

Code together: From messy data to insightful visualizations

R-Ladies Frankfurt Meetup #4
11th of July 2019

Artificial HIV-dataset

- Source: Github

<https://github.com/NFilmann/RLadiesFRA>

– Datasets basedata.csv, labdata.csv

Use `readr::delim` for import

```
library(tidyverse)
labdata <-
read_delim("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/NFilmann/RLadies
FRA/master/labdata.csv", delim=";")
```

Which factors are associated with therapeutic success?

- Therapeutic success in HIV-positive individuals, defined as
 - Primary goal is virologic response:, i.e. reduction of the viral load to an undetectable level below <20 copies per ml) by 24 weeks after start of treatment
 - CD4 cell counts: Key measure of immune status; they should rise 50 to 100 cells per ml in the first year of therapy (a CD4 count < 200 is defined as AIDS).

Source:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Management_of_HIV/AIDS#Response_to_therapy

basedata

```
> glimpse(basedata)
```

```
Observations: 1,299
```

```
Variables: 15
```

```
$ PatientID      <dbl> 1, 2, 3,  
4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11,...
```

```
$ DateOfBirth    <chr>  
"17.02.1944", "02.06.1966", ...
```

```
$ Start_therapy  <chr>  
"09.09.2015", "24.07.2014",  
"13.06.2013", ...
```

```
$ Gender         <chr> "male",  
"male", "male", "male", ...
```

```
$ StudyCenter    <dbl> 1, 1, 1,  
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ...
```

```
$ DateOfDiagnosis <chr>  
"01.01.1985", "01.01.1989", ...
```

continued

```
$ DateOfDeath    <chr> NA, NA,  
NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, ...
```

```
$ PreMedication  <chr> "N", "N",  
"N", "N", "Y", "N", ...
```

```
$ HBVpos         <chr> NA, NA,  
NA, "Y", NA, NA, "Y", ...
```

```
$ HCVpos         <chr> NA, NA,  
NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, ...
```

```
$ MedID1         <dbl> 1, 1, 2,  
4, 2, 1, 2, 2, 4, 2, 2, ...
```

```
$ MedID2         <dbl> 3, 4, 1,  
7, 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, ...
```

(MedID3, MedID4, MedID5 accordingly)

Variables in basedata

PatientID: patient ID

DateOfBirth: date of birth (dd.mm.yyyy)

Start_therapy: begin of therapy (dd.mm.yyyy)

Gender: gender

StudyCenter: study center (the hospital or medical practice) where the patient was treated

DateOfDiagnosis: date when HIV was diagnosed (dd.mm.yyyy)

DateOfDeath: if date available (dd.mm.yyyy), it depicts the date of death. NA indicates the patient is still alive.

PreMedication: Y indicates that patient has received HIV-specific treatment before, N that not.

HBVpos: Y indicates patient is infected with hepatitis B as well. NA indicates that no hepatitis B infection was diagnosed.

HCVpos: Y indicates patient is infected with hepatitis C as well. NA indicates that no hepatitis C infection was diagnosed.

MedID1, MedID2, ..., MedID5: HIV specific medications coded as numbers (1–14). Note that combination treatment with three up to five medications is common.

labdata

```
> glimpse(labdata)
Observations: 7,794
Variables: 7
$ PatientID      <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3,
3, 4, 4, 4, 4...
$ Time_weeks     <dbl> 0, 4, 8, 12, 16, 24, 0, 4, 8, 12, 16, 24, 0, 4, 8,
12, 16, 24, 0...
$ Test           <chr> "CD4", "CD4", "CD4", "CD4", "CD4", "CD4", "CD4",
"CD4", "CD4", "...
$ value          <dbl> 354, 595, 427, 699, 606, 660, 64, 102, 152, 112,
141, 172, 146, ...
$ Test_1         <chr> "HIVPCR", "HIVPCR", "HIVPCR", "HIVPCR", "HIVPCR",
"HIVPCR", "HIV...
$ TErgNumOperator <chr> NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, "<", NA, "<", "<",
NA, NA, NA, "...
$ TErgNum        <dbl> 500, 49, 97, 31, 49, 23, 2840000, 3670, 20, 23, 20,
20, 3136, 38...
```

Variables in labdata

PatientID: patient ID

Time_weeks: measuring time (in weeks), start of therapy = 0

Test: Type of lab value (here CD4), corresponds to Value

Value: CD4 value (cells per ml)

Test_1: Type of lab value (here HIVPCR), corresponds to TErgNumOperator and TErgNum

TErgNumOperator: < indicates if corresponding viral load in TErgNum is below a certain value, e.g. <20 indicates the viral load is below 20 copies per ml, the limit of quantification

TErgNum: viral load copies per ml (HIV)

Now it's your turn – import the data

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
#Import the data
```

```
labdata <-  
read_delim("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/NFilmann/RLadiesFRA/master/labdata.csv",  
delim=";")
```

```
basedata <-  
read_delim("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/NFilmann/RLadiesFRA/master/basedata.csv",  
  , delim=";")
```


Now it's your turn – tidy the data

1. Join both datasets
2. Make sure that each observation corresponds to one row
3. Calculate the patient age at start of therapy
4. Calculate a new variable „ViralResponse“ indicating if therapeutic success (i.e. viral load <20 copies/ml) is reached 24 weeks after start of therapy
(How do you deal with patients that died before end of treatment?)
5. Recode HBVpos and HCVpos in a meaningful way
6.

Now it's your turn – plot the data

- ...will be continued