# Series L

# **User's Manual**



**Series L - Temperature Limit** 

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CUSTOMER SATISFACTION 3 Year Warranty



ISO 9001

Registered Company Winona, Minnesota USA

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# Safety Information

We use note, caution and warning symbols throughout this book to draw your attention to important operational and safety information.

A "NOTE" marks a short message to alert you to an important detail.

A "CAUTION" safety alert appears with information that is important for protecting your equipment and performance. Be especially careful to read and follow all cautions that apply to your application.

A "WARNING" safety alert appears with information that is important for protecting you, others and equipment from damage. Pay very close attention to all warnings that apply to your application.

The safety alert symbol,  $\underline{\wedge}$  (an exclamation point in a triangle) precedes a general CAUTION or WARNING statement.

The electrical hazard symbol,  $\triangle$  (a lightning bolt in a triangle) precedes an electric shock hazard CAUTION or WARNING safety statement.

# **Technical Assistance**

If you encounter a problem with your Watlow controller, review your configuration information to verify that your selections are consistent with your application: inputs, outputs, alarms, limits, etc. If the problem persists, you can get technical assistance from your local Watlow representative (see back cover), by e-mailing your questions to <a href="winterhaughgenformathemailto:winterhau

• Complete model number

• System wiring information

• Series L Limit User's Manual

# Warranty

These controllers are manufactured by ISO 9001-registered processes and are backed by a three-year warranty.

# **Return Material Authorization (RMA)**

- 1. Call Watlow Customer Service, (507) 454-5300, for a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number before returning any item for repair. We need this information:
  - Ship to address

Bill to address

Contact name

- Phone number
- Method of return shipment
- Your P.O. number
- Detailed description of the problem
- Any special instructions
- Name and phone number of person returning the product.
- 2. Prior approval and an RMA number, from the Customer Service Department, is needed when returning any unused product for credit. Make sure the RMA number is on the out side of the carton, and on all paperwork returned. Ship on a Freight Prepaid basis.
- 3. After we receive your return, we will examine it and try to verify the reason for the return.
- 4. In cases of manufacturing defect, we will enter a repair order, replacement order or issue credit for material returned.
- 5. To return products that are not defective, goods must be be in new condition, in the original boxes and they must be returned within 120 days of receipt. A 20 percent restocking charge is applied for all returned stock controls and accessories.
- 6. If the unit is not repairable, it will be returned to you with a letter of explanation.
- 7. Watlow reserves the right to charge for no trouble found (NTF) returns.

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Shock Hazard

**CAUTION or WARNING** 

# 1 Overview

# Series LF and LV

Watlow's temperature limit controllers\* provide an economical limit controller solution for applications where thermal system protection is needed.

A limit controller is added to applications to prevent over or under temperature conditions. The limit provides safety assurances against instances where a thermal runaway condition occurs as a result of a failed sensor, controller or output device.

The LF and LV limit controllers are recommended for any application where thermal system runaway could result in large product scrap costs, damage to system equipment, potential fire hazard or risk to personnel. Both controllers are Factory Mutual and CSA approved.

The LF and LV controllers are available with or without an operator interface and can be ordered in square 1/8th DIN panel mount, din rail mount, open board or potted module design configurations. Push-on, quick connect spade terminal or removable screw clamp style terminal block ordering options provide the electrical connections.

The microprocessor design platform provides improvements in the performance, repeatability, and accuracy offered by Watlow's current line of basic control products.

The Series LV includes an operator interface to allow viewing and selection of the limit set point. A red four character, seven-segment LED displays the limit set point. The limit set point selection is made with a continuous turn, velocity-sensitive rotary encoder. Push-to-Set operation reduces accidental limit set point adjustments. Limit set point operating range temperature values are customer definable in the product configuration part number.

The Series LF offers fixed limit set points. These units are supplied without an operator interface. Limit set point temperature values are customer definable in the product configuration part number.

The features and performance of the LF and LV controllers make them ideally suited for a wide range of industrial limit control applications in the food preparation, industrial machinery, packaging and plastic markets.

# **Series LS**

This control meets the newest safety standard requirements for the food service industry UL/EN 60335 equipment. It is approved to UL/EN 60730-1 and 60730-2-9 Electronic Control Thermal Cut-out Class

II with Class B Software review. It provides increased safety due to the use of Factory fixed set point, Factory fixed hysteresis and the use of redundant temperature sensors to protect against a single point sensor failure. Either sensor can initiate an over temperature limit condition along with a deviation between sensors greater than the process comparison value. The unit cannot be reset until both sensors are below the Limit Temperature minus the hysteresis value. A power cycle is then needed to reset the control.

## Definitions under UL/EN 60730-1, 60730-2-9

*Protective* - Intended to provide safety or protective functionality. A control the operation of which is intended to prevent a hazardous situation during abnormal operation of the equipment

Type 2 Action - Calibration Verification Testing or Functionality Verification testing conducted.

A Type ".B" control has been investigated for "microdisconnection" applications. Disconnection of any pole (ungrounded conductor is not specified) for functional purposes.

A Type ".K" control is designed that in the event of a break in the SENSING ELEMENT, or in any other part between the SENSING ELEMENT and the SWITCH HEAD, the declared disconnection is provided before the declared OPERATING VALUE , OPERATING TIME or OPERATING SEQUENCE is exceeded.

THERMAL CUT-OUT - UL60730 Par 2.2.8. A Temperature Cut-out in accordance with UL60730 is defined as temperature sensing control intended to keep a temperature below or above one particular value during abnormal operating conditions and which has no provision for setting by the user. A UL60730 THERMAL CUT-OUT is similar to a UL873 Temperature Limiting control.

 ${\it Class}~B$  - software that includes code intended to prevent unsafe state in appliance.

All Watlow Series L limit controllers include industry-leading service, support and a 3-year warranty.

\*Also available, Series C, an on-off temperature controller version.

# LV and LF Features and Benefits

# Four-Character LED Display

• Improves limit set point adjustment accuracy.

# **Fixed or Adjustable Limit Set Points**

- Tamper proof operation.
- Control flexibility.

# **Set Point Adjustment Opetions**

- Rotary encoder.
- Tactile increment and decrement keys.

#### **Push to Set**

• Reduce accidental limit set point adjustments.

# **Multiple Mounting Options**

• Minimizes installation time.

## **High or Low Limit Operation**

• Application flexibility.

# **Fahrenheit or Celsius Operation with Indication**

• Application flexibility.

### **Sensor Break Protection**

• Provides positive system shutdown.

# **Agency Approvals**

- Meets requirements for agency certification.
- NEMA 4X/IP65 seal panel mount versions available.
- W.E.E.E.; CE; RoHS

# Micro Processor Based Technology

• Accurate and repeatable protection.

## Stock to Four-Day Delivery

# LS Features and Benefits

#### **Dual channel sensors**

- Detects sensor faults
- Fault tolerant design
- Firmware review
- Sensor deviation error, sensor placement errors

## Fail Safe Design

 Internal or external faults cause product to shutdown in a safe manner

Watlow Series L • 2 • Chapter 1: Overview

# 2 Installation

# Installing the Open Board Controller (LF and LV)

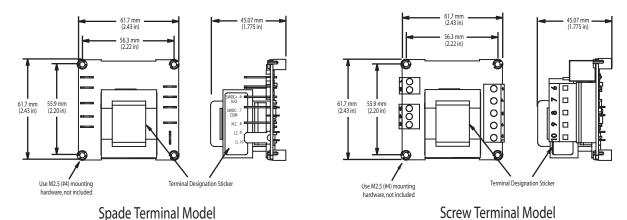


Figure 3a

- 1. Locate and drill four 3.2 mm (0.125 in) holes in the desired panel location. See Figure 3a for hole locations.
- Mount the controller using four M2.5 (#4) screws.

# **Installing the Potted Controller**

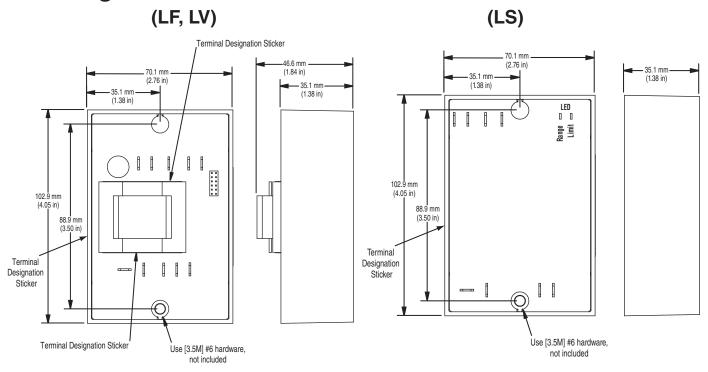


Figure 3b

- Drill two 5 mm (0.187 in) diameter holes in the desired panel location. See Figure 3b for hole locations.
- Mount the controller using two M3.5 (#6) screws.

# **Installing the DIN Rail Mount Controller**

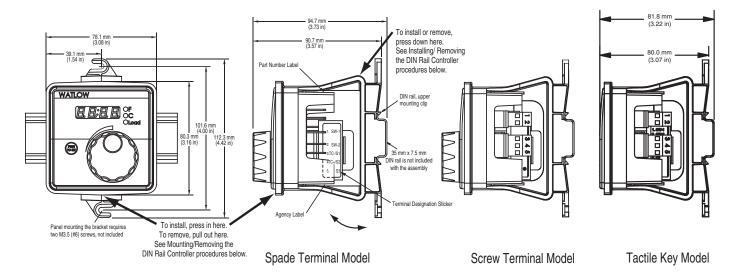


Figure 4a

# **Sub-Panel Mounting**

- 1. Using the controller as a location template, mark both mounting holes.
- 2. Drill and tap two 2.7 mm (0.106 in) diameter holes in the desired panel location. See Figure 4a above for hole locations.
- 3. Mount the controller using two M3.5 (#6) screws.

# **DIN Rail Mounting**

- 1. Place the DIN rail upper mounting clip on the top edge of the DIN rail. See Figure 4a. DIN rail spec, DIN 50022, 35 mm x 7.5 mm (1.38 in x 0.30 in).
- 2. Press down firmly on the top back edge of the DIN rail bracket and push in on the bottom, front edge of the bracket. The controller snaps securely onto the rail. See Figure 4a. If the controller does not snap on, check to see if the DIN rail is bent. Minimum clipping distance is 34.8 mm (1.37 in), the maximum is 35.3 mm (1.39 in).

# Removing the DIN Rail Controller

- 1. Remove power from the system.
- 2. Remove all the wiring connections from the back of the controller.
- 3. While pressing down on the top, back edge of the DIN rail bracket, pull forward on the bottom, front edge of the DIN rail bracket. See Figure 4a.

# Removing the Controller from the DIN Rail Bracket

- 1. Remove power from the system.
- 2. Remove all the wiring connections from the back of the controller.

- 3. Remove the DIN rail bracket from the DIN rail.
- 4. Insert a flat blade screwdriver between the DIN rail bracket and the case. Rotate the screwdriver to release the DIN rail bracket hooks from the ridges on the case, while firmly pushing the controller out the front of the DIN rail bracket. Alternate back and forth between the top and then the bottom. Be sure to support the controller as it comes out of the bracket. See Figure 4b.

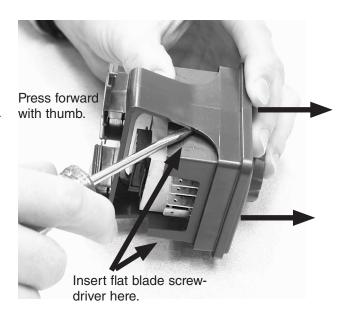


Figure 4b

Caution: FM approval requires limit switches to be suitably enclosed to restrict casual user adjustment.

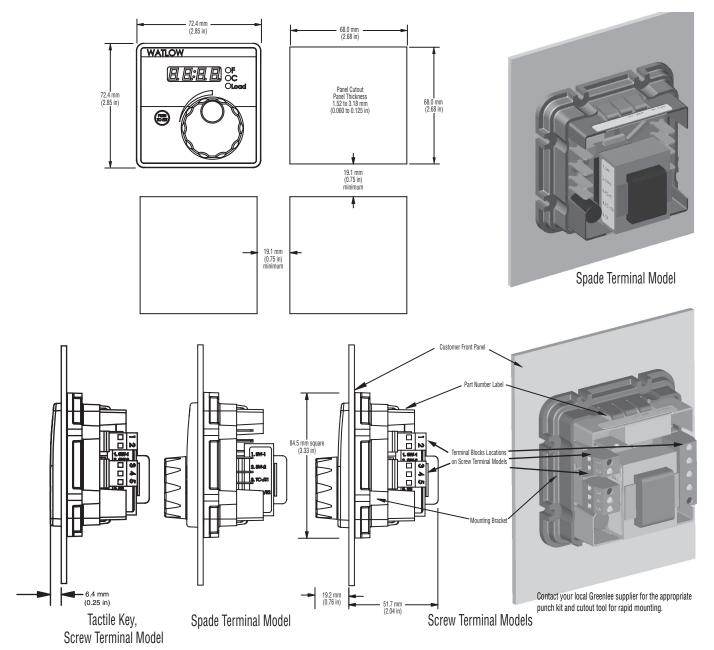


Figure 5

# Installing the Square 1/8 DIN Panel Mount Controller

- 1. Make the panel cutout using the mounting dimensions above.
- 2. Remove mounting bracket from the back of the controller.
- 3. If your controller has a gasket, check to see that the gasket is not twisted, and is seated within the case bezel flush with the panel. Place the case in the cutout. Make sure the gasket is between the panel cutout and the case bezel.
- 4. While pressing the front of the case firmly against the panel, slide the mounting collar over the back of the control. The tabs on the collar must line up with the mounting ridges on the case for secure

installation. See Figure 4. Slide the collar firmly against the back of the panel, getting it as tight as possible. To ensure a tight seal, use your thumb to lock the tabs into place while pressing the case from side to side. Don't be afraid to apply enough pressure to install the controller. The tabs on each side of the collar have teeth that latch into the ridges. Each tooth is staggered at a different height, so only one of the tabs on each side are ever locked into the ridges at a time. Confirm that the tabs on one side of the collar correspond with those on the opposite side. Make sure the two corresponding tabs are the only ones locked in the ridges at the same time. If the corresponding tabs are not supporting the case at the same time, you will not have a NEMA 4X seal.

5. Insert the control chassis into its case and press the bezel to seat it. Make sure the inside gasket

- is also seated properly and not twisted. The hardware installation is complete. Proceed to the wiring section.
- 2. Insert the controller into the panel cutout.
- 3. While pressing the bezel firmly against the panel, slide the mounting bracket over the back of the controller. Be sure the levers on the mounting bracket line up with the teeth on the case.
- 4. Press the bracket up to the back of the panel. The controller should fit tightly in the panel cutout.

# Removing the Panel Mount Square 1/8 DIN Controller

- 1. Remove power from the system.
- 2. Remove all the wiring connections from the back of the controller.
- 3. Slide a thin, wide tool (putty knife) under all three mounting tabs, top then bottom, while pushing forward on the back of the case. Be ready to support the controller as it slides out of the panel cutout.
- Caution: FM approval requires limit switches to be suitably enclosed to restrict casual user adjustment.

# 3 Wiring



## Warning:

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.

#### Note:

Insulated terminals required for quick connect style terminals.

For quick connect terminals 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, AMP P/N 3-520406-2 or equivalent recommended. Use Amp crimp tool P/N 58078-3, insert 90391-3.

For quick connect terminals 3, 4, and 5, AMP P/N 2-520405-2 or equivalent recommended. Amp crimp tool P/N 58078-3, insert 58079-3.



#### Caution:

FM approval requires limit switches to be suitably enclosed to restrict casual user adjustment. The terminals on the back of the Series L limit controllers are the same for all of the package styles. They are 6.3 mm (0.25 in) quick connect, push on style terminals or removable screw terminal block. The terminal style is an ordering option.

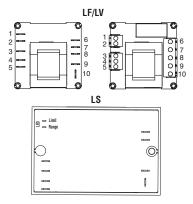
Check the part number to determine your hardware configuration. Refer to the wiring diagrams appropriate for your controller's configuration.

All outputs are referenced to a de-energized state.

# **Wiring Guidelines**

- 1. Use the correct thermocouple type per the model number on the case sticker of the unit. See dimension drawings for sticker locations.
  - Use correct thermocouple polarity. Red is usually negative.
  - If you must extend thermocouple leads, use thermocouple extension wire to minimize errors.
  - Be sure you have good crimp connections on all wire connections.
  - Insulate the thermocouple mounting from the mounting surface to prevent heat migration input errors.
  - Thermocouple leads should be routed separately from any high voltage lines.
  - Long lead lengths create electrical resistance. When using a two-wire RTD, there will be an additional 2.6° C (4.7° F) error for every  $1\Omega$  of lead length resistance. That resistance when added to the resistance of the RTD element, can result in erroneous input to the temperature controller.
- 2. In electrically-noisy environments (heavy switching contactors, motors, solenoids, etc.), use shielded thermocouple lead wire with the shield connected at the sensor end only.
- 3. Use a separate thermocouple to maintain the limit function of this controller; do not parallel thermocouple input from the primary controller.
- 4. All wiring and fusing must conform to the National Electric Code (NEC) NFPA70 and any other locally applicable codes.
- 5. Fuse the independent load voltage on the L1 (hot) side and connect it to the common (C) side of the relay.

Note: The model number determines the number of connections and terminal style. See below for terminal locations.





## Warning:

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.



#### WARNING:

If high voltage is applied to a low-voltage controller, irreversible damage will occur.

# Note:

Insulated terminals required for quick connect style terminals.

For quick connect terminals 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, AMP P/N 3-520406-2 or equivalent recommended. Use Amp crimp tool P/N 58078-3, insert 90391-3.

For quick connect terminals 3, 4, and 5, AMP P/N 2-520405-2 or equivalent recommended. Amp crimp tool P/N 58078-3, insert 58079-3.

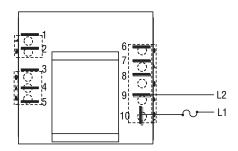
# Figure 8a — **AC Power Wiring**

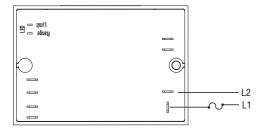
# (LF, LV)

- Nominal voltage options:
  - $24V \sim (ac) + 10\%$ ; -15%
  - 120V~ (ac) +10%; -15%
  - 230 to 240V~ (ac) +10%; -15%
  - 50/60 Hz, ±5%



- Nominal voltage options:
  - 100 to 240V $\sim$  (ac) ± 10%
  - 50/60 Hz ±5%

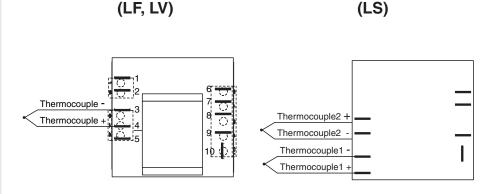




# Figure 8b — Thermocouple Input

Thermocouples are polarity sensitive. The negative lead (usually red) must be connected to the negative thermocouple terminal.

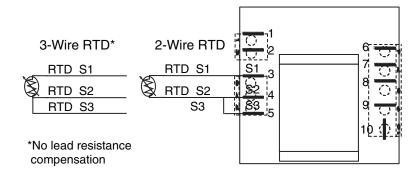
• Input impedance: >10  $M\Omega$ 



# Figure 8c — RTD Input

(100  $\Omega$  Platinum DIN curve 0.00385  $\Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}$ C)

- Terminals S2 and S3 must be shorted for a two-wire RTD
- Nominal excitation current: 125 μA





# Warning:

Use National Electric (NEC) or other country-specific standard wiring and safety practices when wiring and connecting this controller to a power source and to electrical sensors or peripheral devices. Failure to do so may result in damage to equipment and property, and/or injury or loss of life.

#### Note:

Use of an external reset switch may affect FM approval. Only the use of a momentary N.O. switch is valid for approval.

#### Note:

Insulated terminals required for quick connect style terminals.

For quick connect terminals 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, AMP P/N 3-520406-2 or equivalent recommended. Use Amp crimp tool P/N 58078-3, insert 90391-3.

For quick connect terminals 3, 4, and 5, AMP P/N 2-520405-2 or equivalent recommended. Amp crimp tool P/N 58078-3, insert 58079-3.

#### Quencharc Note:

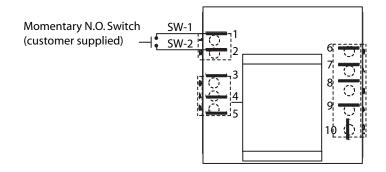
Switching pilot duty loads (relay coils, solenoids, etc.) with the mechanical relay output option requires use of an R.C. suppressor.

Watlow carries the R.C. suppressor Quencharc brand name, which is a trademark of ITW Paktron. Watlow Part No. 0804-0147-0000.

# Figure 9a — External Reset Switch

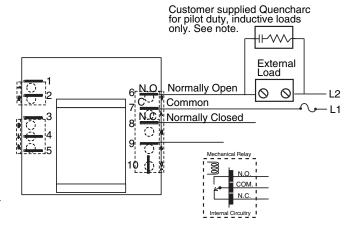
• Momentary normally open (N.O.), dry contact closure

Note: To reset the LS controller, cycle input power to the controller.



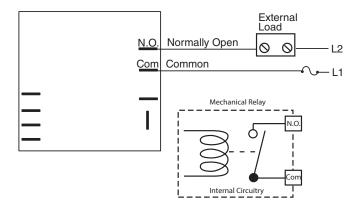
# Figure 9b - Form C Mechanical Relay Output (LF/LV only)

- Form C contacts
- 8 A, resistive
  250 VA pilot duty, 120/240V~ (ac), inductive
- 240V~ (ac) maximum
- 30V= (dc) maximum
- See Quencharc note
- For use with ac or dc
- Minimum load current 100 mA
- Output does not supply power

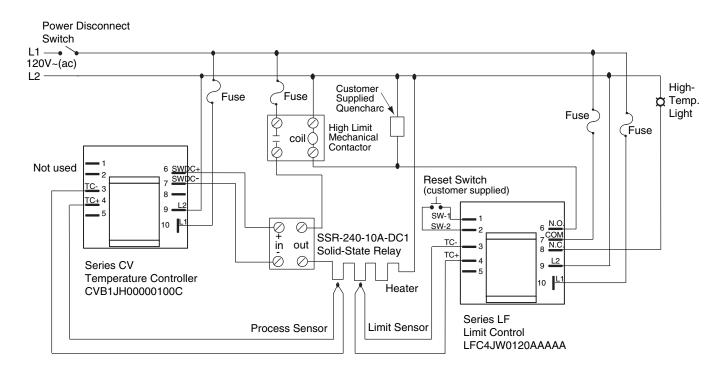


# Figure 9c - Form A Mechanical Relay Output (LS only)

- Form A contact
- 8 A, resistive
- 120 VA pilot duty, 120/240V~ (ac), inductive
- Does not need Quencharc
- Rated 6000 cycles



# LF/LV System Wiring Examples



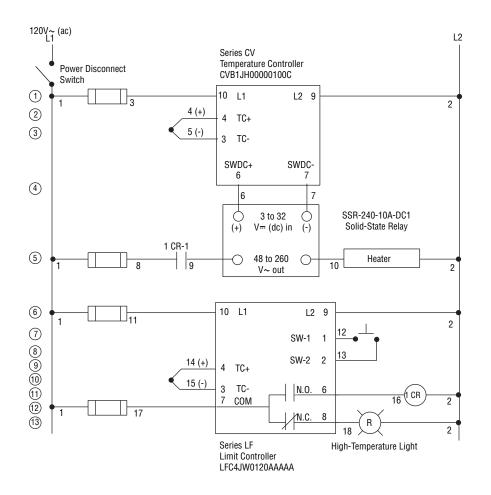
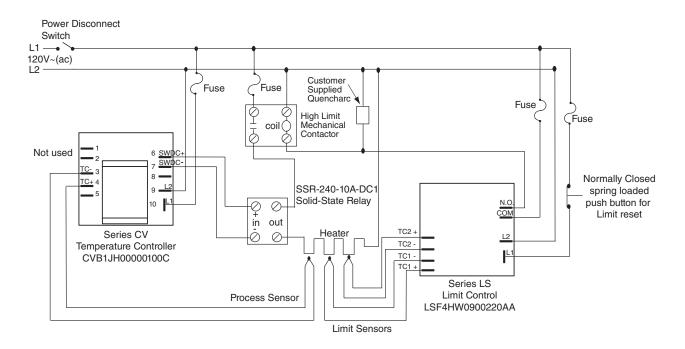
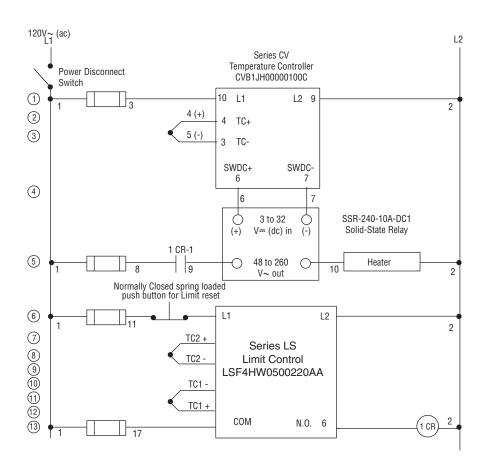


Figure 10 — System Wiring Examples

# **LS System Wiring Examples**



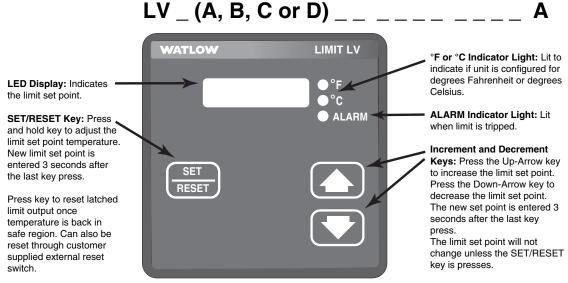


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# **User Interface**

LV \_ (1, 2, 5 or 6) \_ \_ °F or °C Indicator Light: Lit to WATLOW LIMIT LV indicate if unit is configured for degrees Fahrenheit or degrees Celsius. **LED Display: Indicates** the limit set point. **ALARM Indicator Light: Lit** when limit is tripped. SET/RESET Key: Press ALARM and hold key to adjust the Finger Tip Indent: Insert limit set point temperature. finger tip into indent for quick New limit set point is and easy set point changes. entered 3 seconds after the knob stops moving. Limit Set Point Knob: To increase limit set point, turn Press key to reset latched knob clockwise. To decrease limit output once limit set point, turn knob tempera-ture is back in counter-clockwise. The new set safe region. Can also be point is entered 3 seconds after reset through customer the knob stops moving. Limit supplied external reset set point will not change unless switch SET/RESET key is pressed.

Figure 12 — Variable Limit Set Point, Standard Interface



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Caution: FM approval requires limit switches to be suitably enclosed to restrict casual user adjustment.

To adjust the Calibration Offset on models with tactile keys, first hold down both the Increment and Decrement keys for five seconds. The display will first show **FRL** for five seconds, then it will display the Calibration Offset value. Adjust the value with the Increment and Decrement keys (range: -30 to 30°). The new value will take effect three seconds after the last key stroke. The display will blink, then return to the primary display after five seconds.

To change the temperature units on models with tactile keys, first hold down both the Increment and Decrement keys for ten seconds. The display will show for two seconds. Adjust the units with the Increment and Decrement keys. The new value will take effect three seconds after the last key stroke. The display will blink, then return to the primary display after five seconds. The set point value, process value and offset will automatically adjust to the new temperature scale.

# **Troubleshooting**

Indication	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action	
On indicating limits, the dis-	Power supply switch off	• Turn switch on	
play is not illuminated.	<ul><li>Fuse blown</li><li>Breaker tripped</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Replace fuse (check cause of failure)</li> <li>Reset breaker (check cause of failure)</li> </ul>	
	• Safety interlock door switch activated	• Close door	
	Wiring incorrect or open	• Check wiring	
	Power supply voltage incorrect	Verify input power	
	Defective limit	• Repair or replace limit	
	Troubleshooting Thermocouple In	<u> </u>	
Temperature reading is incorrect, showing a sensor error, <b>Er. In</b> , or ALARM LED is switching at the wrong tem-	• Setting for degree C or F is incorrect	• Check the model part number for Degree C or F. If the model has Incre- ment/Decrement keys, then the C/F setting is adjustable	
perature.	Sensor or limit may be bad. Sensor connections may be bad	• Place a jumper wire across the thermocouple input terminals. The display should indicate ambient temperature. If it does, the limit is OK	
		- For high limit: Start with limit set point above ambient temperature, ALARM LED should be off. Decrease limit set point until ALARM LED goe on. It should be approximately ambi- ent temperature	
		- For low limit: Start with limit set poin below ambient temperature, ALARM LED should be off. Increase limit set point until ALARM LED goes on. It should be approximately ambient tem perature	
	• Ambient temperature in the control cabinet is over 70°C	• Measure temperature in cabinet to ensure it is below 70C. Vent cabinet o add fans if necessary	
	Ground loop problem. Can occur when using a switched DC output and a grounded thermocouple	• Remove power from the system. Use an ohm meter to measure resistance between output DC- and the thermo- couple sheath. If there is continuity, replace sensor with an ungrounded thermocouple	
Temperature seems to be decreasing, but actual process is increasing.	reasing, but actual process is the US, red wire insulation denotes		
Temperature seems to be reading low and not increasing while actual process temperature is increasing.	Sensor is bad. Thermocouple is shorted	• Check thermocouple connections. Check thermocouple wire insulation to make sure it is not damaged, caus- ing the wires to short (making a new junction)	
Temperature seems to be off- set from actual process tem- perature, or the ALARM LED switches on at the wrong tem- perature. The offset changes with changes in process tem- perature.	Copper wire was used instead of ther- mocouple extension wire. Connectors of metals different than thermocouple metal were used to splice or make connections	Check thermocouple connections.  Check to make sure that only thermocouple extension wire of the correct type was used to extend thermocouple leads. Replace if necessary	

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Indication	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action
	LS Controller	
Both LED's alternate flashing.	• Variance between sensors greater than 20°C or sensors are reversed	• Ensure that temperature variance between sensors remains within 20°C
		• Verify sensor polarity is correct
	Troubleshooting RTD inputs	
Temperature reading is incorrect, showing a sensor error, [Fr. In], or ALARM LED is switching at the wrong tem-	• Setting for degree C or F is incorrect	Check model part number for Degree C or F. If the model has Increment/ Decrement keys, then the C/F setting is adjustable
perature.	<ul> <li>Sensor or limit may be bad. Sensor connections may be bad</li> <li>Ambient temperature in the control cabinet is over 70°C (158°F)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Place a 110 ohm resistor across the sensor input terminals</li> <li>For high limit: Start with limit set point above ambient temperature, ALARM LED should be off. Decrease limit set point until ALARM LED goes on. It should be approximately ambient temperature. If it does, the limit is OK. Sensor or connections may be bad</li> <li>For low limit: Start with limit set point below ambient temperature, ALARM LED should be off. Increase limit set point until ALARM LED goes on. It should be approximately ambient temperature. If it does, the limit is OK. Sensor or connections may be bad</li> <li>Measure temperature in cabinet to ensure it is below 70°C (158°F). Vent cabinet or add fans if necessary</li> </ul>
	• Sensor connections may be bad. Excessive lead wire resistance  • Check sensor connections. I lead wire resistance. There 2.6C (4.7°F) error for every lead wire resistance	
	Troubleshooting limit outputs	
ALARM is not tripped when it should be. ALARM LED is not	• Temperature appears to be incorrect. See input troubleshooting	• See input troubleshooting
on (relay is energized in safe condition, N.O. contact is closed and N.C. contact is open).	• Limit set point is not set correctly	Verify limit set point setting
ALARM is tripped when it	• Limit output is tripped (latched)	• Press RESET key to reset limit.
should not be. ALARM LED is on (relay is de-energized in limit condition, N.O. contact is open and N.C. contact is closed).	• Output wiring is incorrect	• Verify wiring. Relay outputs act as a switch, they do not source power
	• Temperature appears to be incorrect, see input troubleshooting	• See input troubleshooting
	• Limit set point is not set correctly	• Verify limit set point setting
	• Limit output is defective	Repair or replace limit
Limit output signal is on when it should not be on. Load LED is on.	• Temperature reading is incorrect on display of indicating controls or limit, see input troubleshooting	See input troubleshooting
	• Set point is not set correctly	Verify limit set point setting

Indication	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action	
Limit load is on when it should be off. ALARM LED is off.	• Power switching device (mechanical relay, contactor, etc.) is shorted. Limit output shorted.	• Remove wires from output of limit to input of power switching device. If load is still on, replace power switching device. If load turns off, replace limit or sensor. See input troubleshooting	
	• Output wiring is incorrect.	Verify wiring	
	LS Controller		
Unable to reset controller after the limit trips, Limit LED flashing, Range LED on.	• Temperature above Limit Set Point Hysteresis Value	<ul> <li>Wait until temperature returns to safe range</li> <li>If temperature within safe range power must be removed from the controller for no less than 3 seconds</li> </ul>	

# **LS LED Definition**

LED Status		Limit Relay		
Limit Range	<b>₩</b> ←→ •	Flashing Off	Off (open)	Limit Condition - Temperature > Limit set point or above Reset point.
Limit Range	<b>∭</b> ←→ ●	Flashing On	Off (open)	Limit Condition - Temperature < Reset point, but reset not yet enabled.
Limit Range	• ¤	Off On	On (closed)	Temperature < Limit Set Point "Normal Operation"
	<b>∭</b> ←→ <b>●</b>	Flashing Flashing	Off (open)	Ambient Alarm 85°C
	<b>⋈</b> ↔ <b>∅</b>	Alternate Flashing	Off (open)	Health Check Error

# **Specifications**

#### Controller

- Microprocessor based, limit controller
- Nominal switching hysteresis, typically 1.7°C (3°F)
  - Model LS customer defined, model number dependent
- · High or low limit, factory selectable
  - Model LS high limit only
- Latching output requires manual reset upon over or under temperature condition
  - Model LS high limit only with automatic reset on power loss only
- Manual or automatic reset on power loss, factory selectable
  - Model LS automatic reset on power loss only
- Internal front panel or external customer supplied momentary reset switch (LF/LV only)
- Input filter time: 1 second

# **Operator Interface (model dependent)**

- Four digit, 7 segment LED displays, .28" high (not available on model LS)
- °F or °C indicator LED
- ALARM indicator LED
- Continuous turn, velocity sensitive rotary encoder for limit set point adjustment
- Front panel SET/RESET key on variable set point models
- No operator interface on fixed set point models

#### **Standard Conditions For Specifications**

 Rated line voltage, 50 to 60Hz, 0 to 90% RH noncondensing, 15-minute warm-up

# Calibration ambient range: 25°C (77°F) ±3°C Sensor Input

## **Thermocouple**

- Grounded or ungrounded
  - Model LS ungrounded only
- Type E, J, K, T thermocouple types
  - Model LS type J and K only
- >10 M $\Omega$  input impedance
- 250 nV input referenced error per 1  $\Omega$  source resistance

# RTD (LF/LV only)

- 2-wire platinum, 100  $\Omega$
- DIN curve (.00385 curve)
- 125 µA nominal RTD excitation current

#### **Input Accuracy Span Range**

# Thermocouple Input

Type E	-200 to	800°C	or	-328 to	1,470°F
Type J:	0 to	$750^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	or	32 to	1,382°F
Model LS	-18 to	$406^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	or	0 to	$764^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$
Type K:	-200 to	1,250°C	or	-328 to	2,282°F
Model LS	-18 to	$537^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	or	0 to	999°F
Type T:	-200 to	$350^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	or	-328 to	662°F
RTD (DIN):	-200 to	800°C	or	-328 to	1,472°F

 Calibration accuracy: ±1% of input accuracy span, ±1° at standard conditions and actual calibration ambient

Exception: Type T,  $\pm 2.4\%$  of input accuracy span for -200 to 0°C (-328 to 32°F)

- Temperature stability: ±0.3 degree per degree change in ambient
- LS models, ± 6°C accuracy

# **RTD Input**

- Calibration accuracy: ±1% of input accuracy span ±1° at standard conditions and actual calibration ambient.
- Temperature stability: ±0.2 degree per degree change in ambient

# **Allowable Operating Ranges**

Type E	-200 to	$800^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	or	-328 to 1,470°F
Type J:	-210 to	1,038°C	or	-346 to 1,900°F
Model LS	0 to	330°C	or	32 to 626°F
Model LS	-18 to	$406^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	or	0 to 764°F
Type K:	-270 to	1,370°C	or	-454 to 2,500°F
Model LS	0 to	$438^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	or	32 to 820°F
Type T:	-270 to	$400^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	or	-454 to 750°F
RTD (DIN):	-200 to	$800^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	or	-328 to 1,472°F

#### External Reset Switch (LF/LV only)

• Momentary, dry contact closure. See wiring section

# **Output Types**

# Electromechanical Relay, Form C (LF/LV only)

- Minimum load current: 100 mA
- 8 A @ 240V~ (ac) or 30V= (dc) maximum, resistive.
- 250 VA pilot duty, 120/240V~ (ac) maximum, inductive
- Use RC suppression for inductive loads
- Electrical life 100,000 cycles at rated current

# **Electromechanical Relay, Form A (LS only)**

- Minimum load current: 100 mA
- 8 A resistive load
- 120 VA pilot duty, 120/240V~ (ac) maximum, inductive
- Electrical life 6,000 cycles at rated current

#### Agency Approvals

## Series LF (potted version only)

- UL 991 recognized temperature limit for food service industry
- RoHS Directive (2002-95-EC)

# Series LV and Series LF (including potted version)

- UL 873 recognized temperature regulator. File #F43684
- UL 197 reviewed for use in food service appliances.
- ANSI Z21.23 Gas appliance thermostat approval.
- CSA C22.2#24 approved temperature control. File #30586
- FM Class 3545 temperature limit switches. File #3017239
- NEMA 4X/IP65 on panel-mount versions with tactile keys for set point adjustment
- W.E.E.E.; CE see Declaration of Conformity
- RoHS Directive (2002-95-EC)

#### Series LS (potted version only)

- UL/EN 60730-1, Type 2, B, K Automatic Electronic Controls for household and similar use
- UL 1998 Software review Class B
- Sensor differential 20°C / 36°F
- Thermal Limit

#### **Terminals**

- 6.4 mm (0.25 in) quick connect, push-on terminals. See order options. Refer to Wiring section for crimp-on terminal recommendations
- Removable screw clamp style terminal blocks. See order options
- Wire gauge 0.1 to 4 mm<sup>2</sup> (30 to 12 AWG). Strip length, 8 mm (0.30 in)
- Torque: 0.8 Nm (7 in-lb) maximum

#### Power

- $24V_{\sim}$  (ac) +10%; -15%; 50/60 Hz, ±5%
- Model LS 100 240V~ (ac) +10%; -15%; 50/60 Hz, ±5%
- $120V_{\sim}$  (ac) +10%; -15%; 50/60 Hz, ±5%
- 208 to  $240V\sim$  (ac) +/-10%, Series LF and CF only
- 230 to 240V~ (ac) +10%; -15%; 50/60 Hz, ±5%
- 10VA maximum power consumption.
- Data retention upon power failure via nonvolatile memory.

# **Operating Environment**

- 0 to 70°C (32 to 158°F)
- 0 to 90% RH, non-condensing.
- Storage temperature: -40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)

## **Dimensions**

• DIN Rail model can be DIN rail or chassis mount DIN rail spec, DIN 50022, 35 mm x 7.5 mm (1.38 in x 0.30 in)

Style	Width	Height	Depth
Open board	61.7 mm	61.7 mm	45.1 mm
	(2.43 in)	(2.43 in)	(1.78 in)
All Potted	70.1 mm	102.9 mm	46.6 mm
Versions	(2.76 in)	(4.05 in)	(1.84 in)
DIN Rail	78.1 mm	112.3 mm	90.7 mm*
	(3.08 in)	(4.42 in)	(3.57 in)
Square 1/8DIN Panel	72.4 mm (2.85 in)	72.4 mm (2.85 in)	Behind panel 51.7 mm (2.04 in)

<sup>\*</sup>Depth including DIN rail, 94.7 mm (3.73 in)

Note: These specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

# **Glossary**

**automatic power reset** — A feature in latching limit controllers that does not recognize power outage as a limit condition. When power is restored, the output is re-energized automatically, as long as the temperature is within limits.

**latched output** — Limit control output latches in deenergized condition when over or under temperature condition occurs and cannot be reset unless temperature drops below set point.

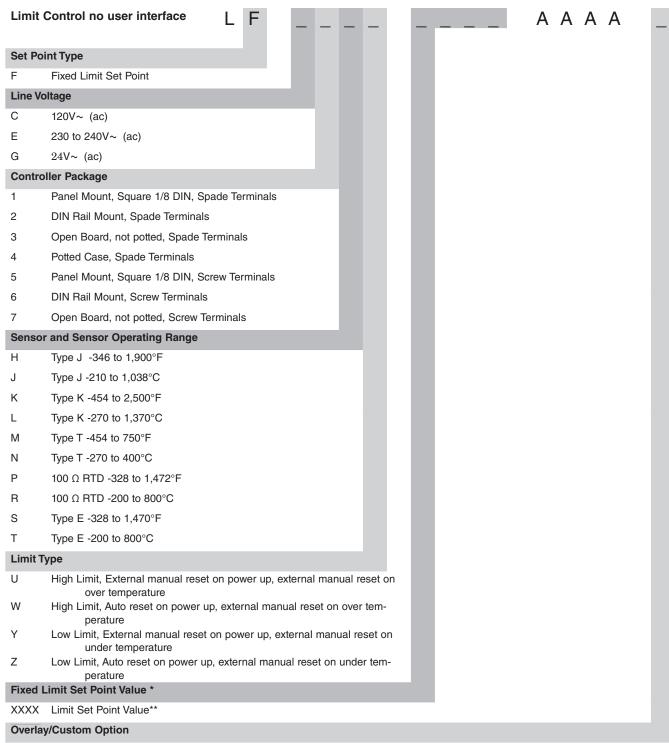
limit or limit controller (LF/LV) — A highly reliable, discrete safety device (redundant to the primary controller) that monitors and limits the temperature of the process or a point in the process. When temperature exceeds or falls below the limit set point, the limit controller interrupts power through the load circuit. A limit controller can protect equipment and people when it is correctly installed with its own power supply, power lines, switch and sensor.

manual power reset — A feature in latching limit controllers that does recognize power outage as a limit condition. When power is restored, the output is not reenergized automatically, even if the process is within limits. An operator must use the reset key or switch to manually re-energize the output on power up.

**manual reset** — A feature on a limit controller that requires human intervention to return the limit to normal operation after a limit condition has occurred.

**safety limit (LS)** — An automatic limit intended for use in applications where an over-temperature fault may cause a fire.

# LF Ordering Information and Model Numbers



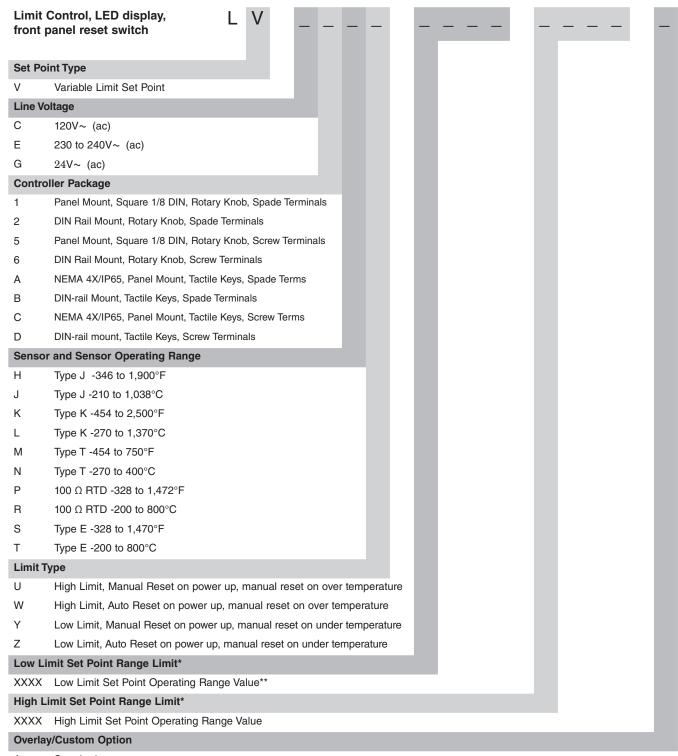
A Standard

Watlow Series L ● 18 ● Appendix

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Limit set point must fall within the sensor operating range.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Note: A (-) is used in the left digit of the operating range to indicate negative values.

# LV Ordering Information and Model Numbers

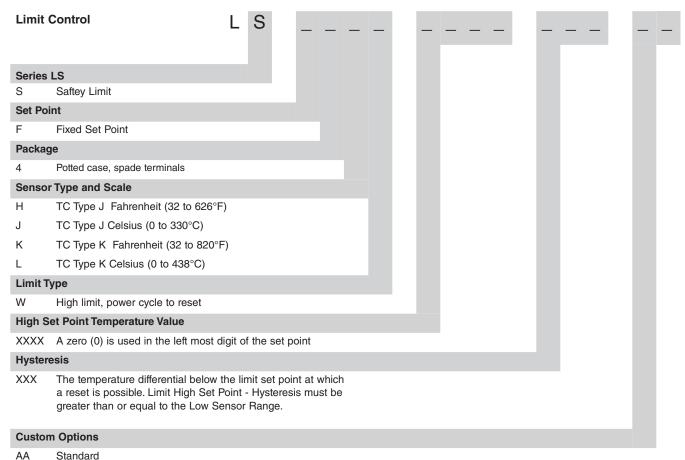


A Standard

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Set point ranges must fall within the sensor operating range.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Note: A (-) is used in the left digit of the operating range to indicate negative values.

# **LS Ordering Information and Model Numbers**



AA Standard

# **Declaration of Conformity**

# Series L

ISO 9001 since 1996.

WATLOW Electric Manufacturing Company

1241 Bundy Blvd. Winona, MN 55987 USA

Declares that the following product: Designation: Series L

Model Numbers: LF (C, E or G)(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7)(any letter)(U, W, Y or Z) (#### or -###) (AAAA) X

LV (C, E or G)(1, 2, 5 or 6)(any letter)(U, W, Y or Z) (#### or -###) (####) X LSF4 (H, J, K or L) W (#### indicating Limit trip point) (### indicating hysteresis) XX

Where X = Any number or letter, and # = Any number

Classification: Series LF, LV Temperature Regulator, Front panel IP20, IP65 optional

Series LS, Electronic Temperature Limiter with Protective Function Software Class

B, Output Type 2.B.K IP10

All - Installation Category II, Pollution Degree 2 Incorporated equipment

LF, LV 24 V, 100 to 120 V, 200 to 240 V~ (ac), 50/60 Hz Rated Voltage:

LS, 100 to 240 V~(ac) 50/60 Hz

Rated Power Consumption: 10 VA maximum

Meets the essential requirements of the following European Union Directives by using the relevant standards show below to indicate compliance.

# 2004/108/EC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive

EN 61326-1:2013 Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - EMC LF, LV requirements, Industrial Immunity, Class B Emissions.

EN 60730-1:2011 Automatic electric controls for household and similar use: Particular requirements EN 60730-2-9:2010 for temperature sensing controls, Class B Emissions. EN 61000-4-2:2009 Electrostatic Discharge Immunity EN 61000-4-3:2010 Radiated Field Immunity Electrical Fast-Transient / Burst Immunity EN 61000-4-4:2012

Surge Immunity (Reviewed to IEC 61000-4-5 2014) EN 61000-4-5:2006 EN 61000-4-6:2014 Conducted Immunity EN 61000-4-8:2010 Magnetic Field Immunity

EN 61000-4-11:2004 Voltage Dips, Short Interrupts and Variations - Immunity EN 61000-4-28:2009 Variation of power frequency immunity – Level 2

Harmonic Current Emissions (Reviewed to IEC 61000-3-2 2014) EN 61000-3-2:2009

EN 61000-3-3:2013 Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker

SEMI F47:2000 Specification for Semiconductor Sag Immunity Figure R1-1

2006/95/EC Low-Voltage Directive

EN 60730-1:2011 LS Automatic electric controls for household and similar use: Particular requirements

EN 60730-2-9:2010 for temperature sensing controls.

EN 61010-1:2011 LF, LV Safety Requirements of electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. Part 1: General requirements

Compliant with 2011/65/EU RoHS Directive

Per 2012/19/EU WEEE Directive Please Recycle Properly

Joe Millanes

Name of Authorized Representative

Place of Issue

**Director of Operations** Title of Authorized Representative

January 2015 Date of Issue

Winona, Minnesota, USA

gnature of Authorized Representative

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TOTAL CUSTOMER SATISFACTION 3 Year Warranty