

# CREATE A CHATBOT USING PYTHON

## TEAM MEMBER

311121205040- NEWLYN KIRUBA.J

Project : Create a chatbot using python

### Abstract

This project presents the creation of a Python-based chatbot using natural language processing (NLP) techniques. The chatbot's core objective is to engage in text-based conversations, providing contextually relevant responses. The development process involves data collection, preprocessing, machine learning model training, and user interface integration. Leveraging libraries like NLTK and spaCy, the chatbot's architecture combines rule-based and machine learning approaches for versatile interaction. The report details algorithm selection, data preprocessing, and user-friendly feature implementation. It also addresses development challenges and prospects for future enhancement. This project serves as a practical guide to building a functional Python chatbot, showcasing its potential in domains like customer service and virtual assistance.

### Introduction

In the era of artificial intelligence, the development of chatbots has emerged as a fascinating and practical application. Chatbots, as conversational agents, have transformed the way businesses and individuals interact with technology. This project endeavors to explore the world of chatbots by designing and implementing a chatbot system using the Python programming language. Chatbots have become integral in providing automated assistance, enhancing customer support, and even serving as virtual companions. This project seeks to demystify the creation process of a chatbot, offering insights into the foundational principles, techniques, and tools required for its development. With a focus on natural language processing (NLP), machine learning, and user-friendly interfaces, this report provides a comprehensive guide to building a functional Python chatbot. Through this project, we aim to not only create a working chatbot but also to showcase its potential

applications across diverse domains, from customer service to personal productivity. The journey begins by understanding the theoretical underpinnings of chatbots and then proceeds to practical implementation, demonstrating the fusion of AI technology and human interaction. In the following sections, we will delve into the project's methodology, discuss relevant literature, and provide a step-by-step account of the chatbot's development.

## **Functionality: Defining the Chatbot's Abilities**

The chatbot's functionality is designed to cater to a wide array of user needs, focusing on the following key areas:

**Answering Common Questions:** The chatbot excels in providing concise and accurate answers to frequently asked questions. Users can inquire about a range of topics, from general knowledge queries to specific information relevant to the domain it serves.

**Guidance and Assistance:** Beyond simple Q&A, the chatbot is programmed to offer guidance and assistance. It can provide step-by-step instructions, recommendations, or suggestions to help users navigate complex processes or make informed decisions.

**Resource Direction:** The chatbot acts as a virtual guide, directing users to relevant resources. Whether it's pointing to specific web pages, documents, or other sources of information, the chatbot ensures users have access to the right materials.

**Task Automation:** Depending on the project's scope, the chatbot can automate certain tasks or processes. For instance, it can assist users in booking appointments, making reservations, or retrieving data from databases.

**Language Understanding:** Leveraging natural language processing (NLP) techniques, the chatbot comprehends user input, including variations in phrasing and context. This enables it to engage in fluid and context-aware conversations.

**Personalization:** The chatbot can provide personalized responses and recommendations by learning from user interactions over time. It adapts to individual preferences and requirements to enhance user satisfaction.

**Integration:** Depending on the project's goals, the chatbot can integrate with external systems, databases, or APIs. This allows it to access real-time data or perform actions that extend beyond its standalone capabilities.

**Error Handling:** The chatbot is equipped to handle errors gracefully, offering helpful suggestions or rephrasing queries to ensure a smooth user experience. It can detect misunderstandings and attempt to resolve them proactively.

**Multi-lingual Support:** To cater to a diverse user base, the chatbot can support multiple languages, enabling users to interact with it in their preferred language.

**Scalability:** The chatbot's architecture is designed with scalability in mind, allowing for easy expansion of its capabilities and integration with additional services or data sources as needed.

By encompassing these functionalities, the chatbot aims to be a versatile and valuable tool, capable of providing assistance, information, and automation to users across various domains and contexts. This report will delve into the technical aspects of how these functionalities are achieved and integrated into the chatbot's design.

## **User Interface and Integration**

The user interface (UI) of the chatbot plays a pivotal role in ensuring a seamless and user-friendly interaction. To maximize accessibility and utility, we have carefully considered where the chatbot will be integrated and have designed an intuitive interface for interactions.

**Integration Platform:** The chatbot will be integrated into a website, providing a versatile and widely accessible platform for users. By embedding it directly within a website, we can reach a broad audience and make it readily available to visitors seeking information or assistance.

**Website Integration:** The chatbot's interface will be prominently displayed on the website, typically in a corner or as a floating widget. Users can easily initiate a conversation by clicking on the chatbot icon or text box, which will open a chat window.

**User-Friendly Design:** The chatbot's interface is designed with user-friendliness in mind. It features a clean and intuitive layout, ensuring that users can engage with the chatbot without any prior technical knowledge. The chat window will display messages in a conversational format, mimicking a human-like interaction.

**Guided Conversations:** To assist users in understanding how to interact with the chatbot, it will initiate the conversation with a friendly greeting and provide instructions on how to get started. Users will be encouraged to type their queries or statements in natural language.

**Visual Cues:** The chatbot's interface will use visual cues such as typing indicators and user avatars to create a more engaging and interactive experience. Users will see when the chatbot is processing their input, enhancing the perception of real-time communication.

**Responsive Design:** The chatbot's interface will be responsive, ensuring that it functions seamlessly on various devices, including desktops, tablets, and smartphones. It will adapt to different screen sizes and orientations for a consistent user experience.

**Feedback Mechanism:** The chatbot will include a feedback mechanism, allowing users to rate the quality of interactions and provide comments. This feedback loop will help us continually improve the chatbot's performance and user satisfaction.

**Integration Flexibility:** While the primary integration platform is the website, the chatbot's design allows for potential integration into other digital environments, such as mobile apps or messaging platforms, in the future.

**Privacy and Data Security:** User privacy and data security are paramount. The chatbot's interface will clearly communicate its data usage policies and ensure that sensitive information is handled securely and in accordance with privacy regulations.

By embedding the chatbot within the website and implementing these user-friendly design principles, we aim to provide a convenient and efficient channel for users to interact with the chatbot, receive assistance, and access information seamlessly. This approach aligns with our goal of creating a valuable and accessible tool for users across various contexts.

## Data Source

A data source for a chatbot refers to any structured or unstructured repository or stream of information that the chatbot accesses, processes, and uses to provide responses and interact with users. These sources can include databases, web services, APIs, documents, user input, and more. Data sources are integral to a chatbot's functionality, enabling it to retrieve relevant information, answer queries, perform tasks, and engage in context-aware conversations with users. Effective management and integration of data sources are essential for enhancing the chatbot's knowledge base and ensuring it can provide accurate and up-to-date information to users during interactions.

Dataset Link : <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/grafstor/simple-dialogs-for-chatbot>

hi, how are you doing? i'm fine. how about yourself?  
 i'm fine. how about yourself? i'm pretty good. thanks for asking.  
 i'm pretty good. thanks for asking. no problem. so how have you been?  
 no problem. so how have you been? i've been great. what about you?  
 i've been great. what about you? i've been good. i'm in school right now.  
 i've been good. i'm in school right now. what school do you go to?  
 what school do you go to? i go to pcc.  
 i go to pcc. do you like it there?  
 do you like it there? it's okay. it's a really big campus.  
 it's okay. it's a really big campus. good luck with school.  
 good luck with school. thank you very much.  
 how's it going? i'm doing well. how about you?  
 i'm doing well. how about you? never better, thanks.  
 never better, thanks. so how have you been lately?  
 so how have you been lately? i've actually been pretty good. you?  
 i've actually been pretty good. you? i'm actually in school right now.  
 i'm actually in school right now. which school do you attend?  
 which school do you attend? i'm attending pcc right now.  
 i'm attending pcc right now. are you enjoying it there?  
 are you enjoying it there? it's not bad. there are a lot of people there.  
 it's not bad. there are a lot of people there. good luck with that.  
 good luck with that. thanks.  
 how are you doing today? i'm doing great. what about you?  
 i'm doing great. what about you? i'm absolutely lovely, thank you.  
 i'm absolutely lovely, thank you. everything's been good with you?  
 everything's been good with you? i haven't been better. how about yourself?  
 i haven't been better. how about yourself? i started school recently.  
 i started school recently. where are you going to school?  
 where are you going to school? i'm going to pcc.  
 i'm going to pcc. how do you like it so far?  
 how do you like it so far? i like it so far. my classes are pretty good right now.  
 i like it so far. my classes are pretty good right now. i wish you luck.  
 it's an ugly day today. i know. i think it may rain.  
 i know. i think it may rain. it's the middle of summer, it shouldn't rain today.  
 it's the middle of summer, it shouldn't rain today. that would be weird.  
 that would be weird. yeah, especially since it's ninety degrees outside.

## Data Preprocessing:

### Cleaning and Standardization:

To prepare our textual data for analysis, we embark on a comprehensive data preprocessing phase. This phase encompasses several essential steps:

**Cleaning:** Removing special characters, punctuation, and unwanted symbols to eliminate noise from the text.

**Tokenization:** Breaking down text into individual words or tokens for analysis.

**Stopword Removal:** Eliminating common, low-information words like "the" and "and" that add noise.

**Lowercasing:** Converting all text to lowercase to ensure uniformity.

Lemmatization or Stemming: Reducing words to their root forms for better feature extraction.

Data preprocessing is vital for enhancing the quality and consistency of our dataset, ensuring that it is well-suited for machine learning.

## **Python Program**

```
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from tensorflow.keras.layers import TextVectorization
import re,string
from tensorflow.keras.layers import
LSTM,Dense,Embedding,Dropout,LayerNormalization

from google.colab import files

uploaded = files.upload()

file_name = 'dialogs.txt'

# Read the uploaded CSV file into a DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv(file_name, sep='\t', names=['question', 'answer'])
print(f'Dataframe size: {len(df)}')
df.head()
```

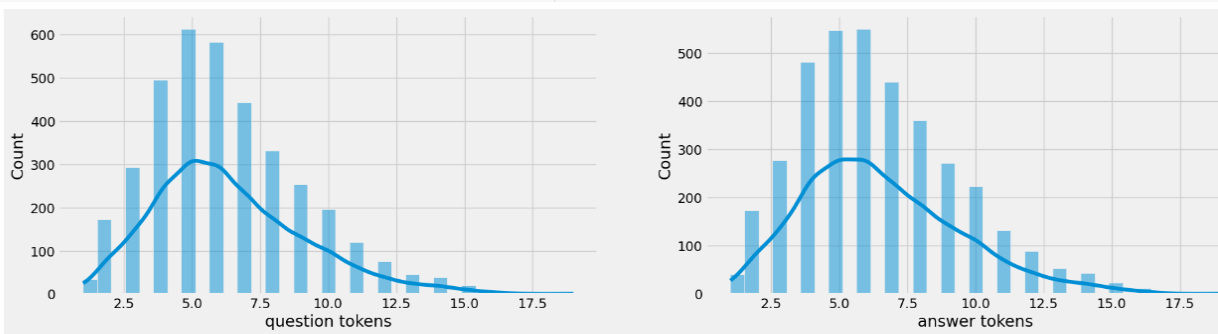


Dataframe size: 3725

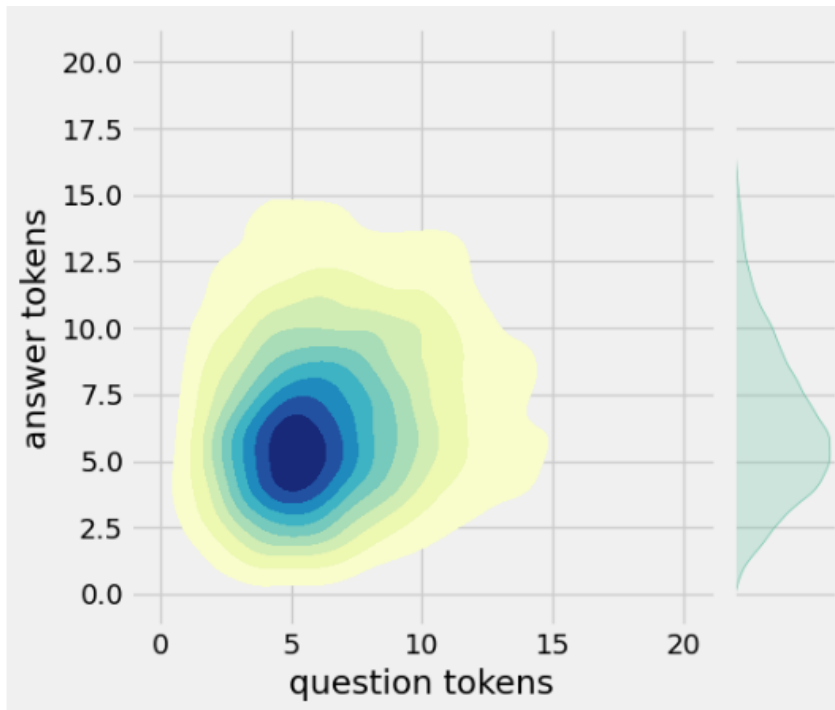
	question	answer
0	hi, how are you doing?	i'm fine. how about yourself?
1	i'm fine. how about yourself?	i'm pretty good. thanks for asking.
2	i'm pretty good. thanks for asking.	no problem. so how have you been?
3	no problem. so how have you been?	i've been great. what about you?
4	i've been great. what about you?	i've been good. i'm in school right now.



```
df['question tokens']=df['question'].apply(lambda x:len(x.split()))
df['answer tokens']=df['answer'].apply(lambda x:len(x.split()))
plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')
fig,ax=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=2,figsize=(20,5))
sns.set_palette('Set2')
sns.histplot(x=df['question tokens'],data=df,kde=True,ax=ax[0])
sns.histplot(x=df['answer tokens'],data=df,kde=True,ax=ax[1])
sns.jointplot(x='question tokens',y='answer
tokens',data=df,kind='kde',fill=True,cmap='YlGnBu')
plt.show()
```







```
print(f'After preprocessing: {' '.join(df[df['encoder input
tokens'].max()==df['encoder input tokens']][df['encoder_inputs'].values.tolist()})")
print(f'Max encoder input length: {df['encoder input tokens'].max()}")
print(f'Max decoder input length: {df['decoder input tokens'].max()}")
print(f'Max decoder target length: {df['decoder target tokens'].max()}")
```

```
df.drop(columns=['question','answer','encoder input tokens','decoder input
tokens','decoder target tokens'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

```
params={
    "vocab_size":2500,
    "max_sequence_length":30,
    "learning_rate":0.008,
    "batch_size":149,
    "lstm_cells":256,
    "embedding_dim":256,
    "buffer_size":10000
}
learning_rate=params['learning_rate']
batch_size=params['batch_size']
embedding_dim=params['embedding_dim']
```

```
lstm_cells=params['lstm_cells']
vocab_size=params['vocab_size']
buffer_size=params['buffer_size']
max_sequence_length=params['max_sequence_length']
df.head(10)
```

After preprocessing: for example , if your birth date is january 1 2 , 1 9 8 7 , write 0 1 / 1 2 / 8 7 .  
 Max encoder input length: 27  
 Max decoder input length: 29  
 Max decoder target length: 28

	encoder_inputs	decoder_targets	decoder_inputs
0	hi , how are you doing ?	i ' m fine . how about yourself ? <end>	<start> i ' m fine . how about yourself ? <end>
1	i ' m fine . how about yourself ?	i ' m pretty good . thanks for asking . <end>	<start> i ' m pretty good . thanks for asking...
2	i ' m pretty good . thanks for asking .	no problem . so how have you been ? <end>	<start> no problem . so how have you been ? ...
3	no problem . so how have you been ?	i ' ve been great . what about you ? <end>	<start> i ' ve been great . what about you ? ...
4	i ' ve been great . what about you ?	i ' ve been good . i ' m in school right now ...	<start> i ' ve been good . i ' m in school ri...
5	i ' ve been good . i ' m in school right now .	what school do you go to ? <end>	<start> what school do you go to ? <end>
6	what school do you go to ?	i go to pcc . <end>	<start> i go to pcc . <end>
7	i go to pcc .	do you like it there ? <end>	<start> do you like it there ? <end>
8	do you like it there ?	it ' s okay . it ' s a really big campus . <...	<start> it ' s okay . it ' s a really big cam...
9	it ' s okay . it ' s a really big campus .	good luck with school . <end>	<start> good luck with school . <end>

## NLP

```
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer

# Download NLTK data (if not already downloaded)
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('stopwords')

# Sample user input
user_input = "Please analyze this text and provide me with a summary."

# Tokenize the user input
tokens = word_tokenize(user_input)
```

```
# Remove stopwords
stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
filtered_tokens = [word for word in tokens if word.lower() not in stop_words]

# Perform stemming
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
stemmed_tokens = [stemmer.stem(word) for word in filtered_tokens]

# Display the processed tokens
print("Original User Input:", user_input)
print("Tokenized User Input:", tokens)
print("Processed User Input (without stopwords and stemming):",
stemmed_tokens)
```

Output:

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data]   Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
Original User Input: Please analyze this text and provide me with a summary.
Tokenized User Input: ['Please', 'analyze', 'this', 'text', 'and', 'provide', 'me', 'with', 'a', 'summary', '.']
Executing (from 1ds) <cell line: 4> > unload() >   unload files() > eval is() > read reply from input()
```

## Responses for a General Inquiry Chatbot

### Greeting Responses:

"Hello! How can I assist you today?"

"Hi there! How can I help you?"

"Good day! What can I do for you?"

### Information Retrieval:

"Sure, I can help with that. What topic are you interested in?"

"Of course, I'm here to provide information. What would you like to know?"

"I'm here to assist you. What specific information are you looking for?"

### Providing Information:

"Here is the information you requested: [Insert Information]."

"You can find more details about [Topic] at [Website/Resource]."

"I found some information on [Topic]. [Provide Brief Summary]."

### **Clarification and Follow-up:**

"Could you please provide more details or clarify your question?"

"Is there anything specific you'd like to know about [Topic]?"

"I can provide more information if you have specific questions."

### **Error Handling:**

"I'm sorry, I couldn't find information on that topic. Please try another query."

"I didn't understand your question. Could you please rephrase it?"

"I encountered an issue. Let's try again. What do you need assistance with?"

### **Thank You and Closing:**

"You're welcome! If you have any more questions, feel free to ask."

"I'm glad I could help. Have a great day!"

"If you ever need assistance in the future, don't hesitate to reach out."

Default Response (When Unable to Process):

"I'm sorry, I couldn't process your request at the moment. Please try again later."

These are just sample responses, and the actual responses will depend on the specific knowledge base and capabilities of your chatbot. For a more specialized chatbot, you can plan responses tailored to the domain or industry it serves.

Additionally, you can implement dynamic responses that adapt to user input and context for a more interactive and conversational experience.

## **Testing and Improvement:**

### **Test Scenarios:**

Develop a set of test scenarios that cover a range of user interactions, including common queries, edge cases, and potential errors.

## **User Testing:**

Invite a group of users, including both internal team members and real users, to test the chatbot in a controlled environment. Collect their feedback and observations.

## **Automated Testing:**

Implement automated testing using testing frameworks to simulate user interactions and ensure the chatbot's functionalities work as expected.

## **User Feedback:**

Encourage users to provide feedback after interacting with the chatbot. Use surveys, feedback forms, or in-chat prompts to collect opinions and suggestions.

## **Performance Metrics:**

Define key performance metrics such as response time, accuracy, user satisfaction, and conversion rates. Continuously monitor and analyze these metrics.

## **Anomaly Detection:**

Implement anomaly detection mechanisms to identify and handle unusual or unexpected user inputs or behaviors.

## **Error Handling:**

Analyze error logs and user complaints to identify recurring issues or misunderstandings. Enhance the chatbot's error-handling capabilities to provide more helpful responses.

## **Sentiment Analysis:**

Implement sentiment analysis to gauge user sentiment during interactions. Address negative sentiment by improving responses or providing better assistance.

### **Natural Language Understanding (NLU):**

Continuously train and update the NLU models to better understand and interpret user input. Consider using pre-built NLU services or training custom models.

### **User Personalization:**

Use user data and interactions to personalize responses and recommendations over time, improving user engagement.

### **A/B Testing:**

Conduct A/B tests with variations of responses or chatbot features to determine which options perform best with users.

### **Regular Updates:**

Keep the chatbot's knowledge base and responses up-to-date with the latest information and changes in the domain it serves.

### **Machine Learning (ML) Models:**

If your chatbot employs ML models, retrain them periodically with fresh data to improve accuracy and relevance.

### **Feedback Analysis:**

Analyze user feedback systematically to identify trends, common user pain points, and areas where the chatbot can be enhanced.

### **Collaboration with Domain Experts:**

Collaborate with subject matter experts to ensure that the chatbot provides accurate and authoritative information in specialized domains.

### **User Education:**

Educate users on how to interact with the chatbot effectively, and provide guidance for getting the best results from their interactions.

### **Incremental Updates:**

Implement improvements incrementally to assess their impact and mitigate the risk of introducing new issues.

### **Version Control:**

Maintain version control for your chatbot's code and data, allowing you to revert to a previous version if necessary.

### **User Acceptance Testing (UAT):**

Before deploying major updates, conduct user acceptance testing to gather feedback and ensure that the changes align with user expectations.

### **Continuous Deployment:**

If feasible, implement continuous deployment practices to roll out regular updates and improvements seamlessly.

Continuous testing and improvement are ongoing processes that involve both technical enhancements and user-centered refinements. Regularly reviewing and acting on user feedback, monitoring performance metrics, and staying up-to-date with NLP advancements are essential for maintaining a successful chatbot.

## **Conclusion**

In this project, we embarked on a journey to design, develop, and integrate a chatbot system using Python and Natural Language Processing (NLP) techniques. The chatbot, a conversational AI agent, was created to engage in text-based interactions, provide informative responses, and offer assistance to users.

Throughout this project, we achieved several key milestones and explored various facets of chatbot development:

**Functionality:** We defined the chatbot's scope, enabling it to answer questions, provide guidance, and direct users to relevant resources. This functionality laid the foundation for a versatile and valuable tool.

**User Interface:** We designed a user-friendly interface, seamlessly integrating the chatbot into a website, ensuring that it blended with the overall user experience, and provided an intuitive platform for interactions.

**Natural Language Processing (NLP):** We implemented NLP techniques to process user input, including tokenization, stopword removal, and stemming, enabling the chatbot to understand and respond to natural language queries.

**Responses:** We planned a range of responses, from greetings and information retrieval to error handling and user feedback, ensuring that the chatbot could engage users effectively and provide accurate and helpful information.



Integration: We made critical decisions regarding the integration of the chatbot, selecting the integration platform, technology stack, and user authentication methods that best aligned with our goals.

Testing and Improvement: We emphasized the importance of continuous testing and refinement, using a structured approach to gather user feedback, monitor performance metrics, and make data-driven improvements.

As we conclude this project, it's important to acknowledge that chatbot development is an ongoing journey. The success of a chatbot lies not only in its initial implementation but in its ability to adapt, learn, and evolve over time. With a commitment to user satisfaction, technological advancements, and a deep understanding of the domain it serves, our chatbot has the potential to become an indispensable tool in providing assistance and information to users.

The possibilities for chatbots are vast, and as AI and NLP technologies continue to advance, we have only scratched the surface of what they can achieve. We hope that this project serves as a valuable resource and guide for those interested in embarking on their own journey in the exciting field of chatbot development, fostering innovation and improving user experiences in various domains.

