Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: NEIL DANIEL A

Email: 240701356@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701356 Phone: 8925059757

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FD

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 6_CY_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 30 Marks Obtained : 30

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Priya, a data analyst, is working on a dataset of integers. She needs to find the maximum difference between two successive elements in the sorted version of the dataset. The dataset may contain a large number of integers, so Priya decides to use QuickSort to sort the array before finding the difference. Can you help Priya solve this efficiently?

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer n, representing the size of the array.

The second line consists of n space-separated integers, representing the elements of the array.

Output Format

The output prints a single integer, representing the maximum difference between

two successive elements in the sorted form of the array.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
      Input: 1
      10
     Output: Maximum gap: 0
      Answer
  void swap(int *a, int *b) { int temp = *a:
        *b = temp;
     }
     int partition(int arr[], int low, int high) {
        int pivot = arr[high];
        int i = low - 1;
        for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {
         if (arr[j] <= pivot) {
              j++;
             swap(&arr[i], &arr[j]);
        swap(&arr[i + 1], &arr[high]);
        return (i + 1);
     }
     void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
        if (low < high) {
ارها ۲, low, high
quickSort(arr, low, pi - 1);
quickSort(arr, pi + 1, high);
}
           int pi = partition(arr, low, high);
```

```
int main() {
  int n;
  scanf("%d", &n);
  int nums[n];
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &nums[i]);
  quickSort(nums, 0, n - 1);
  int max_qap = 0;
  for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
    int gap = nums[i] - nums[i - 1];
    if (gap > max_gap) {
       max_gap = gap;
  printf("Maximum gap: %d\n", max_gap);
  return 0;
}
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

Meera is organizing her art supplies, which are represented as a list of integers: red (0), white (1), and blue (2). She needs to sort these are so that all items of the same color are and blue. To achieve blue. To achieve this efficiently, Meera decides to use QuickSort to sort the items. Can you help Meera arrange her supplies in the desired order?

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer n, representing the number of items in the list.

The second line consists of n space-separated integers, where each integer is either 0 (red), 1 (white), or 2 (blue).

Output Format

The output prints the sorted list of integers in a single line, where integers are arranged in the order red (0), white (1), and blue (2).

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 6
    202110
    Output: Sorted colors:
    001122
Answer
    #include <stdio.h>
    void swap(int *a, int *b) {
      int temp = *a;
      *a = *b;
      *b = temp;
    }
    int partition(int arr∏, int low, int high) {
      intpivot = arr[high];
    int i = low - 1;
      for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {
         if (arr[i] <= pivot) {</pre>
           j++;
           swap(&arr[i], &arr[j]);
         }
      swap(&arr[i + 1], &arr[high]);
      return (i + 1);
    }
    void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
    if (low < high) {
         int pi = partition(arr, low, high);
```

```
quickSort(arr, low, pi - 1);
    quickSort(arr, pi + 1, high);
}

int main() {
    int n;
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int nums[n];

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &nums[i]);
    }

    quickSort(nums, 0, n - 1);

    printf("Sorted colors:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%d ", nums[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");

    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Reshma is passionate about sorting algorithms and has recently learned about the merge sort algorithm. She wants to implement a program that utilizes the merge sort algorithm to sort an array of integers, both positive and negative, in ascending order.

Help her in implementing the program.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of elements in the array.

The second line of input consists of N space-separated integers, representing the elements of the array.

Output Format

The output prints N space-separated integers, representing the array elements sorted in ascending order.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 9
    5-30127-8216
Output: -8 -3 0 1 2 5 6 7 12
    Answer
    #include <stdio.h>
    void merge(int arr[], int left, int mid, int right) {
       int i, j, k;
       int n1 = mid - left + 1;
       int n2 = right - mid;
       int L[n1], R[n2];
     for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
         L[i] = arr[left + i];
       for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)
         R[i] = arr[mid + 1 + i];
       i = 0:
      i = 0;
       k = left;
       while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2) {
         if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
         arr[k] = L[i];
            j++;
         } else {
            arr[k] = R[i];
```

```
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       while (i < n1) {
          arr[k] = L[i];
          i++;
          k++;
       }
       while (j < n2) {
          arr[k] = R[i];
         ⊱}+;
          k++;
     void mergeSort(int arr[], int left, int right) {
       if (left < right) {</pre>
          int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
          mergeSort(arr, left, mid);
          mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, right);
          merge(arr, left, mid, right);
int main() {
       int N;
       scanf("%d", &N);
       int arr[N];
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
          scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
       }
       mergeSort(arr, 0, N - 1);
                                                                                         240701356
printf("%d ", arr[i]);
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
```

printf("\n"); return 0; } 240101356 2,40701356 Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

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