Eldramajned mo Simão Cardoso

$$\bar{c}q. Maxuell$$
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 $\bar{c}q. Maxuel$

Reduce d (outland)

$$\vec{J} \cdot \vec{A} = 0$$
 $\vec{J} \cdot \vec{V} = -\frac{1}{E_0}$
 $\vec{J} \cdot \vec{A} = -\frac{1}{10} \cdot \vec{D} \cdot \vec{V}$

Reduce d toward

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Eq. de Poimon =>
$$J^{L}V = -\frac{1}{\epsilon_{0}}$$

Eq. de Leplace => $J^{2}V = 0$

Potencial Electrico

 $\vec{\epsilon}' = -\vec{J}V$
 $V = -\int \vec{\epsilon}' d\vec{J}$

$$V = \frac{1}{u \pi \epsilon_0} \frac{\vec{\rho} \cdot \vec{\Lambda}}{\Lambda^2}$$

$$V(\vec{n}') = \frac{1}{4 \pi \epsilon_0} \left[\frac{Q}{n} + \frac{\vec{p} \cdot \vec{n}}{n^3} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \neq j} Q_{ij} \frac{x_i x_j}{n^5} + \dots \right]$$
Conga (admus)

$$V(\vec{n}') = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{1}{n} \int \vec{l} d\vec{v}' + \frac{1}{n!} \int \vec{n}' \cos \alpha \vec{l} dv' + \frac{1}{n^3} \int (\vec{n}')^2 \left(\frac{3}{2} \cos^2 \alpha - \frac{1}{2} \right) \vec{l} dv' + \dots \right]$$

$$\frac{10}{2x^2} = 0 \rightarrow V = mx + b$$

$$\frac{2D}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} = 0 \rightarrow V(x,y) = \frac{1}{2 \pi R} \oint_{Circ} V d\vec{l}$$

$$\frac{3D}{\partial x^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} V}{\partial x^{i}} + \frac{\partial^{2} V}{\partial z^{i}} = 0 \rightarrow V(x,y,z) = \frac{1}{4\pi R^{2}} \oint_{z=/L_{z}} V dz^{2}$$

Terene de Unicoledo

> A rolesão do oq. de leper num volume V s' Unicemento determinado polo valor do lathacial ma rufetico S que s' pronteine de V.

CondalNo => A eq. de Painson Tomber fice uncommo de unimado os poules o lateral en S+P mo volum.

•
$$l = 0$$

• $V = Constanto$ $\vec{\epsilon} = \frac{6}{60} \hat{n}$

$$C = \frac{q}{\sqrt{r}}$$

Discheb de conje devil à fobrigação

$$\vec{j}_{R} = \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} \rightarrow \vec{j} = (\vec{j}_{1} + \vec{j}_{R})$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{D} = \vec{P}_{\beta} \rightarrow (\vec{P} = \vec{P}_{1}, \vec{P}_{2})$$

$$\vec{D} = \vec{P}_{\beta} \rightarrow (\vec{P} = \vec{P}_{1}, \vec{P}_{2})$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{O} = \vec{P} \cdot \vec{O} = \vec{P} \cdot \vec{O} = \vec{O} \cdot \vec{O} =$$

$$\widehat{T}_{i} = \mathcal{E}_{0} \sum_{j} \varkappa_{ij} \widehat{c}_{j} + \mathcal{E}_{0} \sum_{j,k} \varkappa_{ijk} \widehat{c}_{j} \widehat{c}_{k} + \dots$$

=)
$$\nabla^2 V = -\frac{\int \mathcal{D}}{E}$$
 = $E = \frac{1}{4\pi E} \frac{\mathcal{D}}{n L}$
Eq. Reinor num

mathial

Composition

Num methial

- Hamedortitico

Equesos Importantes

Bist-Sovert

$$\vec{\mathcal{B}}(\vec{n}') = \frac{p_o}{4\pi} \int_{\nu} \frac{\vec{j}(\vec{n}') \times (\vec{n} - \vec{n}')}{|\vec{n} - \vec{n}'|^3} d\nu'$$

Biot -) event (linke)

$$\vec{B}(\vec{n}') = \frac{\mu_0 T}{4\pi} \int_{\mathcal{C}} \frac{\vec{J} \times |\vec{n} - \vec{n}'|}{|\vec{n} - \vec{n}'|^3} = \frac{\mu_0 T}{4\pi} \int_{\mathcal{C}} \frac{\vec{J} \times \vec{n}}{n^3}$$

 $\vec{H} = \frac{d\vec{m}}{d\vec{v}(v_0 lum)}$ $\vec{H} = \frac{\vec{B}}{p_0} - \vec{M}$ Intensidede Megnético $\vec{7} \times \vec{H} = \vec{j}$

Highely csão

Tenfeatural (MO)

=> querelo un noteral

lado todo a nogelyta

Femomorphismo e megaliosa)

Patencial vetor

$$\vec{A}(\vec{n}') = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int_{\nu} \frac{\vec{j}(\vec{n}')}{|\vec{n}-\vec{n}'|} d\nu'$$

$$\vec{3} = \vec{7} \times \vec{A} \rightarrow \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{A} \vec{I} = \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} \vec{a}$$

Forço de Lonerty

Tearnock Hokes

Equiga colabones

Velo Poynting

$$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{p_0} (\vec{\varepsilon} \times \vec{v})$$

Equejos Nexwell (Vecus) $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{0}{E_0}$ $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = 0$ $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$ $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = p_0 \vec{j} + E_0 p_0 \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$

Potencel Vela dilo

$$\overrightarrow{Adil}(\overrightarrow{n}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{\overrightarrow{m} \times \overrightarrow{n}}{\overrightarrow{n}}$$

$$\overrightarrow{m} = \overrightarrow{I} \int d\overrightarrow{c}$$

Torque

Momento della dessico

$$\frac{d\omega}{d\epsilon} = \vec{\epsilon} \cdot \vec{j} dv$$

$$\frac{dw}{d\epsilon} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial \epsilon} \int_{V} \frac{1}{1} \left(\epsilon_{\delta} E^{2} + \frac{1}{\mu_{\delta}} B^{2} \right) dv - \frac{1}{\mu_{\delta}} \oint_{S} \left(\vec{\epsilon} \times \vec{B} \right) d\vec{\sigma}$$

Desidol de longie de compo

$$\nabla^{2}\vec{B} - \frac{1}{c^{2}}\frac{\partial^{2}\vec{E}}{\partial t^{2}} = 0$$

$$\nabla^{2}\vec{B} - \frac{1}{c^{2}}\frac{\partial^{2}\vec{B}}{\partial t^{2}} = 0$$

$$\Psi(\vec{n},t) = \alpha e^{i(\vec{k}\cdot\vec{n}-\omega t)} + \lambda e^{i(\vec{k}\cdot\vec{n}+\omega t)}$$
(Indusing)

fyllogies intes

Fronteine

$$B_4 - B_2 = \mu_0 \vec{j} \times \vec{m}$$

link.

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi o} \left(\text{new } \phi_2 - \text{new } \phi_1 \right)$$



B= NomI

Solonoid Toroidal





Catro chaulo

Palenced Veta

BUXTR = HOLY

Forse mapoilice nee by traballo

consider me lesso maprética

Bul-Sount

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{\Omega} = \mu_0 \vec{j} + \mu_0 \in \underbrace{\vec{\partial} \vec{E}}_{\vec{\partial} \vec{k}}$$

$$\vec{\nabla}_{\vec{k}} (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{n}) = \mu_0 \vec{\nabla}_{\vec{k}} \vec{j}$$

$$\vec{\nabla}_{\vec{k}} = -\mu_0 \vec{\nabla}_{\vec{k}} \vec{j}$$

$$\vec{B}(\vec{n}) = -\frac{\mu_c}{uu} \int \frac{\vec{z}'_{x} \vec{j}(\vec{n}')}{(\vec{n} - \vec{n}')} dv'$$

$$\vec{B}(\vec{n}'') = \frac{\mu_c}{\mu_a} \int \vec{j}(\vec{n}') \times (\vec{n}' \cdot \vec{n}') dv'$$

Eglecjos do ondo

$$\nabla^2 \vec{\epsilon} - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 \vec{\epsilon}}{\partial \vec{\epsilon}^2} = 0$$