

INVERTER



Communication - Addendum

- Modbus RTU / ASCII
- BACnet

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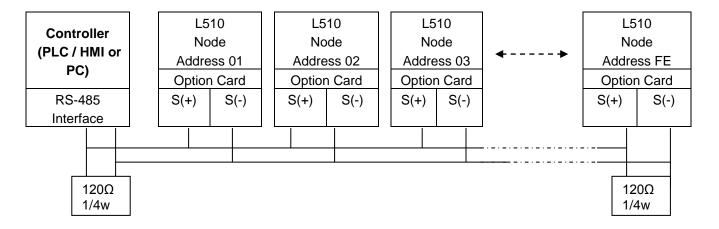
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1.0 Modbus Protocol Descriptions

1.0.1 Communication Connection and Data Frame

The inverter can communicate with a PC or PLC via RS485 using the Modbus RTU or Modbus ASCII protocol. The maximum frame length is 80 bytes.

Network Connection



^{**} Terminate the communications line with a (120 ohm, 1/4 watt) resistor at both ends.

Data Format Frame

Data Frame for ASCII Mode

STX(3AH)	Start Bit = 3AH
Node Address Hi	Communication Address(Station):
Node Address Lo	2-digit ASCII Code
Function Hi	-Function Code (command):
Function Lo	2-digit ASCII Code
Command Start Address	
Command Start Address	Command Start byte:
Command Start Address	4-digit ASCII Code
Command Start Address	
Data length	
Data length	The length of the command:
Data length	-4-digit ASCII Code
Data length	Taight Noon oodo
LRC Check Hi	-LRC Check Code:
LRC Check Lo	2-digit ASCII Code
END Hi	End Byte:
END Lo	END Hi=CR(0DH), END Li = LF(0AH)

Data Frame for RTU Mode

Master (PLC etc.) sends request to follower (inverter), and the follower sends a response to the master (PC, PLC). The data received is illustrated here.

The data length varies depending on the command (Function).

Node Address
Function Code
DATA
CRC CHECK
Signal Interval

^{**} The inverter response time is 10ms.

Node Address

00H: Broadcast to all the drivers 01H: to the No. 01 inverter 0FH: to the No.15 inverter

10H: to the No.16 inverter and so on...., max to No. 254 (FEH)

Function Code

03H: Read the register contents 06H: Write a WORD to register

08H: Loop test

10H: Write several data to register (complex number register write)

Checksum Calculation

CS(L) =

LRC

-110		
ex. NODE ADDRESS	01H	
FUNCTION	03H	
COMMAND	01H	
		00H
+ DATA LENGTH	0AH	
		0FH 2's complement
Checksum	F1H	
CS (H)		46H (ASCII)

31H (ASCII)

CRC

CRC Check: CRC code covers the content from node address to DATA. Please calculate it according to the following methods.

- (1) Load a 16-bit register with FFFF hex (all1's). Call this CRC register.
- (2) Exclusive OR the first 8-bit byte of the message, the low-order byte of the 16-bit CRC register, putting the result in the CRC register.
- (3) Shift the CRC register one bit to the right (toward the LSB), Zero-filling the MSB, Extract and examines the LSB.
- (4) (If the LSB was 0): Repeat Steps (3) (another shift) (If the LSB was 1): Exclusive OR the CRC register with the polynomial value A001 hex (1010 0000 0000 0001), putting the result in CRC register.
- (5) Repeat Steps (3) and (4) until 8 shifts been performed. When this is done, a complete 8-bit byte will be processed.
- (6) Repeat Steps (2) through (5) for next 8-bit byte of the message, Continue doing this until all bytes have been processed. The final content in the CRC register is the CRC value. When sending the CRC value, the Low-order byte should be sent firstly, then the High-order byte. For example, CRC value: 1241 Hex, the high-order byte should be set to 41hex and low-order byte 12hex.

CRC calculate program (C language):

```
UWORD ch_sum ( UBYTE long , UBYTE *rxdbuff )
{
    BYTE i = 0;
    UWORD wkg = 0xFFFF;
    while ( long-- ) {
        wkg ^= rxdbuff++;
        for ( i = 0 ; i < 8; i++ ) {
        if ( wkg & 0x0001 ) {
            wkg = ( wkg >> 1 ) ^ 0xa001;
        }
        else {
            wkg = wkg >> 1;
        }
    }
    return( wkg );
}
```

ASCII Mode		
STX	·.·	
Λ -l -l	'0'	
Address	'1'	
C. matian	'8'	
Function	'6 '	
Exception	' 5'	
code	'1'	
LRC Check	'2'	
LRC Check	'8'	
END	'CR'	
END	'LF'	

RTU Mode				
Node Address	02H			
Function	83H			
Exception cod	52H			
ODO 40	High	C0H		
CRC-16	Low	CDH		

During a communication error the drive will response with an Exception Code and send a message back to the main system consisting of a Function Code that is "ANDED (and 80h)" with 80 Hex.

Exception code	Content
01	Function code error
02	Register number error
03	Number error
04	DATA setting error

1.0.2 Register and Data Format Command Data (Read / Write)

Register No.	Bit	Content		
2500H	Reserved			
		Operation Signal		
	0	Operation Command 1: Run 0: Stop		
	1	Reverse Command 1:Reverse 0:Forward		
	2	Abnormal 1 : EFO		
	3	Fault Reset 1: Reset		
	4	Jog Forward Command 1 : Jog Forward		
	5	Jog Reverse Command 1 : Jog Reverse		
2501H	6	Multi-function CommandS1 1:"ON" 0:"OFF"		
200111	7	Multi-function CommandS2 1:"ON" 0:"OFF"		
	8	Multi-function CommandS3 1:"ON" 0:"OFF"		
	9	Multi-function CommandS4 1:"ON" 0:"OFF"		
	А	Multi-function CommandS5 1:"ON" 0:"OFF"		
	В	Reserved		
	С	Relay R1 1 :"ON" 0:"OFF"		
	D	Reserved		
	E~F	Reserved		
2502H	Frequency Command			
2503~251FH	Reserve	Reserved		

Note: Write a zero into the register for not used bit; do not write data to a reserved register.

Monitor Data (Read-only)

Register No.		Bit		Co	ontent	
State		0	Operation		1 : Run 0 : Stop	
	Sta	1	Direction		1 : Reverse 0 : Forward	
		2	Inverter ready		1 : ready 0 : not ready	
232011	Signal	3	Fault		1 : Fault	
	nal	4	Data setting error		1 :"ON"	
		5-F	Reserved			
		00	Inverter ok	20	Over current during decelerating) (OC-D)	
		01	Inverter over heat)(OH)	21	(OC_S)	
		02	Over current at stop)(OC)	22	Reserved	
		03	Under voltage(LV)	23	Under voltage during running (LV-C)	
		04	Over voltage)(OV)	24	Over voltage at constant speed (OV-C)	
		05	Reserved	25	Inverter over heat during running (OH-C)	
		06	External BB(bb)	26	stop at 0 Hz(STP0)	
		07	(CTER)	27	Direct start disable)(STP1)	
	ш	08	(PDER)	28	Control panel emergency stop(STP2)	
	Error	09	(EPR)	29	Keypad operation error)(Err1)	
2521H	Des	10	(ATER)	30	Parameter setting error(Err2)	
	Description	11	(OL3)	31	(Err4)	
	ion	12	Inverter over load(OL510)	32	Communication failure) (Err5)	
		13	Motor over load(OL1)	33	Communication failure(Err6)	
		14	(EFO)	34	(Err7)	
		15	External bb E.S)	35	(Err8)	
		16	(LOC)	36	Reserved	
		17	Reserved	37	Reserved	
		18	Over voltage at constant speed (OC-C)	38	(EPR1)	
		19	Over current during accelerating)(OC-A)	39	(EPR2)	
				40	Inverter over speed(OVSP)	
			Multi-function Comm S1	1	:"ON" 0:"OFF"	
2522H 2522H	0	1	Multi-function Comm S2		:"ON" 0:"OFF"	
	ဋ	2	Multi-function Comm S3		:"ON" 0:"OFF"	
	ate	3	Multi-function Comm S4		:"ON" 0:"OFF"	
	-	4	Multi-function Comm S5		:"ON" 0:"OFF"	

		·		
	5	Reserved		
	6	Relay R1Y 1:"ON" 0:"OFF"		
	7	Reserved		
	8	Reserved		
	9	Reserved		
	Α	Reserved		
	В	Reserved		
	С	Reserved		
	D	Reserved		
	Е	Reserved		
	F	Reserved		
2523H	Frequ	Frequency command(100/1Hz)		
2524H	Outpu	Output frequency (100/1Hz)		
2525H	Outpu	Output voltage command (10/1V)		
2526H	DC vo	DC voltage command (1/1V)		
2527H	Outpu	Output current (10/1A)		
2528H	reserv	reserved		
2529H	reserv	reserved		
252AH	PID fe	PID feedback (100% / fmax , 10/1%)		
252BH	PID in	PID input (100% / fmax, 10/1%)		
252CH	TM2	TM2 AVI input value (1000 / 10V) *1		
252DH	TM2 ACI input value (1000 / 10V) *1			
252EH	reserv	reserved		
252FH	L510 identification: 0x0110			

Note: Write a zero into the register for not used bit; do not write data to a reserved register.

Read Holding Register [03H]

Read consecutive holding registers. The address of the first holding register is specified in the protocol Example: Read frequency command from the inverter with node address 1.

ASCII Mode

Command Message

ЗАН	STX	
	OIX	
30H	Nodo Address	
31H	Node Address	
30H	Function	
33H	Function	
30H		
31H	Starting	
32H	Register	
33H		
30H		
30H	Number of	
30H	Registers	
31H		
?		
?	LRC CHECK	
0DH	END	
0AH	END	

Response Message (Normal)

Nesponse Message (Monnai)				
3AH	STX			
30H	North Address			
31H	Node Address			
30H	Function			
33H	Function			
30H	Data Langth			
32H	Data Length			
31H				
37H	Dete			
37H	Data			
30H				
?	LRC CHECK			
?				
0DH	END			
0AH				

Response Message (Error)

respons	c message (Enter	
3AH	STX	
30H	Node Address	
32H		
38H	Function	
33H		
35H	F	
32H	Exception code	
?	LDC CLIECK	
?	LRC CHECK	
0DH	END	
0AH	END	

RTU Mode

Command Message

Node Address	
Function	
High	01H
Low	23H
High	00H
Low	01H
High	74H
Low	3CH
	High Low High Low High

Response Message (Normal)

Node Address		01H
Function		03H
Data Length		02H
Data	High	17H
	Low	70H
CRC-16	High	AFH
	Low	82H

moopenee meeedge (=me		
Node Address		02H
Function		83H
Exception code		52H
CRC-16	High	C0H
	Low	CDH

Loop back test [08H]

Check the communication between the master and the follower (inverter). The data used can be arbitrary.

ASCII Mode

Command Message

Command Message		
3AH	STX	
30H	Node Address	
31H		
30H	F	
38H	Function	
30H		
30H	Test Code	
30H	rest Code	
30H		
41H	DATA	
35H		
33H		
37H		
?		
?	LRC CHECK	
0DH	END	
0AH	END	

Response Message (Normal)

. <u>100ponoo</u>	wessage (Norma	
3AH	STX	
30H	Node Address	
31H		
30H	Function	
38H	Function	
30H		
30H	Test Code	
30H	rest Code	
30H		
41H		
35H	DATA	
33H		
37H		
?	I DC CHECK	
?	LRC CHECK	
0DH	END	
0AH	END	

Response Message (Error)

tooponoo moooago (=mo		
3AH	STX	
30H	Nicola Adduses	
31H	Node Address	
38H	Function	
38H		
32H	Exception code	
30H		
?	LDC CHECK	
?	LRC CHECK	
0DH	END	
0AH	END	

RTU Mode

Command Message

Command Message		
Node Address		
Function		
High	00H	
Low	00H	
High	A5H	
Low	37H	
High	DAH	
Low	8DH	
	High Low High Low High	

Response Message (Normal)

tooponioo moooago (itoimai)		
Node Address		01H
Function		08H
Test Code	High	00H
	Low	00H
DATA	High	A5H
	Low	37H
CRC-16	High	DAH
	Low	8DH

Node Address		01H
Function		88H
Exception code		20H
CRC-16	High	47H
	Low	D8H

Write Single Holding Register [06H]

Write single holding register. The register address of the holding register is specified in the message.

Example: Write a 60.00Hz frequency command to node address 1.

ASCII Mode

Command Message

Command Message		
3AH	STX	
30H	Nicola Adducas	
31H	Node Address	
30H	Function	
36H	Function	
30H		
31H	Starting	
30H	Register	
32H		
31H		
37H	DATA	
37H		
30H		
?		
?	LRC CHECK	
0DH	END	
0AH	END	

Response Message (Normal)

Response	Message (Norma	
3AH	STX	
30H	Node Address	
31H		
30H	Function	
36H	Function	
30H		
31H	Starting	
30H	Register	
32H		
31H		
37H	DATA	
37H		
30H		
?		
?	LRC CHECK	
0DH	END	
0AH	END	

Response Message (Error)

esponse message (Entoi)			
ЗАН	STX		
30H	Nodo Addross		
31H	Node Address		
38H	F oti o o		
36H	Function		
35H	Everation and		
32H	Exception code		
?	LDC CHECK		
?	LRC CHECK		
0DH	END		
0AH	END		

RTU Mode

Command Message

Oommand Mc33agc			
Node Addre	01 H		
Function		06H	
Ctort No	High	01H	
Start No	Low	02H	
DATA	High	17H	
DATA	Low	70H	
CRC-16	High	27H	
CKC-16	Low	E2H	

Response Message (Normal)			
Node Address		01H	
Function		06H	
Ctowt No	High	01H	
Start No	Low	02H	
DATA	High	17H	
DATA	Low	70H	
000.46	High	27H	
CRC-16	Low	E2H	

<u> </u>			
Node Address		01H	
Function		86H	
Exception code		52H	
000.40	High	СЗН	
CRC-16	Low	9DH	

Write Multiple Holding Register [10H]

Write multiple holding registers. The address of the first holding register is specified in the message.

Example: Write a 60.00Hz frequency command to node address 1 and enable FWD run command.

ASCII Mode

Command	l Message
---------	-----------

Command Message			
3AH STX			
30H	Node Address		
31H	Node Address		
31H	C. matian		
30H	Function		
30H			
31H	Starting		
30H	Register		
31H			
30H			
30H	Number of		
30H	Registers		
32H			
30H	Number of		
34H	Bytes*		
30H			
30H	DATA 1		
30H	DATAT		
31H			
31H			
37H	DATA 2		
37H	DATAZ		
30H			
?	LRC CHECK		
?	LKC CHECK		
0DH	END		
0AH	EIND		

Response Message (Normal)

response	wessage (Norma	
3AH	STX	
30H	Nodo Addroso	
31H	Node Address	
31H	Function	
30H	Function	
30H		
31H	Starting	
30H	Register	
31H		
30H		
30H	Number of	
30H	Registers	
32H		
?	I BC CHECK	
?	LRC CHECK	
0DH	END	
0AH		

(Coponise Message (Enter)			
3AH	STX		
30H	NI. I. A.I.I.		
31H	Node Address		
39H	F eti e		
30H	Function		
35H	Exception code		
32H			
?	LRC CHECK		
?			
0DH	END		
0AH			

^{*} Number of bytes is register amount x 2

RTU Mode

Command Message

Node Addre	01H		
Function		10H	
Starting	High	01H	
Register	Low	01H	
Number of	Number of High		
Registers Low		02H	
Number of Bytes*		04H	
DATA	High	00H	
DATA 1	Low	01H	
DATAO	High	17H	
DATA 2	Low	70H	
000.46	High	60H	
CRC-16	Low	27H	

Response Message (Normal)

Node Address		01H		
Function		10H		
Starting	High	01H		
Register Low		01H		
Number of	High	00H		
Registers Low		02H		
000.40	High	11H		
CRC-16	Low	F4H		

Node Add	01H	
Function	90H	
Exception	52H	
000.40	High	CDH
CRC-16	Low	FDH

^{*} Data amount is register amount x 2

1.0.3 Parameter Data

Register No.	Function	Register No.	Function	Register No.	Function
Group00		Group01			
0000H	00-00	0100H	01-00	0200H	02-00
0001H	00-01	0101H	01-01	0201H	02-01
0002H	00-02	0102H	01-02	0202H	02-02
0003H	00-03	0103H	01-03	0203H	02-03
0004H	00-04	0104H	01-04	0204H	02-04
0005H	00-05	0105H	01-05	0205H	02-05
0006H	00-06	0106H	01-06	0206H	02-06
0007H	00-07	0107H	01-07	0207H	02-07
H8000	00-08	0108H	01-08	0208H	02-08
0009H	00-09	0109H	01-09	0209H	02-09
000AH	00-10	010AH	01-10	020AH	02-10
000BH	00-11	010BH	01-11	020BH	02-11
000CH	00-12	010CH	01-12	020CH	02-12
000DH	00-13	010DH	01-13	020DH	02-13
000EH	00-14	010EH	01-14	020EH	02-14
000FH	00-15	010FH	01-15	020FH	02-15
0010H	00-16	0110H	01-16	0210H	02-16
0011H	00-17	0111H	01-17	0211H	02-17
0012H	00-18	0112H	01-18		
0013H	00-19				
0014H	00-20				

Register No.	Function	Register No.	Function	Register No.	Function
Group03		Group04		Group05	
0300H	03-00	0400H	04-00	0500H	05-00
0301H	03-01	0401H	04-01	0501H	05-01
0302H	03-02	0402H	04-02	0502H	05-02
0303H	03-03	0403H	04-03	0503H	05-03
0304H	03-04	0404H	04-04	0504H	05-04
0305H	03-05	0405H	04-05	0505H	05-05
0306H	03-06	0406H	04-06	0506H	05-06
0307H	03-07	0407H	04-07	0507H	05-07
0308H	03-08	0408H	04-08	0508H	05-08
0309H	03-09	0409H	04-09	0509H	05-09
030AH	03-10	040AH	04-10	050AH	05-10
030BH	03-11	040BH	04-11	050BH	05-11
030CH	03-12	040CH	04-12	050CH	05-12
030DH	03-13	040DH	04-13	050DH	05-13
030EH	03-14	040EH	04-14	050EH	05-14
030FH	03-15	040FH	04-15	050FH	05-15
0310H	03-16			0510H	05-16
0311H	03-17			0511H	05-17
0312H	03-18			0512H	05-18
0313H	03-19			0513H	05-19
0314H	03-20			0514H	05-20
0315H	03-21			0515H	05-21
				0516H	05-22
				0517H	05-23
				0518H	05-24
				0519H	05-25
				051AH	05-26
				051BH	05-27
				051CH	05-28
				051DH	05-29
				051EH	05-30
				051FH	05-31
				0520H	05-32

Register No.	Function	Register No.	Function	Register No.	Function
Group06		Group07		Group08	
0600H	06-00	0700H	07-00	0800H	08-00
0601H	06-01	0701H	07-01	0801H	08-01
0602H	06-02	0702H	07-02	0802H	08-02
0603H	06-03	0703H	07-03	0803H	08-03
0604H	06-04	0704H	07-04	0804H	08-04
0605H	06-05	0705H	07-05	0805H	08-05
0606H	06-06	0706H	07-06	0806H	08-06
0607H	06-07	0707H	07-07	0807H	08-07
0608H	06-08	0708H	07-08	0808H	08-08
0609H	06-09	0709H	07-09	0809H	08-09
060AH	06-10			080AH	08-10
060BH	06-11			080BH	08-11
060CH	06-12			080CH	08-12
060DH	06-13			080DH	08-13
060EH	06-14			080EH	08-14
060FH	06-15			080FH	08-15
0610H	06-16			0810H	08-16
0611H	06-17				
0612H	06-18				
0613H	06-19				
0614H	06-20				
0615H	06-21				
0616H	06-22				
0617H	06-23				
0618H	06-24				
0619H	06-25				
061AH	06-26				
061BH	06-27				
061CH	06-28				
061DH	06-29				
061EH	06-30				
061FH	06-31				
0620H	06-32				
0621H	06-33				
0622H	06-34				
0623H	06-35				
0624H	06-36				
0625H	06-37				
0626H	06-38				
0627H	06-39				

Register No.	Function	Register No.	Function	Register No.	Function
Group09		Group10	Group10		
0900H	09-00	0A00H	10-00	0B00H	11-00
0901H	09-01	0A01H	10-01	0B01H	11-01
0902H	09-02	0A02H	10-02	0B02H	11-02
0903H	09-03	0A03H	10-03	0B03H	11-03
0904H	09-04	0A04H	10-04	0B04H	11-04
0905H	09-05	0A05H	10-05	0B05H	11-05
0906H	09-06	0A06H	10-06	0B06H	11-06
0907H	09-07	0A07H	10-07	0B07H	11-07
0908H	09-08	0A08H	10-08	0B08H	11-08
0909H	09-09	0A09H	10-09	0B09H	11-09
090AH	09-10	0A0AH	10-10	0B0AH	11-10
		0A0BH	10-11	0B0BH	11-11
		0A0CH	10-12	0B0CH	11-12
		0A0DH	10-13	0B0DH	11-13
		0A0EH	10-14	0B0EH	11-14
		0A0FH	10-15	0B0FH	11-15
		0A10H	10-16	0B10H	11-16
		0A11H	10-17	0B11H	11-17
		0A12H	10-18	0B12H	11-18
		0A13H	10-19	0B13H	11-19
		0A14H	10-20	0B14H	11-20
		0A15H	10-21		
		0A16H	10-22		

Register No.	Function	Register No.	Function	Register No.	Function
Group12		Group13			
0C00H	12-00	0D00H	13-00		
0C01H	12-01	0D01H	13-01		
0C02H	12-02	0D02H	13-02		
0C03H	12-03	0D03H	13-03		
0C04H	12-04	0D04H	13-04		
0C05H	12-05	0D05H	13-05		
		0D06H	13-06		
		0D07H	13-07		
		0D08H	13-08		

1.1 BACnet Protocol Descriptions

BACnet is in compliance with four-layers of the seven-layer structure models in OSI (Open Systems Interconnection) of International Standard Organization (ISO). The four-layers are application layer, network layer, data link layer and physical layer. BACnet uses "object" and "properties." All BACnet devices are controlled via the property of the objects. Every controller with BACnet devices is considered an object collector so that every controller device can execute different functions supported by the objects to control and monitor a BACnet device.

Application Layer of BACnet

Network Layer of BACnet

ISO- 8802-2
(IEEE802.2)

MS/TP

PTP

ISO- 8802-3
(IEEE802.3)

ARCNET

EIA-485

EIA-232

Application
Layer

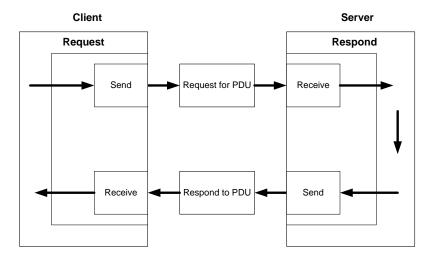
Network Layer

Data Link Layer

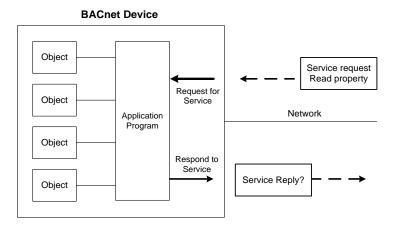
Physical Layer

1.1.1 BACnet Services

Services provide commands to save or control information and functions for the purpose of monitoring and control. Example, a BACnet device receives information or a command to handle a request from another BACnet device therefor the two devices have to support the same service. To complete the exchange of these service messages, requires implementation of the communication protocol application layer. Therefore, services are parts of the communication protocol data unit (PDU) in the application layer and build the communication modes between the Server – Client. Client will send a service request to the Server and the Server needs to respond to Client to execute this service. Refer to the following figure.

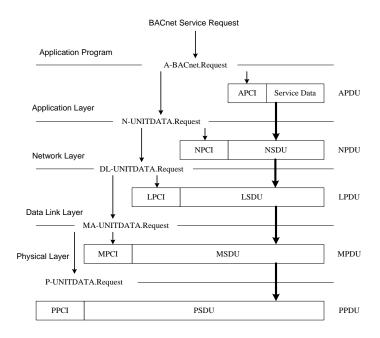


All BACnet devices use application programs to manage and handle services. Example: Application program has to display the status of every input so it requires sending the service request to the object of another device to update its display with the input status. The application program of the device needs to respond to the service request. Refer to the following figure.



1.1.2 BACnet Protocol Structure

The BACnet communication protocol is implemented by way of a protocol stack composed of stacked layer types. Refer to the following figure.



When an application program sends a BACnet service request, it is handled by the BACnet node in the application layer via the application program interface. The request is sent to the application layer and application protocol data unit (APDU) consists of Application Protocol Control Information (APCI) and Service Data of application program. It then passes the APDU downward to the BACnet request program in the network layer. APDU becomes Network Layer Protocol Data Unit (NPDU) composed of Network Service Data Unit (NSDU) and Network Protocol Control Information (NPCI) and the data link layer and physical layer complete the service request for the packet.

1.1.3 BACnet Specifications

The L510 inverter has a built-in BACnet MS/TP communication protocol. Control or monitor the inverter via BACnet allowing for reading and writing of specific parameters. The BACnet implementation supports the following standard objects:

■ Inverter Objects

■ Analog Input ■ Analog Output ■ Analog Value ■ Digital Input ■ Digital Output ■ Digital Value

Refer to Table 4.7.3.1 for property information of each object. User can retrieve object properties using the dedicated BACnet software to control or monitor the inverter.

Table 4.6.3.1 Object and property supporting list

Property	Inverter (DEV)	Analog Input (AI)	Analog Output (AO)	Analog Value (AV)	Digital Input (BI)	Digital Output (BO)	Digital Value (BV)
Object_Identifier	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Object_Name	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Object_Type	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
System_Status	V						
Vendor_Name	V						
Vendor_ Identifier	V						
Model_Name	V						
Firmware_Revision	V						
Applocation_Software_Supported	V						
Protocol_Version	٧						
Protocol_Revision	٧						
Protocol_Services_Supported	٧						
Protocol_Object_Type_Supported	٧						
Object_List	٧						
Max_APDU_Length_Accepted							
Segmentation_Supported							
APDU_Timeout							
Number_Of_APDU_Retries							
Max_Masters	٧						
Max_Info_Frames	٧						
Device_Address_Binding							
Location	٧						
Presnent_Value		V	V	V	V	V	V
Status_Flags							
Event_State							
Reliability							
Out_Of_Service							
Units		٧	V	V			
Priority_Array							
Relinquish_Default							
Polarity							
Inactive_Text							
Active_Text							

1.1.4 BACnet Object Properties

This section gives an overview of the BACnet objects supported by the inverter.

Refer to Table 1.1.4.1 for the inverter property information.

Refer to Table 1.1.4.2 ~ Table 1.1.4.7 for object information that the inverter supports.

Table 1.1.4.1 – Inverter property list

Property	Inverter
Object_Identifier	DEV
Object_Name	TECO L510
Object_Type	8
System_Status	0
Vendor_Name	TECO L510
Vendor_ Identifier	461
Model_Name	TECO.Inc
Firmware_Revision	0.14
Application_Software_Supported	0.14
Protocol_Version	1
Protocol_Revision	5
Protocol_Services_Supported	{ readProperty , writeProperty , who is }
Brotocal Object Type Symported	{ Analog_Input , Analog_Output, Analog_Value
Protocol_Object_Type_Supported	Binary_ Input, Binary_Output, Binary_Value, Device}
Max_Masters	127
Max_Info_Frames	1
Location	R.O.C

Table 1.1.4.2 Analog input property list (READ)

No.	Object Name	Description	Unit	Classification	Range
AI0	TM2 AIN	AVI input	Percent	R	0 - 100
Al1	TM2 AIN2	ACI input	Percent	R	0 - 100
Al2	Error code	Recent fault message	No Units	R	0 - 43
AI3	Freq cmd	Frequency command	Hz	R	0 - 599
Al4	Frequency	Output frequency	Hz	R	0 - 599
AI5	Current	Output current	Amps	R	
Al6	Control Mode	Control mode	No Units	R	0 - 1
AI7	Motor R-Volt	Motor rated voltage	Volt	R	
AI8	Motor R-HP	Motor rated power	horsepower	R	
Al9	Motor R-RPM	Motor rated rotation speed	rpm	R	
Al10	Motor R-Hz	Motor rated frequency	Hz	R	
Al11	CarrierFreq	Carrier frequency	kHz	R	1 - 16
Al12	Comm Station	INV communication station	No Units	R	1 - 254
Al13	BaudRate	Baudrate setting	No Units	R	0 - 3
Al14	BacnetSel	Communication mode selection	No Units	R	0 - 1
AI15	Devinstance	Inverter number	No Units	R	1 - 254

Table 1.1.4.3 – Analog output property list (READ/ WRITE)

No.	Object Name	Description	Unit	Classification	Range
AO0	Set frequency	Frequency command	Hz	R/W	0 - 599
AO1	TB2 AO1	Output voltage1	Volt	R	0 - 10
AO3	Motor R-Amp	Motor rated current	Amps	R/W	0-65535
AO4	PwrL Sel	Momentary stop and restart selection	No Units	R	0 - 1
AO5	RestartSel	Number of Fault Auto-Restart Attempts	No Units	R	0 – 10
AO6	RestartDelay	Fault Auto-Restart Time	seconds	R	0 - 800
A07	FreqCommand1	Speed frequency setting-stage 0	Hz	R/W	0 - 599
AO8	FreqCommand2	Speed frequency setting-stage 1	Hz	R/W	0 - 599
AO9	FreqCommand3	Speed frequency setting-stage 2	Hz	R/W	0 - 599
AO10	FreqCommand4	Speed frequency setting-stage 3	Hz	R/W	0 - 599
AO11	FreqCommand5	Speed frequency setting-stage 4	Hz	R/W	0 - 599
AO12	FreqCommand6	Speed frequency setting-stage 5	Hz	R/W	0 - 599
AO13	FreqCommand7	Speed frequency setting-stage 6	Hz	R/W	0 - 599
AO14	FreqCommand8	Speed frequency setting-stage 7	Hz	R/W	0 - 599
AO23	RunMode	Main run command source selection	No Units	R/W	0 - 2
AO24	ReverseOper	Direction locked command	No Units	R/W	0 - 1
AO25	StoppingSel	Stop modes selection	No Units	R/W	0 - 1
AO26	FrequenceComm	Main frequency command source selection	No Units	R/W	0 - 6
AO27	FreqUpperLim	Upper limit frequency	Hz	R/W	0.01 - 599
AO28	FreqLowerLim	Lower limit frequency Hz R	Hz	R/W	0 – 598.99
AO29	Acc Time1	Acceleration time 1	seconds	R/W	0.1 - 3600
AO30	Dec Time1	Deceleration time 1	seconds	R/W	0.1 - 3600

Table 4.7.4.4 Analog value property list (READ/ WRITE)

No.	Object Name	Description	Unit	Classification	Range
AV0	PID - P Gain	Proportional gain (P)	No Units	R/W	0 - 10
AV1	PID – I Time	Integral time (I)	No Units	R/W	0 - 100
AV2	PID - D Time	Differential time (D)	No Units	R/W	0 – 10

Table 1.1.4.5 Digital input property list (READ)

No.	Object Name	Description	Unit	Classification	Range
BI0	Run/Stop	Operation status	Stop / Run	R	0 - 1
BI1	Direction	Operation direction	FWD/REV	R	0 - 1
BI2	status	Inverter status	OK/Fault	R	0 - 1
BI3	Abnormal	Error occurs	Close/Open	R	0 - 1
BI4	DI_1 status	S1 status	Close/Open	R	0 - 1
BI5	DI_2 status	S2 status	Close/Open	R	0 - 1
BI6	DI_3 status	S3 status	Close/Open	R	0 - 1
BI7	DI_4 status	S4 status	Close/Open	R	0 - 1
BI8	DI_5 status	S5 status	Close/Open	R	0 - 1

Table 1.1.4.6 Digital output property list (READ/ WRITE)

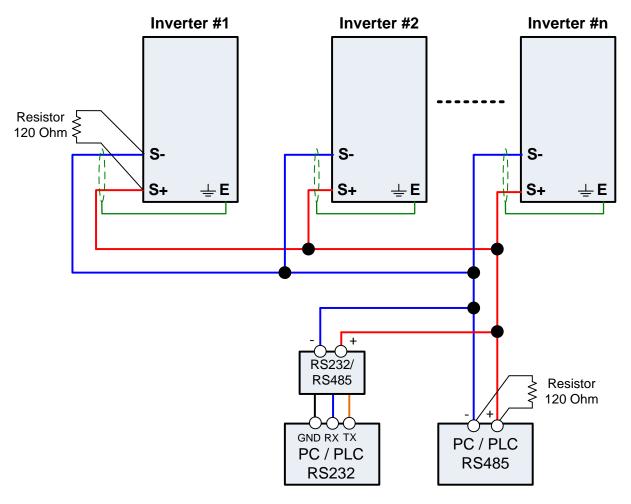
No.	Object Name	Description	Unit	Classification	Range
BO0	RY1 status	Relay output 1 status	Close/Open	R	0 - 1

Table 1.1.4.7 Digital value property list (READ/ WRITE)

No.	Object Name	Description	Unit	Classification	Range
BV0	RUN/STOP	RUN/STOP	Stop / Run	R/W	0 - 1
BV1	FWD/REV	FWD/REV	FWD/REV	R/W	0 - 1

A1.1 RS485 -Network (Modbus)

This section shows a RS485 network consisting of several inverters communicating using the built-in Modbus RTU protocol.



Wiring diagram RS485 Modbus RTU Network

Notes:

- A PC / PLC controller with a built-in RS-485 interface can be connected directly to the RS-485 network. Use a RS232 to RS485 converter to connect a PC / PLC with a built-in RS-232 interface.
- A maximum of 31 inverters can be connected to the network. Terminating resistors of 120 ohm must be installed at both end of the network.



INVERTER

L510

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Ver 01: 2015.06