Stakeholder Forum

October 20, 2015



Draft NE Ocean Plan Development Timeline

Note: schedule is approximate and will be modified as milestones are achieved; the exact timing of activities will evolve.

Activities	2015				2016										
A. Draft Northeast Ocean Plan	July Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct
1. Drafting Sections 1 & 2 of NE Plan and related Agency Guidance															
2. EBM Work Group meetings		9/30													
3. Stakeholder Forum			10/20												
4. RPB Meeting				11/16 11/17											
5. Complete Draft NE Plan and Agency Guidance															
6. RPB internal review of Draft NE Plan and Agency Guidance															
7. RPB meeting and public release of Draft NE Ocean Plan and Agency Guidance															
B. Public Comment and Final NE Plan															
1. Public meetings and comment (45 days)															
2. Plan revisions and response to comment															
3. RPB internal review of Final NE Plan and Agency Guidance															
4. RPB meeting and submission of plan to NOC															
5. NOC/Agency review, concurrence and adoption of NE Plan and Agency Guidance															

Northeast Ocean Plan Draft Outline



NE Plan Draft Outline

- New England Offshore Environment and the Need for Ocean Planning
- 2. Ocean Planning in New England
- 3. The Regulatory Environment and Management Actions
- 4. Ocean Plan Implementation
- 5. Science and Research Priorities



2. Ocean Planning in New England

2.1 Ocean Planning Process

This will be a summary of the ocean planning process, including public engagement and RPB related activities in each phase of the process. It will include references to documents in the appendix and/or www.neoceanplanning.org for more information.

- 2.1.1 National Ocean Policy
- 2.1.2 Initial Outreach and Establishment of the Northeast Regional Planning Body
- 2.1.3 Goal Setting and Work Plan Development
- 2.1.4 Draft and Final Plan

2.2 Ocean Planning Goals and the Ocean Plan

This section will describe how the Northeast Ocean Plan will address key themes from public input and will advance the three goals of Healthy Ocean and Coastal Ecosystems, Effective Decision Making, and Compatibility among Past, Current and Future Ocean Uses by guiding and informing agency decision making. It will also include a brief description of how the rest of the plan is organized and how it will be used.



- 3. The Regulatory Environment and Management Actions
 - 3.1 Regulatory Context and Primary Legal Authorities
 - 3.2 Natural and Cultural Resources
 - 3.3 Human Activities
 - 3.4 Ecosystem Based Management



3.1 Regulatory Context and Primary Legal Authorities

- National Environmental Policy Act
- Rivers and Harbors Act, Section 10
- Clean Water Act, Section 404
- Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act
- Deepwater Port Act
- Endangered Species Act
- Marine Mammal Protection Act
- Migratory Bird Treat Act
- National Historic Preservation Act, Section 106
- Magnuson-Stevens Act
- Ports and Waterways Safety Act
- National Marine Sanctuaries Act
- Coastal Zone Management Act



NE Plan Draft Outline - Sections 3.2 & 3.3

3.2 Natural and Cultural Resources

- 3.2.1 Marine Mammals and Sea Turtles
- 3.2.2 Birds
- 3.2.3 Fish
- 3.2.4 Habitat
- 3.2.5 Restoration
- 3.2.6 Historic and Cultural Resources

3.3 Human Activities

- 3.3.1 Marine Transportation
- 3.3.2 National Security
- 3.3.3 Commercial Fishing
- 3.3.4 Recreational Fishing
- 3.3.5 Recreation
- 3.3.6 Energy and Infrastructure
- 3.3.7 Aquaculture
- 3.3.8 Sand and Gravel



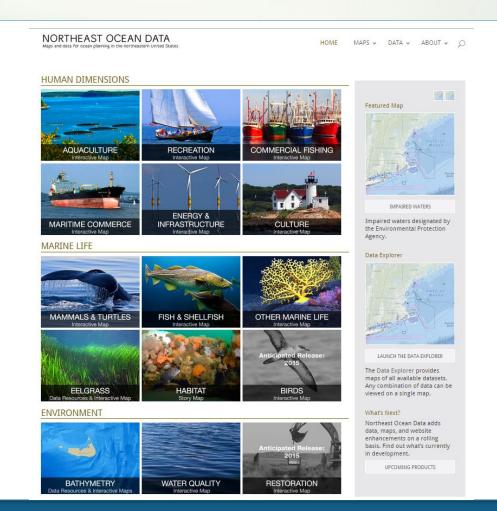
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For each section:

- A. Overview
- B. Ocean Plan Maps and Data
- C. Description of how relevant agencies intend to use ocean plan data in existing regulatory and management programs
- Additional information sources and existing management programs
- E. Long term maintenance of ocean plan maps and data, including brief mention of science priorities to be further detailed in Section 5
- F. Other related RPB agency initiatives and coordination activities



NE Plan Draft Outline - Section 3.4

3.4 Ecosystem Based Management

This section will describe progress towards charting an ecosystem based approach to management, including defining and identifying important ecological areas, reviewing analyses and overlays of human use and ecological data, and developing a framework for monitoring and evaluation. It will also describe how the agencies intend to incorporate these analyses and tools into decision making under existing authorities and the actions the agencies will take to advance EBM and related science. Note: This section, or components of this section, could be moved to other parts of the plan (e.g. implementation, science priorities), depending on progress.



4. Ocean Plan Implementation

This chapter will describe how the RPB intends to implement the ocean plan, including enhancements to agency practices, other responsibilities and commitments, and plan evaluation.

4.1 Intergovernmental Coordination

This section will describe the specific coordination activities that will be undertaken to implement the ocean plan.

- 4.1.1 Best Practices for Agency Coordination
- 4.1.2 Coastal Zone Management Act
- 4.1.3 Tribal Coordination

4.2 Responsibilities and Commitments

This section will describe RPB organization commitments to implementing the following additional responsibilities for ocean plan implementation.

- 4.2.1 Forum for Federal, Tribal, and State Coordination
- 4.2.2 Plan Updates
- 4.2.3 Public Engagement
- 4.2.4 Northeast Ocean Data Portal
- 4.2.5 Implementation of a Monitoring and Evaluation Plan and Science Priorities

4.3 Monitoring and Evaluation

- 4.3.1 Plan Performance
- 4.3.2 Ocean and Ecosystem Health

Science and Research Priorities

This chapter will describe priority data, research, and science necessary to update and advance ocean plan information and analyses. *Note: The organization of this section is likely to change as priorities are refined and earlier plan sections are developed.*

- 5.1 Natural and Cultural Resources
- 5.2 Human Activities
- 5.3 Ecosystem Based Management
- 5.4 Changing Conditions



NE Plan Draft Outline – Public Engagement

- Public engagement and input will be a prominent component of every section of the plan
- Section 2: Public engagement in the planning process, formation of the goals, and the development and review of the plan to ensure it advances planning goals
- Section 3: Public engagement in the regulatory process, both as an important data and information provider and with a critical role in regulatory actions
- Section 4: Public engagement in implementation, including agency coordination to identify potentially affected stakeholders, continued participation in regional planning activities after 2016, and monitoring and evaluation of the final plan.
- Section 5: Public engagement as a partner in the advancement of science and research priorities both for plan updates and longer term initiatives



NE Ocean Plan Chapter 3. Regulatory Environment and Management Actions



3.2 Natural and Cultural Resources

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- F. Other related RPB agency initiatives and coordination activities

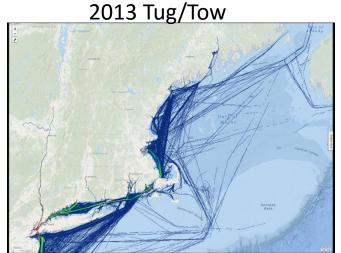


- Marine life and habitat data:
 - Online viewers with species level base products are near complete
 - Abundance, richness, and diversity products for regulatory and ecologically-based species groupings are being developed; vulnerability-based species groupings are being considered
- Restoration: NE Portal to be updated with restoration sites by end of year to coincide with draft section of the plan
- Historic and Cultural resources: Working with tribes and agencies to develop plan content
- Human use data mostly complete and being added to the portal; anything new is likely a future priority to be listed in Section 5
- Sections 3.2 and 3.3 are beginning to be drafted and will provide agency guidance about the use of ocean plan maps and data under existing authorities

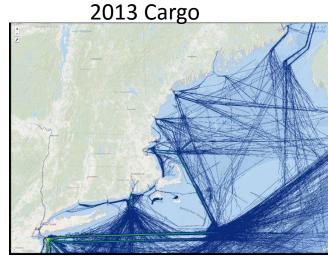


Marine Transportation

- Data portal being updated with 2013 AIS data after extensive industry review
- Data portal will still include 2011 and 2012 data





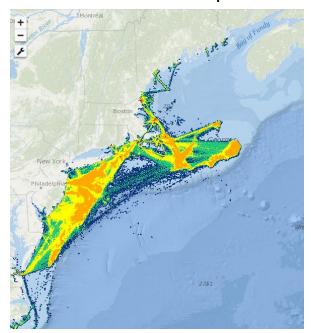




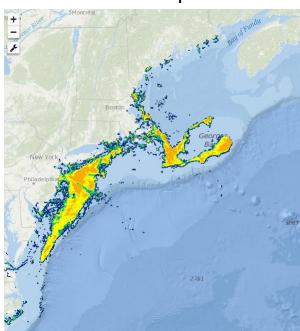
Commercial Fishing

- Data portal to be updated with 19 Vessel Monitoring System maps that have been extensively reviewed
- Update will also include a map of relevant federal fishery management areas

2011- 2014 Scallops



2011- 2014 Scallops < 5 Knots



Recreation

- Recreational characterization recently completed
- Whale watching, SCUBA, distance races, and recreational activity points being added to the data portal
- Updated recreation theme on the NE Portal to be completed shortly









Characterization of Coastal and Marine Recreational Activity in the U.S. Northeast

A Report developed by Point 97, <u>SeaPlan</u>, and the <u>Surfrider</u> Foundation for the Northeast Regional Planning Body

October 2015



Marine Life Data

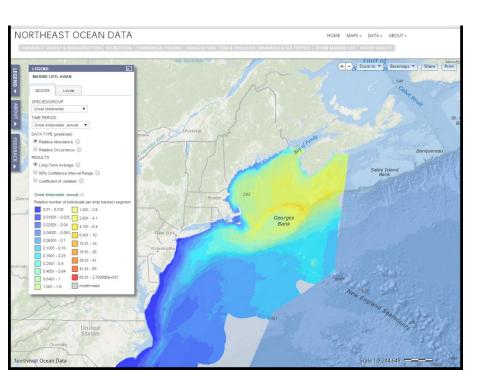
Base Products: Initial MDAT species data & model outputs

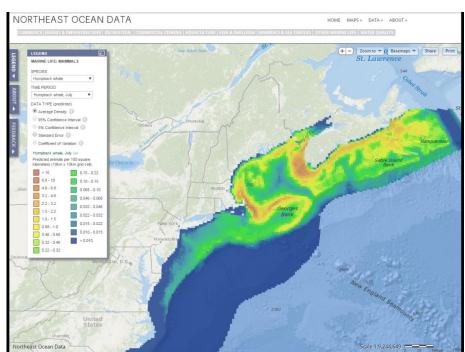


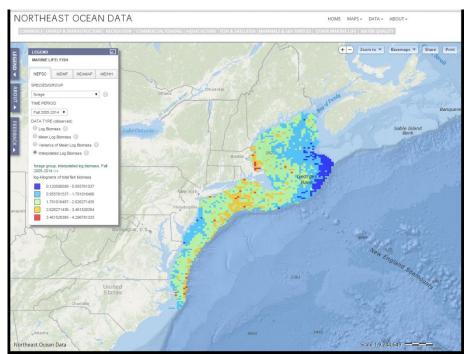


Marine Life Data

Online viewers to view base products nearly complete

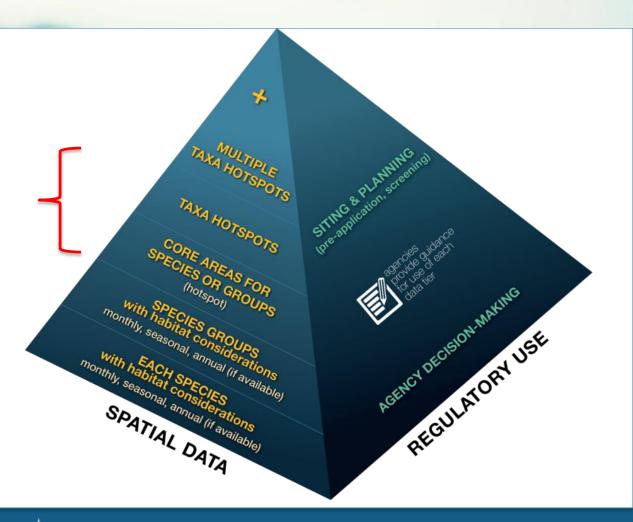






Marine Life Data

Summary products under development



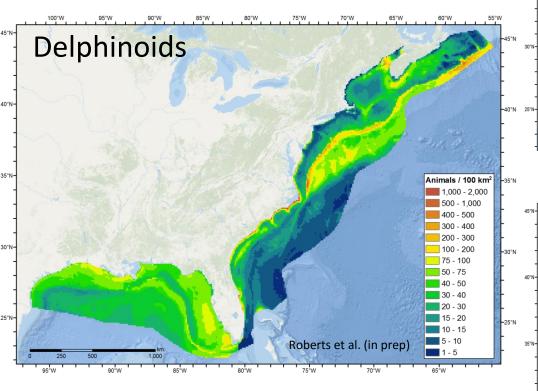


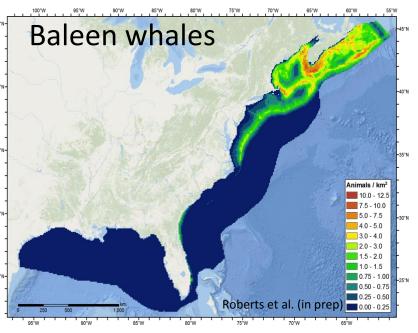
Species grouping options...

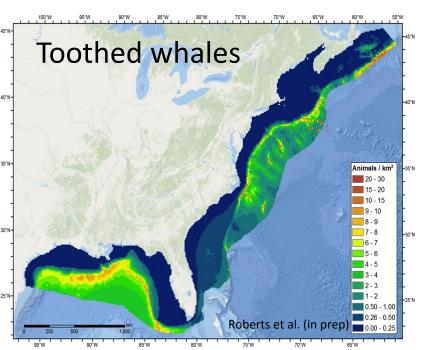
Marine mammals	Avian	Fish
All cetaceans	• Spatial (nearshore, offshore)	 All species
Baleen whales	 Taxonomic (terns, gulls, etc.) 	 Elasmobranch
Small delphinoids	 Ecological/functional (plunge- 	 Flatfish
Large delphinoids	divers, surface divers)	• Forage
Sperm and beaked	 Conservation/authority (State- listed, BCR priorities, AMBCC 	 Gadoid
whales	priorities)	 Invertebrate
 All ESA-listed species 		 Other demersal
Sensitivity to sound (low mid and high		 Other fish
(low, mid, and high frequencies)		• Pelagic
		• EFH
		• Fishery
		Management Plans

Groups are not mutually exclusive; some groups may require longer term research

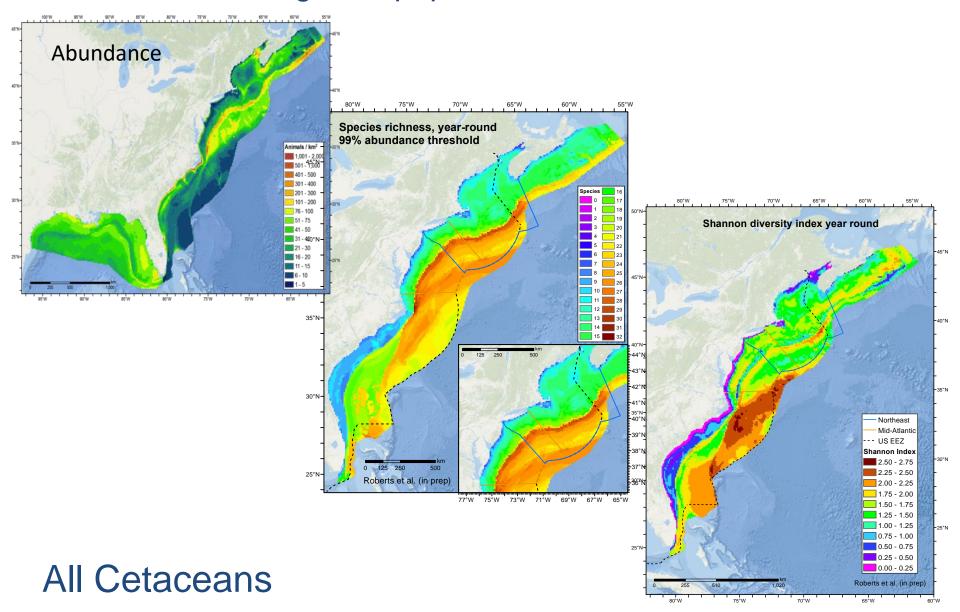
Example Mammal groups - Abundance







Example Taxa Hotspots: Abundance, Richness, Diversit Using 99% pop threshold



Example Taxa Hotspots: Abundance, Richness, Diversity

All Birds

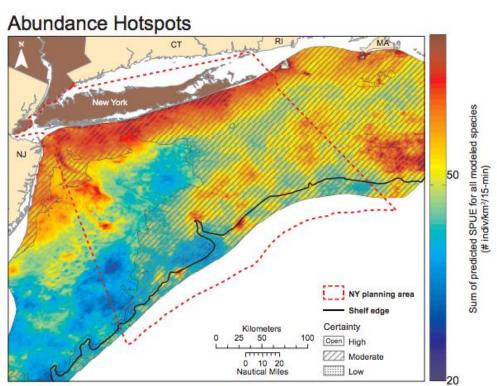


Figure 6.35. Predicted seabird abundance hotspot map.

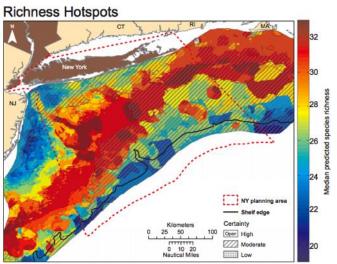


Figure 6.36. Predicted species richness hotspot map.

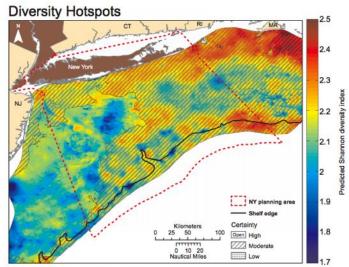


Figure 6.37. Predicted Shannon species diversity index hotspot map.

Example Fish groups - Biomass

Forage fish

Elasmobranchs

Flatfish

Gadoids

Invertebrates

Pelagics

Other demersals

Other fishes

Northern sand lance Alewife

Atlantic herring

Butterfish

Blueback herring

Atlantic mackerel

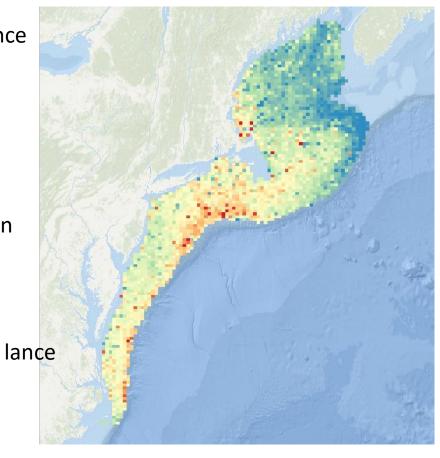
Atlantic menhaden

American shad

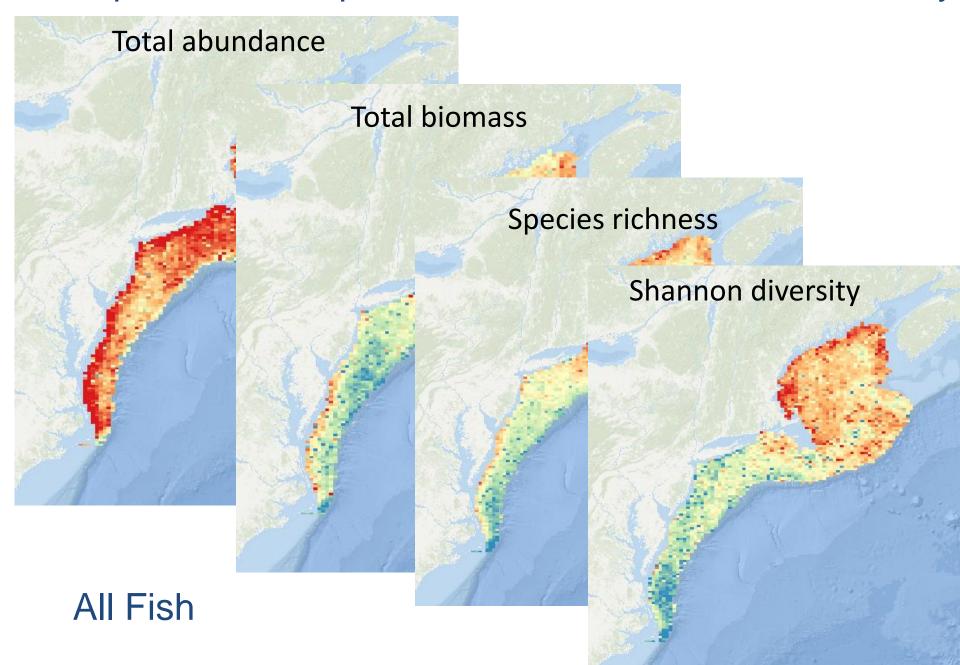
Hickory shad

Capelin

American sand lar



Example Taxa Hotspots: Abundance, Richness, Diversity



Ecosystem Based Management Work Group Update

- EBM WG established as an outcome of the April 2015 EBM Workshop and June 2015 RPB meeting
- First meeting on 9/30/15:
 - Review marine life data
 - Review habitat data and provide input on priority habitat characteristics that should be characterized
 - Review initial ideas for identifying "important ecological areas" by synthesizing marine life and habitat data
- Subsequent meetings:
 - Provide input on ecological and human use data overlays
 - Provide input on monitoring and evaluation
 - Provide input on science and research priorities



Ecosystem Based Management Work Group Update

- Recommended priority habitat data that should accompany marine life data (possibly incorporated into below)
- Recommended RPB defines "important ecological areas" in terms of their various components (rarity, diversity, vulnerability, spawning/breeding areas, migration, etc.)
- Staff, with MDAT support, will suggest a set of components and their potential to be mapped in the short and long term
- "Ecologically rich areas", term being used in MidA, can be one of the components with potential to be mapped in short term



NE Ocean Plan Chapter 4. Ocean Plan Implementation: 4.1.1 Best Practices for Agency Coordination

*Note the following best practices are being provided as examples to elicit ideas and feedback



Background

- Regulatory Work Group identified early coordination and use of Portal data/Plan information as key benefits
- Options for Effective Decision-Making report identified and RPB concurred that Best Practices could be developed; outline reviewed in June
- EPA and NMFS have provided initial feedback; seeking same from USACE, USCG, USN; will be coordinating with tribes to address similar issues
- Working report to be provided for RWG/RPB review, anticipating prior to the November RPB meeting
- Originally described narrowly as best practices for pre-application review; has been broadened as "best practices for agency coordination" to capture range of applicability



Purpose

Support and provide for:

- The use of relevant information from the data portal, the Plan, stakeholders, and other sources;
- A common initial understanding of the proposed project;
- Clear and efficient direction for the applicant;
- Informed stakeholder engagement in the planning, review, and/or regulatory process; and
- Coordinated federal, state, and tribal review as appropriate.

Categories and examples

- Participation in early coordination
 - Federal agencies subject to Executive Order #13547 should engage in early coordination as a general practice, and should do so consistent with these best practices, as appropriate.
 - The lead agency should ensure that all agencies with potential interests in NEPA review and USACE permitting receive notice of, and an opportunity to participate in, agency coordination.
- Use of data and information
 - Project proponents and agencies should use the data portal and associated textual and graphical information contained in the Plan as a primary initial source of information to inform agency coordination and project review under authorities described in Chapter 3.1.



Categories and examples

- Coordination with stakeholders
 - In the context of the proposed project, agencies and the proponent should discuss how stakeholder interests are addressed by applicable authorities, and agencies with subject-matter jurisdiction should specifically identify management provisions that require characterization of stakeholder interests.
- Coordination with states
 - Federal agencies serving as either a project proponent or a lead agency should use the agency coordination process to discuss with a state(s) that has state jurisdiction over the proposed project whether a coordinated approach to NEPA and regulatory review should be considered. On a project-specific basis, such discussion will be influenced by a range of existing statutory, regulatory, administrative, and/or practical measures.
- Coordination with tribes will be coordinating with tribes to develop.

