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|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Started on | Saturday, 30 August 2025, 1:22 PM |
| State | Finished |
| Completed on | Saturday, 30 August 2025, 1:23 PM |
| Time taken | 59 secs |
| Marks | 1.00/1.00 |
| Grade | 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%) |

Given two arrays `array_One[]` and `array_Two[]` of same size `N`. We need to first rearrange the arrays such that the sum of the product of pairs (1 element from each) is minimum. That is $\text{SUM}(A[i] * B[i])$ for all `i` is minimum.

For example:

| Input | Result |
|-------|--------|
| 3 | 28 |
| 1 | |
| 2 | |
| 3 | |
| 4 | |
| 5 | |
| 6 | |

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main() {
4      int n;
5      scanf("%d", &n);
6
7      int A[100], B[100], i, j, temp;
8
9      for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
10         scanf("%d", &A[i]);
11     }
12     for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
13         scanf("%d", &B[i]);
14     }
15
16     for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
17         for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
18             if (A[j] > A[j + 1]) {
19                 temp = A[j];
20                 A[j] = A[j + 1];
21                 A[j + 1] = temp;
22             }
23         }
24     }
25
26     for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
27         for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
28             if (B[j] < B[j + 1]) {
29                 temp = B[j];
30                 B[j] = B[j + 1];
31                 B[j + 1] = temp;
32             }
33         }
34     }
35
36     long long sum = 0;
37     for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
38         sum = sum + (long long)A[i] * B[i];
39     }
40
41     printf("%lld", sum);
42
43     return 0;
44 }
45

```

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|---|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 | 28 | 28 | ✓ |
| ✓ | 4 7 5 1 2 1 3 4 1 | 22 | 22 | ✓ |
| ✓ | 5 20 10 30 10 40 8 9 4 3 10 | 590 | 590 | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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