#### **EXERCISE-16**

#### PROCEDURES AND FUNCTIONS

#### **PROCEDURES**

#### **DEFINITION**

A procedure or function is a logically grouped set of SQL and PL/SQL statements that perform a specific task. They are essentially sub-programs. Procedures and functions are made up of,

- Declarative part
- Executable part
- Optional exception handling part

These procedures and functions do not show the errors.

#### **KEYWORDS AND THEIR PURPOSES**

**REPLACE:** It recreates the procedure if it already exists.

**PROCEDURE:** It is the name of the procedure to be created.

**ARGUMENT:** It is the name of the argument to the procedure. Paranthesis can be omitted if no arguments are present.

**IN:** Specifies that a value for the argument must be specified when calling the procedure ie. used to pass values to a sub-program. This is the default parameter.

**OUT:** Specifies that the procedure passes a value for this argument back to it's calling environment after execution ie. used to return values to a caller of the sub-program.

**INOUT:** Specifies that a value for the argument must be specified when calling the procedure and that procedure passes a value for this argument back to it's calling environment after execution.

**RETURN:** It is the datatype of the function's return value because every function must return a value, this clause is required.

#### PROCEDURES – SYNTAX

create or replace procedure procedure name> (argument {in,out,inout} datatype ) {is,as}
variable declaration;
constant declaration;
begin
PL/SQL subprogram body;
exception
exception PL/SQL block;
end;

#### **FUNCTIONS – SYNTAX**

create or replace function <function name> (argument in datatype,.....) return datatype {is,as}

variable declaration; constant declaration; begin PL/SQL subprogram body; exception exception PL/SQL block; end;

#### CREATING THE TABLE 'ITITEMS' AND DISPLAYING THE CONTENTS

SQL> create table ititems(itemid number(3), actualprice number(5), ordid number(4), prodid number(4));

Table created.

SQL> insert into ititems values(101, 2000, 500, 201); 1 row created.

SQL> insert into ititems values(102, 3000, 1600, 202); 1 row created.

SQL> insert into ititems values(103, 4000, 600, 202); 1 row created.

SQL> select \* from ititems;

ITEMID	ACTUALPRICE	ORDID	PRODID
101	2000	500	201
102	3000	1600	202
103	4000	600	202

# PROGRAM FOR GENERAL PROCEDURE – SELECTED RECORD'S PRICE IS INCREMENTED BY 500 , EXECUTING THE PROCEDURE CREATED AND DISPLAYING THE UPDATED TABLE

SQL> create procedure itsum(identity number, total number) is price number;

- 2 null price exception;
- 3 begin
- 4 select actualprice into price from ititems where itemid=identity;
- 5 if price is null then
- 6 raise null price;
- 7 else
- 8 update ititems set actualprice=actualprice+total where itemid=identity;
- 9 end if;
- 10 exception
- 11 when null price then
- 12 dbms output.put line('price is null');
- 13 end;
- 14 /

Procedure created.

SQL > exec itsum(101, 500);

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> select \* from ititems;

ITEMID	ACTUALPRICE	ORDID	PRODID
101	2500	500	201
102	3000	1600	202
103	4000	600	202

#### PROCEDURE FOR 'IN' PARAMETER – CREATION, EXECUTION

SQL> set serveroutput on;

SQL> create procedure yyy (a IN number) is price number;

- 2 begin
- 3 select actualprice into price from ititems where itemid=a;
- 4 dbms output.put line('Actual price is ' || price);
- 5 if price is null then
- 6 dbms\_output.put\_line('price is null');
- 7 end if;
- 8 end:
- 9 /

Procedure created.

SQL> exec yyy(103);

Actual price is 4000

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

#### PROCEDURE FOR 'OUT' PARAMETER - CREATION, EXECUTION

SQL> set serveroutput on;

SQL> create procedure zzz (a in number, b out number) is identity number;

- 2 begin
- 3 select ordid into identity from ititems where itemid=a;
- 4 if identity<1000 then
- 5 b:=100;
- 6 end if:
- 7 end;
- 8 /

Procedure created.

SQL> declare

- 2 a number;
- 3 b number;
- 4 begin
- 5 zzz(101,b);
- 6 dbms output.put line('The value of b is '|| b);
- 7 end;
- 8 /

The value of b is 100

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

#### PROCEDURE FOR 'INOUT' PARAMETER - CREATION, EXECUTION

```
SQL> create procedure itit ( a in out number) is

2 begin

3 a:=a+1;

4 end;

5 /

Procedure created.

SQL> declare

2 a number:=7;

3 begin

4 itit(a);

5 dbms_output.put_line('The updated value is '||a);

6 end;

7 /

The updated value is 8

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

#### CREATE THE TABLE 'ITTRAIN' TO BE USED FOR FUNCTIONS

```
SQL>create table ittrain (tno number(10), tfare number(10)); Table created.

SQL>insert into ittrain values (1001, 550); 1 row created.

SQL>insert into ittrain values (1002, 600); 1 row created.

SQL>select * from ittrain;
```

ZT, percer	mom ittia
TNO	TFARE
1001	550
1002	600

#### **PROGRAM FOR FUNCTION AND IT'S EXECUTION**

SQL> create function aaa (trainnumber number) return number is 2 trainfunction ittrain.tfare % type;

- 3 begin
- 4 select tfare into trainfunction from ittrain where tno=trainnumber;
- 5 return(trainfunction);
- 6 end;
- 7 /

Function created.

SQL> set serveroutput on;

```
SQL> declare

2 total number;

3 begin

4 total:=aaa (1001);

5 dbms_output.put_line('Train fare is Rs. '||total);

6 end;

7 /

Train fare is Rs.550

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

#### Program 1

#### **FACTORIAL OF A NUMBER USING FUNCTION**

#### Program 2

## Write a PL/SQL program using Procedures IN,INOUT,OUT parameters to retrieve the corresponding book information in library

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE get_book_info(
 p_book_id IN NUMBER,
 p_title OUT VARCHAR2,
 p_author OUT VARCHAR2,
 p_copies IN OUT NUMBER
) IS
BEGIN
 SELECT title, author, copies INTO p_title, p_author, p_copies
 FROM library books
 WHERE book_id = p_book_id;
EXCEPTION
 WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
  p title := 'NOT FOUND';
   p author := 'NOT FOUND';
  p_copies := 0; Title: Oracle PL/SQL Programming
Author: Steven Feuerstein
END;
                              Copies available: 4
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
                               PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
DECLARE
 v_book_id NUMBER := 1;
                               Elapsed: 00:00:00.015
 v title VARCHAR2(100);
 v author VARCHAR2(100);
 v copies NUMBER := 0;
BEGIN
 get_book_info(v_book_id, v_title, v_author, v_copies);
 DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Title: ' || v title);
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Author: ' || v_author);
 DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Copies available: ' | | v copies);
END;
```

Evaluation Procedure	Marks awarded
PL/SQL Procedure(5)	
Program/Execution (5)	
Viva(5)	
Total (15)	
Faculty Signature	