

Servidor de terminales LTSP en Centos

Por: John A. Pérez B. ~ 20186748



Este tutorial es un extracto del siguiente
video:

<https://youtu.be/Zjll2PJzpYM>

Para seguir este tutorial es necesario haber configurado el servicio DHCP en el servidor

Configuración del servidor

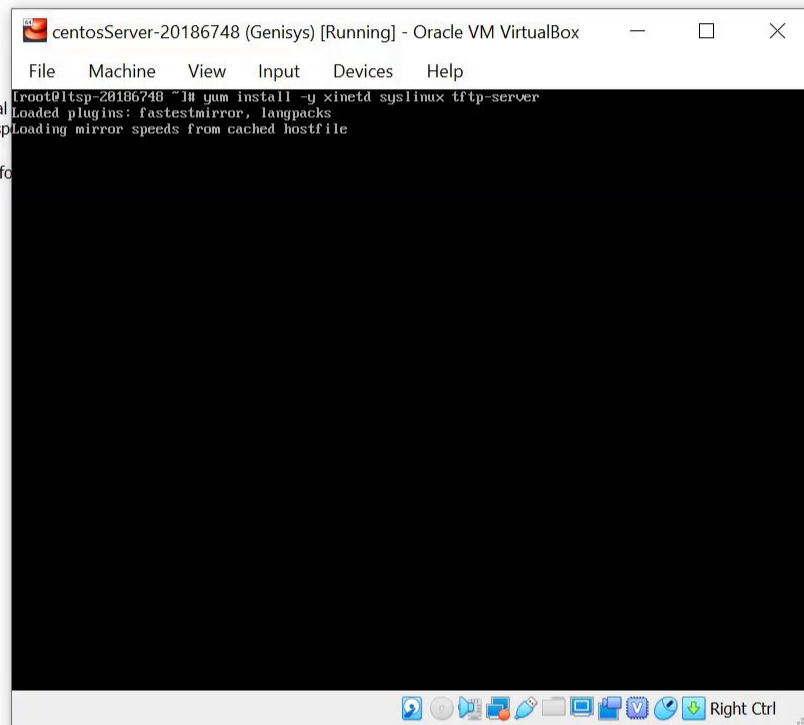
Primero instalamos los paquetes **xinetd**, **syslinux**, y **tftp-server**



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. The right part contains a toolbar for managing the selected virtual machine.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.

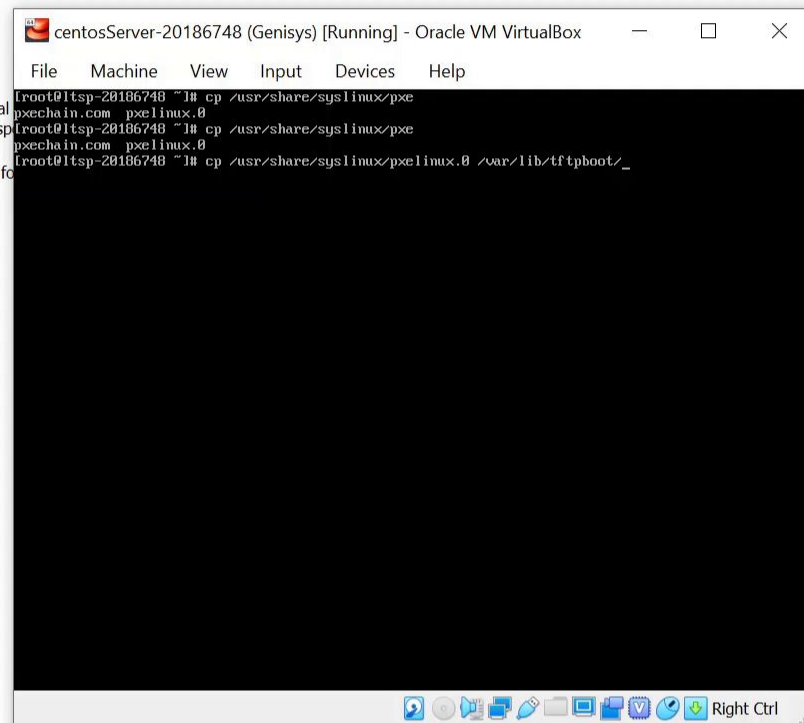


Luego copiamos el archivo **pxelinux.0** localizado en el directorio **/usr/share/syslinux** dentro del directorio **/var/lib/tftpboot**

**Welcome to VirtualBox!**

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machine buttons. You can popup a tools of currently selected element using corresponding toolbar.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.



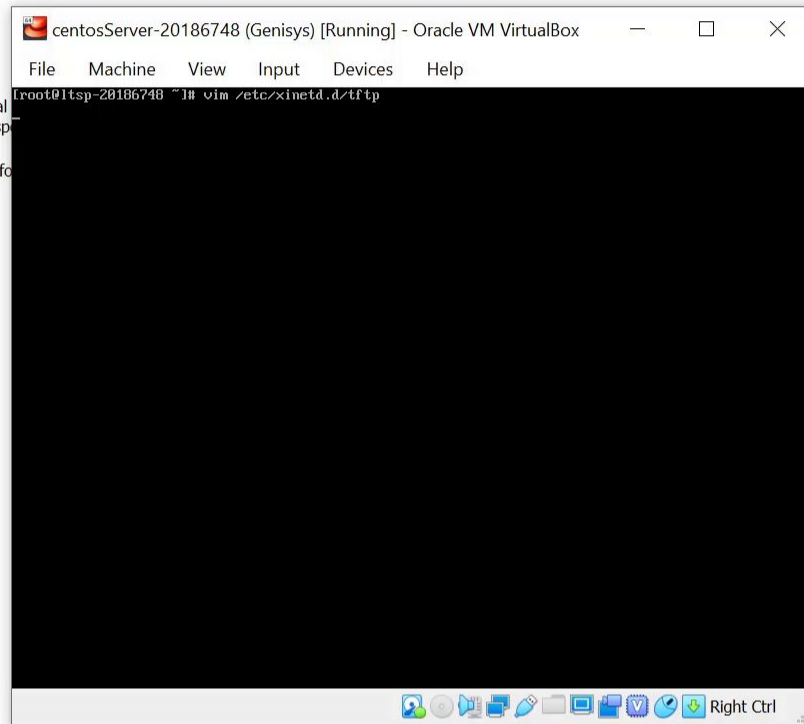
Luego habilitamos el servicio tftp cambiando a **no** la opción **disable** del archivo de configuración localizado en el directorio **/etc/xinetd.d/tftp**



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. You can popup a tools of currently selected element using corresponding buttons.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.





Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. The right part contains a toolbar for the currently selected element using corresponding icons.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.

centosServer-20186748 (Genisys) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

```
# default: off
# description: The tftp server serves files using the trivial file transfer \
# protocol. The tftp protocol is often used to boot diskless \
# workstations, download configuration files to network-aware printers, \
# and to start the installation process for some operating systems.
service tftp
(
    socket_type          = dgram
    protocol             = udp
    wait                = yes
    user                = root
    server               = /usr/sbin/in.tftpd
    server_args          = -s /var/lib/tftpboot
    disable              = no
    per_source           = 11
    cps                 = 100 2
    flags               = IPv4
)
```

-- INSERT --

14,16-37 All

Right Ctrl



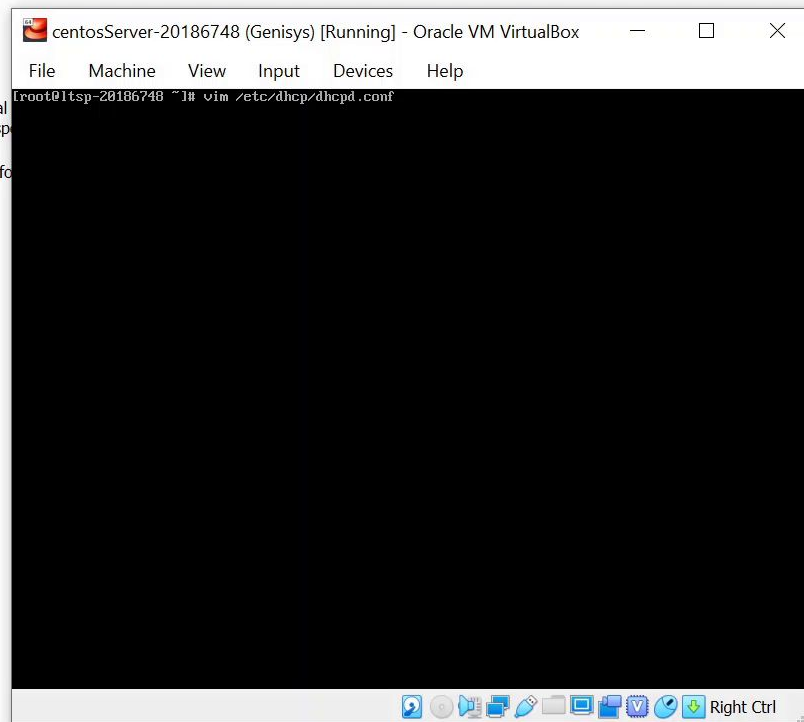
En el archivo de configuración de dhcp **dhcpd.conf** localizado en el directorio **/etc/dhcpd**, dentro de las configuraciones de nuestra subred agregamos las opciones **filename "pxelinux.0"**, y **next-server** donde colocamos la dirección de nuestro servidor. Luego reiniciamos el servicio dhcp



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. You can popup a tools of currently selected element using corresponding toolbar.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.





Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. The right part contains the toolbar for the currently selected element using corresponding icons.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.

```
centosServer-20186748 (Genisys) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help

# see /usr/share/doc/dhcp*/dhcpd.conf.example
# see dhcpd.conf(5) man page

authoritative;
DHCPDARGS="emp0s10";
default-lease-time 600;
max-lease-time 7200;

subnet 10.0.0.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
    option subnet-mask 255.255.255.0;
    option routers 10.0.0.1;
    filename "pxelinux.0";
    next-server 10.0.0.2;
    option domain-name-servers 192.168.1.1;
    range 10.0.0.10 10.0.0.20;
}

"/etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf" 18L, 418C written
[root@tsp-20186748 ~]# systemctl restart dhcpd
[root@tsp-20186748 ~]#
```



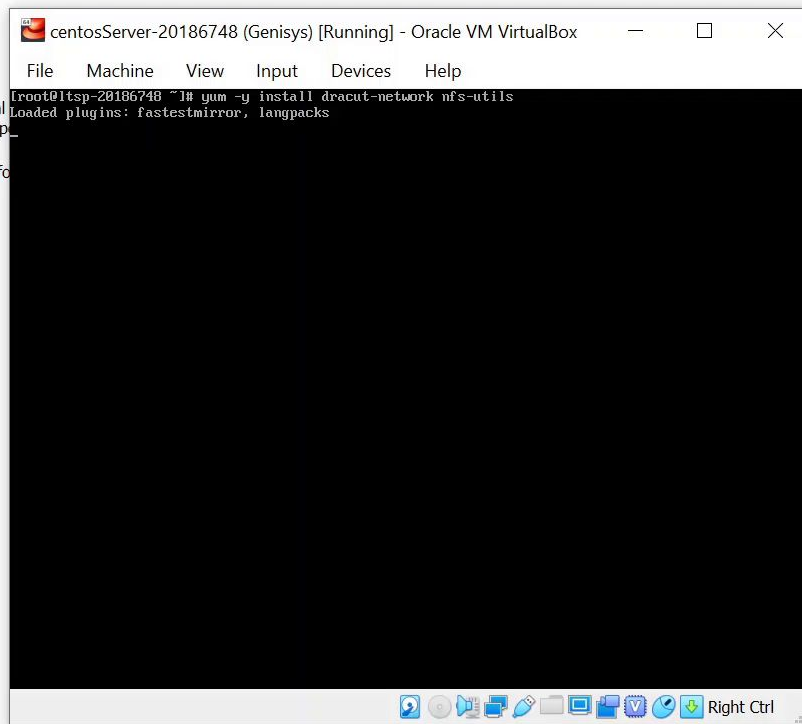
Ahora procedemos a instalar otros dos paquetes **dracut-network**, y el **nfs-utils**



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. The right part contains details of the currently selected element using corresponding toolbar.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.



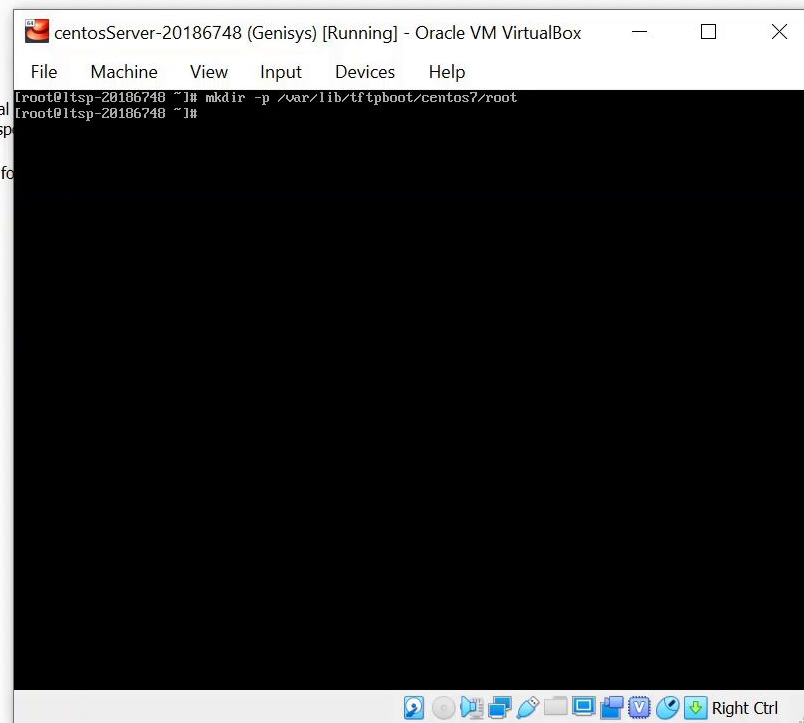
Luego dentro del directorio **/var/lib/tftpboot** creamos los directorios
/centos7/root



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. You can pop up a tools of currently selected element using corresponding buttons.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.



Dentro del directorio root que acabamos de crear descargamos los paquetes de la interfaz gráfica. Para esto utilizamos **yum groupinstall** y descargamos el grupo de paquetes llamado **“Server with GUI”** **--releasever=7** con la opción **--installroot=[directorio]**



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. You can popup a tools of currently selected element using corresponding buttons.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.

```
centosServer-20186748 (Genisys) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help

root@tsp-20186748 ~]# yum group install -y "Server with GUI" --releasever=7 --installroot=/var/lib/ftpboot/centos7/root/
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, langpacks
There is no installed groups file.
Maybe run: yum groups mark convert (see man yum)
Determining fastest mirrors
 * base: centos.brisanet.com.br
 * extras: centos.brisanet.com.br
 * updates: mirror.edatel.net.co
base                                     | 3.6 kB | 00:00:00
extras                                 | 2.9 kB | 00:00:00
updates                               | 2.9 kB | 00:00:00
(1/4): base/7/x86_64/group.gz         | 165 kB | 00:00:01
(2/4): extras/7/x86_64/primary_db     | 153 kB | 00:00:01
(3/4): base/7/x86_64/primary_db      | 12% [=== 1 785 kB/s | 1.3 MB 00:00:12 ETA
```



Generamos las credenciales del usuario de nuestro cliente utilizando el script de python:

```
python -c 'import crypt,getpass; \  
print(crypt.crypt(getpass.getpass(), \  
crypt.mksalt(crypt.METHOD_SHA512)))'
```

Luego colocamos la contraseña del usuario



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. The right part contains the toolbar.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.

```
centosServer-20186748 (Genisys) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help

root@lts-20186748 ~]# python -c 'import crypt,getpass;\nprint(crypt.crypt(getpass.getpass(),\n    crypt.mksalt(crypt.METHOD_SHA512)))'\nPassword:\n$6$UTmMDPv17UQStfHN$1PrvCo8dk251/u8H2C025x1hY0mJUTpAQfPBdyHRPm70PINi04YUIANDeN8W9IxyT2k0BTakadQE08Wp\nC9mXb/\nroot@lts-20186748 ~]#
```



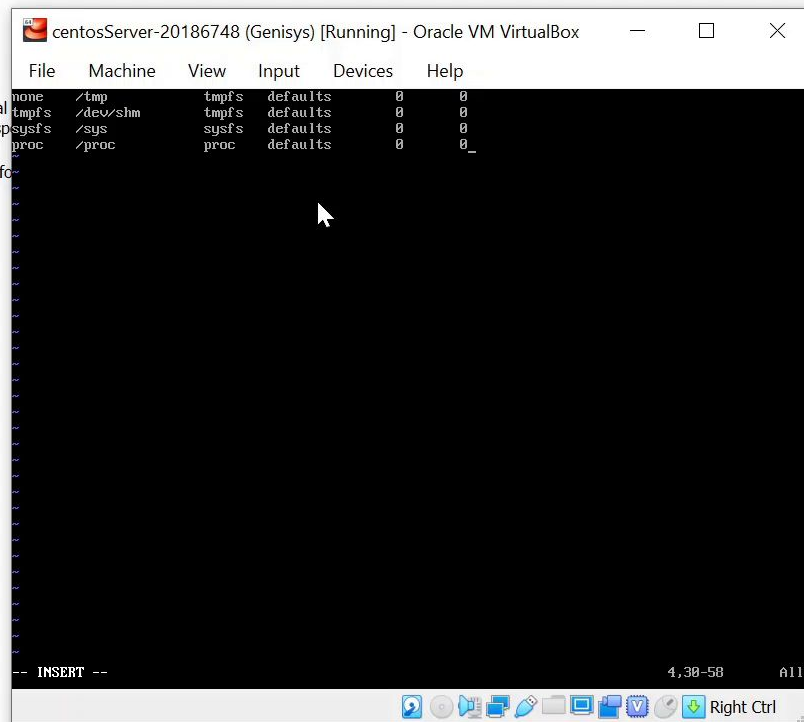
Dentro del archivo **/var/lib/tftpboot/centos7/root/etc/fstab**,
montamos los directorios principales de nuestros clientes



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. You can popup a tools of currently selected element using corresponding toolbar.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.



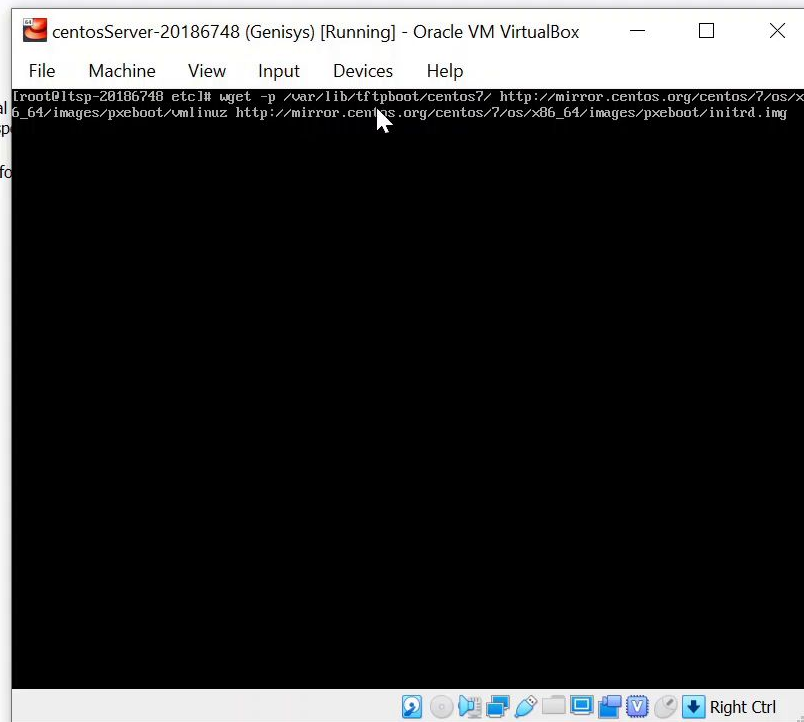
Ahora descargamos los archivos **vmlinuz** y **initrd.img** de la imagen del sistema operativo que utilizaremos para nuestros clientes, dentro del directorio **/var/lib/tftpboot/centos7**



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. You can popup a tools of currently selected element using corresponding toolbar.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.



En el archivo **/var/lib/tftpboot/pxelinux.cfg/default** colocamos

label centos7

kernel centos7/vmlinuz

append initrd=centos7/initrd.img root=nfs:10.0.0.2:/var/lib/tftpboot/centos7/root
rw selinux=0

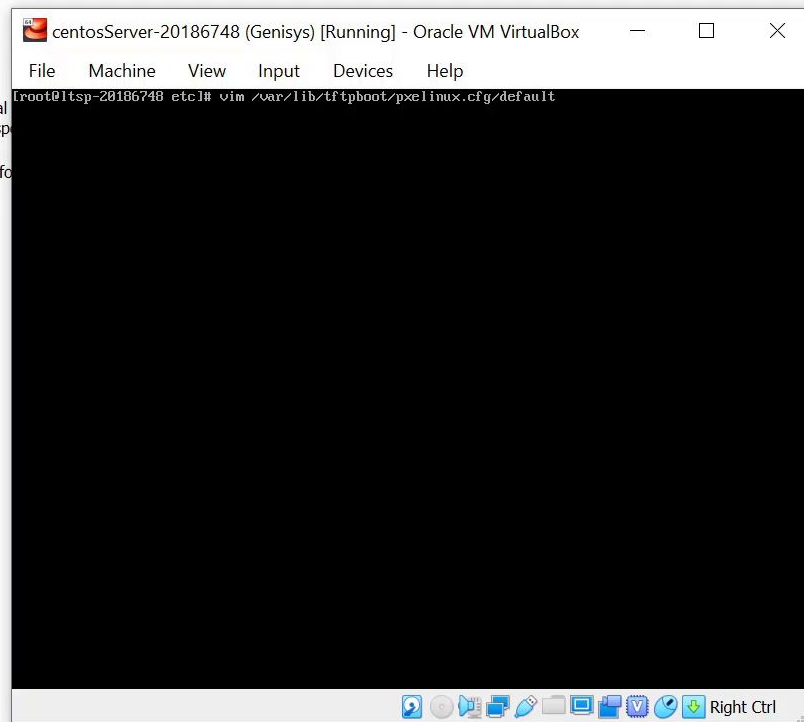
donde asignamos la dirección del kernel y el inicializador que acabamos de descargar en nuestro servidor, utilizando la dirección del servidor nfs que configuraremos



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. You can popup a tools of currently selected element using corresponding toolbar.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.

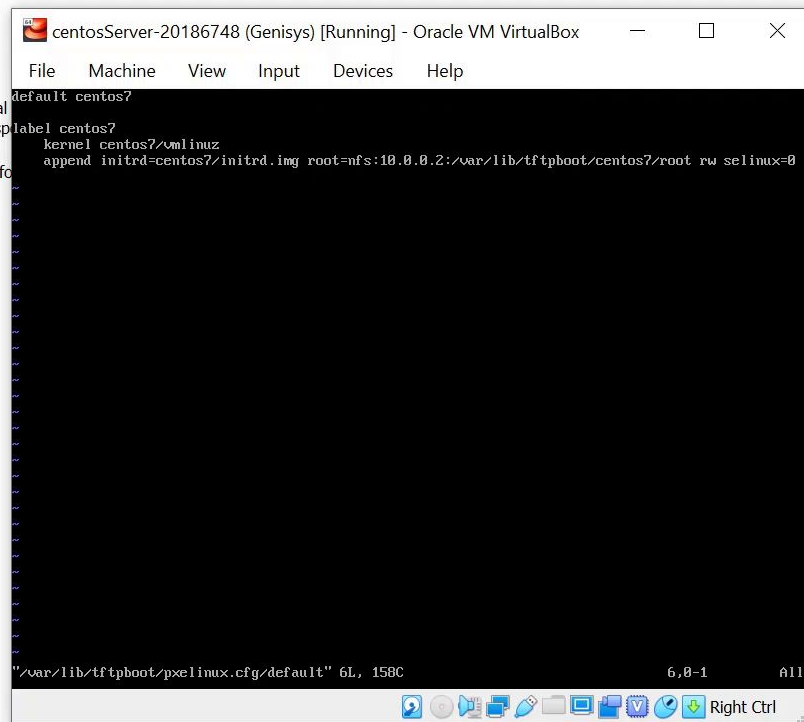




Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. You can popup a tools of currently selected element using corresponding toolbar.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.



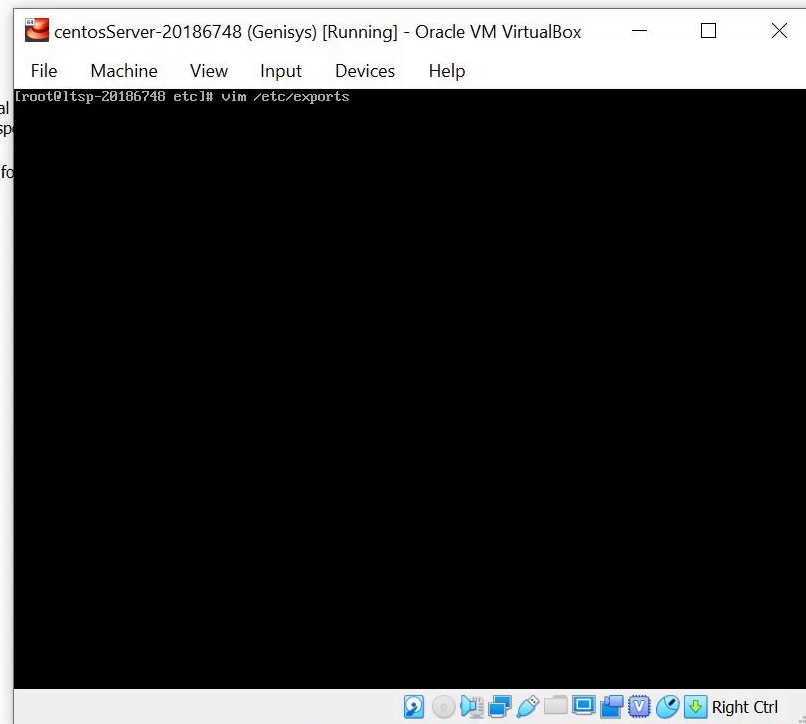
Ahora configuramos el servicio **nfs** accediendo al archivo **/etc/exports**, en este agregamos el directorio **/tftpboot/centos7/root**



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. You can popup a tools of currently selected element using corresponding toolbar buttons.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.

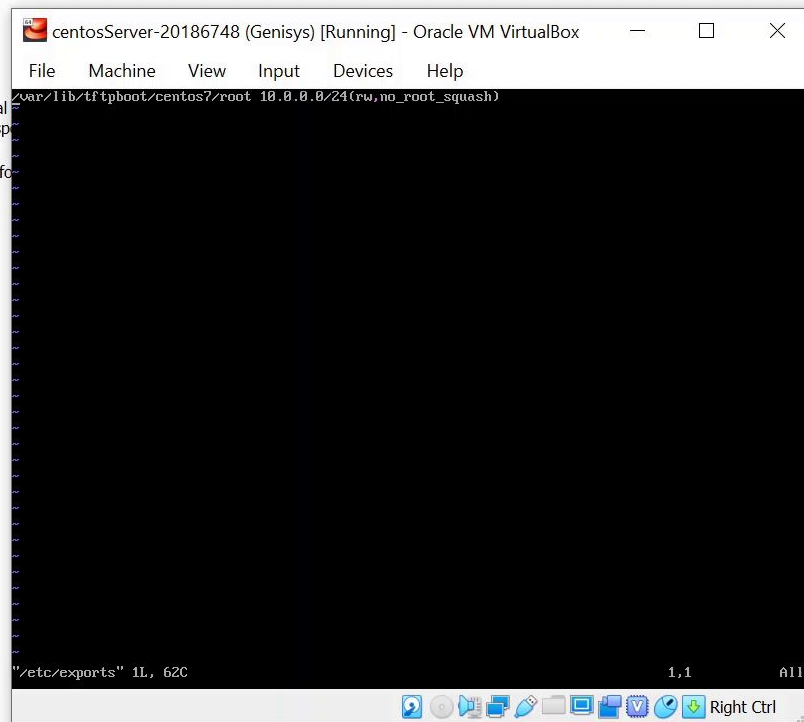




Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines. You can pop up a tools of currently selected element using corresponding buttons.

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org for more information.



Por último iniciamos el servicio **xinetd**



Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists buttons. You can popup a tools of currently selected element using corresponding toolbar

You can press the **F1** key to get instant help, or visit www.virtualbox.org

```
centosServer-20186748 (Genisys) [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
none /tmp tmpfs defaults 0 0
tmpfs /dev/shm tmpfs defaults 0 0
sysfs /sys sysfs defaults 0 0
proc /proc proc defaults 0 0
[root@ltsp-20186748 ~]# cat /var/lib/ftpboot/centos7/root/etc/fstabs
none /tmp tmpfs defaults 0 0
tmpfs /dev/shm tmpfs defaults 0 0
sysfs /sys sysfs defaults 0 0
proc /proc proc defaults 0 0
[root@ltsp-20186748 ~]# systemctl status xinetd
■ xinetd.service - Xinetd A Powerful Replacement For Inetd
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/xinetd.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
   Active: inactive (dead)
[root@ltsp-20186748 ~]# systemctl staart xinetd
Unknown operation 'staart'.
[root@ltsp-20186748 ~]# systemctl start xinetd
[root@ltsp-20186748 ~]# systemctl enable xinetd
[root@ltsp-20186748 ~]# systemctl status xinetd
■ xinetd.service - Xinetd A Powerful Replacement For Inetd
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/xinetd.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Mon 2019-11-18 19:27:26 EST: 11s ago
   Main PID: 26730 (xinetd)
   CGroup: /system.slice/xinetd.service
           └─26730 /usr/sbin/xinetd -stayalive -pidfile /var/run/xinetd.pid

Nov 18 19:27:26 ltsp-20186748 xinetd[26730]: removing daytime
Nov 18 19:27:26 ltsp-20186748 xinetd[26730]: removing discard
Nov 18 19:27:26 ltsp-20186748 xinetd[26730]: removing discard
Nov 18 19:27:26 ltsp-20186748 xinetd[26730]: removing echo
Nov 18 19:27:26 ltsp-20186748 xinetd[26730]: removing echo
Nov 18 19:27:26 ltsp-20186748 xinetd[26730]: removing tcpmux
Nov 18 19:27:26 ltsp-20186748 xinetd[26730]: removing time
Nov 18 19:27:26 ltsp-20186748 xinetd[26730]: removing time
Nov 18 19:27:26 ltsp-20186748 xinetd[26730]: xinetd Version 2.3.15 started with libwrap loadav...in.
Nov 18 19:27:26 ltsp-20186748 xinetd[26730]: Started working: 1 available service
Hint: Some lines were ellipsized, use -l to show in full.
[root@ltsp-20186748 ~]# _
```



Configuración del cliente

Como prueba de la funcionalidad de nuestro servidor de terminales, procedemos a agregar una nueva máquina en virtualbox, esta vez sin disco duro



> Server-lab

> Centos



Preferences



Import



Export



New



Add

Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines and virtual machine groups on your computer. You can import or export virtual machines and virtual machine groups of currently selected element using corresponding icons.

You can press **Ctrl+N** to create new virtual machine.



Create Virtual Machine

Name and operating system

Please choose a descriptive name and destination folder for the new virtual machine and select the type of operating system you intend to install on it. The name you choose will be used throughout VirtualBox to identify this machine.

Name: centos-client-20186748

Machine Folder: C:\Users\jp135\VirtualBox VMs

Type: Linux

Version: Red Hat (64-bit)

Expert Mode

Next

Cancel





> Server-lab

> Centos



w7-32

Powered Off



Preferences



Import



Export



New



Add

Welcome to VirtualBox!

The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines and virtual machine groups on your computer. You can import or export virtual machines using corresponding icons of currently selected element.

You can prefer to create a new virtual machine.

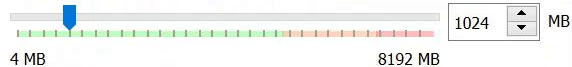


Create Virtual Machine

Memory size

Select the amount of memory (RAM) in megabytes to be allocated to the virtual machine.

The recommended memory size is **1024 MB**.



Next

Cancel




The left part of application window contains global tools and lists all virtual machines and virtual machine groups on your computer. You can improve the list by using corresponding icons of currently selected element.

latest news.

If you wish you can add a virtual hard disk to the new machine. You can either create a new hard disk file or select one from the list or from another location.

If you need to change the name of the virtual machine, click the **Name** tab and make the changes.

 You are about to create a new virtual machine without a hard disk. You will not be able to add a hard disk later.

The reco

- ☒ Do not create a virtual optical disk. In the meantime you will only be able to start the machine using a virtual optical disk or from the network.
- ☐ Create a virtual optical disk.
- ☐ Use an existing virtual optical disk.
- [Continue](#) [Go Back](#)

NewVirtualDisk1.vdi (Normal, 8.00 GB)

Create

Cancel



Luego en las configuraciones del sistema de nuestra máquina virtual deshabilitamos todos los métodos de boot y solo permitimos los medios de red. Luego colocamos nuestra máquina en la misma red de nuestro servidor



Tools

> Server-lab

> Centos



w7-32

Powered Off



centos-client-20186748

Powered Off

centos-client-20186748 - Settings



General

System

Display

Storage

Audio

Network

Serial Ports

USB

Shared Folders

User Interface

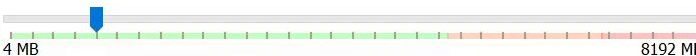
System

Motherboard

Processor

Acceleration

Base Memory:



1024 MB

Boot Order:

- ☒ Network
- ☐ Floppy
- ☐ Optical
- ☐ Hard Disk

Chipset:

PIIX3

Pointing Device:

PS/2 Mouse

Extended Features:

- ☒ Enable I/O APIC
- ☐ Enable EFI (special OSes only)
- ☒ Hardware Clock in UTC Time

OK

Cancel



Take

Reset



Tools

> Server-lab

> Centos



w7-32

Powered Off



centos-client-20186748

Powered Off

centos-client-20186748 - Settings



General

System

Display

Storage

Audio

Network

Serial Ports

USB

Shared Folders

User Interface

Network

Adapter 1

Adapter 2

Adapter 3

Adapter 4

☒ Enable Network Adapter

Attached to: Internal Network

Name: intnet

▶ Advanced

OK

Cancel

Take

Reset



Al iniciar la máquina, vemos que esta inmediatamente obtiene una dirección de nuestro servidor dhcp, y comienza el proceso de inicialización del sistema para nuestro cliente. Una vez termina el proceso el podemos ver como el sistema inicia completamente, debido a ser la primera vez que el usuario que generamos inicia en el sistema vemos como se inicia el proceso de configuración inicial, una vez lo completamos podemos comenzar a utilizar nuestro computador



Tools

> Server-lab

> Centos



w7-32

Powered Off



centos-client-20186748

Running



Take



Delete



Restore



Properties



Clone



Settings



Discard



Show

Name



centos-client-20186748 [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

```
Intel UNDI, PXE-2.1
PXE Software Copyright (C) 1997-2000 Intel Corporation
Copyright (C) 2010-2017 Oracle Corporation

CLIENT MAC ADDR: 08 00 27 0E 20 20  GUID: 16A4853B-AA0C-44DD-B7D5-E9D9DE6EA447
CLIENT IP: 10.0.0.11  MASK: 255.255.255.0  DHCP IP: 10.0.0.2
GATEWAY IP: 10.0.0.1

PXELINUX 4.05 0x5bd8f633 Copyright (C) 1994-2011 H. Peter Anvin et al
*PXE entry point found (we hope) at 9DDC:0104 via plan A
UNDI code segment at 9DDC len 19E5
UNDI data segment at 9C59 len 1830
Getting cached packet 01 02 03
My IP address seems to be 0A00000B 10.0.0.11
ip=10.0.0.11:10.0.0.2:10.0.0.1:255.255.255.0
BOOTIF=01-00-00-27-0e-20-20
SYSUUID=16a4853b-aa0c-44dd-b7d5-e9d9de6ea447
TFTP prefix:
Name: Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/default                                ok
Loading centos7/vmlinuz.....
Loading centos7/initrd.img.....
```

Attributes

Description



Right Ctrl



Take

Reset



Tools

> Server-lab

> Centos



w7-32

Powered Off



centos-client-20186748

Running



Take



Delete



Restore



Properties



Clone



Settings



Discard



Show

Name



centos-client-20186748 [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File

Machine

View

Input

Devices

Help

Welcome

Next

Bienvenido.

Deutsch	Deutschland
English	United States
Español	España
Français	France
Unspecified ✓	
Русский	Российская Федерация
العربية	مصر
日本語	日本
汉语	中国



Right Ctrl



Take

Reset



Tools

> Server-lab

> Centos



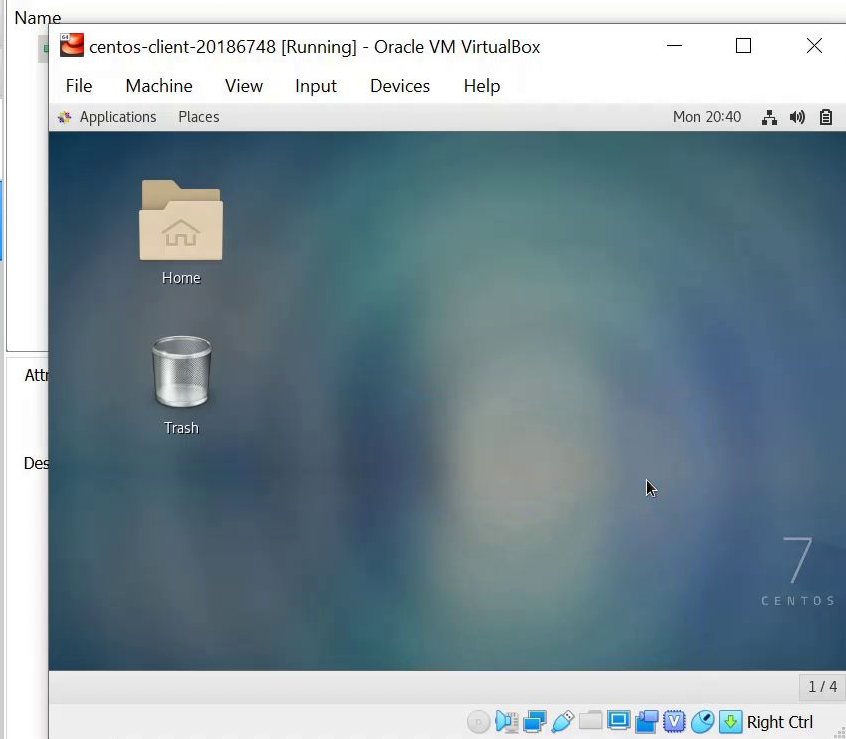
w7-32

Powered Off



centos-client-20186748

Running



Take Reset