# **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

# TalSense<sup>™</sup> Series Indoor Air Quality Sensor BACnet/Modbus/Analog





#### **IMPORTANT WARNINGS**

- Only qualified trade installers should install this product
- This product is not intended for life-safety applications
- Do not install in hazardous or classified locations
- The installer is responsible for all applicable codes
- · De-energize power supply prior to installation or service

#### PRODUCT APPLICATION LIMITATION:

Senva products are not designed for life or safety applications. Senva products are not intended for use in critical applications such as nuclear facilities, human implantable device or life support. Senva is not liable, in whole or in part, for any claims or damages arising from such uses.

## **FEATURES**

The TotalSense series design allows customization for a sensor that meets project requirements for monitoring temperature, carbon dioxide (CO2), total volatile organic compounds (TVOC), particulate matter (PM), relative humidity (RH), passive-infrared occupancy sensor (PIR), and ambient light. The product can be ordered as a stand-alone CO2, RH, Temp, TVOC, PM, or PIR sensor as well as almost any combination of sensors. Resistive-set-point sliders and pushbuttons are also available to meet the requirements for any job. All models come standard with programmable set-point relay (except on PM models) and barometric pressure compensation for CO2.

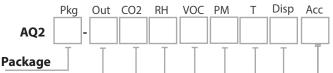
Choose the analog version to receive up to three selectable and programmable analog outputs or utilize the communications version to access a myriad of data through Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP. Communications version comes standard with ambient light sensing.

To verify the features see the 'Product Identification' section of the installation manual or use the configuration tool at senvainc.com or scan the QR code on the right.



<u>TotalSense Configurato</u>

## **PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**



# W = Surface

## **Output Type**

A = 3-wire Analog

B = BACnet/Modbus

D = BACnet/Modbus +

One Analog Out

#### **CO2**

A = None

C = Standard CO<sub>2</sub>

D = Dual Channel CO2

#### **Relative Humidity**

A = None

2 = 2% RH accuracy

#### VOC

A = None

V = TVOC

#### **Particulate Matter**

A = None

P = PM 1.0, 2.5, 4.0, 10.0 (Available on AQ2W-B

BACnet/Modbus versions only)

### **Temperature Output**

A = None

B = Transmitter and display/comms temp reading

C = 100Pt RTD

D = 1000Pt RTD

E = 10K Type 2

F = 10K Type 3

G = 10k w/11k

H = 3k

I = 2k2

J = 1k8

K = 20k

#### **Display**

X = None

D = Color OLED Display

S = Color OLED display with solid cover

R = Air Quality Ring

## PIR Motion/Occupancy Sensor

Blank = None

P = PIR Sensing

#### Accessories † ‡

 $C = 1k \Omega$  Setpoint Slider

 $D = 10k \Omega$  Setpoint Slider

 $T = 200-900 \Omega$  Setpoint Slider

 $E = 910 \Omega$  offset resistor (available with slider only)

S= Slider override Pushbutton (available with slider only)

O = Thermistor Override Pushbutton

U = User Pushbutton

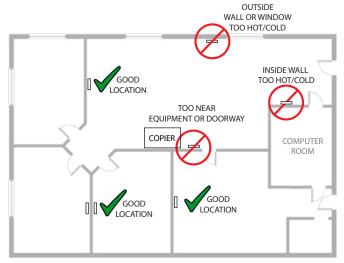
† Additional Setpoint sliders and offset resistors available upon request

‡ Slider and pushbutton options not available with PM sensor

## **INSTALLATION**

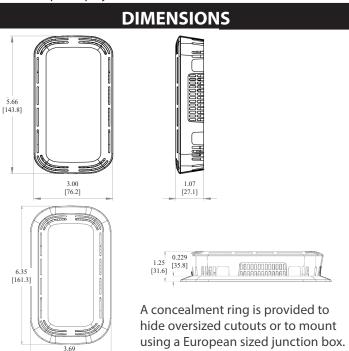
1. IMPORTANT! Locate the device in an area away from ventilation sources and heat generating equipment and appliances. The device should be mounted at light switch height in a vertical orientation. Use insulating material behind the device to ensure reading accuracy.

NOTE: Do not install the device in multi-gang electrical boxes with line voltage or other electrical devices.



- 2. Wire according to application. See "Setup-Wiring" section for details.
- 3. Install backplate to wall or junction-box using screws provided. If using optional trim ring, click the TotalSense into it and secure using 1 screw. Then, mount it to wall or junction box.
- 4. Apply power.
- 5. To configure communications or analog voltage scaling, configure DIP switches according to "Setup Analog" or "setup Communications" sections.

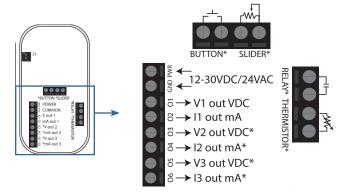
To configure the device using the color OLED screen, reference the "Setup - Display" section.



## **SETUP - WIRING**

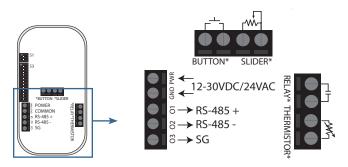
The following diagrams show terminal locations for each version of the TotalSense. The number of options selected will determine which of the terminals are included on each device.

## **Analog Wiring**



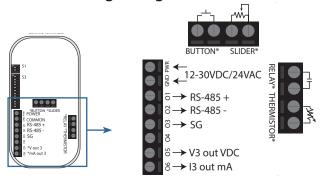
\*These terminals may not be populated depending on which model is ordered.

#### **Communications Wiring**



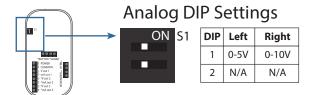
NOTE: A 120  $\Omega$  termination resistance may be added in parallel with the RS-485 +/- by moving the very top DIP switch (DIP 1) to the left position. See "DIP Configuration" section for more information.

## Comm + Analog Wiring



## **SETUP - ANALOG**

Switch 1 with two DIP switches will be provided with every device and Switch 2 with an additional 12 DIP switches will be provided with communications devices. The following diagram shows how each setting can be configured using the provided switches.



For analog voltage output, select either 0-5V (left) or 0-10V (right) outputs. These analog ranges can be adjusted using the color OLED display. **Adjustments made using the OLED display will override this DIP switch setting.** 

## **SETUP - COMMUNICATIONS**



## **Comms DIP Settings**

ON S1	DIP	Left			Right	
	1	N/A		Term	ination F	Resistor
2	2	Modbus			BACne	t
ON S3	DIP	Function	Left	Right	DIP	Fun
	1	MAC6	0 (off)	1 (on)	1-7	MAC A

	ON S3	DIP	Function	Left	Right	DIP	Function
		1	MAC6	0 (off)	1 (on)	1-7	MAC Address/
2		2	MAC5	0	1		Modbus Address
ω		3	MAC4	0	1		0-127 (binary)
4		4	MAC3	0	1	8-10	Baud Rate 0(000)=9600
5		5	MAC2	0	1		1(001)=19200
6		6	MAC1	0	1		2(010)=38400
7		7	MACO	0	1		3(011)=57600 4(100)=76800
œ		8	BAUD2	0	1		5(101)=115200
9		9	BAUD1	0	1	11-12	Data/Parity/Stp
10		10	BAUD0	0	1		0(00)=8N1
<b>1</b>		11	D/P/S1	0	1		1(01)=8N2 2(10)=8O1
12		12	D/P/S0	0	1		3(11)=8E1

DIP switches 1-7 can be arranged in 127 binary configurations to set the MAC address (BACnet) or the Modbus address. Similarly, the baud rate can be set by DIP switches 8-10 and the data/parity/stop bit can be set by DIP switches 11 and 12.

#### **SETUP - DISPLAY**

### **Example screen:**

TotalSense devices ordered with color OLED display can be configured from the display or over communications (if applicable). The default screen layout will vary depending on which model is ordered. Each of the 5 sections can be customized. See "Display Navigation Guide" for more information.



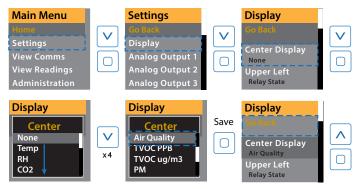
#### **Screen Lock:**

If the screen is locked, a lock icon will show when any button is pressed. To unlock, hold the UP and DOWN arrows for 5 seconds. To disable the lock feature, see "Display Navigation Guide".



## **Changing Settings:**

To change any setting, press ENTER to see the setup menu and navigate to the desired parameter type and press ENTER again to choose. The example below shows how to adjust the center reading on the display. The dashed blue line shows the desired selections and the blue buttons show how to navigate.



#### Changing a value:

To adjust a numerical setting, set each digit individually and press ENTER to move the cursor from left to right. When all digits are set, the value will be saved when ENTER is pressed again.



## **FEATURE - AIR QUALITY**

If Air Quality is selected to be displayed or if the Air quality Ring option is selected, the device will monitor each CO<sub>2</sub>, VOC, PM, RH, and Temp sensor present and will display accordingly.

The average air quality is calculated as follows:

1.Each sensor's current reading is rated according to the below thresholds and given an air quality index (AQI). For each sensor, a good rating is given an AQI of 90, fair is given an AQI of 60 and poor is given an AQI of 0.

2.The average air quality is calculated and a total air quality rating is assigned based on the following thresholds. These thresholds can be adjusted using communications or in the "Air Quality Settings" menu from the display.

- a. Good ≥ 75
- b. 55 < Fair < 75
- c. Poor  $\leq 55$

	GOOD (AQI 90)	FAIR (AQI 60)	POOR (AQI 0)
PM2.5	<35 ug/m <sup>3</sup>	35-55 ug/m³	>55ug/m³
TVOC	<1000 ug/m³	1000-3000 ug/m <sup>3</sup>	>3000 ug/m <sup>3</sup>
CO2	<1200 PPM	1200-2000 PPM	>2000 PPM
Temp	64-79°F	<64°F, >79°F	
RH	30-60%	<30%,>60%	<10%,>90%

## **FEATURE - AIR QUALITY RING**

An Air Quality (AQ) Ring may be selected in place of a display. The AQ ring will glow green, yellow, or red according to the detected levels of CO<sub>2</sub>, PM, VOC, RH, and Temp. See "Feature - Air Quality" section for thresholds.

The AQ Ring may be disabled or brightness may be adjusted if the communications model is selected. Additionally, it may be set to only display yellow or red when air quality has degraded to fair or poor levels. See TotalSense "BACnet/Modbus User Guide" for more information.

AQ Ring will turn on and off at a 5 second interval if a sensing error occurs. See "Troubleshooting" section for information.



## **FEATURE - SETPOINT RELAY**

All TotalSense models come standard with a setpoint relay except those ordered with a PM sensor.

The relay source determines which reading or status will activate the relay. This can be set or adjusted using the display or communications. See 'Display Navigation Guide' or the applicable protocol guide for details.

Each source selection has a range listed below. To set turnon and turn-off thresholds, a percentage of this range can be entered into each corresponding parameter. On display versions, the calculated value will show as the percentage is adjusted.

Each time a new source is selected, a default relay threshold will be set based on which technology is chosen. These autoset values are listed in the table below.

Source Selection	Range	Default Turn-on Threshold	Calculated Turn-on value	Default Turn-off Threshold	Calculated Turn-off value
CO2	0-10,000 PPM	8.0%	800 PPM	7.0%	700 PPM
RH	0-100% RH	60%	60% RH	55%	55% RH
Temp*	-40 - 122 °F	74%	80°F	73%	78°F
TVOC	0-10000 μg/ m³	4%	400 μg/m³	3.5%	350 μg/m³

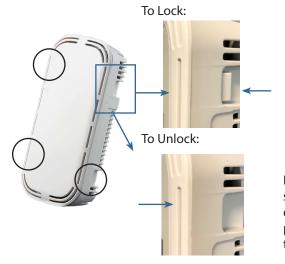
\*To calculate threshold % for a given temperature, use the following equation:

% Threshold = (T+40)/162\*100

Where T is the temperature in °F

## **FEATURE - LID LOCKS**

All TotalSense models come standard with locks to keep the lid from being removed, to stop unwanted tampering. There is a Lock located at all 4 lid snaps.



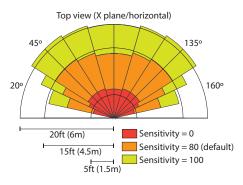
Once lid had been installed, while applying pressure to keep lid in place, push in tabs on the back of the device. Locks will \*Click\* into place.

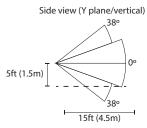
Place a small screwdriver in designated vent, push in to release the lock.

# **FEATURE - PIR OCCUPANCY**

If PIR option is selected, the PIR (Passive Infrared) sensor will trigger anytime it detects motion. If used to activate the relay or as a communications data point, an off-delay can be programmed using the display or through communications.

The below shows the distance at which the sensor will trigger a motion event based on its adjustable sensitivity rating. A motion event, for the purpose of this graph, is considered the movement of a person or large object.





PIR can be used to automaticly wake the screen when motion is detected in the room.

# **Feature - Capacitive Touch**

Capacitive Touch systems work by sensing the difference of electrical properties. This is different from other touch features that use pressure to detect button presses.

If you are experiencing Cap-touch issues ensure that your system is properly grounded. If the power supply has a floating ground it can cause the device to experience false button presses.

# **Feature - PID Controls**

PID Controls or Proportional-Integral-Derivative Controllers is a Feedback biased modular control system. A PID system will constantly calculate the error value based on current readings and desired set-point.

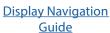
P (Proportional): The Proportional Gain will change the system sensitivity, it will change the analog output depending on the difference between the feedback value and Set-point. If this gain is set too high, the system becomes unstable and PID will create a frequency output oscillation.

I (Integral): The Integral Gain will increase the analog outputwith respect to time. The longer it takes to bring the error to zero the more the Integral gain will increase to account for that. If Integral and Proportional Gain values are set too high, the system can overshoot the set point and create an oscillation (unstable control)

D (Derivative): The Derivative Gain is different that the Proportional and Integral Gains because it does not take in account for the error. Meaning this can not bring the error to zero. The purpose of the Derivative is to smooth the rate that the error goes to zero to try and reduce overshoot. Most HVAC applications will not require the Derivative Gain to be used.

#### ADVANCED SETUP







BACnet Protocol Guide



Modbus Protocol Guide

# **TVOC OPERATION**

#### **Training Mode**

The TVOC sensor has artificial intelligence (AI) that allows it to sense and understand different environments. This AI will take 48 hours to acclimate to an environment once installed. The 48 hours will happen after every device reboot.

During this time, the sensor will go into "training mode" and will continue to display and output a TVOC value. the staus of the TVOC can be found in the device settings menu.

#### **Manual Calibration**

No manual field calibration is necessary. To maintain accuracy, the TVOC sensor will be required to be exposed to fresh air at least once every 2 days. This can be accomplished by increasing airflow in an area or by opening a window.

#### Scaling:

Senva's TVOC sensor uses an Ethanol reading to determine a raw TVOC value. Additionally, conversion from  $\mu g/m^3$  uses the molecular weight of Ethanol. To scale based on a different gas baseline, user may enter a scaling factor in TVOC Settings on the display or using communications.

## **SENVA TECHNICAL SUPPORT**

Need further assistance? Call our toll-free number for live technical support: (866) 660-8864 or feel free to email us at support@senvainc.com

## CO<sub>2</sub> CALIBRATION

#### **Automatic Calibration feature:**

The CO2 sensor will automatically baseline CO2 levels and gradually make adjustments to compensate for sensor drift due to long-term aging of the IR light source. In applications where CO2 levels are continuously elevated, or spaces are occupied day and night, it is recommended to use our dual channel CO2 sensor with automatic calibration disabled.

Senva CO2 sensors are factory calibrated to controlled test gases. No field calibration is necessary or recommended. However, to facilitate compliance with job requirements and commissioning procedures, provisions for field calibration are provided:

- 1. Locate calibration instrument and sensor in close proximity to each other in a controlled environment free of drafts, people, and equipment to reduce influence on CO2 and temperature.
- 2. Compare output of sensor to calibration instrument, and note difference. (In 0-10V mode/2000ppm range, 1V =200ppm)
- 3. Refer to the "Setup-Display" section to adjust offset value for CO<sub>2</sub> as needed. Factory calibration may be restored by setting offset back to 0.

In extreme cases where the sensor module has been damaged, a new module may be installed in the field. Consult factory for replacement module and instructions.

TROUBLESHOOTING					
Symptom	n Solution				
Alarm Icon on home screen or blinking AQ Ring	The device has experienced an error with one of the sensors. Navigate to "Advanced Settings" > "Diagnostics" screen to view more information. All zeros will be displayed if no error is present. See "Display Navigation Guide", or the applicable communications guide or consult factory for troubleshooting help or replacement element.				
No output	Check wiring. Ensure power supply meets requirements.				
	Verify control panel software is configured for correct output scaling.				
Reading error	Verify accuracy of test instrument. Observe installation and calibration guidelines.				
	Verify unit is located away from sources of hot/cold.				
	Verify sensing element is inserted properly.				
	Perform calibration only if necessary.				

Power Supply	SPECIFICATIONS						
Interface   Color OLED (optional)	D 6 1			ominal, 4W max.			
Analog Outputs (Analog version only)	Power Supply						
Analog Outputs (Analog version only)	Interface	Color OLED (optional)					
Coz. RH9s, Temp. Flemp. Silder, TVOC (selectable)	interface	Air Quality Ring					
Version only   Source   Copy, near   Copy	Analog Outputs (Analog	•	·				
Protocol Output   Connection   Connection   Connection   Data Rate   Address Range   Connection   Connectio							
Second   S	,,						
Communications version only	Protocol Output						
Address Range   Countries							
Polarity	only)			, 70000, 113200 (SWITCH Selectable)			
Polarity   Polarit		-		OVAC/DC, N.O.			
Polarity	Relay Set-point (standard		-				
Type		Source	quality, off (selectable)				
### Accuracy of the properties of the propertie		Polarity	· · · ·				
Accuracy		Туре	•				
Soloppm consult factory   1 pm   Resolution   1 pm   Resolution   1 pm   0-2000 PPM (Default) (Programmable up to 10,000 PPM)   90 seconds to 90% reading   1s   1s   1s   1s   1s   1s   1s   1				of reading) (2000-5000ppm), -10-50°C, 0-85%RH			
Part		Accuracy					
Response time   Sample rate   Sample rate   Temp and Pressure   Type   Accuracy   15   Compensated. Barometric pressure also readable over communications   Digital CMOS   22% over 0 to 80%RH range   Dogswift	60 ( 1)	Danalustinu					
Response time   Sample rate   Temp and Pressure   Temp and Pressure   Temp and Pressure   Type   Accuracy   10 jtgltal CMOS   2 ±2% over 0 to 80%RH range   0.05%RH   30s	CO <sub>2</sub> (optional)			grammable up to 10 000 RRM\			
Sample rate   Temp and Pressure   Temp and Pressure   Temp and Pressure   Temperature Transmitter (optional)   Type   T							
Temp and Pressure   Tope   Digital CMOS   2		•	•	9			
Type Accuracy   Accuracy   Accuracy   2		•					
Accuracy	•		•				
Response time   Sample rate   Operating range   Operating conditions   Operating conditi		Accuracy <sup>(2)</sup>	±2% over 0 to 80%RH rang	je			
Coptional   Sample rate   Susample rate   Operating range   Operating conditions (a)   Available   Available   Available   Operating range   Operating conditions (a)   Available   Available   Operating range   Operating range   Available   Ope	Polative Humidity						
Sample rate   Operating range   Operating conditions   Operating c	· ·		30s				
Operating conditions (4)	(optional)						
Temperature Transmitter (optional)  Type (				_			
Type Nominal Accuracy Housing Free Housing		Operating conditions (%)					
Nominal Accuracy   ±0.3° C (operating range)   ±0.5° C (operating range)   ±0.0° C		Type	•	•			
Temperature Transmitter (optional)							
(optional)         Resolution Response time Sample rate         30s	Temperature Transmitter						
Response time   Sample rate   30s   3cs   30s   3cs   3cs   30s   3cs	•						
Type Gas Total VOC  TVOC (optional)  Range O-32,000 μg/m³  Response Time <10s  Output 0-2000 μg/m³ (default) Programmable up to 32,000 μg/m³  Type Optical  PMx (optional)  CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT  Lower detection limit Precision ±10 μg/m³ (0-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-1000 μg/m³)  Type Passive Infrared  Axis X field of view Axis Y field of view 76°, 15 ft (4.5m)  Ambient Light  Operating Environment  Type Phototransistor  Class 1 Laser PRODUCT  Type Passive Infrared  140°, 15 ft (4.5m)  Phototransistor  O-100 fc (lm/ft²), readable over communications  Temperature 32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C)  O-95% non-condensing  ABS Plastic  Dimensions 5.67"h x 3.00"w x 1.07"d	•						
TVOC (optional)  Range Response Time Output O-2000 μg/m³ (default) Programmable up to 32,000 μg/m³  Type Optical PMx (optional) CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT  CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT  PM(optional)  CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT  PM(optional)  Axis X field of view Axis Y field of view Axis Y field of view Type Ambient Light  Operating Environment  Freclosure  Material  Material Dimensions  Total VOC  0-32,000 μg/m³ (default) Programmable up to 32,000 μg/m³ (Default) PM1.0, PM2.5, PM4.0, PM10.0  0-1000 μg/m³ 0-1000 μg/m³ 0-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-1000 μg/m³) Passive Infrared 140°, 15 ft (4.5 m) Phototransistor 0-100 fc (lm/ft²), readable over communications 32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C) 0-95% non-condensing  ABS Plastic 5.67″h x 3.00″w x 1.07″d				100ms			
Range Response Time		* *					
Response Time Output 0-2000 μg/m³ (default) Programmable up to 32,000 μg/m³  Type Optical  PMx (optional) CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT  PIR (optional)  Axis X field of view Axis Y field of view Axis Y field of view Scale O-100 fc (Im/ft²), readable over communications  Type Phototransistor Operating Environment  Tenclosure  Response Time O-2000 μg/m³ (default) Programmable up to 32,000 μg/m³  Type PM1.0, PM2.5, PM4.0, PM10.0  0-1000 μg/m³ 0.3 μm 10 μg/m³ (0-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-1000 μg/m³)  10 μg/m³ (0-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-1000μg/m³); ±10% (100-1000μg/m³)  10 μg/m³ (0-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-100μg/m³); ±							
Output 0-2000 μg/m³ (default) Programmable up to 32,000 μg/m³  Type Optical  PMx (optional) CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT  Scale Lower detection limit Precision ±10 μg/m³ (0-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-1000 μg/m³)  Type Passive Infrared  PIR (optional)  Axis X field of view Axis Y field of view Axis Y field of view Scale 0-100 fc (Im/ft²), readable over communications  Temperature Humidity 0-95% non-condensing  Material ABS Plastic  Fixed Optional Optional PMX 10, PM2.5, PM4.0, PM10.0  PM1.0, PM2.5, PM4.0, PM10.0  PM1.0, PM2.5, PM4.0, PM10.0  PM1.0, PM2.5, PM4.0, PM10.0  PM1.0, PM2.5, PM4.0, PM10.0  10, 3 μm  10, 400-1000 μg/m³)  10, 100-1000 μg/m³  10, 100-1000	TVOC (optional)	9					
PMx (optional) CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT  PMx (optional) CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT  Lower detection limit Precision Passive Infrared Passive Infrared Pove, 15 ft (4.5m) Phototransistor Phototransistor O-100 fc (Im/ft²), readable over communications Precision Prec		•		avammahla un ta 22 000 un /m³			
PMx (optional)  Size Range CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT  Scale Lower detection limit Precision  Type Passive Infrared  Axis X field of view Axis Y field of view Type Ambient Light  Operating Environment  Enclosure  Size Range PM1.0, PM2.5, PM4.0, PM10.0  0-1000 $\mu$ g/m³  0.3 $\mu$ m  10 $\mu$ g/m³ (0-100 $\mu$ g/m³); $\pm$ 10% (100-1000 $\mu$ g/m³)  Passive Infrared 140°, 15 ft (4.5m)  76°, 15 ft (4.5m) Phototransistor 0-100 fc (Im/ft²), readable over communications 32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C) 0-95% non-condensing  Material Dimensions  ABS Plastic 5.67"h x 3.00"w x 1.07"d		•		grammable up to 52,000 μg/m			
CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT  Scale  Lower detection limit  Precision  Type  Passive Infrared  Axis X field of view  Axis Y field of view  Axis Y field of view  Ambient Light  Operating Environment  Enclosure  PMX (optional)  Scale  0-1000 μg/m³  0.3 μm  Passive Infrared  140°, 15 ft (4.5m)  76°, 15 ft (4.5m)  Phototransistor  0-100 fc (Im/ft²), readable over communications  32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C)  0-95% non-condensing  ABS Plastic  5.67″h x 3.00″w x 1.07″d			•	0.0			
Lower detection limit Precision  Type Passive Infrared  Axis X field of view Axis Y field of view Axis Y field of view Ambient Light  Operating Environment  Enclosure  Lower detection limit Precision  Ay μm  ±10 μg/m³ (0-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-1000 μg/m³)  140°, 15 ft (4.5m)  76°, 15 ft (4.5m)  Phototransistor O-100 fc (Im/ft²), readable over communications  32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C) O-95% non-condensing  ABS Plastic  5.67″h x 3.00″w x 1.07″d	•	•					
Precision ±10 μg/m³ (0-100μg/m³); ±10% (100-1000 μg/m³)  Type Passive Infrared  PIR (optional) Axis X field of view 140°, 15 ft (4.5m)  Axis Y field of view 76°, 15 ft (4.5m)  Ambient Light Scale 0-100 fc (Im/ft²), readable over communications  Operating Environment Humidity 0-95% non-condensing  Enclosure Material Dimensions 5.67″h x 3.00″w x 1.07″d	CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT		. 5				
Type Passive Infrared  PIR (optional)  Axis X field of view Axis Y field				-10% (100-1000 μg/m³)			
Axis Y field of view 76°, 15 ft (4.5m)  Type Phototransistor  Scale 0-100 fc (lm/ft²), readable over communications  Temperature 32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C)  Humidity 0-95% non-condensing  Enclosure Material Dimensions 5.67"h x 3.00"w x 1.07"d		Туре					
Ambient Light  Type Scale O-100 fc (lm/ft²), readable over communications  Temperature Operating Environment Humidity Enclosure  Type O-100 fc (lm/ft²), readable over communications  32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C) O-95% non-condensing ABS Plastic Dimensions 5.67″h x 3.00″w x 1.07″d	PIR (optional)						
Ambient Light Scale O-100 fc (lm/ft²), readable over communications  Temperature Humidity Operating Environment  Enclosure  O-100 fc (lm/ft²), readable over communications 32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C) O-95% non-condensing ABS Plastic 5.67″h x 3.00″w x 1.07″d							
Operating Environment  Temperature Humidity  O-95% non-condensing  Material Dimensions  O-100 fc (im/ft-), readable over communications 32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C) 0-95% non-condensing  ABS Plastic 5.67"h x 3.00"w x 1.07"d							
Enclosure  Humidity O-95% non-condensing  Material ABS Plastic  5.67"h x 3.00"w x 1.07"d	Scale 0-100 fc (Im/ft <sup>-</sup> ), readable over communications			over communications			
Enclosure Material ABS Plastic Dimensions 5.67"h x 3.00"w x 1.07"d	Unerating Environment						
Enclosure Dimensions 5.67"h x 3.00"w x 1.07"d		· ·	•				
	Enclosure						
	Compliance						
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<sup>(1)</sup> One side of transformer, secondary is connected to signal common. Dedicated transformer is recommended.

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<sup>(2)</sup> Models with PM sensor included achieve  $\pm 5\%$  accuracy over 0 to 80%RH range and an additional temperature shift of up  $+0.5^{\circ}$  C

<sup>(3)</sup> Time for reaching 63% of reading at 25° C and 1 m/s airflow

<sup>(4)</sup> Long term exposures to conditions outside normal range at high humidity may temporarily offset the RH reading (+3%RH after 60 hours.)