## Assignment II for EP16: Missing Values in Clinical Research

## Multiple Imputation

13 - 17 May, 2019

## Data

The MIdat12 data comprise data of 588 children and their mothers on vitamin D exposure of the mother during pregnancy and child bone health, measured by DXA scan, at 6 years of age. Maternal serum samples were taken in the third trimester of pregnancy.

The dataset contains the following variables:

variable	explanation
ID	subject identifier
gender	gender of the child
season	season of blood sampling
gravidity	number of times the mother has been pregnant (primigravida: this was the first pregnancy, multigravida: the mother had previous pregnancies)
bdate	child'd birth date
weight	child's total weight in kg at DXA scan
sun	average sun light duration in minutes/day in the month before blood sampling
leanfrac	proportion of child's lean mass (lean mass/total mass; lean mass = total mass - fat mass)
$sun_birth$	average sun light duration in the month before birth in hours/day
birthwgt	birthweight in kg
length	child's length at time of DXA scan in meters
vitD	mother's serum vitamin D concentrations in 10 nmol/L $$
BMC	bone mineral content of the child in grams, determined by DXA scan
sports	does the child do sports regularily?
ancestry	child's ancestry

## Analysis model of interest

The analysis model of interest is a linear regression with outcome BMC and covariates vitD, ancestry, gender, leanfrac, sports, sun, season, length and weight.

We assume that vitD has a non-linear (quadratic) effect.