Am: Implementing gradient descent and back propagation in deep neural Metwork.

Algorithm =

- 1) Initialize neural network parameters: weights and biases (random small values)

- Apply Activation functions to compute outputs.

- 3.) compute the loss using a suitable loss function (mean squared error (or) cross-Entropy)
- 4) perform the backward pass:
 - compute gradients of loss w.r. to weights and biases using the chain rule.
- hidden layers.
- 5) updates weights using gradient percent rule:

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- 6) Repeat steps 3-6 for multiple epochs antil the convergence.

pseudo code:

Begin

Initialize weights and bioses vandomly choose learning rate of For epoch in range (1, max epochs):

For each most - output pash (x, x):

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 $Z_1 = w_1 * x + b_1$ $Q_1 = activation(Z_1)$ $Z_2 = w_2 * Q_1 + b_2$

ag = activation (22) y-pred = final-output c = loss-function (Y, Y-pred) compute dL dy pred compute gradients of each layer using charmele. update weights: · w = w - M * gradient opdate biuses: b=b-11 & gradient observations: *) Gradient descent gradually reduces the error function by adjusting weights. *) small learning rate causes slow convergence. *) Rackpropagation efficiently computes the weight updates using the chain rule. Training error decreases with epochs when gradient descent is applied correctly. output: Iteration 0, LOSS: 0.2558 Eteration 1000, LOSS: 0.2494 Externation 2000, LOSS: 0.24574 Eferation 3000, LOSS: 0.204 70 Heration 4000, LOSS; 0.15820 Distration 9000, LOSS; 0,12884 Training completed Final output: C C 0. 5300868] [0149554213] [0.95091319] C 0.50 319888] 7

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0
    import numpy as np
    def sigmoid(x):
        return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
    def sigmoid derivative(x):
        return x * (1 - x)
    inputs = np.array([[0,0], [0,1], [1,0], [1,1]])
    labels = np.array([[0], [1], [1], [0]])
    np.random.seed(42)
    weights_input_hidden = np.random.randn(2, 2)
    bias_hidden = np.zeros((1, 2))
    weights hidden output = np.random.randn(2, 1)
    bias_output = np.zeros((1, 1))
    learning rate = 0.1
    for iteration in range(10000):
        hidden_input = np.dot(inputs, weights_input_hidden) + bias_hidden
        hidden_output = sigmoid(hidden_input)
        final_input = np.dot(hidden_output, weights_hidden_output) + bias_output
        final_output = signoid(final_input)
        loss = np.mean((final_output - labels) ** 2)
        error output = final output - labels
        delta_output = error_output * sigmoid_derivative(final_output)
        error_hidden = np.dot(delta_output, weights_hidden_output.T)
        delta_hidden = error_hidden * sigmoid_derivative(hidden_output)
        gradient weights hidden output = np.dot(hidden output.7, delta output)
        gradient_bias_output = np.sum(delta_output, axis=0, keepdims=True)
        gradient_weights input_hidden = np.dot(inputs.T, delta_hidden)
        gradient_bias_hidden = np.sum(delta_hidden, axis=0, keepdims=True)
        weights hidden_output -= learning rate * gradient_weights_hidden_output
        bias_output -= learning_rate * gradient_bias_output
        weights_input_hidden -= learning_rate * gradient_weights_input_hidden
        bias_hidden -= learning_rate * gradient_bias_hidden
        if iteration % 1000 == 0:
            print(f"Iteration (iteration), Loss: {loss}")
    print("Training complete!")
    print("Final output:")
    print(final_output)
```

```
Iteration 0, Loss: 0.2558299419444368
Iteration 1000, Loss: 0.24940565956551236
Iteration 2000, Loss: 0.24544465159719808
Iteration 3000, Loss: 0.2047073304071442
Iteration 4000, Loss: 0.15320405369970766
Iteration 5000, Loss: 0.13869146014771938
Iteration 6000, Loss: 0.13359363321851758
Iteration 7000, Loss: 0.13115112181268004
Iteration 8000, Loss: 0.12974916048385188
Iteration 9000, Loss: 0.12884908965171127
Training complete!
Final output:
[[0.05300868]
 [0.49554213]
 [0.95091319]
 [0.50319888]]
```