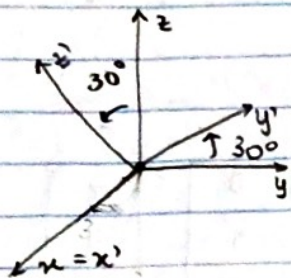


MECÂNICA ANALÍTICA E ONDAS

SÉRIE 4 - TRANSFORMAÇÕES ORTOGONAIS

①



$$S' \equiv S \text{ com } \alpha = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(x', x) & \cos(x', y) & \cos(x', z) \\ \cos(y', x) & \cos(y', y) & \cos(y', z) \\ \cos(z', x) & \cos(z', y) & \cos(z', z) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$y, y', z, z' : \text{plano } \perp \text{ a } x' \equiv x$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(0^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) \\ \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(30^\circ) & \cos(90-30^\circ) \\ \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(90+30^\circ) & \cos(30^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$

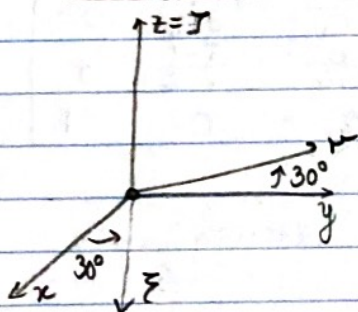
$\xrightarrow{\text{em } S'}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{em } S}$

$$R_x(30^\circ) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(30^\circ) & \sin(30^\circ) \\ 0 & -\sin(30^\circ) & \cos(30^\circ) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

②

a) $S' \equiv S$ com $\alpha = 0$

ROTAÇÃO 1

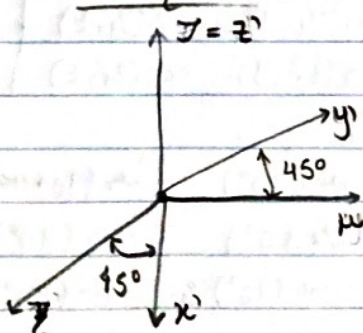


$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(x', x) & \cos(x', y) & \cos(x', z) \\ \cos(y', x) & \cos(y', y) & \cos(y', z) \\ \cos(z', x) & \cos(z', y) & \cos(z', z) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(30^\circ) & \cos(90-30^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) \\ \cos(90+30^\circ) & \cos(30^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) \\ \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(0^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_z(30^\circ) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(30^\circ) & \sin(30^\circ) & 0 \\ -\sin(30^\circ) & \cos(30^\circ) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

ROTAÇÃO 2



$$R_z(45^\circ) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(x', x) & \cos(x', y) & \cos(x', z) \\ \cos(y', x) & \cos(y', y) & \cos(y', z) \\ \cos(z', x) & \cos(z', y) & \cos(z', z) \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos(45^\circ) & \cos(90-45^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) \\ \cos(90+45^\circ) & \cos(45^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) \\ \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(0^\circ) \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos(45^\circ) & \sin(45^\circ) & 0 \\ -\sin(45^\circ) & \cos(45^\circ) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

ROTAÇÃO TOTAL

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \quad (=)$$

$$(\Rightarrow) \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ \frac{-1-\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{-1+\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$

matriz transformação pedida.

b)

$$R'_{TOTAL} = R_z(45^\circ) R_z(30^\circ) = R_z(30^\circ) R_z(45^\circ) = R_{TOTAL}$$

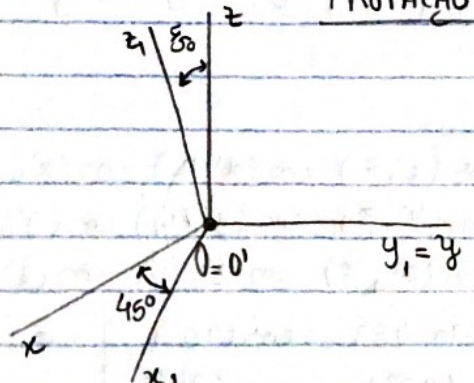
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ \frac{-1-\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

→ As matrizes comutam porque as rotações são ambas em torno do mesmo eixo.

③ $S = S'$ em $t = 0$

a)

ROTAÇÃO 1



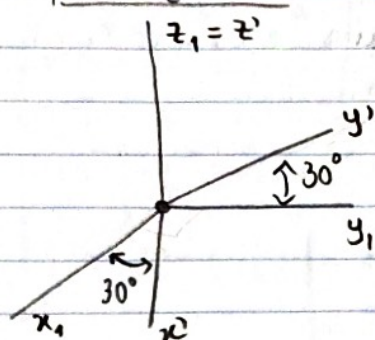
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(x_1, x) & \cos(x_1, y) & \cos(x_1, z) \\ \cos(y_1, x) & \cos(y_1, y) & \cos(y_1, z) \\ \cos(z_1, x) & \cos(z_1, y) & \cos(z_1, z) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \quad (=)$$

$$(\Rightarrow) \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(45^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(90+45) \\ \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(0^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) \\ \cos(90-45) & \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(45^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \quad (=)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_y(45^\circ) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

ROTAÇÃO 2



$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(x', x_1) & \cos(x', y_1) & \cos(x', z_1) \\ \cos(y', x_1) & \cos(y', y_1) & \cos(y', z_1) \\ \cos(z', x_1) & \cos(z', y_1) & \cos(z', z_1) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(30^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ - 30^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) \\ \cos(90^\circ + 30^\circ) & \cos(30^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) \\ \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(90^\circ) & \cos(0^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(30^\circ) & \sin(30^\circ) & 0 \\ -\sin(30^\circ) & \cos(30^\circ) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_z(30^\circ) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

ROTAÇÃO TOTAL

$$R_{TOTAL} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

b)

$$R'_{TOTAL} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} =$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} =$$

↳ As matrizes ão comutam porque correspondem a rotações em torno de eixos distintos.