), load libraries, and set a data vintage.
```

```
# Set Path
here::i_am("data_wrangle/data_extracting.rmd")

## here() starts at /net/home2/mlee/Effort-Displacement---Scallop

# Please ensure you have the proper packages installed with (install.packages()) or a request to ITD if
library("here")

library("RODBC")
library("RODM")
library("readxl")
vintage_string<-Sys.Date()
vintage_string<-gsub("-","_",vintage_string)

# You might want to run this code, but not extract and save any data. Set this switch to FALSE to do so
extract_switch=FALSE</pre>
```

## Organization

We will:

- 1. Try to avoid copying data; when we rely on data from other people, we will read it directly into memory from the network location or Oracle.
- 2. Sometimes this is unnecessary, so we will copy external data into the "data/external" folder. We will have a separate subfolder for shapefiles.
- 3. Store an intermediate data product in "data/intermediate".
- 4. Store final data products in "data/main."
- 5. Use a vintage "suffix" to denote when we have extracted data.

#### Read in oracle passwords and set network directory

```
This is a block of code where we set up the oracle passwords and make R aware of folders on the network.
```

```
source(here("data_wrangle", "credentials.R"))
# Set the network_location_desktop and network_location_remote variables somewhere OUTSIDE of this code
```

```
#Comment one of these out, depending on whether you are running this code on a server or locally (with
net<-network_location_desktop
net<-network_location_remote

# These are not part of the project path
offshoreWind_directory<-file.path(net, "home5", "dcorvi", "OffshoreWind", "offshoreWind4", "data")
spacepanels_directory<-file.path(net, "home2", "mlee", "dropoff", "wind")
cost_directory<-file.path(net, "work5", "socialsci", "Trip_Costs", "2007-2020")

# Set up paths.
East_Cst_crop_2020_path<- here("data", "external", "shapefiles", "East_Cst_crop_2020_extended")
TMSQ_path<-here("data", "external", "shapefiles", "Ten Minute Squares Cut North and Greater Atlantic")
All_Lease_Areas_Shapefile_path<-here("data", "external", "shapefiles", "All_Lease_Areas_Shapefile")</pre>
```

## Purpose

This code extracts and processes data. Our goal is to construct a dataset that can be used to estimate a location choice model at the trip level for the Limited Access Scallop Fishery, using data from 2007-2019 (calendar years). The main datasource is a frozen DMIS table.

## **Dependencies**

This code depends on:

- 1. Network access to get the APSD\_DMIS\_2.rda and trip cost data from places on the NEFSC network.
- 2. The ability to connect to NEFSC oracle databases (VTR and the Live DMIS tables at APSD.t\_ssb\_trip\_current@garfo\_nefsc).

### Data Overview

There are four main data sources (so far). None are perfect.

Source	Name
DMIS_APSD_2	DMIS is a Northeast Regional Office data record matching system. Primary data sources include Allocation Management System (AMS) Database, Vessel Trip Reports (VTRs), Dealer Reports, Vessel Monitoring System (VMS) Catch Reports, Observer Reports, Vessel Permit Database, and the MQRS database, which tracks limited access fishing eligibilities
VTR (Vessel Trip	A vessel trip report (VTR) must be received by NMFS or postmarked within 15 days
Reports)	after the reporting month's end. For vessels that also hold a NE multispecies permit, VTRs must be submitted weekly by Tuesday of the week after the fishing trip ends. Copies of VTRs must be retained on board the vessel for 1 year after the last entry on the log and otherwise retained for 3 years after the date of the last entry on the log. If no fishing activity occurred during a reporting period (week or month), then a VTR must be submitted stating that no fishing trips were taken.
Vessel Monitoring System (VMS)	All vessels issued a Federal scallop permit are required to have an active VMS unit and must use their VMS unit to declare all vessel activity, including fishing trips and transiting.

Source	Name
Cost data	Werner et al predict estimate a model of trip costs. Predictions (in and out of sample) are used

We have decided to use the DMIS as our primary dataset. DMIS primarily uses Vessel Trip Reports (VTRs) for "trip" and "effort" data and dealer databases for landings. A drawback of using these data are that there is a single point (latitude and longitude) for each time a vessel deploys a particular type of gear into a statistical area. In the LADAS scallop fleet, vessels rarely, if ever, will switch gears at sea. So, a trip is most likely to have multiple VTRs if it switches statistical areas.

There aren't any big incentives (yet) to misreport statistical areas in Scallop. Unlike groundfish, scallop open areas are all managed with one control (Days-at-Sea). And fishing in the Access Areas, but reporting open areas could occur. But vessels need to declare in, so this is a very risky proposition if you are caught fishing in an Access Area, but declared into an open area.

By choosing to represent the trip as a single point, or as inside a homogeneous ten minute square, we may not have the ability to answer our research question. Alternatively, do we have the ability to model at the sub-trip level?

Other possibilities were considered for our primary dataset:

- 1. Observer cover a subset of the fishery. According to the 2021 SBRM report, it was approximately 8-10% of effort for the Limited access fleet. This would provide haul level lat-lon and estimates of catch for the sampled subset. We viewed the subset as too limited it would provide us with observations of approximately 200 Access area and 100 open area trips per year. Observer data contains the sailing and landing port.
- 2. VMS VMS data would provide lat-lon at a high frequency. Other researchers have used this; however we uncomfortable with figuring out how to allocate catch along the VMS track. VMS data contains the sailing and landing port.
- 3. Rasters. The raster data are an intermediate data product that combines trip report with a statistical model describes the distance between observed hauls and the vtr point location. This allows for a smoothing of effort catch across a non-arbitrary grid (like a 10 minute square, statistical area, or just a lat-lon point).

#### **DMIS**

We are using the DMIS\_APSD\_2 table. This is a custom data query that combines DMIS and SFCLAM data and was constructed to support the Wind Energy tool. The sql code can be found here and here.

Column	Description
DOCID	VTR DOCUMENT table record identifier; Primary key, internally generated at scanning based on vessel id and date/time sailed. Each DOCID represents one trip; equivalent to TRIPID in VESLOGyyyyT,S,G tables. There is no DOCID in older SFCLAM data.
IMGID	VTR IMAGES table primary key; generated internally at scanning. Each IMGID represents one scanned VTR document. Foreign key linking to VTR CATCH table. Equivalent to the GEARID in VTR.VESLOGyyyyG
SECGEARFISH	A three digit code for the gear used
GEARCODE	A description of the gears used. This has constructed by aggregating SECGEARFISH
SPPNAME	Common name of the species.
NESPP3	Three digit code used to identify the species
SOURCE	==DMIS  or  ==SFCLAM

Column	Description	
Dates	VTR land date, AMS Land Date, Dealer Sold Date Trip date is broken down into	
	fields Calendar_Year, Month_of_Year, Week_of_Year, and Day_of_Year	
DDLAT	Latitude in decimal degrees	
DDLON	Longitude in decimal degrees	
PERMIT	Six-digit vessel fishing permit number assigned by the NE Regional Office permit	
	system	
DOLLAR	This is the value of fish sold. An imputed price is used in cases where the value was	
	not reported.	
POUNDS	POUNDS is live weight, (in the shell)	
LANDED	LANDED can be meat weights or shell weights, but is usually meats	
TRIP_LENGTH	Trip length is in days; It is calculated from the elapsed time between the date-time	
	sailed and date-time landed. This is a measure of days absent.	

Ports – We can either assume that a trip departs from the same place it lands. Or we can use the place where they made their last landing as the sailing port.

The DDLAT and DDLON are self reported lat-lons from logbooks(VTRs). We have supplemented this with some extra information.

Column	Description
TRIP_ID DOCID	Don't use this column except for making a DMIS to DMIS join.  VTR DOCUMENT table record identifier; Primary key, internally generated at
DOCID	scanning based on vessel id and date/time sailed. Each DOCID represents one trip; equivalent to TRIPID in VESLOG tables.
ACTIVITY_CODE	Complicated set of letters and numbers. See below
PLAN_CAT	LGC_A LGC_B, LGC_C, SC_2, SC_3, SC_4, SC_5, SC_6, SC_7, SC_8, SC_9, SG_1A, SG_1B are a collection of true and false variables the indicate if the vessel had a particular permit when the trip was taken.

ACTIVITY\_CODE and a set of PLAN\_CAT categorical variables are used from the live DMIS tables. We join using DOCID.

## Description of the VTR data.

Column	Description	
TRIPID	VESLOG Trip record identifier, which is generated internally and used for linking	
tripcatg	(only commercial categories are selected), recreational and RSA/EFP are not.	
operator	Name of the captain	
opernum	Captains Identification number	
permit	Six-digit vessel fishing permit number assigned by the NE Regional Office permit system	
nsubtrip	Number of subtrips (see description of subtrips	
crew	number of crew, including captain	
port	6 digit numeric code for the port, renamed to VTR_PORTNUM to make clear is a companion to VTR_PORT and VTR_STATE	

A little more information about VTR.

### Description of the SPACEPANELS data.

Column	Description	
TRIPID	VESLOG Trip record identifier, which is generated internally and used for linking	
geoid	10 digit county subdivision from US Census.	
$state\_fips$	2 digit state fips code	
portlnd1	string of the name of the port that the vessel operator writes on the VTR.	
state1	2 letter abbreviation of the state	
port	6 digit port code. Should match vtr_portnum from VTR	
namelsad	Name and Legal/Statistical description	
port_lat	Latitude of the geoid	
port_lon	longitude of the geoid	
previous_geoid	Geoid of landing port for previous trip	
previous_state_fips	2 digit state fips code for previous trip	
previous_namelsad	Name and Legal/Statistical description for previous trip	
previous_port_lat	Latitude of the geoid for previous trip	
$previous\_port\_lon$	longitude of the geoid for previous trip	

The spacepanels data tidies up vtr ports and aggregates them to the US Census county subdivision. You should *not* expect an exact match between portlnd1, state1, and port in the spacepanels dataset compared to the same columns in the raw vtr because some data clean was done on these fields. The code is in the spacepanels repo, "just\_ports.do."

- Geoid is geoid10. The lat-lons are either the centroid of the geoid and/or adjusted to the coast. There is probably some error here, but if the goal is to use these points to help construct distances or costs to go fishing, they are probably accurate enough.
- namelsad is a convenient name (Like "Boston city"). However, be aware that there are some places with the same name, so use either the geoid or the namelsad plus state or state\_fips. This could also be solved by using the namelsad as factor levels This dataset includes all trips from 1996-2021. Use the vintage date appended to the end of the file to assess whether the final year of data is "complete" enough for your purposes. The following corresponds to all trips, not just scallop trips:
- Missing tripids. there are missing tripids prior to 2003. These correspond to SCOQ.
- Missing vtr\_portnum There are about 183 obs. These are 2019-2021 and probably reflect changes in the underlying data that haven't been picked up and cleaned in the code. I am not going to deal with these.
- Missing geoid. There are about 3,000 obs. Many of these are because the vtr\_port is "Other State". A few are missing because of a new port.
- There is a set of previous\_ variables. These were constructed using this code:

```
bysort permit (datelnd1 tripid): gen previous_geoid=geoid[_n-1]
bysort permit (datelnd1 tripid): gen previous_namelsad=namelsad[_n-1]
bysort permit (datelnd1 tripid): gen previous_state_fips=state_fips[_n-1]
```

• It's possible that the previous trip was the same day. It's also possible that the previous trip was from years before.

\*The date that I am using here is the dateInd1 field from VESLOG\_T, if those are somehow missing, I have used datesold from VESLOG\_S. I am using something from the Clam logbooks, but I'm not positive as to what. I normally used the datesold in VESLOG\_S for spacepanels.

• More of the previous\_ variables are missing. This is expected, because the first observation of a permit will be missing something. I don't think this will cause too much of a problem. Some will be missing if the prior trip was a "other state."

### Description of the VMS data.

We are currently not using the VMS data directly.

### Description of the Cost data.

Column	Description
Place	holder
Place	holder

### Load Offshore Wind Tool Data sets

The frozen DMIS table from the offshoreWind project (APSD\_DMIS\_2) is the base dataset for the analysis. The DMIS data are formed by combining many datasets, including VTR and Dealer. In brief, the APSD\_DMIS\_2 dataset contains a mix of trip attributes (port, date), sub-trip attributes (gear, location), and catch outcomes (species, pounds, landed, dollar). You can read more about DMIS here.

```
load(file.path(offshoreWind_directory, "APSD_DMIS_2.rda"))
```

To get a more up-to-date version of this data, we can do:

```
oracle_server = "sole"
ODBC.CONNECTION <- RODBC::odbcConnect(dsn=oracle_server, uid=oracle_username, pwd=oracle_password, beli
CURRENT.QUERY = paste ("select * FROM APSD.DMIS_WIND_TEST@garfo_nefsc")
APSD_DMIS_2 = sqlQuery(ODBC.CONNECTION, CURRENT.QUERY)
odbcCloseAll()
APSD_DMIS_2$GEARCODE[APSD_DMIS_2$SECGEARFISH=="DSC"]<-"DREDGE-SCALLOP"</pre>
```

### Read in Port lats and lons

Load in the lats and lons of all ports from the spacepanels directory. Change the column names to clarify that the lat-lons are the ports. Join this to the APSD\_DMIS\_2 dataset, keeping all rows of the APSD\_DMIS\_2 dataset and dropping any rows from tripids\_geoids that do not match.

```
#Import Data
tripid_geoids<- haven::read_dta(file.path(spacepanels_directory,"just_ports_2022_01_26.dta"))
#Could do all this in one step, but ...
# Pick the cols that start with previous
prev<-tripid_geoids[grepl("^previous_", colnames(tripid_geoids))]
#pick the rest of the cols
tripid_geoids<-tripid_geoids[c("tripid","geoid", "namelsad", "state_fips","port_lat","port_lon")]
#cbind the two together
tripid_geoids<-cbind(tripid_geoids,prev)</pre>
APSD_DMIS_2<-merge(APSD_DMIS_2,tripid_geoids, by.x="DOCID", by.y="tripid", all.x=TRUE, all.y=FALSE)
```

```
#save to RDS
APSD_DMIS_2_name <-paste0("APSD_DMIS_2_",vintage_string,".Rds")
saveRDS(APSD_DMIS_2, file=here("data","intermediate", APSD_DMIS_2_name))</pre>
```

This match should be pretty good for source=DMIS. But it will not work for source=SFCLAM.

### Loading Data fom Oracle

The APSD\_DMIS\_2 table must be supplemented with additional data. This section queries the Oracle databases to extract additional information.

#### VTR Data

Some Trip-level data in the VTR schema is needed. See table at the top. We extract them here.

```
oracle_server = "sole"
ODBC.CONNECTION <- RODBC::odbcConnect(dsn=oracle_server, uid=oracle_username, pwd=oracle_password, beli
START.YEAR = 2007
END.YEAR = 2019
RESULT.COMPILED<-list()</pre>
for(i in START.YEAR:END.YEAR) {
 print(i)
  CURRENT.QUERY = paste("SELECT VTR.veslog",i,"t.TRIPID,tripcatg, operator, opernum, permit, nsubtrip,
                FROM VTR.veslog",i,"t", sep="")
 RESULT.COMPILED[[t]] = sqlQuery(ODBC.CONNECTION, CURRENT.QUERY)
  t<-t+1
}
RESULT.COMPILED <- do.call(rbind.data.frame, RESULT.COMPILED)
#save to RDS
RESULT.COMPILED_name <-paste0("RESULT_COMPILED_", vintage_string, ".Rds")
saveRDS(RESULT.COMPILED, file=here("data","intermediate",RESULT.COMPILED_name))
```

### Scallop LA IFQ Linking variables

We also extract the activity code from DMIS. This will describe the type of trip that the vessel has declared into. The most important types of trips will be Scallop Trips; however, fishing vessels with the proper permits are allowed to retain scallops while declared into other fisheries. When this happens, the volume of scallops will be much lower.

We also extract the T/F variables corresponding the the PLAN CAT in DMIS.

```
oracle_server = "sole"
CURRENT.QUERY = paste ("SELECT TRIP_ID, DOCID, ACTIVITY_CODE, LGC_A, LGC_B, LGC_C, SC_2, SC_3, SC_4, SC
FROM APSD.t_ssb_trip_current@garfo_nefsc")
Scallop_Linkingorg = sqlQuery(ODBC.CONNECTION, CURRENT.QUERY)
odbcCloseAll()
```

```
#save to RDS
Scallop_Linkingorg_name <-paste0("Scallop_Linkingorg_",vintage_string,".Rds")
saveRDS(Scallop_Linkingorg, file=here("data","intermediate",Scallop_Linkingorg_name))</pre>
```

### Add in cost data

These data should reference the "Estimation of Commercial Fishing Trip Costs Using Sea Sampling Data" paper by Samantha Werner & Geret DePiper. We will likely use the Winsorized trip cost estimates.

```
#Import Data
X2007_2012 <- read_excel(file.path(cost_directory,"2007_2012.xlsx"))
X2013_2020 <- read_excel(file.path(cost_directory,"2013_2020.xlsx"))

#Merge 2007-2012 costs with 2013-2020 costs
all_yrs_costs<-rbind(X2007_2012,X2013_2020)

#save to RDS
all_yrs_costs_name <-paste0("all_yrs_costs_",vintage_string,".Rds")
saveRDS(all_yrs_costs, file=here("data","intermediate",all_yrs_costs_name))</pre>
```

### R Session Information

```
sessionInfo()
## R version 4.0.5 (2021-03-31)
## Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
## Running under: Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.5 (Ootpa)
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS/LAPACK: /usr/lib64/libopenblasp-r0.3.12.so
##
## locale:
## [1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8
                                  LC_NUMERIC=C
## [3] LC TIME=en US.UTF-8
                                  LC COLLATE=en US.UTF-8
                                  LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8
## [5] LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8
## [7] LC PAPER=en US.UTF-8
                                  LC NAME=C
                                  LC_TELEPHONE=C
## [9] LC_ADDRESS=C
## [11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats
                 graphics grDevices utils
                                               datasets methods
                                                                   base
## other attached packages:
## [1] readxl_1.3.1 RODM_1.1
                                RODBC_1.3-19 here_1.0.1
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] Rcpp_1.0.7
                        digest_0.6.28
                                          rprojroot_2.0.2 cellranger_1.1.0
## [5] magrittr_2.0.1 evaluate_0.14
                                          rlang_0.4.12
                                                           stringi_1.7.6
## [9] rmarkdown_2.11 tools_4.0.5
                                          stringr_1.4.0
                                                           xfun_0.28
```

```
## [13] yaml_2.2.1 fastmap_1.1.0 compiler_4.0.5 htmltools_0.5.2
## [17] knitr_1.36
```

This may be useful for diagnosing and troubleshooting one day.