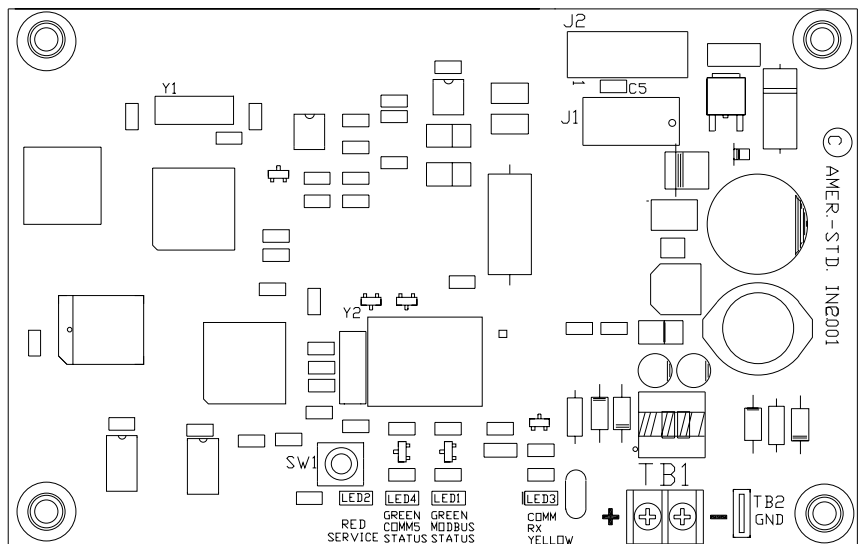


Installers Guide

LonTalk® Communications Interface with Space Comfort Control for ReliaTel™ controls



(General View - Not all Components shown)

LonTalk® is a trademark of Echelon Corporation registered in the United States and other countries.

Models:

Used With:

BAYLTCI002B

3 - 10 Ton Packaged Rooftop units with ReliaTel™ Communications Module,
7½ - 20 Ton Split System units with ReliaTel™ Communications Module

BAYLTCI003B

12 1/2 - 25 Ton Packaged Rooftop units with ReliaTel™ Communications Module,
27 1/2 - 50 Ton Packaged Rooftop units with ReliaTel™ Communications Module

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Installation

NOTICE:

Warnings and Cautions appear at appropriate sections throughout this manual. Read these carefully.



WARNING— Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION – Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

CAUTION – Indicates a situation that may result in equipment or property-damage-only accidents.

General Information

The Communication Interface board allows ReliaTel™ controls to communicate on a LonTalk Network at the unit level. This product is intended to be installed by a qualified System Integrator properly trained and experienced in LonTalk networks. Network variables are based on the LonMark® Space Comfort Controller Functional Profile Template. The LCI-R utilizes a Free Topology transceiver FTT-10A. The FTT-10A transceiver supports non-polarity sensitive, free topology wiring, allowing the system installer to utilize star, bus, and loop architecture.

LCI-R Shipment and Inspection

The Kit (BAYLTCI002B or BAYLTCI003B) includes: a ReliaTel™ LCI-R communications board, a wiring harness and the mounting hardware needed for installation on a Packaged Rooftop Unit with ReliaTel™ Communications Module.

LCI-R kits include the following items:

- 1 - LCI-R communications board
- 1 - Wire harness
- 4 - LCI-R board mounting screws
- 1 - Pop-in wire tie (BAYLTCI002B)

Storage

When the LCI-R board must be stored for a period of time prior to being installed, it must be protected from the elements. The temperature of the storage location should be between -40C and 65.6C (-40 F and 150 F) and the relative humidity should be 10 to 90 percent, non-condensing.

Mounting and Wiring

The LCI-R board mounts directly in the Unit Control Box. The following procedure explains how to mount and wire the LCI-R board. See Figure 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 for LCI-R board mounting location and wire bundle placement.

Note: Skip steps 1 – 8 if the LonTalk® Communication Interface board is already factory installed.



WARNING

Hazardous Voltage!

Hazardous Voltage w/Capacitors!
Disconnect all electric power, including remote disconnects and discharge all motor start/run capacitors before servicing. Follow proper lock-out/tagout procedures to ensure the power cannot be inadvertently energized. Verify with an appropriate voltmeter that all capacitors have discharged. Failure to disconnect power and discharge capacitors before servicing could result in death or serious injury.

1. Disconnect the power source to the unit and remove the Access Panel to gain access to the electronic controls.
2. Select proper installation depending on tonnage:

3 - 5 ton Packaged Rooftop (except WSC060E) and

7½ - 10 ton Split System units:

Mount the LonTalk® Communication Interface board to the rear side of the ReliaTel™ Refrigeration Module mounting panel by sliding the LonTalk® Communication Interface mounting feet into the mounting extrusions on the ReliaTel™ Refrigeration Module mounting panel. Secure with 1 screw. See Figure 1.

Installation

15 - 20 ton Split System units:

Mount the LonTalk® Communication Interface board above the ReliaTel™ Refrigeration Module on the control box mounting panel. Secure with 2 screws. See Figure 2.

6 through 10 Ton Packaged Rooftop Units (and WSC060E):

Mount the LonTalk® Communication Interface board to the right side of the ReliaTel™ Refrigeration Module mounting panel by sliding the LonTalk® Communication Interface mounting feet into the mounting extrusions on the control box mounting panel. Secure with 1 screw. See Figure 3.

12 1/2 through 25 Ton Packaged Rooftop Units:

Mount the LonTalk® Communication Interface board to the right side of the ReliaTel™ Refrigeration Module by sliding the LonTalk® Communication Interface mounting feet into the mounting extrusions on the control box bottom panel. Secure with 2 screws. See Figure 4.

27 1/2 through 50 Ton Packaged Rooftop Units:

Mount the LonTalk® Communication Interface board to the right side of the ReliaTel™ Refrigeration Module on the control box back panel. Secure with 4 screws. See Figure 5.

3. Remove the five pin (four wire) connector from J4 on the RTRM and connect to J2 on the LonTalk® Communication Interface board.
4. Connect the four pin (four wire) end of the LonTalk® Communication Interface board wire harness to J1 on the LonTalk® Communication Interface board.
5. Connect the five pin (four wire) end of the LonTalk® Communication Interface board wire harness to J4 on the ReliaTel™ Refrigeration Module.
6. Route the LonTalk® Communication Interface board wire harness and secure with one wire tie.

7. Route the twisted pair communications wire from the BMS or CCP, through the hole located below TB1 on the LonTalk® Communication Interface board and connect these wires to TB1. Refer to the ICS Communications Link Wiring Requirements section for wire information.

8. Secure the wires connected to TB1 using the pop-in wire tie under the control box.

LonTalk Communication Link Wiring Requirements

The LonTalk communications link is for connection to a Building LonTalk Network.

The Communications link wiring is dependent on the network architecture. It is recommended that a System Integrator refer to "LonWorks FTT-10A Free Topology Transceiver User's Guide" by the Echelon Corporation for proper wire selection. The physical limits are defined in Chapter 4, [Network Cabling And Connection](#). This User's Guide is available on the Echelon Web page. A typical wire recommendation is Belden 85102, single twisted pair, stranded 19/29, unshielded, 150 C.

Installation

Figure 1
LonTalk® Communication Interface Board Mounting and Wiring

3 - 5 Ton Packaged Rooftop units (except WSC060E)
7 ½ - 10 Ton Split System units

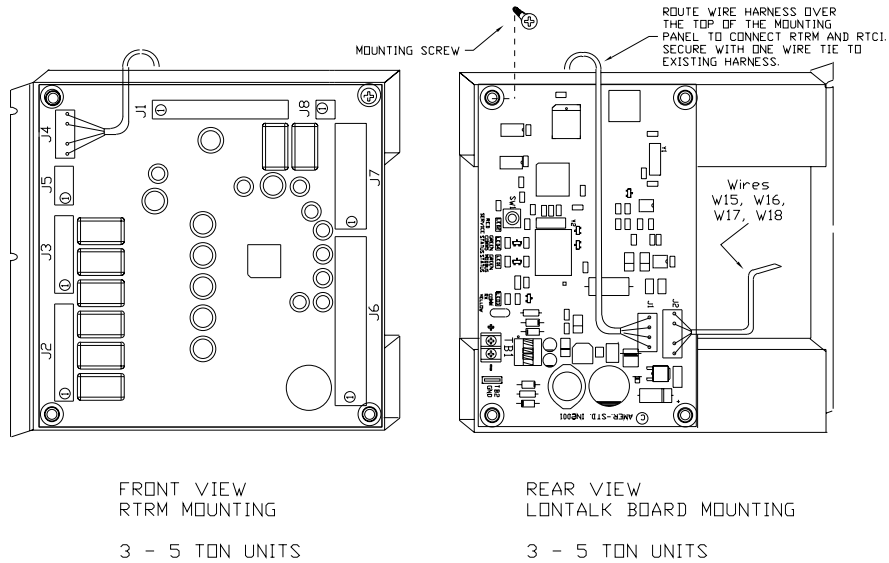
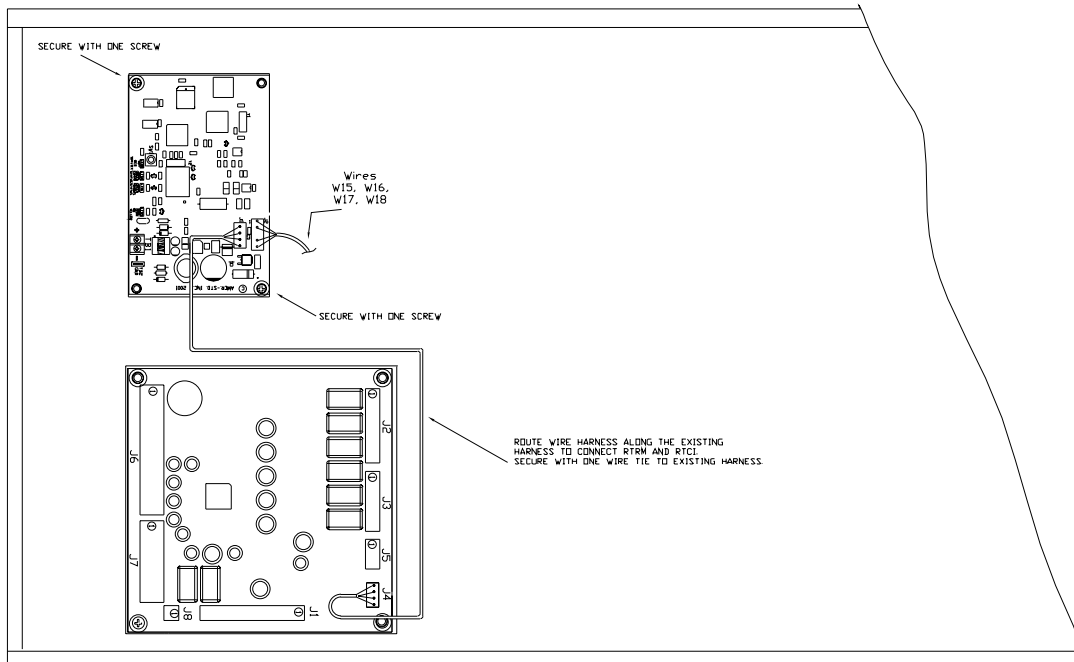


Figure 2
LonTalk® Communication Interface Board Mounting and Wiring

15 - 20 Ton Split System units



Installation

Figure 3
LonTalk® Communication Interface Board Mounting and Wiring

6 - 10 Ton Packaged Rooftop units (and WSC060E)

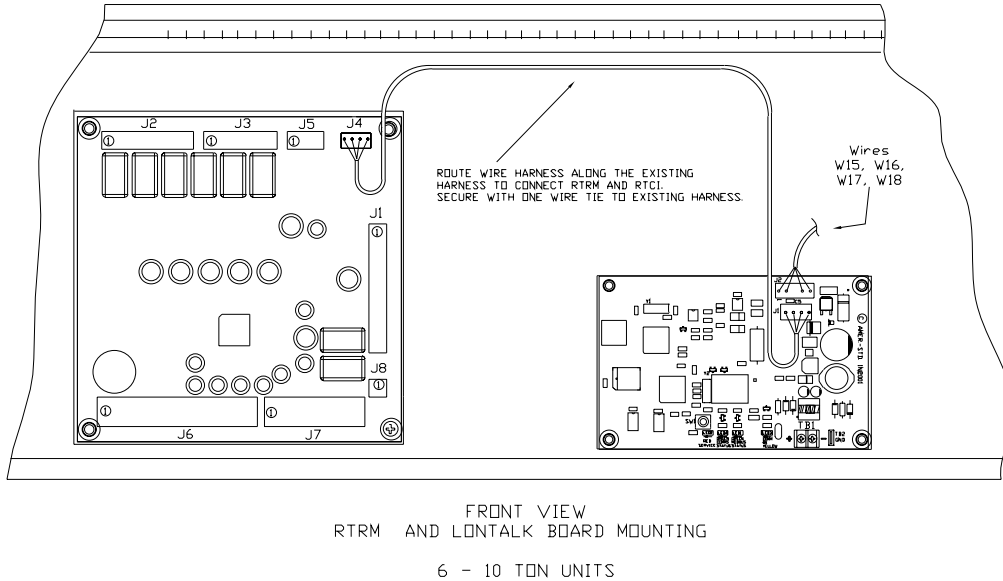
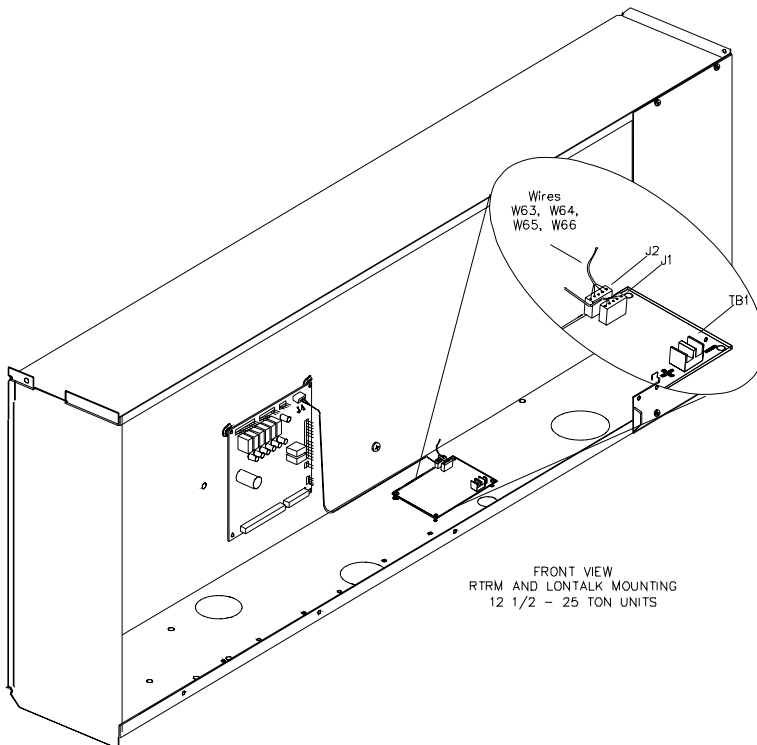


Figure 4
LonTalk® Communication Interface Board Mounting and Wiring

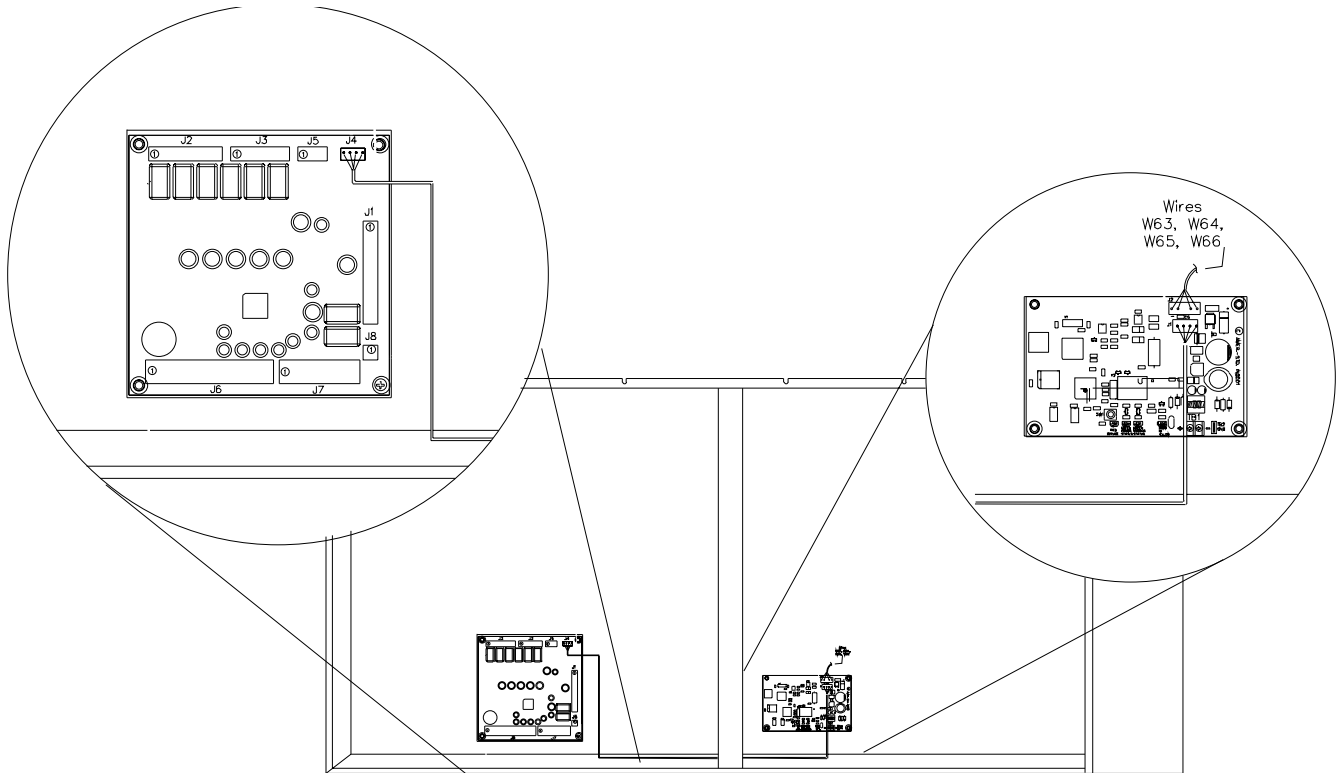
12 1/2 - 25 Ton Packaged Rooftop units



Installation

Figure 5
LonTalk® Communication Interface Board Mounting and Wiring

27 1/2 - 50 Ton Packaged Rooftop units



Status/Power/Wink/Test LED (STATUS LED)

The LCI-R board includes a green Status LED located near the middle of the board. Refer to page 1 for location view. The operation for this LED is defined as follows:

- + **ON** - Power is applied and the LCI-R is normal.
- + **OFF** - There is either no power applied or the LCI-R is unconfigured or offline.
- + **Blinking twice per second for 10 seconds** - The LCI-R has been commanded to WINK.
- + **Continuous Blinking ; ON for 2.25 seconds , OFF for .25 seconds** - The unit is in a TEST mode.

Wink Response

The LCI-R responds to a network "Wink Request". Upon receipt of a Wink request the LCI-R will blink (0.25 second ON, 0.25 second OFF, 0.25 second ON, etc...) the STATUS LED continuously for 10 seconds. This Wink response is available both when the LCI-R node is configured and when it is unconfigured.

Communication LED (COMM LED)

The LCI-R board includes a yellow COMM LED located left of the TB1 terminal. Refer to page 1 for location view. The operation for this LED is defined as follows:

- + **Flickering** - When communication activity is detected on the network. (This LED is not effected by transmitting data from the LCI-R.)
- + **OFF** - No current activity on the Network.

Installation

Service Switch (SERVICE LED)

The LCI-R board includes a Service push-button switch (also known as Service Pin) and Service LED. The Service Switch is located on the bottom middle of the board (Refer to page 1 for location view) and may be used during configuration, installation, and maintenance of the node. The operation of the Switch button is as follows:

- + *Temporary press* - Broadcast Neuron ID and Program ID
- + *Extended press (more than 15 seconds)* - Force the node to it's unconfigured state.

Note : An Extended Press will disable the LCI-R completely and a network management tool will be required to put the LCI-R back into operation.

Provisions for holding the Timed Override button for 10 seconds will generate a Service Pin broadcast equal to a Service Pin temporary press.

The LCI-R board includes a red Service LED located above the Service Switch, refer to page 1 for location view. The operation for this LED is defined as follows:

State	LED Output
Normal	Steady OFF
Bad Hardware	Steady ON
Unconfigured State	Flashing 1 second ON, 1 second OFF
Watchdog Timer Reset Occurring	Repeated flash

The Service LED turns on while the Service pin is being depressed.

Modbus STATUS (Modbus LED)

The LCI-R Board includes a Green COMM 4 LED located to the right of the TB2 terminal block. Refer to page 1 for location view. This LED indicates communication between the LCI-R and the ReliaTel Control. The operation for this LED is defined as follows:

State	LED Output
Normal Operation	Steady ON
LCI-R not operating	Steady OFF
ReliaTel Control not responding	Flashing- 0.25 seconds ON, 2.0 seconds OFF

Network Interface

Network Variables

The LCI-R contains 2 objects. Object index 0 is the Node Object. Object index 1 is the Rooftop Object.

The integer in the left column is the network variable index used for reference during binding or to perform a network variable browse. This index is different from the Space Comfort Controller (SCC) Functional Profile Template index as shown.

Rooftop Object Network Variables

Inputs			
NV Index	SCC Index	SNVT Type	NV Name
0	NV#1	SNVT_temp_p	nviSpaceTemp;
1	NV#2	SNVT_temp_p	nviSetpoint;
2	NV#3	SNVT_temp_p	nviSetpointOffset;
3	NV#5	SNVT_tod_event	nviOccSchedule;
4	NV#6	SNVT_occupancy	nviOccManCmd;
5	NV#7	SNVT_occupancy	nviOccSensor;
6	NV#8	SNVT_hvac_mode	nviApplicMode;
7	NV#9	SNVT_hvac_mode	nviHeatCool;
8	NV#11	SNVT_switch	nviComprEnable;
9	NV#12	SNVT_switch	nviAuxHeatEnable;
10	NV#13	SNVT_switch	nviEconEnable;
11	NV#17	SNVT_hvac_emerg	nviEmergOverride;
15		SNVT_switch	nviFanModeCmd;
16	NV#59	SNVT_lev_percent	nviOAMinPos;
17	NV#22	SNVT_ppm	nviSpaceIAQ;
18	NV#20	SNVT_lev_percent	nviSpaceRH;
19	NV#19	SNVT_temp_p	nviOutdoorTemp;
20	NV#21	SNVT_lev_percent	nviOutdoorRH;

Outputs			
NV Index	SCC Index	SNVT Type	NV Name
23	NV#26	SNVT_temp_p	nvoSpaceTemp;
24	NV#27	SNVT_hvac_status	nvoUnitStatus;
25	NV#28	SNVT_temp_p	nvoEffectSetpt;
26	NV#29	SNVT_occupancy	nvoEffectOccup;
27	NV#30	SNVT_hvac_mode	nvoHeatCool;
28	NV#31	SNVT_temp_p	nvoSetpoint;
29	NV#33	SNVT_switch	nvoFanSpeed;
30	NV#34	SNVT_temp_p	nvoDischAirTemp;
31	NV#36	SNVT_Power_Kilo	nvoLoadAbsK;
32	NV#37	SNVT_lev_percent	nvoTerminalLoad;
33	NV#42	SNVT_lev_percent	nvoOADamper;
34	NV#43	SNVT_lev_percent	nvoSpaceRH;
35	NV#44	SNVT_lev_percent	nvoOutdoorRH;
36	NV#45	SNVT_temp_p	nvoOutdoorTemp;
37	NV#46	SNVT_ppm	nvoSpaceCO2;
40		SNVT_str_asc	nvoAlarmMessage;
41		SNVT_temp_p	nvoMATemp;
42		SNVT_temp_p	nvoRATemp;
46	NV#64	SNVT_temp_p	nvoMixedAirTemp;

Installation

Configuration Properties

The network management read and write messages can be used to modify 7 configuration parameters.

Rooftop Object Configuration Property			
SCC nci Index	SNVT Type	SCPT Index	NV Name
1	SNVT_time_sec	49	nciSndHrtBt
2	SNVT_temp_setpt	60	nciSetpoints
3	SNVT_time_sec	52	nciMinOutTm
4	SNVT_time_sec	48	nciRcvHrtBt
5	SNVT_str_asc	17	nciLocation
6	SNVT_time_min	34	nciBypassTime
8	SNVT_lev_percent	23	nciOAMinPos
9	SNVT_ppm	42	nciSpaceCO2Lim
10	SNVT_lev_percent	36	nciSpaceRHSetpt
20	SNVT_hvac_type	169	nciHvacType

Send Heartbeat

Network input config SNVT_time_sec nciSndHrtBt

This parameter defines the amount of time that expires before all bound output network variables associated with the Rooftop object are automatically updated. Network variable update messages are sent at periodic intervals. The default is 5 minutes and invalid (0xFFFF) is interpreted as zero.

Setting nciSndHrtBt = 0.0 disables the Send Heartbeat.

Occupancy Temperature Setpoint

Network input config SNVT_temp_setpt nciSetpoints

This configuration parameter defines the space temperature setpoints for the various heat, cool and occupancy modes. The occupied and standby setpoints are defaults which can be modified by various input variables such as nviSetpoint and nviSetpointOffset. The unoccupied setpoints are always valid.

If any setpoint is out of range or they are not in the proper order the LCI-R reverts to default values. The values of the individual setpoints within nciSetpoints must be kept in descending order as follows: unoccupied_cool, standby_cool, occupied_cool, occupied_heat, standby_heat and unoccupied_heat.

Typical Range and Default Values

	Minimum	Maximum	Default
unoccupied_cool	4.44 C	43.33 C	29.44 C
	40.00 F	110.00 F	85.00 F
standby_cool	4.44 C	43.33 C	25.55 C
	40.00 F	110.00 F	78.00 F
occupied_cool	4.44 C	43.33 C	23.33 C
	40.00 F	110.00 F	74.00 F
occupied_heat	4.44 C	40.55 C	21.67 C
	40.00 F	105.00 F	71.00 F
standby_heat	4.44 C	40.55 C	19.44 C
	40.00 F	105.00 F	67.00 F
unoccupied_heat	4.44 C	40.55 C	15.55 C
	40.00 F	105.00 F	60.00 F

Minimum Send Time

Network input config SNVT_time_sec nciMinOutTm

This parameter defines the minimum period of time which must elapse between updates of bound output network variables. The default is 0.2 seconds. An invalid value (0xFFFF) is considered the same as zero.

Setting nciMinOutTm = 0.0 disables the Minimum Send Time, allowing the LCI-R to send multiple network variable updates as fast as it can.

Receive Heartbeat

Network input config SNVT_time_sec nciRcvHrtBt

This parameter specifies the maximum period of time which can elapse between updates to an input network variable before the LCI-R begins to use the default value. Each input network variable is monitored for updates individually. The default is 15 minutes and invalid (0xFFFF) is interpreted as zero.

Setting nciRcvHrtBt = 0.0 disables the Receive Heartbeat. The following input network variables DO NOT revert back to their defaults, they are based on Receive Heartbeat:

nviSetpoint
nviOccManCmd
nviEmergOverride

Location Label

Network input config SNVT_str_asc nciLocation

This parameter, if utilized, can provide more descriptive physical location information in an ASCII string. The default is null.

Local Bypass Time

Network input config SNVT_time_min nciBypassTime

This parameter defines the amount of time that the LCI-R will remain in the bypass mode after receiving a bypass request. The default is 120 minutes. It is clamped to its valid range (0-240 minutes). Invalid (0xFFFF) is interpreted as zero.

If nciBypassTime = 0 then no bypass is allowed and a Bypass request is ignored.

Installation

Outdoor Air Damper Minimum Position

Network input config SNVT_lev_percent nciOAMinPos

This parameter can be used to set the outdoor air damper minimum position. If any of the following conditions are true, the outdoor air damper minimum position is set to zero. Otherwise it is set to the value specified by nciOAMinPos. The default is invalid (0x7FFF). This sets the set point to the local value. This parameter has a range of 0-50%.

nvoEffectOccup = OC_UNOCCUPIED;
nvoHeatCool = HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP;
nvoHeatCool = HVAC_PRE_COOL;
nvoHeatCool = HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE

Space Humidity Set Point

Network input config SNVT_lev_percent nciSpaceRHSetpt

This property defines the default Space Humidity set point. The default is Invalid (7FFF). It is clamped to its valid range 40 to 60%. However, 0 is also a legal value that can be used to disable the dehumidification/reheat function. An Invalid (7FFF) will return the set point to the local value.

Space CO2 Limit

Network input config SNVT_lev_percent
nciSpaceCO2Lim

This property defines the default Space CO2 limit. The default is Invalid (FFFF). It is clamped to its valid range 500 to 1500 PPM. However, 0 is also a legal value that can be used to disable the CO2 function. An Invalid (FFFF) will return the set point to the local value.

Node Object

A LonMark compatible Node Object is required to access configuration parameters using network management read and write memory messages. The Node Object (object index 0) has three network variables:

NV Index	SNVT Type	NV Name
12	SNVT_obj_request	nviRequest
38	SNVT_obj_status	nvoStatus
39	SNVT_address	nvoFileDirectory

The LonMark object model enables a different node to send a request to an object in the LCI-R node. While the Node Object itself does not support requests via nviRequest, the Rooftop Object does. The Node Object is responsible for managing all request / response activity.

The Rooftop Object (object index 1) supports four request modes:

RQ_NORMAL

The object will always be in the normal state but a request to enter the normal state is not considered an error.

RQ_UPDATE_STATUS

The Rooftop object supports the following 2 optional status flags in SNVT_obj_status.

out_of_service is zero if the LCI-R and the ReliaTel Control are successfully communicating. Otherwise it is one.

in_alarm is one if out_of_service is zero (LCI-R and ReliaTel Control are communicating) and nvoUnitStatus.in_alarm indicates an alarm. Otherwise it is zero.

RQ_REPORT_MASK

The two supported status bits listed above are set to one. All others are set to zero.

RQ_CLEAR_ALARM

This request will initiate a reset of the ReliaTel Control. If communications with the ReliaTel module has failed, the request will remain pending until it is honored or the LCI-R node resets.

The output nvoStatus is updated and propagated whenever an update to nviRequest is received regardless of whether or not the request or ID is valid. The nvoStatus is only updated when an update to nviRequest occurs. If the nviRequest is polled, it is not guaranteed to return valid data.

nvoFileDirectory (SNVT_address) enables a network management tool to access the Configuration Parameter Template and Value Files.

Self-Documentation

Network Variable Optional documentation

The optional part (after the semicolon) of the network variable self-documentation string contains the name of the SNVT as defined in the template.

For example:
"@1|5;nviOccSchedule"

Optional Node Self-documentation

Contains the name.

For example:
"ReliaTel LCI-R"

Standard Program ID

Device Class = 8,000

Trane Manufacturer ID = 42

Subclass = 3/4 (Commercial usage/FTT-10 xcvr)

Model Number = 2

Default Address

The LCI-R will be initially programmed to be configured with a valid address in the second domain table slot (index 1).

The first slot will be unused. The default address is:

Domain id: 0 ("zero length domain")

Subnet number: 1

Node number: 1

Installation

Network Variable Descriptions:

Network Variable description NV refers to the SCC NV #. An example would be NV#1 is SCC NV#1 as referenced on the Rooftop Object Network Variables table on page 4.

NV#1 Space Temperature Input

Network input SNVT_temp_p nviSpaceTemp;

This input network variable is used to connect an external space temperature sensor to the LCI-R. It does not have to be bound to a sensor node if the unit has a locally wired space temperature sensor. In any case, the nviSpaceTemp has priority if a valid value is present.

Valid Range

The valid range is -40C to 65.5C (-40F to 149.9F). The value 0x7FFF=+327.67C will be handled as an invalid value.

Default Value

Default Value is 0x7FFF (=+327.67C). This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified receive heartbeat time.

NV#2 Temperature Setpoint Input (absolute)

Network input SNVT_temp_p nviSetpoint;

This input network variable is used to allow the temperature setpoints for the occupied and standby modes to be changed via the network. (Note: The unoccupied setpoints are not changed.) If a valid value is not present, either a locally wired setpoint knob or the appropriate setpoint as configured in nciSetpoints will be used. Refer to Effective Setpoint Output (nvoEffectSetpt) for more information.

Valid Range

The valid range is 10C to 35C (50 F to 95F). The value 0x7FFF=+327.67C will be handled as an invalid value.

Default Value

The default Value is 0x7FFF (= +327.67C). This value will be adopted at power-up. When the default value is in effect, the ReliaTel module will use the configuration property nciSetpoints. This network variable input does not use the Receive Heartbeat function.

NV#3 Setpoint Offset Input

Network input SNVT_temp_p nviSetptOffset;

This input network variable is used to shift the effective occupied and standby temperature setpoints by adding nviSetptOffset to the current setpoints. (Note: The unoccupied setpoints are not changed.) It is typically bound to a supervisory node or to an external module having a relative setpoint

adjustment. All occupied and standby setpoints will be shifted upward (+) or downward (-) by the value of nviSetptOffset. Refer to Effective Setpoint Output (nvoEffectSetpt) for more information.

Valid Range

The valid range is -10C to +10C. The value 0x7FFF (interpreted as 0) will be handled as an invalid value.

Default Value

The default Value is 0 C to disable the setpoint offset. This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified receive heartbeat time.

NV#5 Occupancy Scheduler Input

Network input SNVT_tod_event nviOccSchedule;

This input network variable is used to command the Voyager into different occupancy modes. It is typically sent by a scheduler or a supervisory node. SNVT_tod_event is a structure containing three parts. Only the current_state is used for this network variable input. This input is used in conjunction with nviOccManCmd and nviOccSensor (if provided) to determine the effective occupancy mode. Refer to Effective Occupancy Output (nvoEffectOccup) for more information.

Valid Range

For current_state:

0 = OC_OCCUPIED: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the occupied mode (e.g. occupied setpoint).

1 = OC_UNOCCUPIED: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the unoccupied mode (e.g. unoccupied setpoint and fan mode in AUTO).

3 = OC_STANDBY: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the standby mode (e.g. standby setpoint).

0xFF = OC_NUL: This is the initial value after power-up and it remains until another value is received. It is used to indicate that this network variable input is invalid or unused.

All other enumerations are ignored, the previous valid update is used.

Default Value

Current_state = 0xFF = OC_NUL

This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified Receive Heartbeat time.

Installation

NV#6 Occupancy Override Input

Network input SNVT_occupancy nviOccManCmd;

This input network variable is used to command the ReliaTel Control into different occupancy modes. It is typically sent by an externally mounted occupant-interface module or a supervisory node, to manually control occupancy modes, or to override the scheduled occupancy.

The bypass timer is started when an update to nviOccManCmd occurs in which nviOccManCmd = OC_BYPASS. There is no Receive Heartbeat associated with nviOccManCmd, so any update in which nviOccManCmd = OC_BYPASS will restart the bypass timer. Any other update will clear the bypass timer. When the timer expires, nviOccManCmd reverts to OC_NUL.

This input is used in conjunction with nviOccSchedule and nviOccSensor (if provided) to determine the effective occupancy mode. Refer to Effective Occupancy Output (nvoEffectOccup) for more information.

Valid Range

0 = OC_OCCUPIED: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the occupied mode (e.g. occupied setpoint).

1 = OC_UNOCCUPIED: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the unoccupied mode (e.g. unoccupied setpoint and fan mode in AUTO).

2 = OC_BYPASS: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the occupied mode for a period of time defined by nciBypassTime.

3 = OC_STANDBY: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the standby mode (e.g. standby setpoint).

0xFF = OC_NUL: This is the initial value after power-up and it remains until another value is received. It is used to indicate that this network variable input is invalid or unused, or to cancel a previous command.

Default Value

The default value OC_NUL = 0xFF.

This value will be adopted at power-up. This network variable input does not use the Receive Heartbeat function.

NV#7 Occupancy Sensor Input

Network input SNVT_occupancy nviOccSensor;

This input network variable is used to indicate the presence of occupants in the controlled space. It is typically sent by an occupancy sensor.

This input is used in conjunction with nviOccSchedule and nviOccManCmd (if provided) to determine the effective occupancy mode. Refer to Effective Occupancy Output (nvoEffectOccup) for more information.

Valid Range

0 = OC_OCCUPIED: The occupancy sensor is indicating that there ARE occupants in the space.

1 = OC_UNOCCUPIED: The occupancy sensor is indicating that there are NO occupants in the space.

Default Value

The default value is OC_OCCUPIED = 0.

This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified Receive Heartbeat time.

NV#8 Application Mode Input

Network input SNVT_hvac_mode nviApplicMode;

This network variable input is used to coordinate the ReliaTel Control with any supervisory controller. If a mode is requested that is not supported by the ReliaTel Control, the ReliaTel Control will ignore the request.

The nviApplicMode overrides nviHeatCool, unless nviApplicMode is HVAC_AUTO, HVAC_TEST, or HVAC_NUL. If nviApplicMode is HVAC_AUTO, HVAC_TEST or HVAC_NUL, then nviHeatCool determines the effective mode of the unit. Refer to Effective Heat/Cool Output (nvoHeatCool) for more information.

Valid Range

0 = HVAC_AUTO (Mode determined by ReliaTel Control)

1 = HVAC_HEAT (Use heat setpoints)

2 = HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP (Morning warmup)

3 = HVAC_COOL (Use cool setpoints)

4 = HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE (Free cooling)

5 = HVAC_PRE_COOL (Morning cooldown)

6 = HVAC_OFF (No unit operation allowed)

7 = HVAC_TEST (same as HVAC_NUL)

8 = HVAC_EMERG_HEAT (Emergency heat)

9 = HVAC_FAN_ONLY (No heating or cooling allowed)

12 = HVAC_MAX_HEAT (Same as HVAC_HEAT)

14 = HVAC_DEHUMID (Same as HVAC_AUTO)

0xFF = HVAC_NUL (same as HVAC_AUTO)

All other enumerations will be ignored.

Default Value

The default value is HVAC_AUTO.

This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified Receive Heartbeat time.

NV#9 Heat/Cool Mode Input

Network input SNVT_hvac_mode nviHeatCool;

This network variable input is used to coordinate the ReliaTel Control with any node that may need to control the heat/cool changeover of the unit. For example, one node may coordinate its heat/cool mode with another node serving the same area, or the heat/cool mode could be manually selected from a human interface device. If a mode is requested that is not supported by the ReliaTel Control, the ReliaTel Control will ignore the request.

This input is overridden by nviApplicMode, unless nviApplicMode is HVAC_AUTO, HVAC_TEST, or HVAC_NUL. If nviApplicMode is HVAC_AUTO or HVAC_NUL or HVAC_TEST, then nviHeatCool determines the effective mode of the unit. Refer to Effective Heat/Cool Output (nvoHeatCool) for more information.

Installation

Valid Range

- 0 = HVAC_AUTO (Mode determined by Reliatel Control)
- 1 = HVAC_HEAT (Use heat setpoints)
- 2 = HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP (Morning warmup)
- 3 = HVAC_COOL (Use cool setpoints)
- 4 = HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE (Free cooling)
- 5 = HVAC_PRE_COOL (Morning cooldown)
- 6 = HVAC_OFF (No unit operation allowed)
- 7 = HVAC_TEST (Same as HVAC_NUL)
- 8 = HVAC_EMERG_HEAT (Emergency heat)
- 9 = HVAC_FAN_ONLY (No heating or cooling allowed)
- 12 = HVAC_MAX_HEAT (same as HVAC_HEAT)
- 14 = HVAC_DEHUMID (same as HVAC_AUTO)
- 0xFF = HVAC_NUL (same as HVAC_AUTO)

All other enumerations will be ignored.

Default Value

The default value is HVAC_AUTO.

This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified Receive Heartbeat time.

Fan Mode Command

Network input SNVT_switch nviFanModeCmd;

This network variable does not follow the Space Comfort Controller Functional ProfileTemplate, so it does not have a SCC NV number.

This input is used to change the fan mode of the unit. The input is typically sent from a supervisory controller. This variable does not use Receive Heartbeat.

nvoEffectOccup	nvoHeatCool	nviFanModeCmd			Voyager Fan Mode
		State	Value	Equiv. %	
X	HVAC_OFF	X	X		AUTO
X	HVAC_FAN_ONLY	X	X		ON
OC_UNOCCUPIED	X	X	X		AUTO
*	X	0	n/a	n/a	AUTO
*	X	1	0	0%	AUTO
*	X	1	1 to 255	0.5% to 100%	ON
*	X	0xFF	n/a	n/a	ON

* OC_OCCUPIED, OC_STANDBY, OC_BYPASS, or OC_NUL.

Unit Fan Mode:

-ON - Fan runs continuously

-AUTO - Fan cycles as required by Voyager

Illegal updates (states) are discarded.

Default Value

Default value is ON (state = 0xFF) for Occupied Mode. The value is AUTO for Unoccupied Mode.

NV#11 Compressor Enable Input

Network input SNVT_switch nviComprEnable;

This input is used to disable compressor operation. The input is typically sent from a supervisory controller.

This input can be used for simple enable/disable functions, or can be used to enable a portion of the unit's compressor capacity. For example, if a unit has 2 compressors, a value of 100 (50.0%) could indicate that only one compressor is enabled.

Valid Range

The action initiated by this input depends upon the number of compressors in the unit.

Number of Compressors	nviComprEnable			Number of Compressors enabled
	State	Value	Equiv. %	
1	0	n/a	n/a	0
	1	0	0%	0
	1	1 to 255	.05% to 100%	1
	0xFF	n/a	n/a	1
2 *	0	n/a	n/a	0
	1	0	0%	0
	1	01 to 100	.05% to 50%	1
	1	101 to 200	50.5% to 100%	2
	1	201 to 255	100%	2
	0xFF	n/a	n/a	2

Default Value

Default Value is ENABLED (state = 0xFF).

This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified Receive Heartbeat time.

Installation

NV#12 Auxiliary Heat Enable Input

Network input SNVT_switch nviAuxHeatEnable;

This input is used to disavle auxiliary heat operation. This input is typically sent from a system supervisor panel. For example, during peak electrical demand periods, electric heat operation could be disbled.

This input can be used for simple enable/disable functions, or can be used to enable a portion of the unit's auxiliary heat capacity. For example, if a unit has 2 stages of electric heat, a value of 100 (50.0%) could indicate that only one stage is enabled.

Heat Type	nviAuxHeatEnable			Number of Heating Stages to be enabled
	State	Value	Equiv. %	
1 Stage Electric	0	n/a	n/a	0
	1	0	0%	0
	1	1 to 255	.05% to 100%	1
	0xFF	n/a	n/a	1
2 Stage Electric	0	n/a	n/a	0
	1	0	0%	0
	1	01 to 100	.05% to 50%	1
	1	101 to 200	50.5% to 100%	2
	1	201 to 255	100%	2
	0xFF	n/a	n/a	2
Gas	0	n/a	n/a	0
	1	0	0%	0
	1	1 to 255	.05% to 100%	2
	0xFF	n/a	n/a	2
Heat Pump	0	n/a	n/a	Aux Heat Disabled
	1	0	0%	Aux Heat Disabled
	1	1 to 255	*.05% to 100%	Aux Heat Enabled
	0xFF	n/a	n/a	Aux Heat Enabled

* This does not effect the compressor of a Heat Pump in the Heat Mode, only the auxiliary heat. To turn off all Heat in a Heat Pump the Compressor Enable Input must be set to disable the compressors.

Illegal updates (states) are discarded

Default Value

Default Value is ENABLED (state = 0xFF).

This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified Receive Heartbeat time.

NV#13 Economizer Enable Input

Network input SNVT_switch nviEconEnable;

This input is used to enable and disable economizer operation. This input is typically sent from a system supervisor panel to override the local economizer enable/disable decision. For this input, economizer Auto means that the ReliaTel Control determines economizer operation. Enabled or Disabled means that economizer operation is allowed or not allowed (respectively), overriding the local decision.

Valid Range

nvoHeatCool	nviEconEnable			Economizer State
	State	Value	Equiv. %	
HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP	X	X		Disabled
HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE	X	X		Enabled
X	0	n/a	n/a	Disabled
X	1	0	0%	Disabled
X	1	1 to 255	0.05% to 100%	Enabled
X	0xFF	n/a	n/a	Auto (Invalid)

Default Value

Default Value is AUTO (State = 0xFF).

This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified Receive Heartbeat time.

NV#17 Emergency Override Input

Network input SNVT_hvac_emerg nviEmergOverride;

This input network variable is used to command the device into different emergency modes. It is typically set by a supervisory node.

Valid Range

The valid range is described in the table below:

- 0 = EMERG_NORMAL: Normal operation
- 1 = EMERG_PRESSURIZE: Start the PRESSURIZE operation
- 2 = EMERG_DEPRESSURIZE: Start the DEPRESSURIZE operation
- 3 = EMERG_PURGE: Start the PURGE operation
- 4 = EMERG_SHUTDOWN: SHUTDOWN all unit functions
- 0xFF = EMERG_NUL: Invalid mode (same as EMERG_NORMAL).

nviEmergOverride	Supply Fan	Outdoor Air Damper	Cooling Stages	Heating Stages
EMERG_NORMAL	Normal Operation			
EMERG_NUL				
EMERG_PRESSURIZE	On	Open	0	0
EMERG_DEPRESSURIZE	Off	Closed	0	0
EMERG_PURGE	On	Open	0	0
EMERG_SHUTDOWN	Off	Closed	0	0

Default Value

The default value is EMERG_NORMAL.

This value will be adopted at power-up, until an update is received. This network variable input does not use the Receive Heartbeat function.

Installation

NV#22 Space CO2 Input

Network input SNVT_ppm nviSpaceIAQ;

This input network variable is used to connect an external space CO2 sensor to the LCI-R. It does not have to be bound to a sensor node if the unit has a locally wired space CO2 sensor. In any case, the nviSpaceIAQ has priority if a valid value is present.

Valid Range

The valid range is 0 to +2000 ppm. The value 0xFFFF (65535) will be handled as an invalid value.

Default Value

The default Value is 0xFFFF (65535). This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified receive heartbeat time.

NV#59 Outdoor Air Damper Minimum Position Input

Network input SNVT_lev_percent nviOAMinPos;

This input network variable is used to connect an external damper minimum position to the LCI-R. It does not have to be bound to a sensor node if the unit has a local minimum position potentiometer. In any case, the nviOAMinPos has priority if a valid value is present.

Valid Range

The valid range is 0 to 50 %. The value 0xFFFF will be handled as an invalid value.

Default Value

The default Value is 0xFFFF. This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified receive heartbeat time.

NV#21 Outdoor Relative Humidity Input

Network input SNVT_lev_percent nviOutdoorRH;

This input network variable is used to connect an external outdoor RH sensor to the LCI-R. It does not have to be bound to a sensor node if the unit has a locally wired space RH sensor. In any case, the nviOutdoorRH has priority if a valid value is present.

Valid Range

The valid range is 0 to 100%. The value 0xFFFF will be handled as an invalid value.

Default Value

The default Value is 0xFFFF. This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified receive heartbeat time.

NV#19 Outdoor Temperature Input

Network input SNVT_temp_p nviOutdoorTemp;

This input network variable is used to connect an external outdoor temperature sensor to the LCI-R. It does not have to be bound to a sensor node if the unit has a locally wired space temperature sensor. In any case, the nviOutdoorTemp has priority if a valid value is present.

Valid Range

The valid range is -40C to 70C (-40F to 158F). The value 0xFFFF=+327.67C will be handled as an invalid value.

Default Value

Default Value is 0xFFFF (=+327.67C). This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified receive heartbeat time.

NV#20 Space Relative Humidity Input

Network input SNVT_lev_percent nviSpaceRH;

This input network variable is used to connect an external space RH sensor to the LCI-R. It does not have to be bound to a sensor node if the unit has a locally wired space RH sensor. In any case, the nviSpaceRH has priority if a valid value is present.

Valid Range

The valid range is 0 to 100%. The value 0xFFFF will be handled as an invalid value.

Default Value

The default Value is 0xFFFF. This value will be adopted at power-up and in case of not receiving an update within the specified receive heartbeat time.

NV#26 Effective Space Temperature Output

Network output SNVT_temp_p nvoSpaceTemp;

This output network variable is used to monitor the effective space temperature that ReliaTel Control is using for control. If the input nviSpaceTemp has a valid value, this output will echo the value of the input. If a valid value for nviSpaceTemp does not exist, the locally wired sensor value is used. If neither value is available, the output will send the INVALID value.

Range

The range is -10C to 50C (14F to 122F). The value 0xFFFF=+327.67C will be used as an invalid value in case of a sensor failure.

When Transmitted

The variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

Installation

NV#28 Effective Setpoint Output

Network output SNVT_temp_p nvoEffectSetpt;

This output network variable is used to monitor the effective temperature setpoint currently used by the ReliaTel Control, which may depend on nciSetpoints, nviSetpoint, nviSetpointOffset, nvoEffectOccup, nvoHeatCool, and any local setpoint adjustment. For example, if the occupancy state is unoccupied and the heat/cool state is heat, then the effective setpoint would be equal to the unoccupied heating setpoint defined in nciSetpoints.

Definitions:

$\text{abs_setpoint_offset} = \text{nviSetpoint} - (\text{nciSetpoints.occupied_cool} + \text{nciSetpoints.occupied_heat}) / 2$

$\text{deadband_occupied} = \text{nciSetpoints.occupied_cool} - \text{nciSetpoints.occupied_heat}$

$\text{heat_standby_offset} = \text{nciSetpoints.occupied_heat} - \text{nciSetpoints.standby_heat}$

$\text{cool_standby_offset} = \text{nciSetpoints.standby_cool} - \text{nciSetpoints.occupied_cool}$

There are 6 effective setpoints which are determined by the LCI-R:

effective_unoccupied_cool
effective_unoccupied_heat
effective_occupied_cool
effective_occupied_heat
effective_standby_cool
effective_standby_heat

Once these setpoints are determined, the LCI-R then determines nvoEffectSetpt based on nvoEffectOccup and nvoHeatCool. Refer to Occupancy Temperature Setpoints (Refer to page 6) under Configuration Properties for nciSetpoints range and default values.

$\text{effective_unoccupied_cool} = \text{nciSetpoints.unoccupied_cool}$

$\text{effective_unoccupied_heat} = \text{nciSetpoints.unoccupied_heat}$

If nviSetpoint is valid:

$\text{effective_occupied_cool} = \text{nciSetpoints.occupied_cool} + \text{abs_setpoint_offset} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

$\text{effective_standby_cool} = \text{nciSetpoints.standby_cool} + \text{abs_setpoint_offset} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

$\text{effective_occupied_heat} = \text{nciSetpoints.occupied_heat} + \text{abs_setpoint_offset} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

$\text{effective_standby_heat} = \text{nciSetpoints.standby_heat} + \text{abs_setpoint_offset} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

If nviSetpoint is not valid there are 4 cases to consider:

LCS = Local Zone Cooling Setpoint Input

LHS = Local Zone Heating Setpoint Input

Case 1: LCS is valid & LHS is valid

$\text{effective_occupied_cool} = \text{LCS} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$
 $\text{effective_standby_cool} = \text{LCS} + \text{cool_standby_offset} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

$\text{effective_occupied_heat} = \text{LHS} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$
 $\text{effective_standby_heat} = \text{LHS} - \text{heat_standby_offset} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

Case 2: LCS is valid & LHS is invalid

$\text{effective_occupied_cool} = \text{LCS} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$
 $\text{effective_standby_cool} = \text{LCS} + \text{cool_standby_offset} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

$\text{effective_occupied_heat} = \text{LCS} - \text{deadband_occupied} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$
 $\text{effective_standby_heat} = \text{LCS} - \text{deadband_occupied} - \text{heat_standby_offset} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

Case 3: LCS is invalid & LHS is valid

$\text{effective_occupied_cool} = \text{LHS} + \text{deadband_occupied} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$
 $\text{effective_standby_cool} = \text{LHS} + \text{deadband_occupied} + \text{cool_standby_offset} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

$\text{effective_occupied_heat} = \text{LHS} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$
 $\text{effective_standby_heat} = \text{LHS} - \text{heat_standby_offset} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

Case 4: LCS is invalid & LHS is invalid

$\text{effective_occupied_cool} = \text{nciSetpoints.occupied_cool} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$
 $\text{effective_standby_cool} = \text{nciSetpoints.standby_cool} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

$\text{effective_occupied_heat} = \text{nciSetpoints.occupied_heat} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$
 $\text{effective_standby_heat} = \text{nciSetpoints.standby_heat} + \text{nviSetptOffset}$

Installation

The effective setpoint is then defined as follows:

Occupancy Status nvoEffectOccup	Mode nvoHeatCool	nvoEffectSetpt
OCCUPIED OR BYPASS	Cool**	effective_occupied_cool
	Heat*	effective_occupied_heat
UNOCCUPIED	Cool**	effective_unoccupied_cool
	Heat*	effective_unoccupied_heat
STANDBY	Cool**	effective_standby_cool
	Heat*	effective_standby_heat

*Heat Modes:
HVAC_HEAT
HVAC_EMERG_HEAT
**Cool Modes:
HVAC_COOL
HVAC_OFF
HVAC_TEST
HVAC_FAN_ONLY

There are 2 **exceptions** to the table above. The occupied setpoint is used in the following cases:

1. If nvoHeatCool = HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP
Then nvoEffectSetpt = effective_occupied_heat
2. If nvoHeatCool = HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE or
HVAC_PRE_COOL
Then nvoEffectSetpt = effective_occupied_cool

Range

The range is 10C to 32.22C (50F to 90F). If the nvoEffectSetpt calculates to a lower valve than 10C (50F), the LCI-R will clamp the nvoEffectSetpt to 10C (50F). If the nvoEffectSetpt calculates to a higher valve than 32.22C (90F), the LCI will clamp the nvoEffectSetpt to 32.22C (90F).

When Transmitted

The variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#27 Unit Status Output

Network output SNVT_hvac_status nvoUnitStatus;

This output network variable is used to report the ReliaTel Control status. It combines the operating mode, the capacity of heating and cooling used and an indication if any alarms are present in the unit. SNVT_hvac_status allows this information to be provided in one network variable.

Mode:

Refer to Effective Heat/Cool Output (nvoHeatCool) for additional information regarding the value reported in the mode field. The value in the mode field is the same value as the Effective Heat/Cool Output.

Valid Range

Mode: same as nvoHeatCool
heat_output_primary: 0-100%, 0xFFFF (Invalid)
heat_output_secondary: 0-100%, 0xFFFF (Invalid)
cool_output: 0-100%, 0xFFFF (Invalid)
econ_output: 0-100%, 0xFFFF (Invalid)
fan_output: 0-100%, 0xFFFF (Invalid)
in_alarm: 0 Means there is no alarm.
1 Means there is an alarm.

Heat Output Primary:

Heat Output Primary is compatible with SNVT_lev_percent. This value indicates the capacity of heat that is currently operating in the Unit, for the following unit types:
+Gas Heat: Capacity of Gas Heat stages
+Electric Heat (not Heat Pump) : Capacity of Electric Heat stages.
+Heat Pump: Capacity of Compressor Heat stages
+Cooling Only: A value of 0xFFFF (Invalid) is sent.

Unit Type	# of Stages Operating	Heat Output Secondary
Heat Pump with Single Stage Aux. Heat	0	0%
	1	100%
Heat Pump with Two Stage Aux. Heat	0	0%
	1	50%
	2	100%
Non Heat Pump Unit	-	0xFFFF (Invalid)

Heat Output Secondary:

Heat Output Secondary is compatible with SNVT_lev_percent. This value indicates the capacity of auxiliary electric heat that is currently operating in Heat Pump units. If the unit is not a Heat Pump, a value of 0xFFFF (Invalid) is sent.

Unit Type	# of Stages Operating	Heat Output Secondary
Heat Pump with Single Stage Aux. Heat	0	0%
	1	100%
Heat Pump with Two Stage Aux. Heat	0	0%
	1	50%
	2	100%
Non Heat Pump Unit	-	0xFFFF (Invalid)

Installation

Cool Output :

Cool Output is compatible with SNVT_lev_percent
This value indicates the capacity of mechanical cooling that is currently operating in the unit. If the unit has no mechanical cooling, a value of 0xFFFF (Invalid) is sent.

Unit Type	# of Stages Operating	Cool Output
Single Stage Cooling	0	0%
	1	100%
Two Stage Cooling	0	0%
	1	50%
	2	100%
Three Stage Cooling	0	0%
	1	33%
	2	66%
	3	100%
Heating Only	-	0xFFFF (Invalid)

Econ Output

Econ Output is compatible with SNVT_lev_percent.
This value indicates the position (percent open) of the unit's Outdoor Air Damper (economizer). If the unit does not have an Outdoor Air Damper, a value of 0xFFFF (Invalid) is sent.

Fan Output

Fan Output is compatible with SNVT_lev_percent.
This value indicates the status of the unit's Supply Fan. If the fan is off, the value is 0%. If the fan is on, the value is 100%.

In Alarm

This value indicates whether an alarm condition currently exists in the unit. A value of 0 = No alarm exists, while a value of 1 = an alarm exists. The following alarm conditions in the ReliaTel Control will indicate an alarm:

Maintenance Required
Space Temp Sensor Fail
Outdoor Temp Sensor Fail
Compressor 1 HPC Lockout
Compressor 1 LPC Lockout
Comp 1 Disable Input/LPC
Compressor 2 HPC Lockout
Compressor 2 LPC Lockout
Comp 2 Disable Input/LPC
Smoke Detector
Heat Fail
Dirty Filter
Supply Fan Fail
Emergency Stop Input
FroStat™ Trip
Unit Comm Fail
Mixed Air Temp Sensor Fail (Optional)
OA Rel Humidity Fail (Optional)
RA Temp Sensor Fail (Optional)
RA Rel Humidity Fail (Optional)
Coil Temperature Sensor Fail (Heat Pump only)
Demand Defrost Fault A (Heat Pump only)
Demand Defrost Fault B (Heat Pump only)
Demand Defrost Fault C (Heat Pump only)
Demand Defrost Fault D (Heat Pump only)
Defrost Default Mode (Heat Pump only)
Local Cooling Setpt Failure (Optional)
Local Heating Setpt Failure (Optional)
Vent Override – Purge (Optional)
Vent Override – Exhaust (Optional)
Vent Override – Pressurize (Optional)
External Auto / Stop(Optional)
Freeze Stat Tripped (Optional)
Discharge Temperature Sensor Fail (Optional)
CO2 Sensor Fail (Optional)
CO2 Setpoint Fail (Optional)
Dehumid Sensor Failure (Optional)
Dehumid Setpt Failure (Optional)
Outdoor Air CFM Sensor Failure (Option)
Outdoor Air CFM Setpt Failure (Option)
Space Pressure Setpt Failure (Option)
Space Pressure Sensor Failure (Optional)
Heating High Limit Open
Inducer Proving Switch Fail
No Flame Sensed on Heat Call
Flame Rollout Switch Open
Flame Sensed w/ Gas valve Off
Gas Heat Module Failure
Economizer Actuator Fault
Comp 1 Disable Input/HPC
Comp 2 Disable Input/HPC

Installation

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#29 Effective Occupancy Output Network output SNVT_occupancy nvoEffectOccup;

This output network variable is used to indicate the actual occupancy mode of the unit. This information is typically reported to a supervisory controller, or provided to another unit to coordinate the operation of multiple units. The occupancy mode is determined by a combination of optional input network variables and logic in the controller.

Valid Range

0 = OC_OCCUPIED: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the occupied mode (e.g. occupied setpoint).

1 = OC_UNOCCUPIED: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the unoccupied mode (e.g. unoccupied setpoint and fan mode in Auto.).

2 = OC_BYPASS: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the occupied mode for a period of time defined by nciBypassTime.

3 = OC_STANDBY: The ReliaTel Control should operate in the standby mode (e.g. standby setpoints).

When Transmitted

The variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed. Additionally, this network variable will be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

Effective Occupancy Output

nviOccManCmd	nviOccSchedule ³	nviOccSensor ²	nvoEffectOccup
OC_OCCUPIED	X	X	OC_OCCUPIED
OC_UNOCCUPIED	X	X	OC_UNOCCUPIED
OC_BYPASS ¹	OC_OCCUPIED	X	OC_OCCUPIED
	OC_UNOCCUPIED	X	OC_BYPASS ¹
	OC_STANDBY	X	OC_BYPASS ¹
	OC_NUL	OC_OCCUPIED ²	OC_OCCUPIED
OC_STANDBY	X	OC_UNOCCUPIED	OC_BYPASS ¹
		OC_UNOCCUPIED	OC_STANDBY
OC_NUL	OC_OCCUPIED	OC_OCCUPIED ²	OC_OCCUPIED
		OC_UNOCCUPIED	OC_STANDBY
		OC_UNOCCUPIED	OC_UNOCCUPIED
		OC_STANDBY	OC_STANDBY
OC_NUL	OC_OCCUPIED ²	OC_OCCUPIED ²	OC_OCCUPIED
		OC_UNOCCUPIED	OC_UNOCCUPIED

Notes:

1. OC_BYPASS can be initiated by the nviOccManCmd or local sensor mounted switch. nvoEffectOccup will only be OC_BYPASS for the duration of the Local Bypass Time (nciBypassTime), until reinitiated by an update to nviOccManCmd or local switch.
2. For the occupancy sensor, OC_NUL is interpreted as OC_OCCUPIED.
3. For nviOccSchedule, this refers to the "current state" field.
4. "X" = Any State

NV#30 Effective Heat/Cool Output Network output SNVT_hvac_mode nvoHeatCool

This output network variable is used to indicate the actual heat/cool mode of the unit. This information is typically reported to a supervisory controller, or provided to another unit to coordinate the operation of multiple units. The "mode" value reported in nvoUnitStatus is the same as nvoHeatCool.

Valid Range

The valid range is described in the table below:

- 1 = HVAC_HEAT (Controller is using heat setpoints)
- 2 = HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP (Morning warmup)
- 3 = HVAC_COOL (Controller is using cool setpoints)
- 4 = HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE (Free cooling)
- 5 = HVAC_PRE_COOL (Morning cooldown)
- 6 = HVAC_OFF (No unit operation allowed)
- 7 = HVAC_TEST
(See note 2 of Effective Heat/Cool Output Table)
- 8 = HVAC_EMERG_HEAT (Emergency heat)
- 9 = HVAC_FAN_ONLY (No heating or cooling allowed)
- 12 = HVAC_MAX_HEAT
(Controller is using heat setpoints)
- 14 = HVAC_DEHUMID (Humidification Mode)

The value of nvoHeatCool is determined by the values of nviApplicMode, nviHeatCool and logic in the ReliaTel Control, as described in the following table.

Installation

Effective Heat/Cool Output

nviApplicMode	nviHeatCool	nvoHeatCool ^{1, 2}
HVAC_AUTO	HVAC_AUTO	Determined by Reliatel
HVAC_NUL	HVAC_HEAT	HVAC_HEAT
HVAC_TEST ²	HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP	HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP
	HVAC_COOL	HVAC_COOL
	HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE	HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE
	HVAC_PRE_COOL	HVAC_PRE_COOL
	HVAC_OFF	HVAC_OFF
	HVAC_TEST ²	Determined by Reliatel
	HVAC_EMERG_HEAT	HVAC_EMERG_HEAT
	HVAC_FAN_ONLY	HVAC_FAN_ONLY
	HVAC_NUL	Determined by Reliatel
HVAC_HEAT	X	HVAC_HEAT
HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP ³	X ³	HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP ³
HVAC_COOL	X	HVAC_COOL
HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE	X	HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE
HVAC_PRE_COOL	X	HVAC_PRE_COOL
HVAC_OFF	X	HVAC_OFF
HVAC_EMERG_HEAT	X	HVAC_EMERG_HEAT
HVAC_FAN_ONLY	X	HVAC_FAN_ONLY

- 1 The "mode" field of nvoUnitStatus will typically report the same value as nvoHeatCool.
- 2 nvoHeatCool will report HVAC_TEST if the Reliatel Control is put into the Service Test Mode locally. HVAC_TEST is not supported as an input.
- 3 If nviApplicMode = HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP and nviHeatCool = HVAC_EMERG_HEAT, then nvoHeatCool = HVAC_EMERG_HEAT.
- 4 nvoHeatCool will report HVAC_DEHUMID if the Reliatel Control determines it is okay to perform dehumidification. HVAC_DEHUMID is not supported as an input.

The nvoHeatCool is also used to help determine other operating parameters in the unit, including the Fan Mode, the Economizer Enable/Disable state and Economizer Minimum Position. In certain states, nvoHeatCool overrides the normal decisions for these parameters as shown in the table below:

nvoHeatCool	Fan Mode	Economizer	Economizer Minimum Position
HVAC_HEAT	nviFanModeCmd	nviEconEnable	nciOAMinPos
HVAC_COOL	nviFanModeCmd	nviEconEnable	nciOAMinPos
HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP	nviFanModeCmd	DISABLE	0
*HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE	nviFanModeCmd	ENABLE	0
HVAC_PRE_COOL	nviFanModeCmd	nviEconEnable	0
HVAC_OFF	AUTO	nviEconEnable	nciOAMinPos
HVAC_EMERG_HEAT	nviFanModeCmd	nviEconEnable	nciOAMinPos
HVAC_FAN_ONLY	ON	nviEconEnable	nciOAMinPos

*HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE disables compressors allowing for free cooling
Note: Whenever the Fan is OFF the Outdoor Air Damper (Economizer) will be closed.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#31 Local Setpoint Output

Network output SNVT_temp_p nvoSetpoint;

This output network variable is used to monitor the space temperature setpoint if a setpoint device is locally wired. If this setpoint is not locally wired, the output will send a failed value. ReliaTel Control is capable of either a local cooling setpoint device, a local heating setpoint device, or both. The following table describes how nvoSetpoint is determined, based on the options installed.

Local Cooling Setpoint	Local Heating Setpoint	nvoHeatCool	nvoSetpoint
FAILED	FAILED	X	INVALID
FAILED	VALID	X	LHS
VALID	FAILED	X	LCS
VALID	VALID		
		HVAC_HEAT	LHS
		HVAC_MRNG_WRMUP	LHS
		HVAC_EMERG_HEAT	LHS
		HVAC_COOL	LCS
		HVAC_NIGHT_PURGE	LCS
		HVAC_PRE_COOL	LCS
		HVAC_OFF	LCS
		HVAC_FAN_ONLY	LCS

Range

The range is 10C to 35C (50F to 95F). The value 0x7FFF=+327.67°C will be sent as an invalid value in case of a setpoint device failure.

When Transmitted

The variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

Installation

NV#33 Fan Speed Output

Network output SNVT_switch nvoFanSpeed;

This output network variable indicates the supply fan status mode echoed back from the ReliaTel Control.

Valid Range

State	Value	Equivalent Percent	Actual or Requested Fan State
0	n/a	0.0%	OFF
1	200	100.0%	ON

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#34 Discharge Air Temperature Output

Network output SNVT_temp_p nvoDischAirTemp;

This output network variable is used to monitor the temperature of the air that leaves the unit, if the temperature sensor is installed.

Range

The range is 0C to 100C (32F to 212F). The value 0x7FFF=+327.67C will be sent as an invalid value in case of a sensor failure.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#36 Absolute Power Consumption Output

Network output SNVT_power_kilo nvoLoadAbsK;

This output network variable indicates the unit power consumption.

Range

Note that nciApplication.CoolingSourceSize and nciApplication.HeatingSourceSize must be configured by an external tool. There is no way for the LCI-R to determine these values. The default for nciApplication is zero, so if it is not modified, nvoLoadAbsK is stuck at zero.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

Installation

NV#37 Terminal Load Output

Network output SNVT_lev_percent nvoTerminalLoad;

This output reports the current heat/cool demand of the unit. Positive implies cooling. Negative implies heating. This value is estimated from the current space temp and active setpoints.

Range

There are 4 valid values for nvoTerminalLoad: +100%, 0, -100%, -150%. The value is determined by comparing the space temp with CSP and HSP.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#42 Outdoor Air Damper Output

Network output SNVT_lev_percent nvoOADamper;

This output network variable indicates the outdoor air damper position in percent, if the unit has an economizer.

Range

The range is 0 % to 100 %. The value 0xFFFF will be sent as an invalid value to indicate that the unit does not have an economizer.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#43 Space Humidity Output

Network output SNVT_lev_percent nvoSpaceRH;

This output network variable is used to monitor the effective space relative humidity that the ReliaTel control is using. If the input nviSpaceRH has a valid value, this output will echo the value of the input. If the valid value for the nviSpaceRH does not exist, the locally wired sensor value is used. If neither value is available, the output will send the INVALID value.

Range

The range is 0 % to 100 %. The value 0x7FFF = +163.835 % will be sent as an invalid value to indicate that the locally wired humidity sensor is failed.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#44 Outdoor Air Humidity Output

Network output SNVT_lev_percent nvoOutdoorRH;

This output network variable is used to monitor the effective outdoor relative humidity that the ReliaTel control is using. If the input nviOutdoorRH has a valid value, this output will echo the value of the input. If a valid value for nviOutdoorRH does not exist, the locally wired sensor value is used. If neither value is available, the output will send the INVALID value.

Range

The range is 0 % to 100 %. The value 0x7FFF = +163.835 % will be sent as an invalid value to indicate that the locally wired humidity sensor is failed.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#45 Outdoor Air Temperature Output

Network output SNVT_temp_p nvoOutdoorTemp;

This output network variable is used to monitor the effective outdoor temperature that the ReliaTel control is using. If the input nviOutdoorTemp has a valid value, this output will echo the value of the input. If a valid value for nviOutdoorTemp does not exist, the locally wired sensor value is used. If neither value is available, the input will send the INVALID value.

Range

The range from the unit is -40C to 70C (-40F to 158F). The value 0x7FFF = +327.67C will be handled as an invalid value in case of a sensor failure.

Installation

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#46 Space CO2 Output

Network output SNVT_ppm nvoSpaceCO2;

This output network variable indicates the space CO2 in ppm, if the unit has a locally wired CO2 sensor.

Range

The range is 0 ppm to 2000 ppm. The value 0xFFFF will be sent as an invalid value to indicate that the locally wired CO2 sensor is failed.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

Mixed Air Temperature Output

Network output SNVT_temp_p nvoMATemp;

This network variable does not follow the Space Comfort Controller Functional ProfileTemplate, so it does not have a SCC NV number.

This output network variable is used to monitor the mixed air temperature of the unit, if the temperature sensor is installed.

Range

The range is 0C to 100C (32F to 212F). The value 0x7FFF = +327.67C will be handled as an invalid value in case of a sensor failure.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

Return Air Temperature Output

Network output SNVT_temp_p nvoRATemp;

This network variable does not follow the Space Comfort Controller Functional ProfileTemplate, so it does not have a SCC NV number.

This output network variable is used to monitor the return air temperature of the unit, if the temperature sensor is installed.

Range

The range is 0C to 100C (32F to 212F). The value 0x7FFF = +327.67C will be handled as an invalid value in case of a sensor failure.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.

NV#64 Mixed Air Temperature Output

Network output SNVT_temp_p nvoMixedAirTemp;

This output network variable is used to monitor the mixed air temperature of the unit, if the temperature sensor is installed.

Range

The range is 0C to 100C (32F to 212F). The value 0x7FFF = +327.67C will be handled as an invalid value in case of a sensor failure.

When Transmitted

This variable is transmitted immediately when its value has changed significantly. Additionally, this network variable will also be transmitted as a heartbeat output on a regular basis as dictated by the Maximum Send Time (nciSndHrtBt) configuration value.

Update Rate

This value will be updated no faster than the Minimum Send Time (nciMinOutTm) configuration value.

Default Service Type

The default service type is unacknowledged.



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