



GATE 2022 General Aptitude (GA)

Q.1 – Q.5 Carry ONE mark each.

Q.1	Mr. X speaks Japanese Chinese.
(A)	neither / or
(B)	either / nor
(C)	neither / nor
(D)	also / but

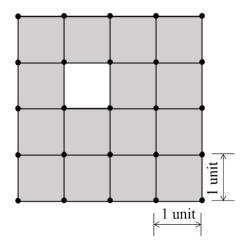
Q.2	A sum of money is to be distributed among P, Q, R, and S in the proportion 5 : 2 : 4 : 3, respectively. If R gets ₹ 1000 more than S, what is the share of Q (in ₹)?
(A)	500
(B)	1000
(C)	1500
(D)	2000

GATES Graduate Apidants Text in Engineering affectified wenter affecting when	Graduate Aptitude Test in Engineering Organised by Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur				
Q.3	A trapezium has vertices marked as P, Q, R and S (in that order anticlockwis The side PQ is parallel to side SR.				
	Further, it is given that, PQ = 11 cm, QR = 4 cm, RS = 6 cm and SP = 3 cm.				
	What is the shortest distance between PQ and SR (in cm)?				
(A)	1.80				
(B)	2.40				
(C)	4.20				
(D)	5.76				





Q.4 The figure shows a grid formed by a collection of unit squares. The unshaded unit square in the grid represents a hole.



What is the maximum number of squares without a "hole in the interior" that can be formed within the 4×4 grid using the unit squares as building blocks?

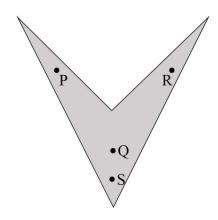
- (A) 15
- (B) 20
- (C) 21
- (D) 26





Q.5 An art gallery engages a security guard to ensure that the items displayed are protected. The diagram below represents the plan of the gallery where the boundary walls are opaque. The location the security guard posted is identified such that all the inner space (shaded region in the plan) of the gallery is within the line of sight of the security guard.

If the security guard does not move around the posted location and has a 360° view, which one of the following correctly represents the set of ALL possible locations among the locations P, Q, R and S, where the security guard can be posted to watch over the entire inner space of the gallery.



- (A) P and Q
- (B) Q
- (C) Q and S
- (D) R and S





Q. 6 - Q. 10 Carry TWO marks each.

Q.6	Mosquitoes pose a threat to human health. Controlling mosquitoes using chemicals may have undesired consequences. In Florida, authorities have used genetically modified mosquitoes to control the overall mosquito population. It remains to be seen if this novel approach has unforeseen consequences. Which one of the following is the correct logical inference based on the information in the above passage?
(A)	Using chemicals to kill mosquitoes is better than using genetically modified mosquitoes because genetic engineering is dangerous
(B)	Using genetically modified mosquitoes is better than using chemicals to kill mosquitoes because they do not have any side effects
(C)	Both using genetically modified mosquitoes and chemicals have undesired consequences and can be dangerous
(D)	Using chemicals to kill mosquitoes may have undesired consequences but it is not clear if using genetically modified mosquitoes has any negative consequence



(D) $x \ge 5$



Q.7	Consider the following inequalities. (i) $2x - 1 > 7$ (ii) $2x - 9 < 1$			
	Which one of the following expressions below satisfies the above two inequalities?			
(A)	$x \le -4$			
(B)	$-4 < x \le 4$			
(C)	4 < x < 5			

Q.8	Four points $P(0, 1)$, $Q(0, -3)$, $R(-2, -1)$, and $S(2, -1)$ represent the vertices of a quadrilateral. What is the area enclosed by the quadrilateral?
(A)	4
(B)	$4\sqrt{2}$
(C)	8
(D)	$8\sqrt{2}$





Q.9 In a class of five students P, Q, R, S and T, only one student is known to have copied in the exam. The disciplinary committee has investigated the situation and recorded the statements from the students as given below.			
	Statement of P: R has copied in the exam.		
	Statement of Q: S has copied in the exam.		
	Statement of R: P did not copy in the exam.		
	Statement of S: Only one of us is telling the truth.		
	Statement of T: R is telling the truth.		
	The investigating team had authentic information that S never lies.		
	Based on the information given above, the person who has copied in the exam is		
(A)	R		
(B)	P		
(C)	Q		
(D)	Т		





Q.10	Consider the following square with the four corners and the center marked as P, Q, R, S and T respectively. Let X, Y and Z represent the following operations:
	X: rotation of the square by 180 degree with respect to the S-Q axis.
	Y: rotation of the square by 180 degree with respect to the P-R axis.
	Z: rotation of the square by 90 degree clockwise with respect to the axis perpendicular, going into the screen and passing through the point T.
	Consider the following three distinct sequences of operation (which are applied in the left to right order).
	(1) XYZZ (2) XY
	(3) ZZZZ
	Which one of the following statements is correct as per the information provided above?
(A)	The sequence of operations (1) and (2) are equivalent
(B)	The sequence of operations (1) and (3) are equivalent
(C)	The sequence of operations (2) and (3) are equivalent
(D)	The sequence of operations (1), (2) and (3) are equivalent





Q.11 – Q.35 Carry ONE mark Each

Q.11	The value of $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{(1-x)^n - 1}{x}$ is					
(A)	0					
(B)	1					
(C)	-n					
(D)	n					
Q.12	A velocity field in Cartesian coordinate system is expressed as $\mathbf{v} = x\hat{\imath} + y\hat{\jmath} + p(z)\hat{k}$, where $p(0) = 0$ If div $\mathbf{v} = 0$, $p(z)$ is					
(A)	0					
(B)	-2z					
(C)	2					
(D)	2z					





Q.13	The constant term of the Fourier coefficients of the periodic function			
	$f(x) = \begin{cases} -k, & \text{for } -\pi < x < 0 \\ k, & \text{for } 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}, f(x+2\pi) = f(x) \text{ and } k = constant$			

is

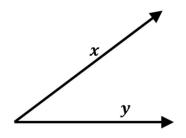
(A) k

2k(B)

(C) 2π

(D) 0

Q.14 Two vectors x and y are shown in the figure. The projection vector of x on y is



(A)

(B) $x \times y$

 $x \times y$ (C) $\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{y}$

(D)





- A deposit has the grade attribute $X \in [0, 30]$ with a density function f(x). For a Q.15 cut-off grade x_c , the proportion of the ore in the deposit is given by
- $\int_0^{30} f(x)dx \int_0^{x_c} f(x)dx$ (A)
- $\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{30} f(x) dx \int_0^{x_c} f(x) dx$ (B)
- (C) $\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{30} f(x) dx + \int_0^{x_c} f(x) dx$
- $\int_0^{x_c} f(x) dx$ (D)
- Q.16 The drilling technique applicable for mineral exploration is
- (A) Percussive drilling
- (B) Tricone roller drilling
- (C) Rotary-percussive drilling
- (D) Diamond core drilling



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Q.17	Match the rock with its metamorphosed form					
			Igneous/ Sedimentary rock		Metamorphic rock	
		P	Granite	I	Quartzite	
		Q	Limestone	II	Gneiss	
		R	Sandstone	III	Schist	
		S	Gabbro	IV	Marble	
(A)	P-II, Q-IV,	P-II, Q-IV, R-I, S-III				
(B)	P-III, Q-I, R	P-III, Q-I, R-IV, S-II				
(C)	P-IV, Q-III, R-I, S-II					
(D)	P-II, Q-III, R-IV, S-I					
Q.18	Identify the	Identify the WRONG statement:				
	Break-even	Break-even stripping ratio				
(A)	takes into account the maximum pit slope that is safe					
(B)	helps in determining the volume of the overburden					
(C)	presents the maximum possible mine size that is economical					
(D)	takes into account the life of the mine					





GATES Graduate Application Technology

Q.19	A square pattern of blasting is shown in the figure. For the case of simultaneous blast, identify the zone of no fragmentation			
	Boundary of fracture zone around blast hole			
(A)	P			
(B)	Q			
(C)	R			
(D)	S			





In the truss shown in the figure, the force in the member BD, in kN is_____. Q.20 5kN В 2kN D 7 (A) 5 (B) (C) 2 0 (D)



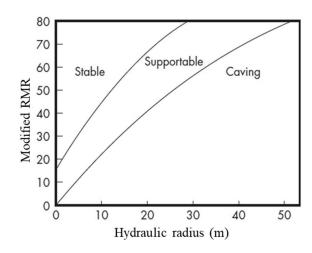


Q.21	The correct vertical stress profile in the case of tributary area method for pillar design is				
	Vertical stress				
	Pillar width pillar				
(A)	I				
(B)	II				
(C)	III				
(D)	IV				





Q.22 The bottom section of a stoping block has dimensions 200 m × 40 m. If the modified RMR of rock mass is 50, the appropriate method of mining on the basis of Laubscher's chart in the figure is



- (A) Shrinkage stoping
- (B) Cut and fill
- (C) Block Caving
- (D) Sublevel stoping



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GATE 2022 Mining Engineering (MN)

Q.23 Match the machine with its component. Machine Component Continuous miner Flight bar Lemniscate link Jack hammer II Loading apron R AFC III Shield support Rifle bar IV (A) P-III, Q-IV, R-I, S-II (B) P-IV, Q-III, R-I, S-II (C) P-III, Q-IV, R-II, S-I (D) P-IV, Q-III, R-II, S-I Q.24 Which one of the following is NOT a notifiable disease as per Indian mining legislation? (A) Silicosis Noise induced hearing loss (B) (C) Nystagmus (D) Asbestosis





Q.25	If the ambient lapse rate is higher than the dry adiabatic lapse rate, the atmosphere is
(A)	stable
(B)	neutral
(C)	unstable
(D)	strongly stable
Q.26	Identify the WRONG statement:
	The application of controlled air recirculation in an underground work place can
(A)	increase the air velocity at the work place
(B)	lead to increased concentration of contaminants in the work place
(C)	require the installation of an additional fan in the system
(D)	lead to overall ventilation cost savings



Q.27	The correct order of pavement layers for a haul road from top to bottom is
(A)	Wearing course → Base → Sub base → Sub grade
(B)	Wearing course → Sub base → Base → Sub grade
(C)	Wearing course → Sub grade → Sub base → Base
(D)	Wearing course → Base → Sub grade → Sub base
Q.28	A mining company produces iron ore and sells to another company. Royalty to be paid is on the basis of
(A)	quantity of ore produced
(B)	quantity of ore sold
(C)	difference between the quantities of ore produced and sold
(D)	net profit
Q.29	The cost of a screw compressor with an estimated life of 15 years is ₹21,00,000. If the depreciation of the compressor charged, using 'sum-of-the-years-digits' method, at the end of 4 th year is ₹2,00,000, the salvage value, in ₹ is (round off to one decimal place)



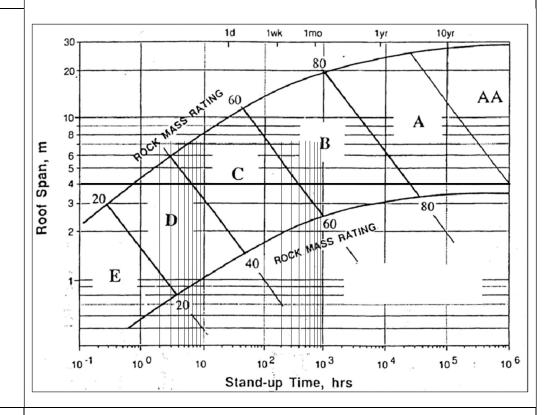


Q.30	A safety device consists of two independent critical components X_1 and X_2 . The failure of any one or both of these components can cause an accident. The failure probabilities of components X_1 and X_2 are 0.2 and 0.1, respectively. The probability of occurrence of an accident is (round off to two decimal places)
Q.31	In a levelling survey, a reading is taken as 2.25 m. However, along the line of sight there is deflection of 20 cm with respect to vertical position of the staff. The correct reading, in m is (round off to two decimal places)
Q.32	Water flows through a vertical sand column of cross sectional area 4000 mm ² and length 300 mm. For a water head of 600 mm, quantity of seepage water is 100 mm ³ /min. The hydraulic conductivity of the sand column, in mm/min is (round off to three decimal places)



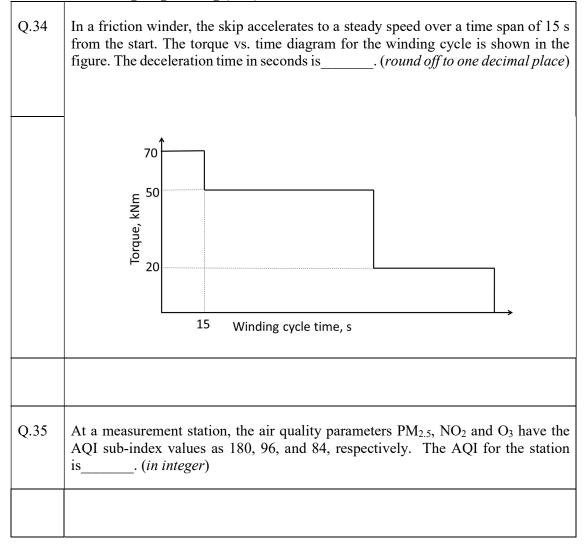


Q.33 The modified Lauffer diagram as shown in the figure relates to roof span, RMR and stand-up time. In a metal mine, roof span of a drive is 4 m. If the RMR of the rock mass changes from 40 to 60, then the stand-up time increases by a factor . (round off to two decimal places)













(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

 $P \rightarrow III, Q \rightarrow IV, R \rightarrow II, S \rightarrow I$



GATE 2022 Mining Engineering (MN) Q.36 – Q.65 Carry TWO marks Each

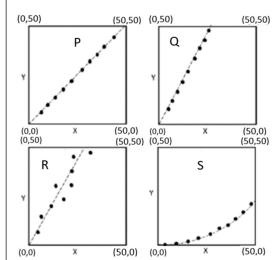
Match the drilling pattern with mining operation Q.36

<i>U</i> 1	
ı	Mining Operation
I	Drifting
II	Shaft Sinking
III	Sublevel stoping
IV	Drop Raising
	III





Q.37 The closest match of the scatter plot between the variables X and Y with the approximate attribute is

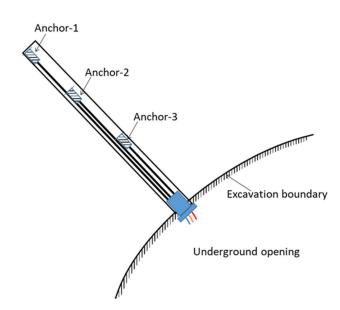


	Attribute
I	$\sigma_{x} > \sigma_{y}, 0 < \rho_{xy} < 1.0$
II	$\sigma_y > \sigma_x$, $\rho_{xy} = 1.0$
III	$\sigma_{v} > \sigma_{x}$, $0 < \rho_{xy} < 1.0$
IV	$\sigma_x = \sigma_y, \rho_{xy} = 1.0$

 $\sigma_{x} = \text{standard deviation of variable X}$ $\sigma_{y} = \text{standard deviation of variable Y}$ $\rho_{xy} = \text{Pearson's correlation coefficient}$ between X and Y

- (A) $P \rightarrow I, Q \rightarrow II, R \rightarrow III, S \rightarrow IV$
- (B) $P \rightarrow II, Q \rightarrow I, R \rightarrow IV, S \rightarrow III$
- (C) $P \rightarrow III, Q \rightarrow IV, R \rightarrow I, S \rightarrow II$
- (D) $P \rightarrow IV, Q \rightarrow II, R \rightarrow III, S \rightarrow I$

Q.38 A 3-point borehole extensometer is installed to identify the location of a single discontinuity plane in a hanging wall rock by measuring deformations at three locations as shown in the figure. The absolute readings of deformations measured on two different dates are listed in the table. Based on the measured data the most likely inference is



Date	Anchor -1 (mm)	Anchor -2 (mm)	Anchor -3 (mm)
May 2, 2021 (initial reading)	34.52	29.04	43.11
June 1, 2021	40.56	34.67	44.78

- (A) Discontinuity between Anchor-1 and Anchor-2
- (B) Discontinuity between Anchor-2 and Anchor-3
- (C) Discontinuity between Anchor-3 and excavation boundary
- (D) No noticeable discontinuity





Q.39 Match the semi-variogram shape with the model name and the property Shape Q Semi-variogram model Property $\gamma(h)$ $\gamma(h)$ I Pure nugget E reaches sill at finite range II Exponential F reaches sill asymptotically h h III Spherical G reaches sill instantaneously R S IV Gaussian $\gamma(h)$ $\gamma(h)$ $\gamma(h)$ = semi-variogram = lag distance (A) $P \rightarrow III \rightarrow E, Q \rightarrow II \rightarrow F, R \rightarrow IV \rightarrow E, S \rightarrow I \rightarrow G$ (B) $P \rightarrow II \rightarrow F$, $Q \rightarrow I \rightarrow G$, $R \rightarrow III \rightarrow E$, $S \rightarrow IV \rightarrow E$ (C) $P \rightarrow IV \rightarrow G, Q \rightarrow III \rightarrow F, R \rightarrow II \rightarrow E, S \rightarrow I \rightarrow E$ $P \rightarrow II \rightarrow E, Q \rightarrow I \rightarrow E, R \rightarrow III \rightarrow F, S \rightarrow IV \rightarrow G$ (D)





In a uniaxial compressive strength test, a rock sample of diameter 50 mm fails at an Q.40 angle of 60° as shown in the figure. If the peak load at failure is 120 kN, the normal and shear stresses on failure plane respectively, in MPa are _____ and ____. 120 kN failure plane 60° (A) 15.28 and 26.46 (B) 26.46 and 15.28 (C) 57.02 and -15.28 (D) -15.28 and 15.28



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Q.41	A coal mining company examines the option of buying two types of dumpers with the following details.				
	Parameter	Type-1	Type-2	Constraints	
	Capital cost per dumper (in ₹ crore)	3.0	4.0	Maximum capital available for purchasing is ₹120 crore	
	Capacity in tonne	40	50	Minimum daily tonnage to be hauled is 31,000	
	Daily trips for each dumper	20	20		
	Operating cost (in ₹) per tonne	300.0	200.0		
	In order to minimize the operating cost, the optimum fleet of dumpers of Type-1 and Type-2, respectively are				
(A)	20, 15				
(B)	0, 30				
(C)	0, 31				
(D)	40, 0				





Q.42	Let $f(x)$ be a continuous and differentiable function on [3, 18]. If $f(3) = -50$ and $f'(x) \le 20$, then the largest possible value of $f(18)$, is (in integer)		
Q.43	Let $\frac{dT}{dt} \propto (T_R - T)$, where T_R and T are temperate room and thermometer, respectively, and t denotes at a reading of 2° C is brought in a room of temperate the thermometer reads 15° C. The time elapsed in reads 39.5° C, is (round off to two decimals)	time in minutes. A thermometer rature 40° C. Two minutes later, minutes when the thermometer	
Q.44	In a health centre, the probability of 'full occupand 0.8. Assuming Binomial probability distribution, the exactly for 5 days in a week, is (round off	ne probability of full occupancy	
Q.45	Following information is given for a drilling operation to be carried out for overburden removal in a surface mine.		
	Volume of rock blasted per round, m ³	: 3,20,000	
	Number of blast holes	: 100	
	Drill hole diameter (D), mm	: 200	
	Length of subgrade drilling	: 8D	
	Stemming length	: 25D	
	Bench height, m	: 30	
	Powder factor, m ³ /kg	: 3.2	
	The amount of explosive per unit length of charge is (round off to two decimal places)	n kg/m, is	





Q.46 The shaft-top coordinates of two vertical shafts are given below. The depth of the shaft A and B are 200 m and 149 m, respectively.

Shaft	Latitude (m)	Departure (m)	Surface RL (m)
A	N670.0	W150.0	250
В	N170.0	E50.0	209

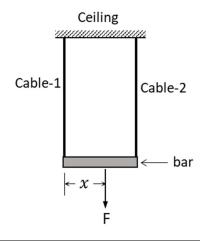
The downward gradient of the line joining the bottom of the two shafts in degrees, is ______. (round off to two decimal places)

Q.47 The oxygen-balanced equation for explosive ANFO is given below.

$$3NH_4NO_3 + CH_2 \rightarrow 7H_2O + CO_2 + 3N_2$$

For 100 litre of fuel oil having density 850 kg/m³, the amount of ammonium nitrate to be mixed, in kg, is_____. (round off to two decimal places)

Q.48 Two weightless cables of equal length and cross sectional area are hanging from a ceiling as shown in the figure. They are connected by a horizontal light bar of length 1.0 m and pulled by a force, F. The modulus of elasticity of Cable-1 and Cable-2 are 50 GPa and 200 GPa, respectively. If the deformation in both the cables is equal, the distance x, in m is . (round off to one decimal place)







Q.49	A circular tunnel of radius 3 m is constructed in a hydrostatic stress field of 15 MPa. The modulus of elasticity and Poisson's ratio of the rock are 5 GPa and 0.25, respectively. A uniform support pressure p_i is applied at tunnel boundary to restrict the radial deformation at the tunnel boundary to 4 mm. The value of p_i in MPa is (round off to two decimal places)		
Q.50	The extraction ratio during development of a bord and pillar panel is 0.15 in a flat coal seam. The panel is further extracted by widening the galleries, and the extraction ratio changes to 0.25. The percentage change in pillar stress, considering tributary area method, is (round off to two decimal places)		
Q.51	In a small metal mine a battery powered locomotive hauls a train of mine tubs such that:		
	The weight of the train of mine tubs, tonne : 3.0		
	The coefficient of friction between the wheels and the rails : 0.06		
	The coefficient of adhesion between the loco wheels and the rails : 0.2		
	Time required from the start to reach speed of 1.8 m/s through constant acceleration, min : 3.0		
	Upward gradient to be negotiated : 1 in 20		
	The minimum weight of the locomotive in tonnes to meet these design requirements, is (round off to one decimal place)		
Q.52	A pump lifts mine water of density 1020 kg/m³, at 250 m³/hr from a depth of 150 m. The overall pumping efficiency is 68%. Considering a head loss of 15 m due to pipe friction and shock, the motor input power, in kW is (round off to two decimal places)		



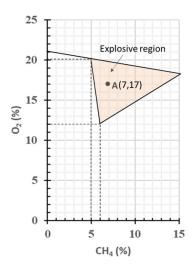


Q.53	In a surface mine bench, overburden is removed by the shovel-dumper combination. For the dumper:		
	Time required at the loading station	: 3.0 min	
	Time required at the unloading station	: 1.0 min	
	Distance between loading and unloading stations	: 4.5 km	
	Average speed during loaded travel	: 12.0 km/hr	
	Average speed during empty travel	: 18.0 km/hr	
	Minimum number of dumpers required to avoid idle time of the sho (in integer)	ovel, is	
Q.54	In a bord and pillar development panel, headings of 4.4 m × 2.5 using solid blasting. The average pull per round of blast is 1.2 m. G faces are blasted per day. Density of coal is 1500 kg/m³. The mine shifts. If the average daily employment is 330 persons, labour pro of the panel in tonne, is (round off to two decimal places)	On an average 12 operates in three ductivity (OMS)	
Q.55	In a longwall face, the full seam thickness of 3 m is cut by a shear depth 0.7 m. The hauling speed of shearer during cutting is 12 m/cross-section of AFC is 0.4 m ² and the average loading coefficient to evacuate coal from the face without spillage, the speed of AFC, in (round off to one decimal place)	min. The trough it is 0.7. In order	
Q.56	A city is spread over an area of 20 km \times 40 km. Wind, at an a 4 m/s, enters perpendicular to the 20 km long side. On a winter of layer exists over the city at a height of 100 m. PM ₁ is emitted from of 1 kg/s. The steady state PM ₁ concentration in the city air, in property Box model, is (round off to one decimal place)	day the inversion the city at a rate	





Q.57 The point 'A' as shown in the Coward flammability diagram represents the gas composition of a sealed-off area of a coal mine. The volume of the sealed-off area is 10000 m³. Inert gas is proposed to be injected into the sealed-off area so that the gas composition comes below the LEL (lower explosibility limit). The minimum volume of the inert gas required (at the same pressure as that of the sealed-off area), in m³ is . (round off to one decimal place)



- Q.58 An underground workshop has dimensions of 8 m length, 6 m width and 4 m height. Four identical luminaires are placed at the four corners of the roof. Each luminaire is of 100 W capacity with luminous efficacy of 100 lumen/W. Light is transmitted spherically from luminaires and there are no reflections. The illumination on the horizontal plane at the centre of the floor, in lux is_____. (round off to two decimal places)
- An underground AC plant requires the delivery of 250 US gpm (15.85 US gpm = 1.0 lps) of chilled water. For this purpose, ice-pellets at 0 °C temperature (latent heat of melting, 334 kJ/kg) are mixed with water at 20 °C (specific heat 4.18 kJ/kg°C) on the surface. The mixture is adiabatically transported to the underground location such that the water at 7 °C becomes available for the AC plant. The requirement of ice-pellets in tonne/hr to meet the design condition, is _____. (round off to two decimal places)





- Q.60 An intake shaft has resistance of 0.05 Ns²/m² up to a depth of 400 m. The airflow rate is 100 m³/s and the average density is 1.2 kg/m³. A barometer reads 99.375 kPa when placed on surface. Considering acceleration due to gravity is 9.81 m/s², the reading of the barometer at the depth of 400 m, in kPa is _____. (round off to two decimal places)
- Q.61 The net present values (NPV) of two mining project proposals A and B are as given.

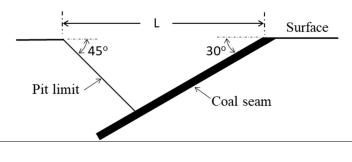
$$NPV_A = -0.01i^2 - 0.02i + 4.44$$

$$NPV_B = -0.03i^2 - 0.01i + 6.55$$

where, i is discount rate.

The required rate of return for which both the proposals have equal possibility of acceptance and rejection, is ______. (round off to two decimal places)

- Q.62 The value of $\int_0^1 x \log(1+x) dx$, is ______. (round off to two decimal places)
- Q.63 A coal seam of uniform thickness 12 m is dipping at an angle 30° as shown in the figure. The ultimate pit is demarcated based on allowable instantaneous stripping ratio of 10 m³/tonne and safe slope angle of 45°. The density of coal is 1.41 tonne/m³. The length, L in m is . (round off to two decimal places)







Q.64	A mine has a reserve of 150 million tonne (Mt) and is designed for a maximum production capacity of 5 Mt per year. In the first year the production is 2 Mt and it increases by 20% each year. The reserve in Mt that remains at the end of 15 years, is (round off to two decimal places)								
Q.65	Information on Activity-Time duration of a project is provided below								
		Activity	Predecessor	Successor	Estimated Time Duration (weeks)				
		Activity	event		Pessimistic	Most likely	Optimistic		
		A	1	2	20	15	4		
		В	1	3	12	8	4		
		С	2	3	16	11	6		
		D	3	4	20	13	12		
		Е	2	4	13	8	3		
		F	1	4	45	35	25		
	Th	The expected project duration in weeks, is (in integer)							







Q. No.	Session Question Subject Key/Range		Mark		
-		Туре	Name	,, ,	
1	3	MCQ	GA	С	1
2	3	MCQ	GA	D	1
3	3	MCQ	GA	В	1
4	3	MCQ	GA	В	1
5	3	MCQ	GA	С	1
6	3	MCQ	GA	D	2
7	3	MCQ	GA	С	2
8	3	MCQ	GA	С	2
9	3	MCQ	GA	В	2
10	3	MCQ	GA	В	2
11	3	MCQ	MN	С	1
12	3	MCQ	MN	В	1
13	3	MCQ	MN	D	1
14	3	MCQ	MN	A	1
15	3	MCQ	MN	A	1
16	3	MCQ	MN	D	1
17	3	MCQ	MN	A	1
18	3	MCQ	MN	D	1
19	3	MCQ	MN	C	1
20	3	MCQ	MN	D	1
21	3	MCQ	MN	C	1
22	3	MCQ	MN	В	1
23	3	MCQ	MN	A	1
24	3	MCQ	MN	C	1
25	3	MCQ	MN	C	1
26	3	MCQ	MN	В	1
27	3	MCQ	MN	A	1
28	3		MN	В	1
		MCQ	-		
29	3	NAT	MN	100000.0 to 100000.0	1
30	3	NAT	MN	0.28 to 0.28	1
31	3	NAT	MN	2.20 to 2.30	1
32	3	NAT	MN	0.012 to 0.013	1
33		NAT	MN	50.00 to 70.00	1
34	3	NAT	MN	10.0 to 10.0	1
35	3	NAT	MN	180 to 180	1
36	3	MCQ	MN	D	2
37	3	MCQ	MN	D	2
38	3	MCQ	MN	В	2
39	3	MCQ	MN	A	2
40	3	MCQ	MN	A	2
41	3	MCQ	MN	A	2
42	3	NAT	MN	250 to 250	2
43	3	NAT	MN	20.40 to 20.80	2
44	3	NAT	MN	0.251 to 0.299	2





45	3	NAT	MN	36.00 to 39.00	2
46	3	NAT	MN	0.90 to 1.13	2
47	3	NAT	MN	1453.00 to 1458.00	2
48	3	NAT	MN	0.8 to 0.8	2
49	3	NAT	MN	9.50 to 9.75	2
50	3	NAT	MN	13.00 to 14.00	2
51	3	NAT	MN	3.7 to 3.8	2
52	3	NAT	MN	165.00 to 170.00	2
53	3	NAT	MN	14 to 14	2
54	3	NAT	MN	0.70 to 0.75	2
55	3	NAT	MN	1.4 to 1.6	2
56	3	NAT	MN	125.0 to 125.0	2
57	3	NAT	MN	2000.0 to 2400.0	2
58	3	NAT	MN	45.00 to 50.00	2
59	3	NAT	MN	7.00 to 7.50	2
60	3	NAT	MN	103.50 to 103.60	2
61	3	NAT	MN	10.00 to 11.00	2
62	3	NAT	MN	0.25 to 0.25	2
63	3	NAT	MN	320.00 to 330.00	2
64	3	NAT	MN	84.80 to 85.50	2
65	3	NAT	MN	39 to 39	2