Project – 8

TITLE – Smart water fountain

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PHASE 3:

Deploy IOT sensors (E.g., Temperature sensors, Pressure sensors) in public water fountains to monitor water flow and detect malfunctions. Develop a python script on the IOT sensors to send real-time water fountain status data to the platform.

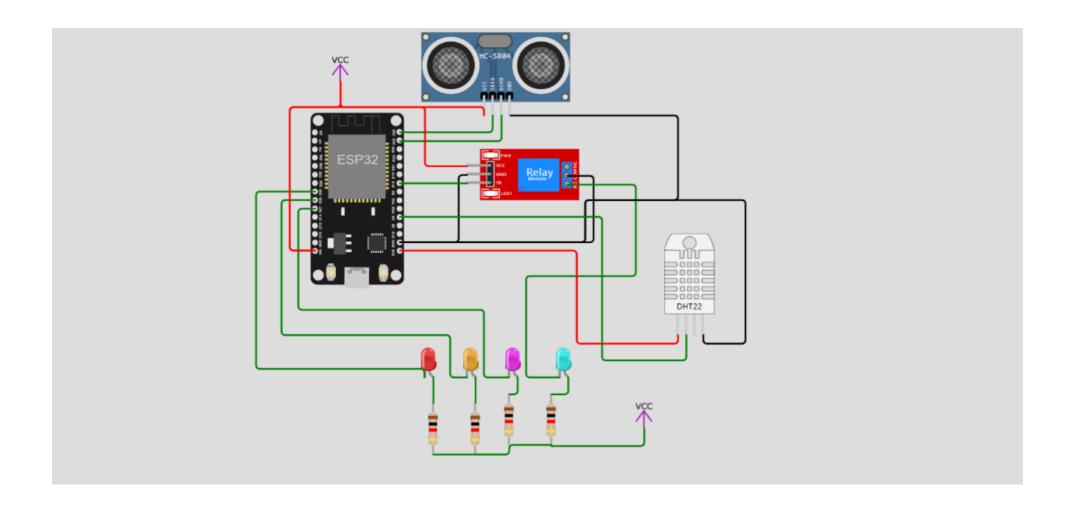
SMART WATER FOUNTAIN:

Fountain wirelessly communicate with base station. Base stations collect and transmit usage, filter, and system information to the cloud via Ethernet. Wireless communications use a low-power unlicenced band for improved security and power savings.

HARDWARE SETUP OF SMART WATER FOUNTAIN:

- ESP32 development board
- ❖ HC-SR04 ultra sonic distance sensor
- **❖** DHT22
- ATmega328p microcontroller IC
- Soil moisture sensor
- ❖ Real-time clock (DS3231)
- * Relay module
- Arduino mini
- LED

SIMULATION DIAGRAM



ABOUT CIRCUIT LAYOUT:

- The Arduino board connected to the relay through a digital pin, Relay is connected to the pump.
- Relay Module:
 - GND to GND
 - VCC to VCC
 - -Vin to D18
- Ultrasonic Sensor (HC-SR04):
 - VCC to VCC
 - GND to GND
 - Trig to Node MCU GPIO (D23)
 - Echo to Node MCU GPIO (D22)
- LED
- Meters and sensors (is used to transmit the output to real-time)

PYTHON SCRIPT:

import machine

import network

from hcsr04 import HCSR04

from machine import Pin

import ure as re

import usocket as socket

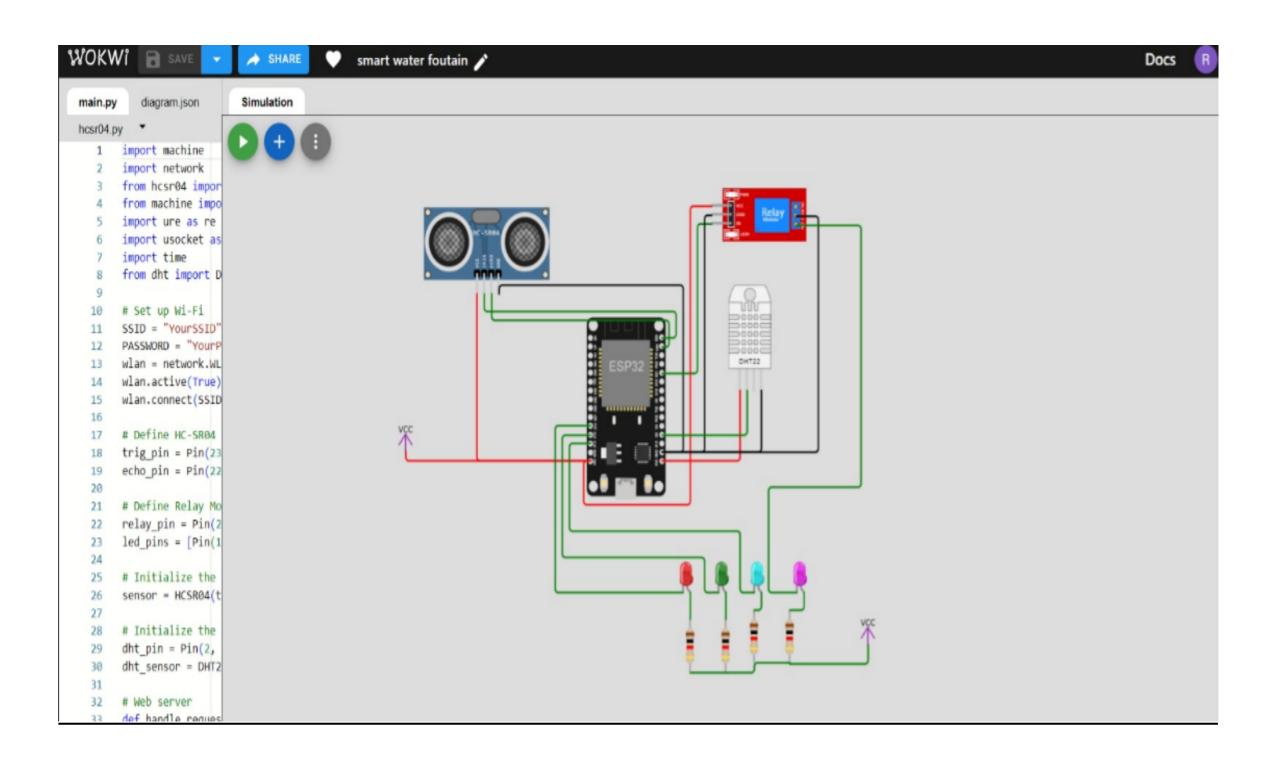
import time

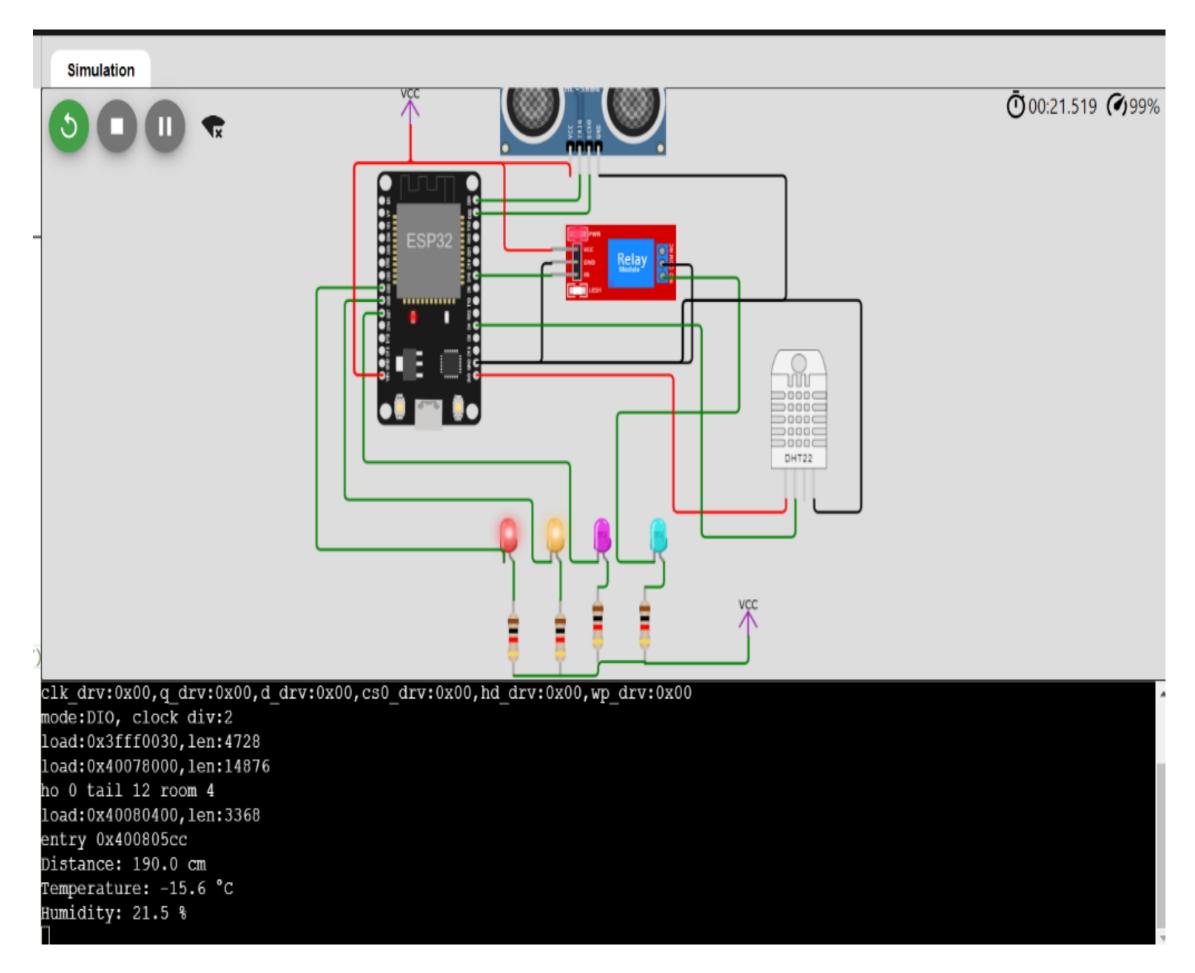
```
from dht import DHT22
# Set up Wi-Fi
SSID = "YourSSID"
PASSWORD = "YourPassword"
wlan = network.WLAN(network.STA_IF)
wlan.active(True)
wlan.connect(SSID, PASSWORD)
# Define HC-SR04 pins
trig_pin = Pin(23, Pin.OUT)
echo_pin = Pin(22, Pin.IN)
# Define Relay Module and LED pins
relay_pin = Pin(18, Pin.OUT)
led_pins = [Pin(25, Pin.OUT), Pin(26, Pin.OUT), Pin(27, Pin.OUT)]
# Initialize the HC-SR04 sensor
sensor = HCSR04(trigger_pin=trig_pin, echo_pin=echo_pin)
# Initialize the DHT22 sensor
dht_pin = Pin(4, Pin.IN)
dht_sensor = DHT22(dht_pin)
# Web server
def handle_request(client):
  request = client.recv(1024).decode('utf-8')
  if 'GET /on' in request:
    relay_pin.on()
  elif 'GET /off' in request:
    relay_pin.off()
 distance = sensor.distance_cm()
  water_level = "High" if distance < 10 else "Low"
  dht_sensor.measure()
  temperature = dht_sensor.temperature()
  humidity = dht_sensor.humidity()
```

```
response="HTTP/1.12000K\r\nContent-Type: text/html\r\n\r\n"
        response+=f"<html><body><h1>Water Level and Temperature/Humidity
Monitoring</h1>"
 response += f"Distance: {distance} cm"
 response += f"Water Level: {water_level}"
 response+=f"Temperature:{temperature}°C"
 response+=f"Humidity:{humidity}%"
 response+="<a href='/on'>TurnPumpOn</a>"
 response+="<a href='/off'>TurnPumpOff</a>"
 response += "</body></html>"
 client.send(response)
 client.close()
def run_server():
  s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
  s.bind((", 80))
  s.listen(5)
  while True:
    client, addr = s.accept()
    handle_request(client)
# Main loop
while True:
  distance = sensor.distance_cm()
  dht_sensor.measure()
  temperature = dht_sensor.temperature()
  humidity = dht_sensor.humidity()
  print("Distance:", distance, "cm")
  print("Temperature:", temperature, "°C")
  print("Humidity:", humidity, "%")
  # Control the water pump based on distance
 if distance < 10:
    relay_pin.on()
```

```
else:
    relay_pin.off()
# Indicate water level using LEDs
if distance < 10:
    for i in range(3):
        led_pins[i].on()
    else:
        for i in range(3):
        led_pins[i].off()
# Run the web server
run_server()
# Delay for a while to avoid excessive measurements
time.sleep(2)</pre>
```

OUTPUT OF SIMULATION:





THANK YOU