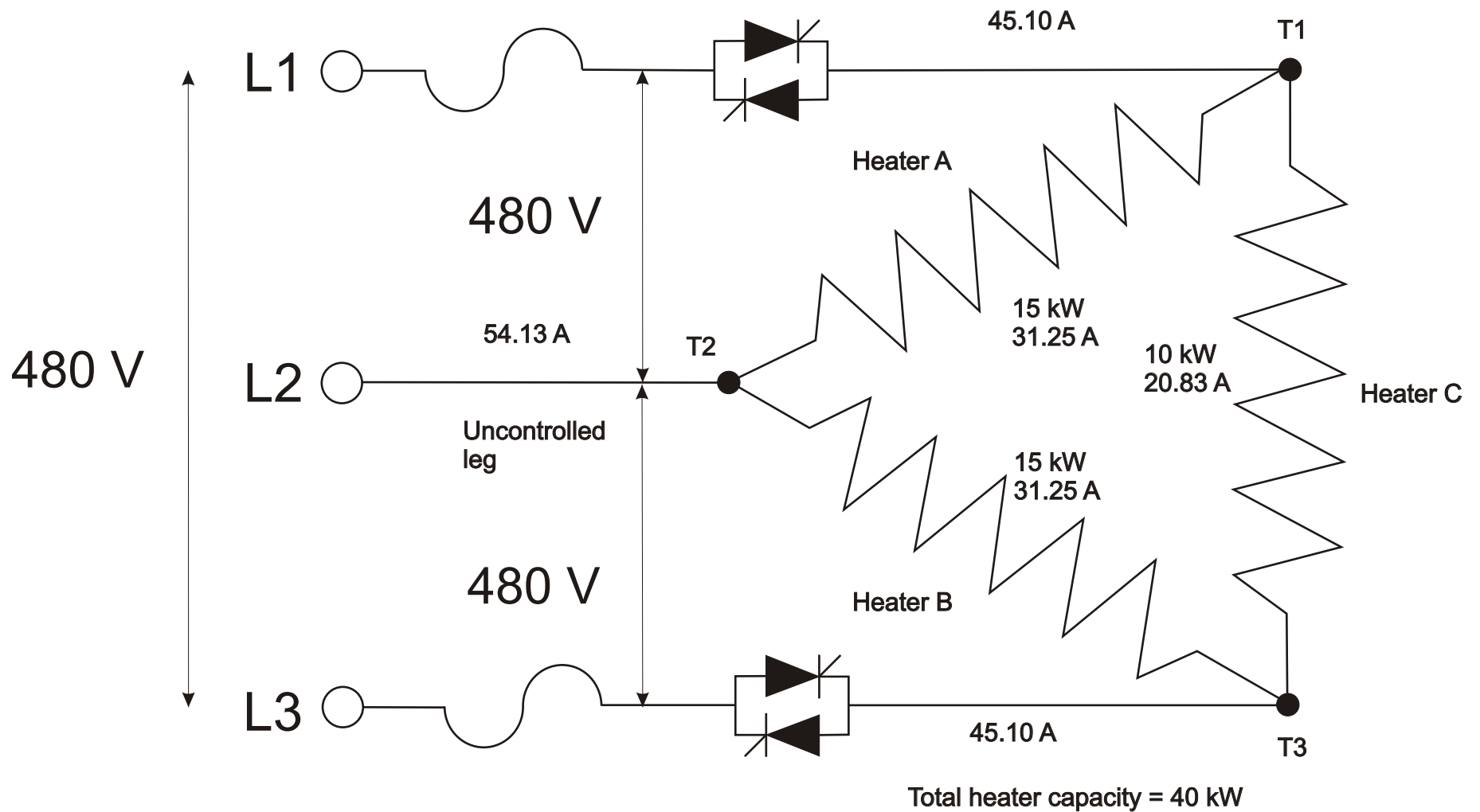


3-Phase, 2-leg Delta Unbalanced Load Current Calculations



Note: Unbalanced load should not be used
on QPAC model Q33.

Assume we have three heaters rated at 480 Volts.

Heater A = 15,000 Watts

Heater B = 15,000 Watts

Heater C = 10,000 Watts.

If we place -

Heater A between T1 to T2

Heater B between T2 to T3

Heater C between T1 to T3

then we can calculate the currents as follows:

1. Determine inside delta amperes by dividing heater wattage by line to line voltage.
 $W / V = A$ where W = Watts, V = Line voltage, A = Current in Amperes.
 - 1.1. To calculate inside current T1 to T2, $15,000 \text{ W} / 480 \text{ V} = \mathbf{31.25 \text{ A}}$
 - 1.2. To calculate inside current T2 to T3, $15,000 \text{ W} / 480 \text{ V} = \mathbf{31.25 \text{ A}}$
 - 1.3. To calculate inside current T1 to T3, $10,000 \text{ W} / 480 \text{ V} = \mathbf{20.83 \text{ A}}$
2. Determine the average amperes in each leg by adding the two legs that contribute to a particular line or phase then divide by two.
 - 2.1. To calculate average current T1 to T2, $31.25 \text{ A} + 31.25 \text{ A} = 62.45 \text{ A} / 2 = \mathbf{31.25 \text{ A}}$
 - 2.2. To calculate average current T2 to T3, $31.25 \text{ A} + 20.83 \text{ A} = 52.08 \text{ A} / 2 = \mathbf{26.04 \text{ A}}$
 - 2.3. To calculate average current T1 to T3, $31.25 \text{ A} + 20.83 \text{ A} = 52.08 \text{ A} / 2 = \mathbf{26.04 \text{ A}}$
3. Multiply the average currents by 1.732 to get line current.
 - 3.1. To calculate line current T1 to T2, $31.25 \times 1.732 = \mathbf{54.13 \text{ A}}$
 - 3.2. To calculate line current T2 to T3, $26.04 \times 1.732 = \mathbf{45.10 \text{ A}}$
 - 3.3. To calculate line current T1 to T3, $26.04 \times 1.732 = \mathbf{45.10 \text{ A}}$

To check your calculations for current you can work the formula backwards. You should have a result that equals the total 3-phase wattage. Example: $54.13 \text{ A} + 45.10 \text{ A} + 45.10 \text{ A} = 144.33 \text{ A} / 3 = 48.11 \text{ A}$ average
Now take average amperes of $48.11 \text{ A} \times 480 \text{ V} = 23,092.8 \text{ W} \times 1.732 = 39,997 \text{ Watts}$ total heater.
Rounding errors account for the difference from 40,000 to 39,997 watts.