Semantic Analysis

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Outline

The role of semantic analysis:
 The need of semantic validation, examples of errors

- The basic concepts for semantic analysis
- Applications of semantic analysis
 - IR generation
 - Name and scope analysis
 - Declaration processing
 - Type analysis
- Run time support
 - Activation records
 - Stack, static, and heap allocation,
 - Function prologue, making a call, returning a call, function epilogue



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The Role of Semantic Analysis

- Establishing semantic validity of programs
 - What kinds of errors are possible in a program?
 - What kind of analysis can check these errors?
- Generating intermediate code (AST or Three-address code)
- Generating code for run time support (procedure calls and returns)



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Why Separate Semantic Analysis from Syntax Analysis?

The constraints defining semantic validity cannot be described by context free grammars



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Why Separate Semantic Analysis from Syntax Analysis?

The constraints defining semantic validity cannot be described by context free grammars

 The constraint "declare a variable before its use" can be described by a language {wcw | w ∈ Σ*} where w is the lexeme of a variable (the lexeme appearing in a use must match the lexeme appearing in the corresponding declaration)



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Why Separate Semantic Analysis from Syntax Analysis?

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- The constraint "declare a variable before its use" can be described by a language $\{wcw \mid w \in \Sigma^*\}$ where w is the lexeme of a variable (the lexeme appearing in a use must match the lexeme appearing in the corresponding declaration)
- The constraint "the number of actual parameters in a call must match the number of formal parameters of the procedure" for a program with two procedures can be described by a language $\{fa^ngb^mfc^ngd^m\mid n\geq 1, m\geq 1\}$ where
 - the formal parameters of procedure f are represented by a string of a's and its actual parameters are represented by a string of c's, and
 - the formal parameters of procedure g are represented by a string of b's and its actual parameters are represented by a string of d's



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 - the formal parameters of procedure f are represented by a string of a's and its actual parameters are represented by a string of c's, and
 - the formal parameters of procedure g are represented by a string of b's and its actual parameters are represented by a string of d's

These languages are not context free and hence cannot be described by context free grammars



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- Using context sensitive grammars for parsing is expensive
- Practical compilers use context free grammars to admit a superset of valid sentences and prune out invalid sentences by imposing context sensitive restrictions



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- Using context sensitive grammars for parsing is expensive
- Practical compilers use context free grammars to admit a superset of valid sentences and prune out invalid sentences by imposing context sensitive restrictions
 - ∘ For recognizing language $\{wcw \mid w \in \Sigma^*\}$,
 - admit all sentences in {xcy | x, y ∈ Σ*},
 - enter x in a symbol table during declaration processing, and
 - when uses are processed, lookup the symbol table and check if y=x



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 - enter x in a symbol table during declaration processing, and
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 - For language $\{fa^ngb^mfc^ngd^m \mid n \geq 1, m \geq 1\}$,
 - admit all sentences in $\{fa^ngb^mfc^igd^j \mid n \geq 1, m \geq 1, i \geq 1, j \geq 1\}$,
 - enter a^n and b^m as attributes of procedures f and g in a symbol table when function declarations/definitions are processed,
 - match c^i with a^n when a call to f is encountered, and
 - match d^{j} with b^{m} when a call to g is encountered



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 - match c^i with a^n when a call to f is encountered, and
 - match d^j with b^m when a call to g is encountered
 - The general strategy is to define and compute some attributes of the symbols of a context free grammar and communicate the semantic information between them through the attributes



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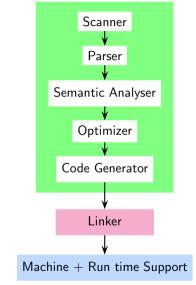
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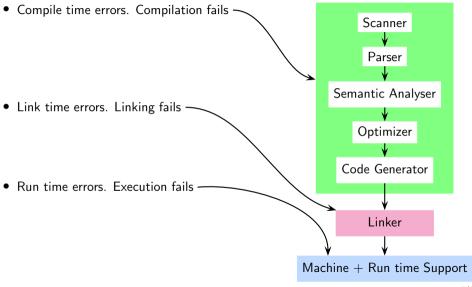
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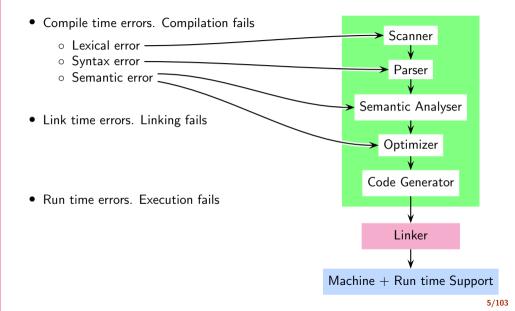
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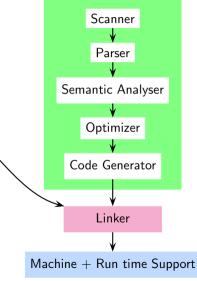
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Declaration Processing

- Compile time errors. Compilation fails
 - Lexical error
 - Syntax error
 - Semantic error
- Link time errors. Linking fails
 Missing functions, global variables
 ("undefined reference to vtable for f")
- Run time errors. Execution fails.





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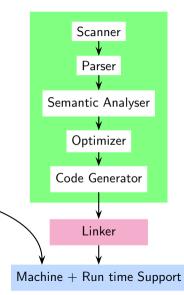
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 - Syntax error
 - Semantic error
- Link time errors. Linking fails
 Missing functions, global variables
 ("undefined reference to vtable for f")
- Run time errors. Execution fails
 - Logical error. Execution completes but gives wrong result
 - Undefined behaviour. Execution either aborts or gives wrong result





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Undefined Behaviour, Exceptions, and Unspecified Behaviour

- Undefined behaviour. Unchecked prohibited behaviour flagged by the language
 - No responsibility of the compiler or its run time support
 - May have unpredictable outcomes
 The execution may abort or give unexpected result
 - A compiler is legally free to do anything
 Including formatting your disk or launching a missile ;-)

- Unspecified behaviour (aka implementation-defined behaviour)
 - Valid feature whose implementation is left to the compiler
 - The available choices do not affect the result but may influence efficiency
 - Examples. The order of evaluation of arguments to a function call, or subexpressions
- Exceptions. Prohibited behaviour checked by the run time support



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Practical compilers try to detect them and issue warnings (and not errors)

- Unspecified behaviour (aka implementation-defined behaviour)
 - Valid feature whose implementation is left to the compiler
 - The available choices do not affect the result but may influence efficiency
 - Examples. The order of evaluation of arguments to a function call, or subexpressions

Practical compilers make choices based on well defined criteria

• Exceptions. Prohibited behaviour checked by the run time support

Practical compilers try to detect these at compile time



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 The execution may abort or give unexpected result
 - A compiler is legally free to do anything

Java follows the exception approach for predictability, whereas C/C++ follows the undefined behaviour approach for efficiency

subexpressions

Practical compilers make choices based on well defined criteria

• Exceptions. Prohibited behaviour checked by the run time support

Practical compilers try to detect these at compile time



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Examples of Undefined Behaviour in C

Memory violations

- Dereferencing a NULL pointer
- Out-of-bounds array access
- Modifying a string literal
- Accessing uninitialized variables
- Invalid pointer arithmetic
- Using a pointer after free (dangling pointer)
- Accessing local variables after function return

Compute violations

- Division by zero
- Signed integer overflow
- Overflow or underflow in floating-point operations
- Failing to return a value from a non-void function
- o Infinite recursion without a base case



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Examples of Unspecified Behaviour in C

- Order of evaluation of function arguments
- Order of evaluation of subexpressions in an expression
- Overflow or underflow for unsigned integers
- Alignment of structures and unions
- Memory layout of struct and union types
- Padding added to structures



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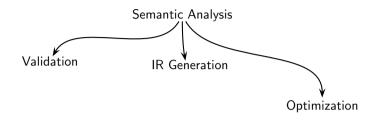
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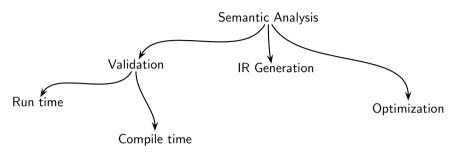
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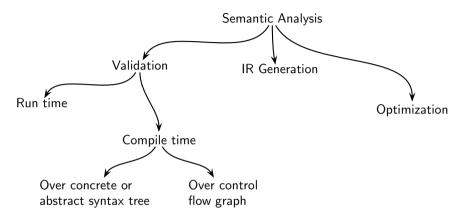
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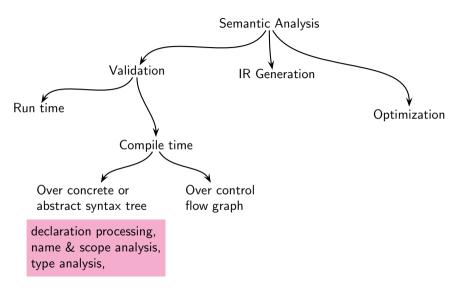
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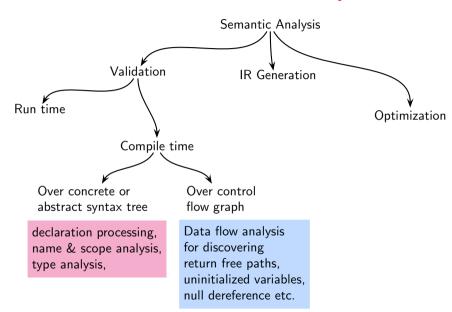
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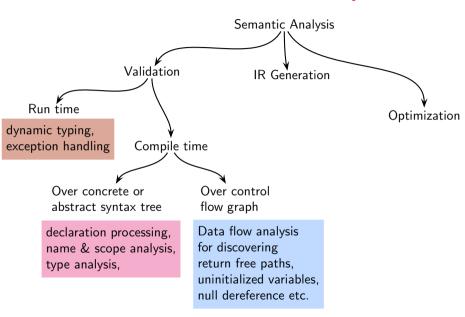
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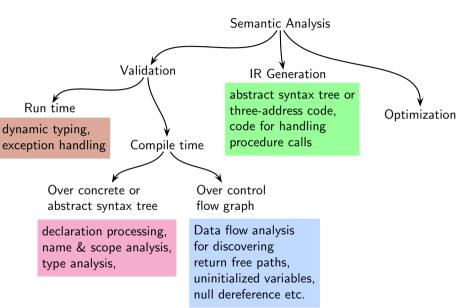
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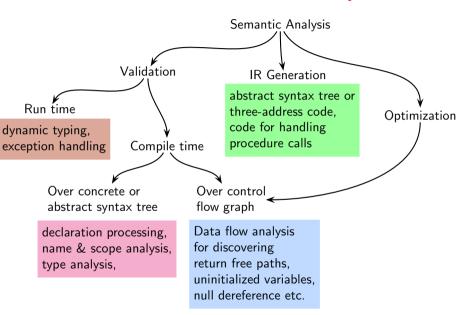
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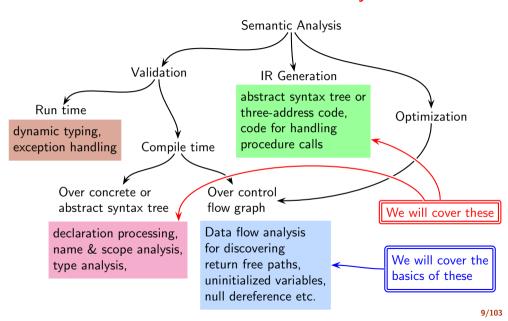
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How Can a Compiler Ensure Run Time Validation?

- Assume that a compiler decides to guard against null pointer dereference
- Every occurrence of *x can be replaced by a code that has the effect of the following expression

$$(x! = NULL)? *x : complain()$$

where function complain is a part of the run time support created by the compiler

- This is not a source level change but the IR of the program would be instrumented
- Note that this overhead slows down the program execution



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Acknowledgements

This section is based entirely on the material developed by Prof. Biswas



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
/*
 * Test Program
int main()
\{ \text{ int a = b: } 
  int b = 5:
  return 0:
```



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Unterminated comment



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- Unterminated comment
- Lexical error



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Declaration Processing

Observations About Program p1.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ int a = b;
  int b = 5;
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}
```



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Observations About Program p1.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ int a = b;
  int b = 5;
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}
```

• Declaration of b appears after its definition



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using namespace std;
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```

- Declaration of b appears after its definition
- Cannot be identified by the scanner
- Cannot be identified by the parser
 - Our grammar is context-free
 - This needs recording and examining context
 - A variable is used in the context of its declaration



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- Semantic error (name and scope analysis)



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Observations About Program p2.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ int a = b, b = 5;
   return 0;
}
```



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Observations About Program p2.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ int a = b, b = 5;
   return 0;
}
```

 Declaration of b appears after its use even if it is within the same declaration statement



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Observations About Program p3.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ float b;
  int b = 5;
  return 0;
}
```



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ float b;
  int b = 5;
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}
```

• Redeclaration of b with different types



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using namespace std;
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- Redeclaration of b with different types
- Not allowed even with the same type



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using namespace std:

- Redeclaration of b with different types
- Not allowed even with the same type
- Semantic error (name and scope analysis)



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Observations About Program p4.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ int &i;
   cout << i << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```



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```
using namespace std;
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int main()
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• C++ requires references to be initialized



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}</pre>
```

- C++ requires references to be initialized
- Cannot be identified by the scanner
- Identified by the parser
 - Token '=' must appear after ID



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int main()
{ int &i;
  cout << i << endl;
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

- C++ requires references to be initialized
- Cannot be identified by the scanner
- Identified by the parser
 - Token '=' must appear after ID
- Syntax error and not a semantic error



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Observations About Program p5.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ short s = 1234567890;
   cout << s << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```



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Observations About Program p5.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ short s = 1234567890;
   cout << s << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Overflow



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Observations About Program p5.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ short s = 1234567890;
   cout << s << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

- Overflow
- Cannot be identified by the scanner
- Cannot be identified by the parser
 - Needs the knowledge of types
 - Needs recording and examining context



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Observations About Program p5.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ short s = 1234567890;
  cout << s << endl;
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

- Overflow
- Cannot be identified by the scanner
- Cannot be identified by the parser
 - Needs the knowledge of types
 - Needs recording and examining context
- Semantic error (type matching)
 Reported as a warning



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Observations About Program p6.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ int i = 40; \}
  if (1 \le i \le 5)
    cout << " In range\n";</pre>
  else
    cout << " Out of Range\n";</pre>
  return 0:
```



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Observations About Program p6.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ int i = 40 : 
  if (1 \le i \le 5)
    cout << " In range\n";</pre>
  else
    cout << " Out of Range\n";</pre>
  return 0:
```

 Relational operators are left-associative in C++
 They are non-associative in sclp



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ int i = 40 : \}
  if (1 \le i \le 5)
    cout << " In range\n";</pre>
  else
    cout << " Out of Range\n";</pre>
  return 0:
```

 \bullet Relational operators are left-associative in C++

They are non-associative in sclp

• 1 <= i evaluated to true whose value is taken as 1 by the compiler



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ int i = 40 : \}
  if (1 \le i \le 5)
    cout << " In range\n";</pre>
  else
    cout << " Out of Range\n":</pre>
  return 0:
```

Relational operators are left-associative in C++

They are non-associative in sclp

- 1 <= i evaluated to true whose value is taken as 1 by the compiler
 - All non-zero integers map to true but true maps only to 1



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Observations About Program p6.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ int i = 40 : \}
  if (1 \le i \le 5)
    cout << " In range\n";</pre>
  else
    cout << " Out of Range\n":</pre>
  return 0:
```

 Relational operators are left-associative in C++
 They are non-associative in sclp

- 1 <= i evaluated to true whose value is taken as 1 by the compiler
 - All non-zero integers map to true but true maps only to 1
- The compiler and run time support cannot know the programmer's intent (Does the value of i lie between 1 and 5?)



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ int i = 40 : \}
  if (1 \le i \le 5)
    cout << " In range\n";</pre>
  else
    cout << " Out of Range\n":</pre>
  return 0:
```

 Relational operators are left-associative in C++
 They are non-associative in sclp

- 1 <= i evaluated to true whose value is taken as 1 by the compiler
 - All non-zero integers map to true but true maps only to 1
- The compiler and run time support cannot know the programmer's intent (Does the value of i lie between 1 and 5?)
- Logical error and not a semantic error



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Observations About Program p7.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ int a[5] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 };
  return 0;
}
```



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Observations About Program p7.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ int a[5] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
    return 0;
}
```

 More elements in the initialization than the declared size of the array



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- More elements in the initialization than the declared size of the array
- Cannot be identified by the scanner
- Cannot be identified by the parser
 - Requires the knowledge of the size of the array



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Observations About Program p7.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
{ int a[5] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 };
    return 0;
}
```

- More elements in the initialization than the declared size of the array
- Cannot be identified by the scanner
- Cannot be identified by the parser
 - Requires the knowledge of the size of the array
- Semantic error (declaration processing)



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Observations About Program p8.c

```
using namespace std:
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ \text{ int a}[5] = \{1, 2, 3\}; 
  int sum;
  for (int i=0; i<10000; i++)
     sum = sum + a[i];
  cout << sum << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```



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Observations About Program p8.c

 Segmentation fault Memory access violation

```
using namespace std:
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ \text{ int a}[5] = \{1, 2, 3\}: 
  int sum;
  for (int i=0; i<10000; i++)
     sum = sum + a[i];
  cout << sum << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```



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Observations About Program p8.c

```
using namespace std:
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ \text{ int a}[5] = \{1, 2, 3\}: 
  int sum;
  for (int i=0; i<10000; i++)
     sum = sum + a[i];
  cout << sum << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

- Segmentation fault Memory access violation
- This is a run time activity and the error cannot be identified by a compiler



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```
using namespace std:
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ \text{ int a}[5] = \{1, 2, 3\}; 
  int sum:
  for (int i=0; i<10000; i++)
     sum = sum + a[i]:
  cout << sum << endl:</pre>
  return 0;
```

- Segmentation fault Memory access violation
- This is a run time activity and the error cannot be identified by a compiler
- Run time error (undefined behaviour)



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std:
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ \text{ int a}[5] = \{1, 2, 3\}: 
  int sum:
  for (int i=0; i<10000; i++)
     sum = sum + a[i]:
  cout << sum << endl:</pre>
  return 0;
```

- Segmentation fault Memory access violation
- This is a run time activity and the error cannot be identified by a compiler
- Run time error (undefined behaviour)
- If we change the loop bound to 5 or 10, memory violation may go undetected, program may not abort, but the result would be unpredictable (undefined behaviour)



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std:
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ \text{ int a}[5] = \{1, 2, 3\}; 
  int sum:
  for (int i=0; i<10000; i++)
     sum = sum + a[i]:
  cout << sum << endl:</pre>
  return 0;
```

- Segmentation fault Memory access violation
- This is a run time activity and the error cannot be identified by a compiler
- Run time error (undefined behaviour)
- If we change the loop bound to 5 or 10, memory violation may go undetected, program may not abort, but the result would be unpredictable (undefined behaviour)
- If we change the loop bound to 2, it will be a logical error because it is not a memory violation



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int f(int x)
  if (x>10) return x:
  else
    if (x>5) return x+5:
int main()
\{ \text{ int } i = -5; 
  int j = f(i);
  cout << j << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int f(int x)
  if (x>10) return x:
  else
    if (x>5) return x+5:
int main()
\{ int i = -5 : \}
  int j = f(i);
  cout << i << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

- Existence of a control flow path along which no value is returned
- Semantic analysis over control flow graph



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int f(int x)
  if (x>10) return x:
  else
    if (x>5) return x+5:
int main()
\{ int i = -5 : \}
  int j = f(i);
  cout << i << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

- Existence of a control flow path along which no value is returned
- Semantic analysis over control flow graph
- A warning to flag a possible undefined behaviour



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int f(int x)
  if (x>10) return x:
  else
    if (x>5) return x+5:
int main()
\{ int i = -5 : \}
  int j = f(i);
  cout << i << endl;
  return 0:
```

- Existence of a control flow path along which no value is returned
- Semantic analysis over control flow graph
- A warning to flag a possible undefined behaviour
- What does a language definition say?
 A variable must be declared before its use but may not be defined before its use
 The latter leads to undefined behaviour.



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int f(int x)
  if (x>10) return x:
  else
    if (x>5) return x+5:
int main()
\{ int i = -5 : \}
  int j = f(i);
  cout << j << endl:</pre>
  return 0:
```

- Existence of a control flow path along which no value is returned
- Semantic analysis over control flow graph
- A warning to flag a possible undefined behaviour
- What does a language definition say?
 A variable must be declared before its use but may not be defined before its use
 The latter leads to undefined behaviour
- Observe the run time consequences by
 - Add cout statement in f
 - \circ Add x = x + 200 in f
 - Add a call g(y) returning a value in f
 - Change the argument of f to i+2



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ float inc = 0.1; \}
  float sum = 0:
  while (inc != 1.0)
  \{ sum = sum + inc; \}
    inc = inc + 0.1:
  cout << sum << endl;</pre>
  return 0:
```



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Observations About Program p10.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ float inc = 0.1; \}
  float sum = 0:
  while (inc != 1.0)
  \{ sum = sum + inc; \}
    inc = inc + 0.1:
  cout << sum << endl;</pre>
  return 0:
```

• Infinite loop?



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ float inc = 0.1; \}
  float sum = 0:
  while (inc != 1.0)
  \{ sum = sum + inc; \}
    inc = inc + 0.1:
  cout << sum << endl;</pre>
  return 0:
```

- Infinite loop?
- Print values in the loop and observe



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ float inc = 0.1; \}
  float sum = 0:
  while (inc != 1.0)
  \{ sum = sum + inc; \}
    inc = inc + 0.1:
  cout << sum << endl:</pre>
  return 0:
```

- Infinite loop?
- Print values in the loop and observe
- Change! to < and observe



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```
#include <iostream>
int main()
\{ float inc = 0.1; \}
  float sum = 0:
  while (inc != 1.0)
  \{ sum = sum + inc; \}
    inc = inc + 0.1:
  cout << sum << endl:</pre>
  return 0:
```

using namespace std;

- Infinite loop?
- Print values in the loop and observe
- Change! to < and observe
- Floating point values are not exact



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```
int main()
\{ float inc = 0.1; \}
  float sum = 0:
  while (inc !=1.0)
  \{ sum = sum + inc; \}
    inc = inc + 0.1:
  cout << sum << endl:</pre>
  return 0:
```

using namespace std;

#include <iostream>

- Infinite loop?
- Print values in the loop and observe
- Change! to < and observe
- Floating point values are not exact
- This is a run time activity and the error cannot be identified by a compiler



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Observations About Program p10.c

```
int main()
\{ float inc = 0.1; \}
  float sum = 0:
  while (inc !=1.0)
  \{ sum = sum + inc; \}
    inc = inc + 0.1:
  cout << sum << endl:</pre>
  return 0:
```

using namespace std;

#include <iostream>

- Infinite loop?
- Print values in the loop and observe
- Change! to < and observe
- Floating point values are not exact
- This is a run time activity and the error cannot be identified by a compiler
- Logical error and not a semantic error



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
short f(short a)
 { cout << " short\n";
   return a:}
long f(long x)
 { cout << " long\n":
   return x;}
char f (char c)
 { cout << " char\n";
   return c;}
int main()
 f(100);
```



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Observations About Program p11.c

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
short f(short a)
 { cout << " short\n";
   return a:}
long f(long x)
 { cout << " long\n";
   return x:}
char f (char c)
 { cout << " char\n":
   return c;}
int main()
 f(100);
```

• Difficulty in resolving function overloading



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
short f(short a)
 { cout << " short\n";
   return a:}
long f(long x)
 { cout << " long\n":
   return x:}
char f (char c)
 { cout << " char\n";
   return c;}
int main()
 f(100);
```

- Difficulty in resolving function overloading
- Value 100 fits into types char, short, and long



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
short f(short a)
 { cout << " short\n";
   return a:}
long f(long x)
 { cout << " long\n":
   return x:}
char f (char c)
 { cout << " char\n":</pre>
   return c;}
int main()
 f(100);
```

- Difficulty in resolving function overloading
- Value 100 fits into types char, short, and long
- Add a function with type int and observe



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
short f(short a)
 { cout << " short\n";
   return a:}
long f(long x)
 { cout << " long\n":
   return x:}
char f (char c)
 { cout << " char\n":</pre>
   return c:}
int main()
 f(100);
```

- Difficulty in resolving function overloading
- Value 100 fits into types char, short, and long
- Add a function with type int and observe
- Cannot be identified by the parser
- Semantic error (type matching)



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
long f(long a)
 { cout << " long\n"; return a;}
int f(int x)
 { cout << " int\n": return x:}</pre>
char f (char c)
 { cout << " char\n"; return c;}
int main()
   short d = 25:
   char ch = '$':
   f(100000000000);
   f(1234);
   f(ch);
   f(d);
```



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
long f(long a)
 { cout << " long\n"; return a;}
int f(int x)
 { cout << " int\n": return x:}</pre>
char f (char c)
 { cout << " char\n"; return c;}
int main()
   short d = 25:
   char ch = '$':
   f(100000000000);
   f(1234);
   f(ch):
   f(d);
```

Type casting for resolving function overloading



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
long f(long a)
 { cout << " long\n"; return a;}
int f(int x)
 { cout << " int\n": return x:}</pre>
char f (char c)
 { cout << " char\n"; return c;}
int main()
   short d = 25:
   char ch = '$':
   f(100000000000);
   f(1234);
   f(ch):
   f(d);
```

- Type casting for resolving function overloading
- A short value is treated as an int value



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```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
long f(long a)
 { cout << " long\n"; return a;}
int f(int x)
 { cout << " int\n": return x:}</pre>
char f (char c)
 { cout << " char\n"; return c;}
int main()
   short d = 25:
   char ch = '$':
   f(100000000000);
   f(1234);
   f(ch):
   f(d);
```

- Type casting for resolving function overloading
- A short value is treated as an int value
- Semantic analysis (type analysis)



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```
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
template <class T>
int countzeros (T a[], int size)
f int count = 0:
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    if (a[i] == 0) count ++:
  return count:
```

```
int main()
{ int x[5]={7, 0, 5, 1, 0}:
 9.5.0.0005}:
  int a=20, b=50, c=-100, d=1000:
  int * p[5]=\{\&a, \&b, \&c, \&d, 0\};
  char ch[5]={'a', '0', ',', '0',
              '9'}:
  string str[4]={"12", "0", "abc",
                 "0"}:
  cout << countzeros(x,5) << endl;</pre>
  cout << countzeros(y,6) << endl;</pre>
  cout << countzeros(p,5) << endl;</pre>
  cout << countzeros(ch,5) << endl;</pre>
  cout << countzeros(str.4) << endl:</pre>
 return 0;
```



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- Comparison between string and int not defined
- No zero in array ch



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```
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
template <class T>
int countzeros (T a[], int size)
\{ \text{ int count = 0} : 
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    if (a[i] == 0) count ++:
  return count;
```



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Observations About Program p14.c

```
#include<iostream>

template <class T>
int countzeros (T a[], int size)
{ int count = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    if (a[i] == 0) count ++;
  return count;
}</pre>
```

using namespace std;

No main



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```
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
template <class T>
int countzeros (T a[], int size)
\{ \text{ int count = 0} : 
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    if (a[i] == 0) count ++:
  return count;
```

- No main
- General error: missing external data function or variable
- Identified by the linker



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```
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
template <class T>
int countzeros (T a[], int size)
\{ \text{ int count = 0} : 
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    if (a[i] == 0) count ++:
  return count;
```

- No main
- General error: missing external data function or variable
- Identified by the linker
- Using -c option with compilation suppresses the error



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Declaration Processing

```
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
template <class T>
int countzeros (T a[], int size)
\{ \text{ int count = 0} : 
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    if (a[i] == 0) count ++:
  return count;
```

- No main
- General error: missing external data function or variable
- Identified by the linker
- Using -c option with compilation suppresses the error
- Linking error



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Introduction

- Practical compilers use context free grammars to admit a superset of valid sentences and prune out invalid sentences by imposing context sensitive restrictions
- The general strategy is to define and compute some attributes of the symbols of a context free grammar and communicate the semantic information between them through the attributes

Syntax directed attribute evaluation



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Syntax Directed Definitions (SDDs)

 A context free grammar augmented with attributes of grammar symbols and semantic rules for evaluating the attributes

$$A \rightarrow \alpha \mid b = f(c_1, c_2, \ldots, c_k)$$

where b is an attribute of A and $c_i, 1 \le i \le k$ are attributes of the symbols in α

- The semantic rules are evaluated when the corresponding grammar rule is used for derivation (in a top down parser) or reduction (in a bottom up parser)
- Notations and conventions
 - o For simplicity, we will show attribute evaluation on a parse tree
 - \circ X.attribute refers to the attribute named "attribute" of grammar symbol X
 - Multiple occurrences of a grammar symbol within the same production are distinguished using subscripts



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Syntax Directed Definition for Expression Evaluation

- The parser uses the attributes called *value* and *name*
- The attribute values for id and num are supplied by the scanner

| $E_1 \rightarrow E_2 * E_3$ | E_1 .value = E_2 .value * E_3 .value |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| $E_1 ightarrow E_2 \ / \ E_3$ | E_1 .value = E_2 .value/ E_3 .value |
| $E_1 \rightarrow E_2 + E_3$ | E_1 .value = E_2 .value + E_3 .value |
| $E_1 \rightarrow E_2 - E_3$ | E_1 .value = E_2 .value - E_3 .value |
| $E_1 ightarrow - E_2$ | E_1 .value = $-E_2$.value |
| $E_1 	o (E_2)$ | E_1 .value = E_2 .value |
| extstyle E ightarrow 	extstyle num | E.value = num.value |



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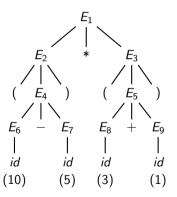
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Example of Expression Evaluation

Input expression: (10-5)*(3+1)





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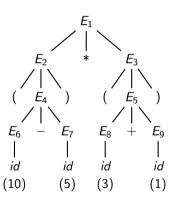
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Example of Expression Evaluation



| E_6 .value | 10 |
|-----------------------|----|
| E_7 . $value$ | 5 |
| E_8 .value | 3 |
| E ₉ .value | 1 |
| | |



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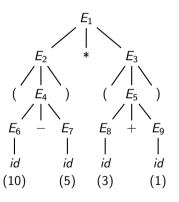
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| E_6 .value | 10 |
|-----------------------|----|
| E_7 .value | 5 |
| E_8 .value | 3 |
| E ₉ .value | 1 |
| E ₄ .value | 5 |



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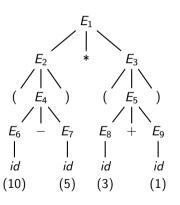
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| E_6 . value | 10 |
|-----------------------|----|
| E_7 . $value$ | 5 |
| E_8 . value | 3 |
| E_9 . $value$ | 1 |
| E ₄ .value | 5 |
| E_2 . value | 5 |
| | |



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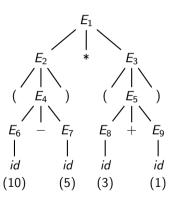
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| E_6 .value | 10 |
|-----------------------|----|
| E_7 .value | 5 |
| E_8 .value | 3 |
| $E_9.value$ | 1 |
| E ₄ .value | 5 |
| E_2 .value | 5 |
| E_5 .value | 4 |
| | |



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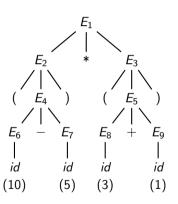
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| E_6 . value | 10 |
|-----------------------|----|
| E_7 . $value$ | 5 |
| E_8 . value | 3 |
| E_9 . $value$ | 1 |
| E ₄ .value | 5 |
| E_2 . value | 5 |
| E_5 . $value$ | 4 |
| E_3 . value | 4 |
| | |
| | I |



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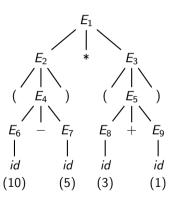
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| E_6 . value | 10 | |
|-----------------------|----|--|
| E_7 . $value$ | 5 | |
| E_8 . value | 3 | |
| E_9 . $value$ | 1 | |
| E ₄ .value | 5 | |
| E_2 .value | 5 | |
| E_5 . value | 4 | |
| E_3 . value | 4 | |
| E_1 .value | 20 | |
| | | |



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SDDs for Generating IR



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SDDs for Generating IR

- Generating IR for unary and binary expressions
- Generating IR for ternary expression
- Generating IR for WHILE loop
- Generating IR for array accesses
- Generating IR for field accesses in structures
- Generating IR for field accesses through pointers



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SDD for **Generating IR** for **Expression**

- Input statement. x = (a b) * (c + d)
- Desired output

$$t_0 = a - b$$

 $t_1 = c + d$
 $t_2 = t_0 * t_1$
 $x = t_2$



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SDD for Generating IR for Expression

- We use attributes called *name* (value supplied by the scanner), *place* (the source or the temporary variable that holds the result), and *code*
- Function *gen* generates code for an assignment statement, function *expr* generates the code for an expression, function *getNewTemp* returns the name of a new temporary, and operator || concatenates code

| $S \rightarrow id = E$ | $c_1 = gen(id.place, =, E.place)$ $S.code = E.code \mid\mid c_1$ |
|-------------------------------|---|
| $E_1 ightarrow E_2$ op E_3 | $t_1 = getNewTemp();$ $c_1 = E_2.code;$ $c_2 = E_3.code$ $c_3 = gen(t_1, =, expr(E_2.place, op, E_3.place))$ $E_1.code = c_1 \mid\mid c_2 \mid\mid c_3$ $E_1.place = t_1$ |
| $E_1 	o (E_2)$ | $E_1.code = E_2.code$ $E_1.place = E_2.place$ |
| E 	o id | E.code = NULL E.place = id.name |



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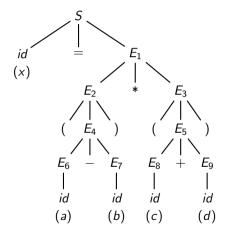
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Example of Generating IR for Expression





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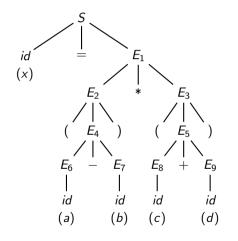
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| E ₆ .place | а |
|-----------------------|---|
| E_7 .place | Ь |
| E_8 .place | С |
| E_9 .place | d |



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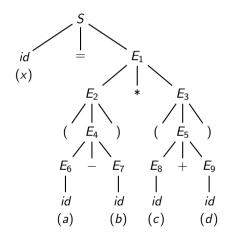
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| E_6 . place | а |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| E_7 .place | Ь |
| E_8 .place | С |
| E_9 .place | d |
| E_4 .place, E_2 .place | t_0 |
| E_4 .code, E_2 .code | $t_0 = a - b$ |



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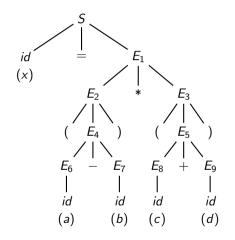
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| E_6 .place | а |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| E_7 .place | b |
| E_8 . place | С |
| E_9 . place | d |
| E_4 .place, E_2 .place | t_0 |
| E_4 .code, E_2 .code | $t_0 = a - b$ |
| E_5 .place, E_3 .place | t_1 |
| E_5 .code, E_3 .code | $t_1=c+d$ |



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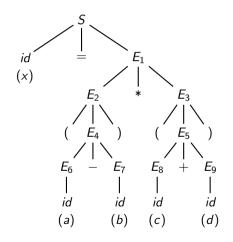
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| E_6 .place | а |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| E ₇ .place | Ь |
| E ₈ .place | С |
| E ₉ .place | d |
| E_4 .place, E_2 .place | t_0 |
| E_4 .code, E_2 .code | $t_0 = a - b$ |
| E_5 .place, E_3 .place | t_1 |
| E_5 .code, E_3 .code | $t_1=c+d$ |
| E_1 .place | t_2 |
| | $t_0 = a - b$ |
| E_1 .code | $t_1=c+d$ |
| | $t_2=t_0*t_1$ |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |



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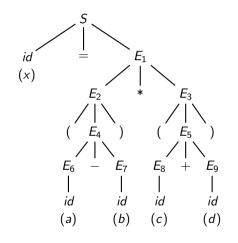
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Example of Generating IR for Expression

Input statement: x = (a - b) * (c + d)



| E_6 .place | а |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| E_7 .place | Ь |
| E_8 .place | С |
| E_9 .place | d |
| E_4 .place, E_2 .place | t_0 |
| E_4 .code, E_2 .code | $t_0 = a - b$ |
| E_5 .place, E_3 .place | t_1 |
| E_5 .code, E_3 .code | $t_1=c+d$ |
| E_1 .place | t_2 |
| | $t_0 = a - b$ |
| E_1 .code | $t_1=c+d$ |
| | $t_2=t_0*t_1$ |
| S.code | $t_0 = a - b$ |
| | $t_1=c+d$ |
| | $t_2=t_0*t_1$ |
| | $x = t_2$ |

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Designing SDD for Generating IR for Ternary Expression

 $E_1 \to E_2 ? E_3 : E_4$

$$E_1.place = t_2$$
 $E_1.code$

$$E_2.code$$

$$t_1 = \neg E_2.place$$
if t_1 goto l_1

$$E_3.code$$

$$t_2 = E_3.place$$
goto l_2

$$l_1: E_4.code$$

$$t_2 = E_4.place$$

$$l_2:$$



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SDD for Generating IR for Ternary Expression

For simplicity, we view the IR as strings and arguments of *gen* as strings without showing the construction of strings explicitly

$$t_{1} = getNewTemp(\); \ t_{2} = getNewTemp(\)$$

$$l_{1} = getNewLabel(\); \ l_{2} = getNewLabel(\)$$

$$c_{1} = E_{2}.code \mid\mid gen(t_{1} = \neg E_{2}.place) \mid\mid gen(\text{if } t_{1} \text{ goto } l_{1})$$

$$c_{2} = E_{3}.code \mid\mid gen(t_{2} = E_{3}.place) \mid\mid gen(\text{goto } l_{2})$$

$$c_{3} = gen(l_{1}:) \mid\mid E_{4}.code \mid\mid gen(t_{2} = E_{4}.place)$$

$$c_{4} = gen(l_{2}:)$$

$$E_{1}.code = c_{1} \mid\mid c_{2} \mid\mid c_{3} \mid\mid c_{4}$$

$$E_{1}.place = t_{2}$$



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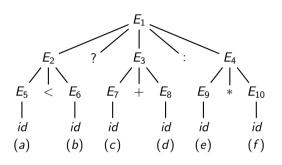
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Example of Generating IR for Ternary Expression



| E_5 .place | а |
|-----------------|---|
| E_6 .place | b |
| E_7 .place | С |
| E_8 .place | d |
| E_9 .place | е |
| E_{10} .place | f |

| E_2 .place | t_0 |
|--------------|---------------|
| E_2 .code | $t_0 = a < b$ |
| E_3 .place | t_1 |
| E_3 .code | $t_1=c+d$ |
| E_4 .place | t_2 |
| E_4 .code | $t_2 = e * f$ |

| E_1 .place | | t_4 |
|----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| E ₁ .code | <i>c</i> ₁ | $t_0 = a < b$ $t_3 = !t_0$ if t_3 goto l_1 $t_1 = c + d$ $t_4 = t1$ goto l_2 |
| | c_3 | I_1 : $t_2 = e * f$ $t_4 = t2$ |
| | <i>C</i> 4 | <i>l</i> ₂ : |



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SDD for Generating IR for WHILE loop

$$S_1 o \mathsf{WHILE}$$
 (E) S_2

$$S_1.code$$

$$I_1: \quad \begin{array}{c} E.code \\ t_1 = \neg E_2.place \\ \text{if } t_1 \text{ goto } l_2 \\ \hline S_2.code \\ \text{goto } l_1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} t_1 = \textit{getNewTemp()}; \\ l_1 = \textit{getNewLabel()}; \ l_2 = \textit{getNewLabel()} \\ c_1 = \textit{gen(l_1:)} \mid\mid \textit{E.code} \\ c_2 = \textit{gen(t_1 = \neg E.place)} \mid\mid \textit{gen(if } t_1 \text{ goto } l_2) \\ c_3 = S_2.code \mid\mid \textit{gen(goto } l_1) \\ c_4 = \textit{gen(l_2:)} \\ S_1.code = c_1 \mid\mid c_2 \mid\mid c_3 \mid\mid c_4 \end{array}$$



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Representing Arrays in Memory

A 2-D Array

Row Major Representation Column Major Representation

| A(0,0) | A(0,1) | A(0,2) |
|--------|--------|--------|
| A(1,0) | A(1,1) | A(1,2) |
| A(2,0) | A(2,1) | A(2,2) |



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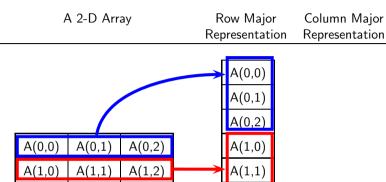
A(2.0)

A(2,1)

A(2,2)

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A(1.2)



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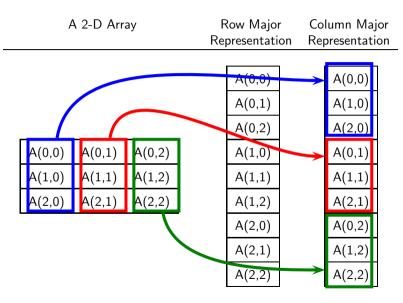
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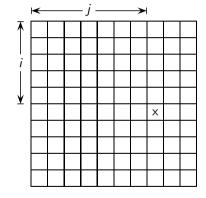
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Array Address Calculation

Cell (i,j)





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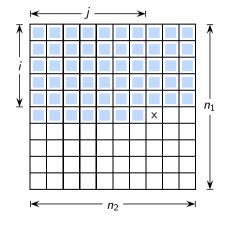
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Array Address Calculation

Cell (i,j)



- Indices begin at 0 (0, 1, 2,...)
- Array is stored in the row major form
- The starting address of the cell is

$$\mathsf{Base} + (i \times n_2) + j$$

The number of cells in the first dimension does not matter



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Array Address Calculation

- Consider a 2-D array with limits (n_1, n_2)
 - \circ The offset (i.e., starting address) of an element (i_1, i_2) is

$$i_1 \times n_2 + i_2$$



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Array Address Calculation

- Consider a 2-D array with limits (n_1, n_2)
 - The offset (i.e., starting address) of an element (i_1, i_2) is

$$i_1 \times n_2 + i_2$$

- Consider a k-D array with limits (n_1, n_2, \ldots, n_k)
 - The offset (i.e., starting address) of an element (i_1, i_2, \ldots, i_k) is

$$((((i_1 \times n_2 + i_2) \times n_3 + i_3) \times n_4 + i_4) \dots) \times n_k + i_k$$

Note that n_1 does not appear in the expression



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Array Address Calculation

- Consider a 2-D array with limits (n_1, n_2)
 - The offset (i.e., starting address) of an element (i_1, i_2) is

$$i_1 \times n_2 + i_2$$

- Consider a k-D array with limits (n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k)
 - The offset (i.e., starting address) of an element (i_1, i_2, \dots, i_k) is

$$((((i_1 \times n_2 + i_2) \times n_3 + i_3) \times n_4 + i_4) \dots) \times n_k + i_k$$

Note that n_1 does not appear in the expression

It can be obtained from the recurrence

$$O_1 = i_1$$

 $O_{j+1} = O_j \times n_{j+1} + i_{j+1}$

where O_m gives the expression for dimension $1 \le m \le k$



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Example of Array Address Calculation

Address calculation formula

$$O_1 = i_1$$

 $O_{j+1} = O_j \times n_{j+1} + i_{j+1}$

Declaration

int b[10][20][30];

Access

a = b[c][d*e][f+g];

Generated code



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SDD for Generating Code for Array Accesses

We use the following attributes

- S.code, E.place, E.code, id.name, and num.value
- A.name: name of the array
- A. offset: name of the variable holding the offset of A
- A.code: code that access array element
- A.ndim: dimension number being considered

We use the following functions apart from $gen(\cdot)$ and $getNewTemp(\cdot)$ functions

- width(A) gives the number of bytes required an element in the array
- dimLimit(A, i) gives the number of elements in dimension i (i.e., n_i)



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| $S \rightarrow id = E$ $E \rightarrow id$ $E \rightarrow num$ $E \rightarrow \dots$ | |
|--|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |



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| $S ightarrow id = E$ $E ightarrow id$ $E ightarrow num$ $E ightarrow \dots$ | |
|---|--|
| E 	o A | |
| | |
| | |



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| $S ightarrow id = E$ $E ightarrow id$ $E ightarrow num$ $E ightarrow \dots$ | |
|---|--|
| E 	o A | |
| $A \rightarrow id[E]$ | |
| | |



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| $S ightarrow id = E$ $E ightarrow id$ $E ightarrow num$ $E ightarrow \dots$ | |
|---|--|
| E 	o A | |
| $A \rightarrow id[E]$ | |
| $A_1 	o A_2 [E]$ | |



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| $S ightarrow id = E$ $E ightarrow id$ $E ightarrow num$ $E ightarrow \dots$ | // The usual rules |
|---|--------------------|
| E 	o A | |
| A 	o id[E] | |
| $A_1 	o A_2 [E]$ | |



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SDD for Generating Code for Array Accesses

| $S \rightarrow id = E$ | |
|--|--|
| $S ightarrow Id \equiv E$ $E ightarrow id$ $E ightarrow num$ $E ightarrow \dots$ | // The usual rules |
| E 	o A | $t_1 = getNewTemp(); t_2 = getNewTemp()$ $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, A.offset \times width(A.name))$ $c_2 = gen(t_2, =, A.name, [, t_1,])$ $E.code = A.code \mid\mid c_1 \mid\mid c_2$ $E.place = t_2$ |
| $A \rightarrow id[E]$ | |
| $A_1 ightarrow A_2 [E]$ | |



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SDD for Generating Code for Array Accesses

| $S ightarrow id = E$ $E ightarrow id$ $E ightarrow num$ $E ightarrow \dots$ | // The usual rules |
|---|---|
| E 	o A | $t_1 = getNewTemp(); t_2 = getNewTemp()$ $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, A.offset \times width(A.name))$ $c_2 = gen(t_2, =, A.name, [, t_1,])$ $E.code = A.code \mid\mid c_1\mid\mid c_2$ $E.place = t_2$ |
| $A \rightarrow id[E]$ | A.name = id.name; A.ndim = 1 A.offset = E.place; A.code = E.code |
| $A_1 	o A_2 [E]$ | |



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SDD for Generating Code for Array Accesses

| $S \rightarrow id = E$ $E \rightarrow id$ $E \rightarrow num$ $E \rightarrow \dots$ | $\ensuremath{//}$ The usual rules |
|---|--|
| E 	o A | $t_1 = getNewTemp(); t_2 = getNewTemp()$ $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, A.offset \times width(A.name))$ $c_2 = gen(t_2, =, A.name, [, t_1,])$ $E.code = A.code \mid\mid c_1 \mid\mid c_2$ $E.place = t_2$ |
| $A \rightarrow id[E]$ | A.name = id.name; A.ndim = 1 A.offset = E.place; A.code = E.code |
| $A_1 ightarrow A_2 [E]$ | $t_1 = getNewTemp(); t_2 = getNewTemp()$ $A_1.name = A_2.name; A_1.ndim = A_2.ndim + 1$ $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, A_2.offset \times dimLimit(A_1.name, A_1.ndim)$ $c_2 = gen(t_2, =, t_1, +, E.place)$ $A_1.code = A_2.code \mid\mid E.code \mid\mid c_1 \mid\mid c_2$ $A_1.offset = t_2$ |



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Example of Generating Code for Array Accesses

Declaration int b[10][20][30];

Access

a = b[c][d*e][f+g];



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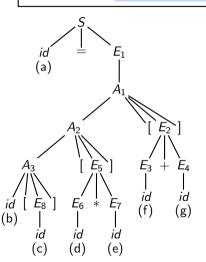
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Example of Generating Code for Array Accesses

Declaration int b[10][20][30];

Access a = b[c][d*e][f+g];





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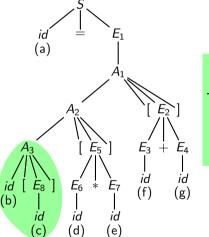
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Example of Generating Code for Array Accesses

Declaration int b[10][20][30];

Access a = b[c][d*e][f+g];



E₈.code NULL

E₈.place c

 A_3 .name b A_3 .ndim 1

A₃.code NULL

 $A_3.offset c$



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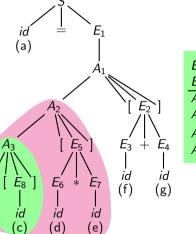
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Example of Generating Code for Array Accesses

Declaration int b[10][20][30];

Access a = b[c][d*e][f+g];



 $E_8.code$ NULL $E_8.place$ c $A_3.name$ b $A_3.ndim$ 1 $A_3.code$ NULL $A_3.offset$ c $E_{5}.code$ $t_{1} = d * e$ $E_{5}.place$ t_{1} $A_{2}.name$ b $A_{2}.ndim$ 2 $t_{1} = d * e$ $t_{2} = c * 20$ $t_{3} = t_{2} + t_{1}$ $A_{2}.offset$ t_{3}



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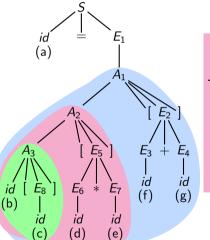
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Example of Generating Code for Array Accesses

Declaration int b[10][20][30];

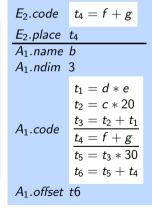
Access a = b[c][d*e][f+g];



 $E_5.code$ $t_1 = d * e$ $E_5.place$ t_1 $A_2.name$ b $A_2.ndim$ 2 $t_1 = d * e$ $t_2 = d * e$ $t_3 = d * e$ $t_4 = d * e$ $t_4 = d * e$

 $A_3.code$ $\begin{cases} t_1 = d * e \\ t_2 = c * 20 \\ t_3 = t_2 + t_1 \end{cases}$

A₃.offset t3





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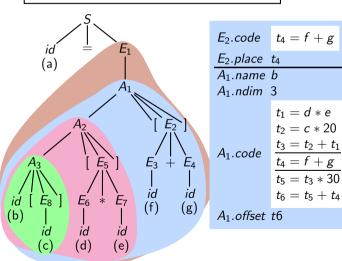
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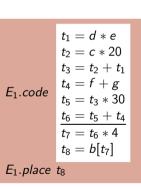
Declaration Processing

Example of Generating Code for Array Accesses

Declaration int b[10][20][30];

Access a = b[c][d*e][f+g];







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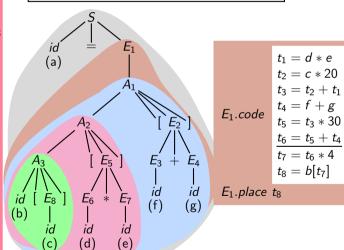
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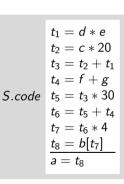
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Declaration int b[10][20][30];

Access a = b[c][d*e][f+g];







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Declaration Processing

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A d; };
struct C { int d; struct B e; };
struct C x;
int b = x.e.d.b;
```



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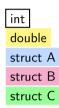
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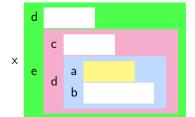
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Declaration Processing

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A d; };
struct C { int d; struct B e; };
struct C x;
int b = x.e.d.b;
```







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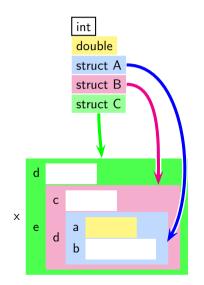
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Declaration Processing

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A d; };
struct C { int d; struct B e; };
struct C x;
int b = x.e.d.b;
```





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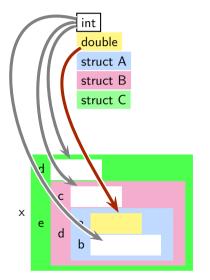
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Declaration Processing

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A d; };
struct C { int d; struct B e; };
struct C x;
int b = x.e.d.b;
```





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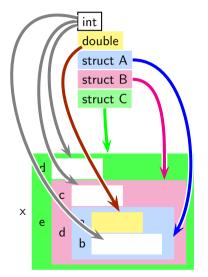
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Declaration Processing

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A d; };
struct C { int d; struct B e; };
struct C x;
int b = x.e.d.b;
```





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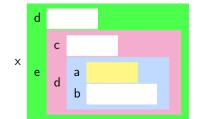
Type Analys

Name and Scop Analysis

Declaration Processing

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A d; };
struct C { int d; struct B e; };
struct C x;
int b = x.e.d.b;
```

| Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| Struct C | е | struct B | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| Struct D | d | struct A | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| Struct A | b | int | 8 |





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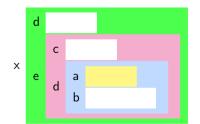
```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A d; };
struct C { int d; struct B e; };
struct C x;
int b = x.e.d.b;
```

| Required | IR | code |
|----------|----|------|

$$t_1 = \&x$$

 $t_2 = t_1 + 16$
 $t_3 = *t_2$
 $t_2 = t_3$

| Туре | Type Field Field Type | | Offset |
|----------|-----------------------|----------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| Struct C | е | struct B | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| Struct D | d | struct A | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| Struct A | b | int | 8 |





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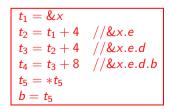
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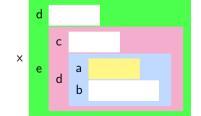
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Declaration Processing

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A d; };
struct C { int d; struct B e; };
struct C x;
int b = x.e.d.b;
```

| Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| Struct C | е | struct B | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| Struct D | d | struct A | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| Struct A | b | int | 8 |







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Declaration Processing

SDD for Generating Code for Field Accesses: Approach 1

We use the following attributes

- S.code, E.place, E.code, id.name, and num.value
- F.name: name of the structure variable
- *F.offset*: offset of the field accessed using *F*
- *F.type*: type of the field accessed using *F*

This approach computes the final offsets at compile time and hence uses F.offset attribute but not F.code attribute

We use the following functions apart from $gen(\cdot)$ and $getNewTemp(\cdot)$

- offset (τ, f) gives the offset of field f in structure type τ
- $type(\tau, f)$ gives the type of field f in structure type τ



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Declaration Processing

| $S \rightarrow id = E$ | |
|-------------------------|--|
| E 	o id $E 	o \dots$ | |
| $E 	o \dots$ | |
| | |
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Declaration Processing

| $S \rightarrow id = E$ | |
|-------------------------|--|
| E 	o id $E 	o \dots$ | |
| $E 	o \dots$ | |
| E 	o F | |
| | |
| | |



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| $S \rightarrow id = E$ | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| E 	o id | |
| $E 	o \dots$ | |
| E 	o F | |
| $F ightarrow id_1 \cdot id_2$ | |
| | |



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| $S \rightarrow id = E$ | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| E 	o id | |
| $E 	o \dots$ | |
| E 	o F | |
| $F ightarrow id_1 \cdot id_2$ | |
| $F_1 	o F_2 \cdot id$ | |



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Declaration Processing

| $S \rightarrow id = E$ | $S.code = E.code \mid\mid gen(id.place, =, E.place)$ |
|--------------------------------|--|
| E 	o id | E.code = NULL; E.place = id.name |
| $E 	o \dots$ | // The usual rules |
| ${\sf E} 	o {\sf F}$ | |
| $F ightarrow id_1 \cdot id_2$ | |
| $F_1 	o F_2 \cdot id$ | |



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Declaration Processing

| $S \rightarrow id = E$ | $S.code = E.code \mid\mid gen(id.place, =, E.place)$ |
|--------------------------------|--|
| E 	o id | E.code = NULL; E.place = id.name |
| $E 	o \dots$ | // The usual rules |
| E 	o F | $t_1 = getNewTemp(); t_2 = getNewTemp(); t_3 = getNewTemp()$ $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, \&F.name)$ $c_2 = gen(t_2, =, t_1 + F.offset)$ $c_3 = gen(t_3, =, *t_2)$ $E.code = c_1 c_2 c_3$ $E.place = t_3$ |
| $F ightarrow id_1 \cdot id_2$ | |
| $F_1 	o F_2 \cdot id$ | |



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Declaration Processing

| $S \rightarrow id = E$ | $S.code = E.code \mid\mid gen(id.place, =, E.place)$ |
|------------------------|--|
| E 	o id | E.code = NULL; E.place = id.name |
| $E 	o \dots$ | // The usual rules |
| E 	o F | $t_1 = getNewTemp(); t_2 = getNewTemp(); t_3 = getNewTemp()$ $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, \&F.name)$ $c_2 = gen(t_2, =, t_1 + F.offset)$ $c_3 = gen(t_3, =, *t_2)$ $E.code = c_1 \mid\mid c_2 \mid\mid c_3$ $E.place = t_3$ |
| $F 	o id_1 \cdot id_2$ | $F.name = id_1.name$ $F.type = type(id_1.type, id_2.name)$ $F.offset = offset(id_1.type, id_2.name)$ |
| $F_1 	o F_2 \cdot id$ | |



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| $S \rightarrow id = E$ | $S.code = E.code \mid\mid gen(id.place, =, E.place)$ |
|--|---|
| E 	o id | E.code = NULL; E.place = id.name |
| $E 	o \dots$ | // The usual rules |
| | $t_1 = getNewTemp(); t_2 = getNewTemp(); t_3 = getNewTemp()$ |
| | $c_1 = gen(t_1,=,\&F.name)$ |
| E 	o F | $c_2 = gen(t_2, =, t_1 + F.offset)$ |
| | $c_3 = gen(t_3,=,*t_2)$ |
| | $E.code = c_1 c_2 c_3$ |
| | $E.place = t_3$ |
| | $F.name = id_1.name$ |
| $F ightarrow \mathit{id}_1 \cdot \mathit{id}_2$ | $F.type = type(id_1.type, id_2.name)$ |
| | $F.offset = offset(id_1.type, id_2.name)$ |
| | F_1 .name = F_2 .name |
| $F_1 	o F_2 \cdot id$ | $F_1.type = type(F_2.type, id.name)$ |
| | F_1 .offset = F_2 .offset + offset(F_2 .type, id.name) |



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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses: Approach 1

Field Access

b = x.e.d.b;

| Туре | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |



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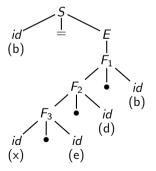
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses: Approach 1

Field Access

b = x.e.d.b;



| Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |



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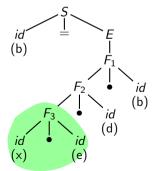
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses: Approach 1

Field Access

b = x.e.d.b;



| | Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|--|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| | struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | | е | struct B | 4 |
| | struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | | d | struct A | 4 |
| | struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | | b | int | 8 |

 F_3 .name x F_3 .type B F_3 .offset A



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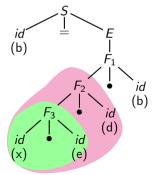
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses: Approach 1

Field Access

b = x.e.d.b;



| Туре | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |

 F_3 .name x F_3 .type B F_3 .offset A F_2 .name x F_2 .type A F_2 .offset 8



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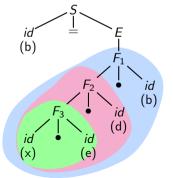
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses: Approach 1

Field Access

b = x.e.d.b;



| Туре | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |

 F_3 .name x F_3 .type B F_3 .offset 4 F_2 .name x F_2 .type A F_2 .offset 8 F_1 .name x F_1 .type int F_1 .offset 16



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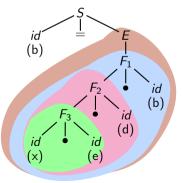
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses: Approach 1

Field Access

b = x.e.d.b;



| Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |

 F_3 .name x F_3 .type B F_3 .offset A

 F_2 .name x F_2 .type A F_2 .offset 8 F_1 .name x F_1 .type int F_1 .offset 16

E.code
$$\begin{vmatrix} t_1 = \&x \\ t_2 = t_1 + 16 \\ t_3 = *t_2 \end{vmatrix}$$
 E.place t_3



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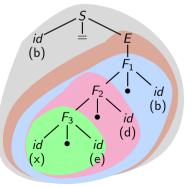
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses: Approach 1

Field Access

b = x.e.d.b;



| Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |

 F_3 .name x F_3 .type B F_3 .offset A F_2 .name x F_2 .type A F_2 .offset 8 F_1 .name x F_1 .type int F_1 .offset 16

$$egin{aligned} E. \textit{code} & t_1 = \&x \ t_2 = t_1 + 16 \ t_3 = *t_2 \end{aligned}$$

S.code $\begin{aligned} t_1 &= \&x \\ t_2 &= t_1 + 16 \\ t_3 &= *t_2 \\ b &= t_3 \end{aligned}$



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Generating IR for Field Accesses Through Pointers in a Structure

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A *d; };
struct C { int d; struct B *e; };

struct C x, *w;
struct B y;
struct A z;

w = &x; x.e = &y; y.d = &z;
int b = w->e->d->b;
```



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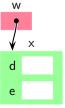
Declaration Processing

Generating IR for Field Accesses Through Pointers in a Structure

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A *d; };
struct C { int d; struct B *e; };

struct C x, *w;
struct B y;
struct A z;

w = &x; x.e = &y; y.d = &z;
int b = w->e->d->b;
```





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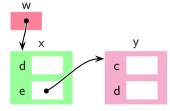
Declaration Processing

Generating IR for Field Accesses Through Pointers in a Structure

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A *d; };
struct C { int d; struct B *e; };

struct C x, *w;
struct B y;
struct A z;

w = &x; x.e = &y; y.d = &z;
int b = w->e->d->b;
```





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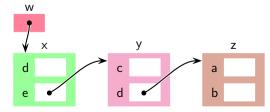
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Generating IR for Field Accesses Through Pointers in a Structure

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A *d; };
struct C { int d; struct B *e; };

struct C x, *w;
struct B y;
struct A z;

w = &x; x.e = &y; y.d = &z;
int b = w->e->d->b;
```





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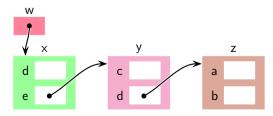
Generating IR for Field Accesses Through Pointers in a Structure

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A *d; };
struct C { int d; struct B *e; };

struct C x, *w;
struct B y;
struct A z;

w = &x; x.e = &y; y.d = &z;
int b = w->e->d->b;
```

| Туре | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B * | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A * | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |





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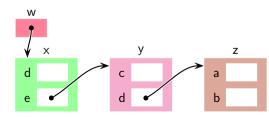
Generating IR for Field Accesses Through Pointers in a Structure

```
struct A { double a; int b; };
struct B { int c; struct A *d; };
struct C { int d; struct B *e; };

struct C x, *w;
struct B y;
struct A z;

w = &x; x.e = &y; y.d = &z;
int b = w->e->d->b;
```

| Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B * | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A * | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |



IR code for access expression w->e->d->b

$$t_1 = w + 4$$
 //&(x.e)
 $t_2 = *t_1$ //&y
 $t_3 = t_2 + 4$ //&(y.d)
 $t_4 = *t_3$ //&z
 $t_5 = t_4 + 8$ //&(z.b)
 $t_6 = *t_5$



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SDD For Generating Code for Field Accesses

We use the following attributes

- E represents an arithmetic expression and F represents an access expression
- E.place, E.code, id.name, and id.type
- *F.type*: type of the field accessed using *F*
- F.address: name of the variable holding the address computed by F
- *F.code*: code representing the access expression *F*

Unlike the previous approach, we cannot compute the final offsets at compile time because of pointers, and hence we use *F.code* and not *F.offset*

We use the following functions apart from $gen(\cdot)$ and $getNewTemp(\cdot)$ functions

- offset (τ, f) gives the offset of field f in structure type τ
- $type(\tau, f)$ gives the type of field f in structure type τ



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Grammar for Accessing Field Accesses Through Pointers

Since we need to use \rightarrow as a token in our rules, we use quotes around it (i.e., ' \rightarrow ') to distinguish it from the metacharacter \rightarrow that separates the LHS and RHS in the rule

 $E \rightarrow F$

 $F
ightarrow \mathit{id} \cdot \mathit{id}$

 $F \rightarrow F \cdot id$

 $F \rightarrow id ' \rightarrow ' id$

F
ightarrow F '
ightarrow ' id



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| E 	o F | |
|--|--|
| $F ightarrow \mathit{id}_1 \cdot \mathit{id}_2$ | |
| $F_1 	o F_2 \cdot \mathit{id}$ | |



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| E 	o F | $t_1 = getNewTemp(); egin{array}{l} E.place = t_1 \ E.code = F.code \mid\mid gen(t_1,=,*F.address) \end{array}$ |
|--|---|
| $	extstyle F ightarrow 	extstyle id_1 \cdot 	extstyle id_2$ | |
| $F_1 	o F_2 \cdot id$ | |



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| E 	o F | $t_1 = getNewTemp(\); 	extbf{\emph{E.place}} = t_1$ | |
|--|---|--|
| $L \rightarrow I$ | $E.code = F.code \mid\mid gen(t_1, =, *F.address)$ | |
| | $t_1 = getNewTemp(\); t_2 = getNewTemp(\)$ | |
| | $F.type = type(id_1.type, id_2.name)$ | |
| $F ightarrow \mathit{id}_1 \cdot \mathit{id}_2$ | $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, \&id_1.name)$ | |
| | $F.code = c_1 \mid\mid gen(t_2, =, t_1 + offset(id_1.type, id_2.name))$ | |
| | $F.address = t_2$ | |
| | | |
| | | |
| $F_1 	o F_2 \cdot \mathit{id}$ | | |
| | | |
| | | |



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| E 	o F | $t_1 = 	extit{getNewTemp(); } 	extit{	extit{E.place}} = t_1$ | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | $\textit{E.code} = \textit{F.code} \mid\mid \textit{gen}(t_1, =, *\textit{F.address})$ | | |
| | $t_1 = \textit{getNewTemp}(\); t_2 = \textit{getNewTemp}(\)$ | | |
| | $F.type = type(id_1.type, id_2.name)$ | | |
| $F ightarrow id_1 \cdot id_2$ | $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, \&id_1.name)$ | | |
| | $F.code = c_1 \mid\mid gen(t_2, =, t_1 + offset(id_1.type, id_2.name))$ | | |
| | $F.address = t_2$ | | |
| | $t_1 = \textit{getNewTemp}(\)$ | | |
| | F_1 .type = type(F_2 .type, id.name) | | |
| $F_1 	o F_2 \cdot id$ | $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, F_2.address + offset(F_2.type, id.name))$ | | |
| | $F_1.code = F_2.code \mid\mid c_1$ | | |
| | F_1 .address = t_1 | | |



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| $F ightarrow id_1 ' ightarrow ' id_2$ | |
|--|--|
| $F_1 ightarrow F_2 ' ightharpoonup '$ id | |



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| $F ightarrow id_1 ' ightarrow 'id_2$ | Let $	au$ be a type such that $id_1.type = pointer(au)$ $t_1 = getNewTemp()$ $F.type = type(au, id_2.name)$ $F.code = gen(t_1, =, id_1.name + offset(au, id_2.name))$ $F.address = t_1$ |
|--|--|
| $F_1 ightarrow F_2 ' ightarrow '$ id | |



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| | Let $	au$ be a type such that $\mathit{id}_1.\mathit{type} = \mathit{pointer}(au)$ |
|--|---|
| $F ightarrow id_1 \ ' ightarrow ' id_2$ | $t_1 = getNewTemp()$ |
| | $F.type = type(au, id_2.name)$ |
| | $F.code = gen(t_1, =, id_1.name + offset(\tau, id_2.name))$ |
| | $F.address = t_1$ |
| | Let $	au$ be a type such that F_2 . $type = pointer(au)$ |
| | $t_1 = getNewTemp(\); t_2 = getNewTemp(\)$ |
| $F_1 \rightarrow F_2 ' \rightarrow '$ id | F_1 .type = type($	au$, id.name) |
| $\Gamma_1 \rightarrow \Gamma_2 \rightarrow Iu$ | $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, *F_2.address)$ |
| | F_1 .code = F_2 .code c_1 $gen(t_2, =, t_1 + offset(\tau, id.name))$ |
| | F_1 .address = t_2 |



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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses Through Pointers

Field Access

w->e->d->b;

| Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B * | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A * | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |



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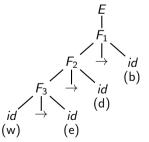
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses Through Pointers

| Туре | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| Struct C | е | struct B * | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A * | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| Struct A | b | int | 8 |





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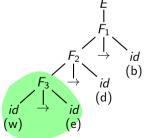
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses Through Pointers

| | Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|-----|----------|-------|------------|-------------|
| | struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | Struct C | е | struct B * | 4 |
| | struct B | С | int | 0 |
| Sti | Struct D | d | struct A * | 0 4 0 4 0 8 |
| Ī | struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | Struct A | b | int | 8 |



$$F_3.type$$
 struct B * $F_3.code$ $t_1 = w + 4$ $F_3.address$ t_1



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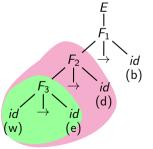
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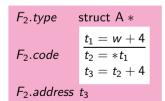
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses Through Pointers

| Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B * | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A * | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |



$$F_3$$
.type struct B *
 F_3 .code $t_1 = w + 4$
 F_3 .address t_1





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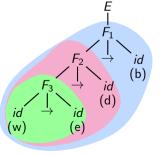
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses Through Pointers

| Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| struct C | d | int | 0 |
| | е | struct B * | 4 |
| struct B | С | int | 0 |
| | d | struct A * | 4 |
| struct A | а | double | 0 |
| | b | int | 8 |

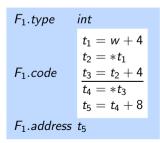


$$F_2.type$$
 struct A *
$$F_2.code$$

$$\frac{t_1 = w + 4}{t_2 = *t_1}$$

$$t_3 = t_2 + 4$$

$$F_2.address t_3$$





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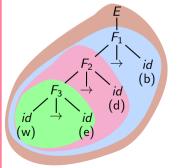
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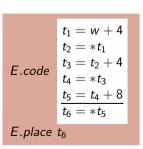
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Example of Generating Code for Field Accesses Through Pointers

| | Type | Field | Field Type | Offset |
|---|----------|-------|------------|--------|
| _ | struct C | d | int | 0 |
| 3 | | е | struct B * | 4 |
| | struct B | С | int | 0 |
| 3 | | d | struct A * | 4 |
| | struct A | а | double | 0 |
| 3 | | b | int | 8 |



$$F_1.type$$
 int $t_1 = w + 4$ $t_2 = *t_1$ $t_3 = t_2 + 4$ $t_4 = *t_3$ $t_5 = t_4 + 8$ $t_5 = t_4 + 8$





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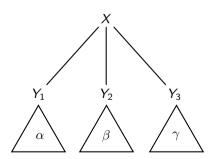
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Inherited and Synthesized Attributes

Given a production $X \to Y_1 Y_2 \dots Y_k$

- If an attribute X.a is computed from those of Y_i , $1 \le i \le k$, the X.a is a synthesized attribute
- If an attribute $Y_i.a$, $1 \le i \le k$ is computed from from those of X or Y_i , $1 \le i \le k$, then $Y_i.a$ is an inherited attribute





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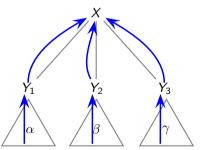
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Synthesized attributes (blue arrows) flow upwards in a parse tree (computed from descendants)



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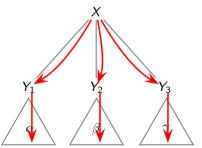
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Synthesized attributes (blue arrows) flow upwards in a parse tree (computed from descendants)

Inherited attributes (red arrows) flow downwards or sideways in a parse tree (computed from ancestors or siblings)



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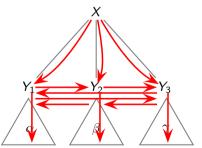
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Given a production $X \to Y_1 Y_2 \dots Y_k$

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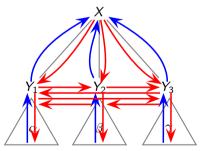
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Inherited and Synthesized Attributes

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Why Inherited Attributes?

Consider an SDD for processing declarations

| $	extit{Decl} ightarrow 	extit{Type} 	extit{ VarList}$ | VarList.type = Type.name |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| $\mathit{Type} \mathop{ ightarrow} int$ | Type.name = int |
| $\mathit{Type} {	o} float$ | Type.name = float |
| $VarList_1 ightarrow VarList_2$, id | $VarList_2.type = VarList_1.type$ |
| $VarList_1 ightarrow VarList_2$, id | $id.type = VarList_1.type$ |
| $VarList \rightarrow id$ | id.type = VarList.type |

Here, the attribute type is inherited



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Why Inherited Attributes?

Consider IR Generation for a for loop with break and continue statements

$$S_1 \rightarrow \text{ for } (E_1; E_2; E_3) S_2 \dots$$
 $S \rightarrow \text{ break} \qquad S.code = gen(goto, S.exit)$
 $S \rightarrow \text{ continue} \qquad S.code = gen(goto, S.increment)$

We need the labels S.exit and S.increment while parsing the string derivable from S_2



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Control Flow Translation of Boolean Expressions

| Short-circuit evaluation of boolean expressions | | |
|---|--|--|
| $E_1 ightarrow E_2$ or E_3 | Evaluate E_3 only if E_2 evaluates to false because if E_2 evaluates to true, E_1 is true regardless of E_2 | |
| $E_1 \rightarrow E_2$ and E_3 | Evaluate E_3 only if E_2 evaluates to true because if E_2 evaluates to false, E_1 is false regardless of E_2 | |



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Control Flow Translation of Boolean Expressions

| Short-circuit evaluation of boolean expressions | | |
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| $E_1 \rightarrow E_2$ and E_3 | Evaluate E_3 only if E_2 evaluates to true because if E_2 evaluates to false, E_1 is false regardless of E_2 | |

| Input Expression | Generated Code |
|--------------------------------|---|
| (a < b or b > d) and c > d | $t_1 = a < b$ if t_1 goto $L3$ goto $L4$ $L4: t_2 = b > c$ if t_2 goto $L3$ goto $L2$ $L3: t_3 = c > d$ if t_3 goto $L1$ // overall true goto $L2$ // overall false |



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SDD for Control Flow Translation of Boolean Expressions

| | E_2 .true = E_1 .true |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| | E_2 .false = getNewLabel() |
| $E_1 ightarrow E_2$ or E_3 | E_3 .true = E_1 .true |
| | E_3 .false = E_1 .false |
| | $E_1.code = E_2.code \mid\mid gen(E_2.false,:) \mid\mid E_3.code$ |
| | E_2 .true = getNewLabel() |
| | E_2 .false = E_1 .false |
| $E_1 ightarrow E_2$ and E_3 | E_3 .true = E_1 .true |
| | E_3 .false = E_1 .false |
| | $E_1.code = E_2.code \mid\mid gen(E_2.true,:) \mid\mid E_3.code$ |
| | $t_1 = \textit{getNewTemp}()$ |
| | $c_1 = gen(t_1, =, E_2.place, relop, E_3.place)$ |
| $E_1 \rightarrow E_2$ relop E_3 | $c_2 = gen(if, t_1, goto, E_1.true)$ |
| | $c_3 = gen(goto, E_1.false)$ |
| | $E_1.code = E_2.code \mid\mid E_3.code \mid\mid c_1 \mid\mid c_2 \mid\mid c_3$ |



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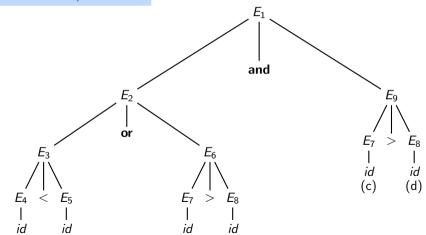
Attribute Evaluation for Control Flow Translation of Boolean Expressions

Input Expression:

(a)

(b)

(a < b or b > d) and c > d



(c)

(b)



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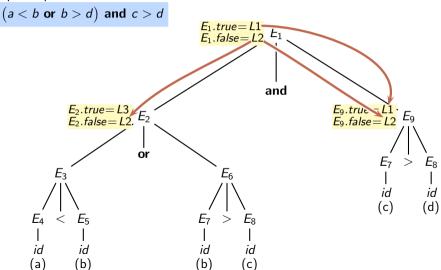
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Input Expression:



(c)



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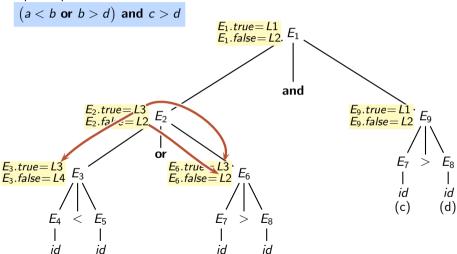
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Input Expression:

(a)

(b)



(b)

(c)

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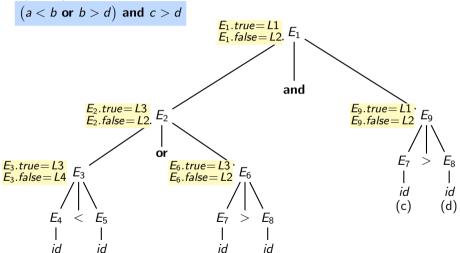
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Input Expression:

(a)

(b)



(b)

(c)



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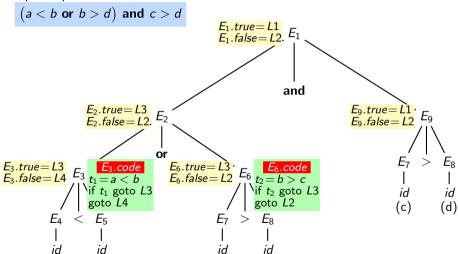
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Input Expression:

(a)

(b)



(b)

(c)



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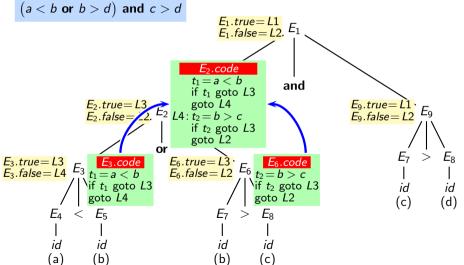
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Input Expression:





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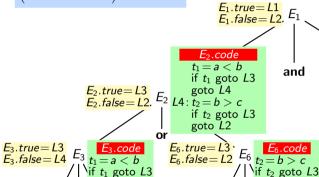
Input Expression:

$$(a < b \text{ or } b > d) \text{ and } c > d$$

 E_5

id

(b)



if t_1 goto L3goto L4

id a

id (b) (c)

goto L2

 E_8

if t_3 goto L1goto L2 E_7 E_8 id id

(d)

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 $E_9.true = L1$ $E_9.false = L2$

(c)



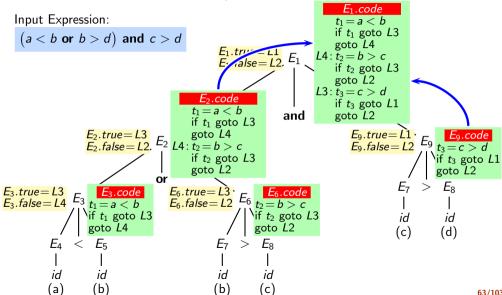
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 E_8

id

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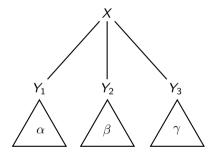
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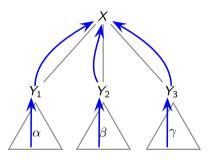
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Computing Inherited Attributes Concurrently with Parsing

 Synthesized attributes can be easily computed during bottom-up parsing





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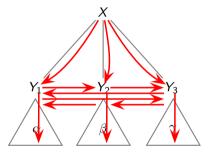
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- Synthesized attributes can be easily computed during bottom-up parsing
- Inherited attributes cannot be computed if they depend on a symbol not yet seen



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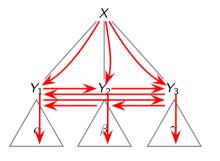
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- Synthesized attributes can be easily computed during bottom-up parsing
- Inherited attributes cannot be computed if they depend on a symbol not yet seen
- We can restrict the inherited attributes to depend only on the attributes of grammar symbols that have been seen

Given a production $X \to Y_1 Y_2 \dots Y_k$



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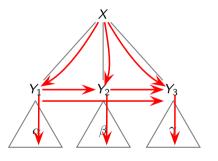
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- Synthesized attributes can be easily computed during bottom-up parsing
- Inherited attributes cannot be computed if they depend on a symbol not yet seen
- We can restrict the inherited attributes to depend only on the attributes of grammar symbols that have been seen

 Given a production $X \to Y_1 Y_2 \dots Y_k$
 - o $Y_{i.a}$, is computed only from the attributes of X or Y_{i} , j < i



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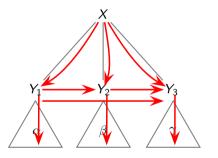
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Computing Inherited Attributes Concurrently with Parsing



- Synthesized attributes can be easily computed during bottom-up parsing
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- We can restrict the inherited attributes to depend only on the attributes of grammar symbols that have been seen

 Given a production $X \to Y_1 Y_2 \dots Y_k$
 - o $Y_{i.a}$, is computed only from the attributes of X or Y_{i} , j < i
 - o X.a would have been computed from the grammar symbols that have already been seen (i.e., in some production $Z \to \alpha X \beta$)



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S-Attributed and L-Attributed SDDs

- An SDD is *S-attributed* if it uses only synthesized attributes
- An SDD is *L-attributed* if it uses synthesized attributes or inherited attributes that depend on some symbol to the left
 - Given a production $X \to Y_1 Y_2 \dots Y_k$ attribute $Y_i.a$, of some Y_i is computed only from the attributes of X or Y_i , j < i
 - o Symbols X and Y_j , j < i appear to the left of Y_i in the production



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S-Attributed and L-Attributed SDDs

- An SDD is *S-attributed* if it uses only synthesized attributes
- An SDD is L-attributed if it uses synthesized attributes or inherited attributes that depend on some symbol to the left
 - Given a production $X \to Y_1 Y_2 \dots Y_k$ attribute $Y_i.a$, of some Y_i is computed only from the attributes of X or Y_i , i < i
 - o Symbols X and Y_i , j < i appear to the left of Y_i in the production
- All SDDs in the previous section are S-attributed whereas the declaration processing SDD is L-attributed

| $	extit{Decl} ightarrow 	extit{Type} 	extit{VarList}$ | VarList.type = Type.name |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| $\mathit{Type} \mathop{ ightarrow} int$ | Type.name = int |
| $Type \rightarrow float$ | Type.name = float |
| $\mathit{VarList}_1 ightarrow \mathit{VarList}_2 \;, \; \mathit{id}$ | $VarList_2.type = VarList_1.type$ |
| | $id.type = VarList_1.type$ |
| $VarList \rightarrow id$ | id.type = VarList.type |



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Syntax Directed Translation Schemes (SDTS)

- A Syntax Directed Translation Scheme is an SDD with the following two changes
 - Semantic rules are replaced by actions possibly with side effects
 We include the actions in a pair of braces (i.e., within "{" and "}")
 - The exact time of the action is specified; an action computing an inherited attribute of a non-terminal appears just before the non-terminal
- The SDTS for declaration processing is as follows

```
\begin{aligned} \textit{Decl} &\rightarrow \textit{Type} \; \{\textit{VarList.type} = \textit{Type.name}\} \; \textit{VarList} \\ &\textit{Type} \rightarrow \text{int} \; \{\textit{Type.name} = \text{int}\} \\ &\textit{Type} \rightarrow \text{float} \; \{\textit{Type.name} = \text{float}\} \\ &\textit{VarList}_1 \rightarrow \{\textit{VarList}_2.type = \textit{VarList}_1.type\} \; \textit{VarList}_2 \; , \\ &\textit{id} \; \{\textit{id.type} = \textit{VarList}_1.type\} \\ &\textit{VarList} \rightarrow \textit{id} \; \{\textit{id.type} = \textit{VarList.type}\} \end{aligned}
```



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S-Attributed and L-Attributed SDTSs

- An S-Attributed SDTS uses only synthesized attributes and all actions appear at the end of the RHS of a production
- An L-Attributed SDTS uses synthesized attributes or attributes that depend on a symbol towards the left of the grammar symbols of the attributes
 - The actions may appear in the middle of the rules or at the end of the RHS of a production
- The SDTS for declaration processing is L-attributed



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How and when are the actions in the middle of a rule executed?

A production with an action in the middle is transformed into two productions

$$X \rightarrow Y_1$$
 { action } Y_2 $X \rightarrow Y_1 M Y_2$ $M \rightarrow \epsilon$ { action }

where M is a marker non-terminal for Y_2

- The action is executed after reduction by M → ε
 It is convenient to execute actions consistently after a reduction
- A distinct marker non-terminal is introduced for every such action
 We have as many additional ε-productions as the number of such actions



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Representing the Actions in the Middle by Marker Non-Terminals

```
 \begin{array}{ll} \textit{Decl} \rightarrow \textit{Type} & \{\textit{VarList.type} = \textit{Type.name}\} & \textit{VarList} \\ \textit{Type} \rightarrow \text{int} & \{\textit{Type.name} = \text{int}\} \\ \textit{Type} \rightarrow \text{float} & \{\textit{Type.name} = \text{float}\} \\ \textit{VarList}_1 \rightarrow & \{\textit{VarList}_2.type = \textit{VarList}_1.type\} & \textit{VarList}_2 \;, \\ & \textit{id} \; \{\textit{id.type} = \textit{VarList}_1.type\} \\ \textit{VarList} \rightarrow \textit{id} \; \{\textit{id.type} = \textit{VarList.type}\} \\ \textit{VarList} \rightarrow \textit{id} \; \{\textit{id.type} = \textit{VarList.type}\} \\ \end{aligned}
```



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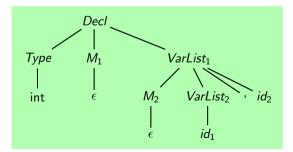
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Representing the Actions in the Middle by Marker Non-Terminals

$$Decl
ightarrow \mathit{Type} \quad \{\mathit{VarList.type} = \mathit{Type.name}\} \quad \mathit{VarList}$$
 $\mathit{Type}
ightarrow \mathrm{int} \; \{\mathit{Type.name} = \mathrm{int}\}$
 $\mathit{Type}
ightarrow \mathrm{float} \; \{\mathit{Type.name} = \mathrm{float}\}$
 $\mathit{VarList}_1
ightarrow \; \{\mathit{VarList}_2.type = \mathit{VarList}_1.type\} \quad \mathit{VarList}_2 \; ,$
 $\mathit{id} \; \{\mathit{id.type} = \mathit{VarList}_1.type\}$
 $\mathit{VarList}
ightarrow \mathit{id} \; \{\mathit{id.type} = \mathit{VarList}.type\}$
 $\mathit{VarList}
ightarrow \mathit{id} \; \{\mathit{id.type} = \mathit{VarList.type}\}$



Attribute Evaluation



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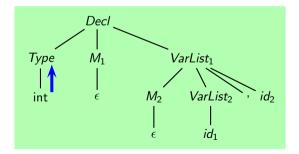
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Representing the Actions in the Middle by Marker Non-Terminals

 $VarList \rightarrow id \{id.type = VarList.type\}$



Attribute Evaluation

Type.name = int



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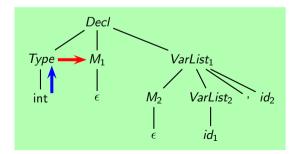
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 $VarList \rightarrow id \{id.type = VarList.type\}$

Attribute Evaluation

Type.name = int $VarList_1.type = int$



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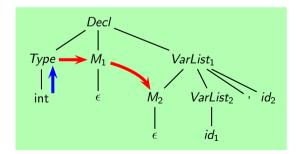
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Representing the Actions in the Middle by Marker Non-Terminals

$$\begin{aligned} \textit{Decl} \rightarrow \textit{Type} & \left\{ \textit{VarList.type} = \textit{Type.name} \right\} & \textit{VarList} \\ \textit{Type} \rightarrow & \text{int} \left\{ \textit{Type.name} = \text{int} \right\} \\ \textit{Type} \rightarrow & \text{float} \left\{ \textit{Type.name} = \text{float} \right\} \\ \textit{VarList}_1 \rightarrow & \left\{ \textit{VarList}_2.type = \textit{VarList}_1.type \right\} & \textit{VarList}_2 \;, \\ & \textit{id} \left\{ \textit{id.type} = \textit{VarList}_1.type \right\} \end{aligned}$$



 $VarList \rightarrow id \{id.type = VarList.type\}$

Attribute Evaluation

Type.name = int $VarList_1.type = int$ $VarList_2.type = int$



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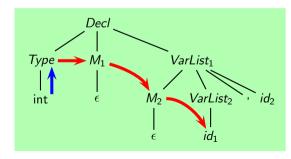
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Representing the Actions in the Middle by Marker Non-Terminals

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textit{Decl} \rightarrow \textit{Type} & \{\textit{VarList.type} = \textit{Type.name}\} & \textit{VarList} \\ \textit{Type} \rightarrow \text{int} & \{\textit{Type.name} = \text{int}\} \\ \textit{Type} \rightarrow \text{float} & \{\textit{Type.name} = \text{float}\} \\ \textit{VarList}_1 \rightarrow & \{\textit{VarList}_2.type = \textit{VarList}_1.type\} & \textit{VarList}_2 \;, \\ & \textit{id} & \{\textit{id.type} = \textit{VarList}_1.type\} \\ \textit{VarList} \rightarrow \textit{id} & \{\textit{id.type} = \textit{VarList.type}\} \\ \end{aligned}$$



Attribute Evaluation

Type.name = int $VarList_1.type = int$ $VarList_2.type = int$ $id_1.type = int$



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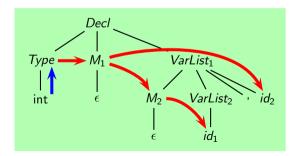
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Representing the Actions in the Middle by Marker Non-Terminals

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textit{Decl} \rightarrow \textit{Type} & \{\textit{VarList.type} = \textit{Type.name}\} & \textit{VarList} \\ \textit{Type} \rightarrow \text{int} & \{\textit{Type.name} = \text{int}\} \\ \textit{Type} \rightarrow \text{float} & \{\textit{Type.name} = \text{float}\} \\ \textit{VarList}_1 \rightarrow & \{\textit{VarList}_2.type = \textit{VarList}_1.type\} & \textit{VarList}_2 \;, \\ & \textit{id} \; \{\textit{id.type} = \textit{VarList}_1.type\} \end{array}$$



 $VarList \rightarrow id \{ id.tvpe = VarList.tvpe \}$

Attribute Evaluation

Type.name = int $VarList_1.type = int$ $VarList_2.type = int$ $id_1.type = int$ $id_2.type = int$



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The Role of Marker Non-Terminals

 Marker non-terminals facilitate a corresponding slot on the value stack where the inherited attribute of the next grammar symbol can be stored

ullet Marker non-terminals may introduce reduce-reduce conflicts because of the ϵ rules



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Marker Non-Terminals Facilitate Recording Inherited Attributes

M is a marker non-terminal for Y_2 in the grammar on the right $Y_1.s$ and $Y_2.s$ denote the synthesized attributes of Y_1 and Y_2 whereas $Y_2.i$ denotes the inherited attribute of Y_2

$$X \to Y_1 M Y_2$$

$$M \to \epsilon \{ \ldots \}$$

$$Y_2 \to \alpha \{ \ldots \}$$



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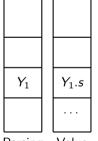
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 $X \to Y_1 M Y_2$ $M \to \epsilon \{ \dots \}$ $Y_2 \to \alpha \{ \dots \}$

Before reducing by $M \rightarrow \epsilon \{ \dots \}$



Parsing Value Stack Stack



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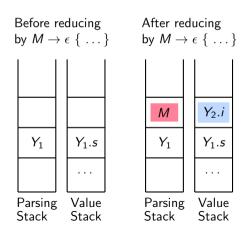
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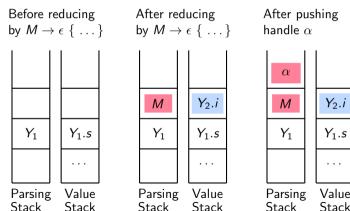
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 $X \rightarrow Y_1 M Y_2$ $M \to \epsilon \{\ldots\}$ $Y_2 \rightarrow \alpha \{\ldots\}$





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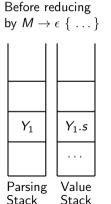
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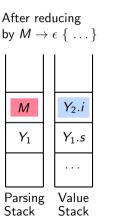
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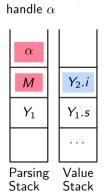
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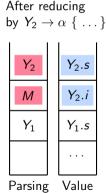
 $X \rightarrow Y_1 M Y_2$ $M \to \epsilon \{\ldots\}$ $Y_2 \rightarrow \alpha \{\ldots\}$







After pushing



Stack

Stack



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Marker Non-Terminals May Cause Reduce-Reduce Conflicts

Consider the grammar of declaration consisting of non-terminals D (Declaration), T (Type), L (List of identifiers), terminals int, "," and id, and marker non-terminals M_1 , M_2 , and M_3

 $D \rightarrow T M_1 L$ $T \rightarrow \text{int}$ $L \rightarrow M_2 L , id$ $L \rightarrow M_3 id$ $M_1 \rightarrow \epsilon$ $M_2 \rightarrow \epsilon$ $M_3 \rightarrow \epsilon$



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$$\begin{array}{c}
I_0 \\
D' \to \bullet D \\
D \to \bullet T M_1 L \\
T \to \bullet \text{ int}
\end{array}$$

 $D
ightarrow T M_1 L$ T
ightarrow int $L
ightarrow M_2 L$, id $L
ightarrow M_3 id$ $M_1
ightarrow \epsilon$ $M_2
ightarrow \epsilon$ $M_3
ightarrow \epsilon$



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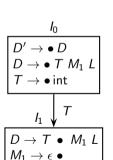
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 $D \rightarrow T M_1 L$ $T \rightarrow \text{int}$ $L \rightarrow M_2 L , id$ $L \rightarrow M_3 id$ $M_1 \rightarrow \epsilon$ $M_2 \rightarrow \epsilon$ $M_3 \rightarrow \epsilon$



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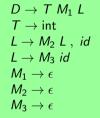
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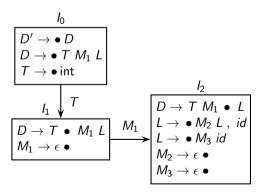
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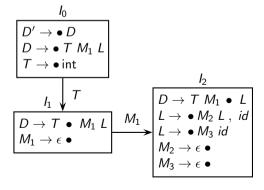
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Consider the grammar of declaration consisting of non-terminals D (Declaration), T (Type), L (List of identifiers), terminals int, "," and id, and marker non-terminals M_1 , M_2 , and M_3

 $D
ightarrow T M_1 L$ $T
ightarrow \operatorname{int}$ $L
ightarrow M_2 L$, id $L
ightarrow M_3 id$ $M_1
ightarrow \epsilon$ $M_2
ightarrow \epsilon$ $M_3
ightarrow \epsilon$



We have reduce-reduce conflict in I_2 because id is in the FOLLOW of M_2 and M_3

We can avoid it by rewriting the grammar (see the last slide in this pdf)



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SDTS for FOR Loop with BREAK and CONTINUE Statements

```
S_1 \rightarrow \mathbf{for} (E_1; E_2; E_3)
        \{S_2.increment = getNewLabel()\} /* needed here because it is inherited */
           S_2.loopback = getNewLabel() /* can be moved to the end of the rule */
           S_2.exit = getNewLabel() /* needed here because it is inherited */
        \{ t_1 = getNewTemp() \}
          c_1 = gen(S_2.loopback,:)
           c_2 = gen(t_1, =!, E_2.place) \mid\mid gen(if, t_1, goto, S_2.exit)
           c_3 = gen(goto, S_2.increment)
          c_4 = gen(S_2.exit,:)
           S_1.code = E_1.code || c_1 || E_2.code || c_2 || S_2.code || c_3 || E_3.code || c_4
    \rightarrow break \{S.code = gen(goto, S.exit)\}
 S \rightarrow \text{continue} \{S.code = gen(goto, S.increment)\}
```



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Type Analysis

- Type Expressions
- Type Equivalence
- Type Checking and Type Inferencing



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The Role of Types

- 1. Types provide information about
 - the size of data and the interpretation of raw bits, and (the integer value of string of four bytes $\boxed{1111}$ is 4096+256+16+1=4369)
 - o the operations allowed on data
- 2. The type of a variable may be allowed to change during the lifetime of the data
 - Python, AWK allow the same variables to have different types at different program points
 - \circ C/C++ do not allow this; instead they allow implicit *type promotion* and explicit type conversion (aka *type casting*)
- 3. Types may be known at compile time or only at run time

Most literature conflates (2) and (3) above and use the term *dynamically checked languages* for such languages

Property (2) should be called *flow-sensitive* or *flow-insensitive* types and the terms *static* or *dynamic checking* should be reserved for property (3)



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Type System

- A type system is a set of rules that assign a unique type to each data item
 - The assigned type may include a type error
 - A type system accepts a program if it succeeds in assigning valid non-error types to all data items
- A *sound* type system guarantees that a program accepted by the type system would not have any unchecked type error at run time
 - A sound type system is not required check the types at compile time; the types may well be checked at run time
 - o A type system that rejects all programs is vacuously sound



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Type Expressions

A type expression describes types of all entities (variables, functions) in a program

- A basic type such as int, float, void, bool, char is a type expression
- A user defined type name is a type expression
- ullet A type constructor applied to a type expression au is also a type expression. These type expressions represent derived types



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Type Expressions for Derived Types

- $array(k, \tau)$ describes an array of k elements of type τ
 - The size of an array is not a part of the type in C for validation; it is needed for memory allocation
- $pointer(\tau)$ describes a pointer to an element of type τ
- $struct((f_1, \tau_1), (f_2, \tau_2), \dots, (f_k, \tau_k))$ describes a structure containing k fields named f_1 to f_k with types τ_1 to τ_k
 - o f_1 to f_k must be distinct but τ_1 to τ_k need not be distinct
- $\tau_1 \to \tau_2$ describes a function that takes arguments described by τ_1 and returns result described by τ_2 .
- Given τ_1 and τ_2 , $\tau_1 \times \tau_2$ describes the product of the two types
 - Product can be used to represent a list or tuples of type expressions
 - $\circ~$ Product is left associative and has a higher precedence than \rightarrow



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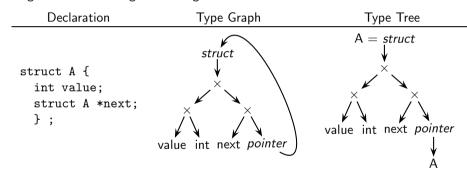
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Representing Type Expression

- A type expression can be represented as a graph
- In general, it may contain cycles but we convert it into a tree by naming the target of the back edge and using the name as a node



The resulting type expression is written with A as the name of the type expression as A = struct((value, int), (next, pointer(A)))



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Type Equivalence

Consider the following declarations

```
struct Person struct Laptop struct Car
{
    string name; string name; string name;
    float weight; float weight;
};
int A[5][50]; int B[10][20]; int C[100][200];
```

 Are variables of the type struct Person, struct Laptop, and struct Car compatible with each other?

(i.e., can the value of one be assigned to the other?)

Are elements of arrays A, B, and C compatible with each other?
 (i.e., can the value of one be assigned to the other?)



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Name and Structural Equivalence of Types

Name Equivalence

- Same basic types are name equivalent
- Derived type are name equivalent if they have the same name
 - Every occurrence of a derived type in declarations is given a unique name

Structural Equivalence

- Same basic types are structurally equivalent
- o Derived type are structurally equivalent if
 - they are obtained by applying the same type constructors to structurally equivalent types, or
 - one is type name that denotes the other type expressions
- Name equivalence implies structural equivalence but not vice-versa
- C uses structural equivalence for everything except structures
 For structures, it uses name equivalence



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Examples of Type Equivalence

Consider the following declarations

Partition of variables

```
under name equivalence: {{p1, p2}, {11, 12}, {c1, c2}}
```

under structural equivalence: $\{\{p1, p2, 11, 12, c1, c2\}\}$



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SDD for Type Checking

| | 31 |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| $E \rightarrow {\sf char_const}$ | ${E.type = char}$ |
| E → num | ${E.type = int}$ |
| $E \rightarrow id$ | ${E.type = id.type}$ |
| $E_1 \rightarrow E_2 \mod E_3$ | $\{ \text{ if } ((E_2.type \equiv \text{int}) \&\& (E_3.type \equiv \text{int})) \ E_1.type = \text{int} \}$ |
| | $else\; E_1. \mathit{type} = type_error\; \}$ |
| $E_1 \rightarrow E_2 \ op \ E_3$ | $\{E_1.type = type_error\}$ |
| | if $(E_2.type \equiv E_3.type)$ |
| | $\{ vall = (E_2.type \equiv int); valF = (E_2.type \equiv float) \}$ |
| | $valB = (E_2.type \equiv bool); \; opA = (\mathit{op.type} \equiv \mathit{arith})$ |
| | $opB = (op.type \equiv bool); opR = (op.type \equiv rel)$ |
| | if (opR && (vall valF)) $E_1.type = bool$ |
| | if ((opA && (vall valF)) (opB && valB)) |
| | $E_1.type = E_2.type $ } |
| $E_1 \rightarrow E_2[E_3]$ | $\{ \text{ if } ((E_2.type \equiv array(n, t)) \&\& (E_3.type \equiv int)) E_1.type = t \} $ |
| | else $E_1.type = type_error$ } |
| $E_1 \rightarrow *E_2$ | $\{ \text{ if } (E_2.type \equiv pointer(t)) \ E_1.type = t \}$ |
| | else $E_1.type = type_error$ |



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Type Inferencing

- Functional languages do not require separate declarations for variables and types
- Usually, functions are annotated with type information and most other types are inferred from these annotations, the constants, and the operators
- The type expressions in such languages also contain type variables whose values are type expressions
- The values of type variables is inferred by unifying type expressions that are expected to represent the same type



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Scope Analysis: Key Ideas

- Maintain a stack of symbol tables
- At the start of a new scope, push a new symbol table on the stack
 - Beginning of the program ("global" scope)
 - Beginning of every procedure
 The procedure name belongs to the outer scope
 - Beginning of every compound statement
- At the end of every scope, pop the top symbol table from the stack (Store it in a persistent data structure)
- For use of a name, look it up in the symbol table starting from the stack top
 - o If the name is not found in a symbol table, search in the symbol table below
 - If the same name appears in two symbol tables, the one closer to the top hides the one below

The symbol table below closer to the top represents the more closely nested procedure and shadows the names in the outer procedures



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Access to Non-local Variables

```
int main()
 // body of main
```

Nested function in C supported by GCC extension

(Originally supported in Pascal but not supported by C standards)



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Access to Non-local Variables

```
int main()
  void S()
  { int a, x;
   // body of S
 // body of main
```

Nested function in C supported by GCC extension

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int main()
  void S()
  int a, x;
    void R()
   { int i;
     // body of R }
   // body of S
 // body of main
```

Nested function in C supported by GCC extension

(Originally supported in Pascal but not supported by C standards)



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```
int main()
  void S()
  int a, x;
    void R()
    { int i;
      int T()
      { int m,n;
       // body of T
     // body of R }
   // body of S
 // body of main
```

Nested function in C supported by GCC extension

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```
int main()
  void S()
  \{ int a, x; \}
    void R()
    { int i;
      int T()
      { int m,n;
       // body of T
        body of R }
    void E()
    { // body of E
   // body of S
 // body of main
```

Nested function in C supported by GCC extension

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```
int main()
  void S()
  \{ int a, x; \}
    void R()
    { int i;
      int T()
      { int m,n;
       // body of T
     // body of R }
    void E()
    { // body of E
    void Q()
    { int a, x;
     // body of Q }
   // body of S
    body of main
```

Nested function in C supported by GCC extension
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```
int main()
  void S()
  \{ int a, x; \}
    void R()
    { int i;
      int T()
      { int m,n;
       // body of T
     // body of R }
    void E()
    {// body of E
    void Q()
    { int a, x;
      int P(int y, int z)
      { int i, j;
       // body of P
     // body of Q }
      body of S
    body of main
```

Nested function in C supported by GCC extension (Originally supported in Pascal but not supported by C standards)



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Access to Non-local Variables: Static Scope

```
int main()
 void S()
  { int a, x;
    void R()
     int i;
      int T()
     { int m,n;
       // body of T
        body of R }
    void E()
    { // body of E
    void Q()
     int a. x:
      int P(int y, int z)
      { int i, j;
       // body of P
     // body of Q }
      body of S
    body of main
```

- Under *static scoping* , the names visible at line *i* in procedure *X* are:
 - o names declared locally within X before line i
 - names declared in procedures enclosing X upto the declaration of X in the program
- A name declared in more closely nested procedure overrides the same name declared in an outer procedure.



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Access to Non-local Variables: Static Scope

```
int main()
 void S()
  { int a, x;
    void R()
    { int i;
      int T()
     { int m,n;
       // body of T
     // body of R }
    void E()
    { // body of E
    void Q()
    { int a, x;
      int P(int y, int z)
      { int i, j;
       // body of P
     // body of Q }
   // body of S
 // body of main
```

- Under *static scoping* , the names visible at line *i* in procedure *X* are:
 - names declared locally within X before line i
 - names declared in procedures enclosing X upto the declaration of X in the program
- A name declared in more closely nested procedure overrides the same name declared in an outer procedure.
- The names visible in the body of T are:
 - o T, R, S, main (enclosing procedure names)
 - T:m, T:n, R:i, S:a, and S:x (names declared immediately within T, R and S)
 E and Q are declared within S but are not visible in T (but they are visible in P)
 - o For call chain main \rightarrow S \rightarrow Q \rightarrow E \rightarrow R \rightarrow T, variables S:a and S:x are accessed in T and not Q:a and Q:x



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Access to Non-local Variables: Dynamic Scope

```
int main()
 void S()
  { int a, x;
    void R()
     int i;
      int T()
     { int m,n;
       // body of T
        body of R }
    void E()
    { // body of E
    void Q()
     int a. x:
      int P(int y, int z)
      { int i, j;
       // body of P
     // body of Q }
      body of S
    body of main
```

- Under dynamic scoping, the names visible at line
 i in procedure X are:
 - \circ names declared locally within X before line i
 - names declared in procedures enclosing X in a call chain reaching X
- A name declared in more closely nested procedure in the call chain overrides the same name declared in an outer procedure.



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Access to Non-local Variables: Dynamic Scope

```
int main()
 void S()
  { int a, x;
    void R()
    { int i;
      int T()
     { int m,n;
       // body of T
     // body of R }
    void E()
    { // body of E
    void Q()
    \{ int a. x: 
      int P(int y, int z)
      { int i, j;
       // body of P
     // body of Q }
   // body of S
 // body of main
```

- Under dynamic scoping, the names visible at line
 i in procedure X are:
 - \circ names declared locally within X before line i
 - names declared in procedures enclosing X in a call chain reaching X
- A name declared in more closely nested procedure in the call chain overrides the same name declared in an outer procedure.
- For a call chain main \to S \to Q \to E \to R \to T the names visible in the body of T are:
 - o The names in T, R, E, Q, S and main
 - Variables S:a and S:x are shadowed by Q:a and Q:x in T



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Scope Analysis Demo for Static Scope

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Scope Analysis: Grammar

 $\mathsf{Program} \to \mathsf{DL} \, \mathsf{SL}$ $DL \rightarrow DL D \mid \epsilon$ $D \rightarrow T id$ $D \rightarrow T id (PL) \{DLSL\}$ $T \rightarrow int \mid void$ $PL \rightarrow PL, P \mid P$ $P \rightarrow T id$ $SL \rightarrow SL Call \mid \epsilon$ Call \rightarrow id (AL); $AL \rightarrow AL$, $id \mid id$

We consider a simplified grammar in which

- DL denotes a list of declarations
- D denotes a declaration
 For simplicity, we assume that a single name can be declared in a declaration
- T denotes a type declaration
- PL denotes a list of formal parameters
- P denotes a formal parameter
- SL denotes a list of statement
 For simplicity, we consider only a call statement
- AL denotes a list of actual parameters



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Scope Analysis: SDTS

 $\mathsf{Program} \rightarrow$

DL SL

 $DL \rightarrow DL D \mid \epsilon$

 $D \rightarrow T$ id

 $D \rightarrow T$ id

(PL) { DL SL }

 $T \rightarrow int$

void

 $PL \rightarrow PL$, $P \mid P$

 $P \rightarrow T$ id

 $SL \rightarrow SL Call \mid \epsilon$

Call $\rightarrow id$

(AL);

 $AL \rightarrow AL$, id

id



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Scope Analysis: SDTS

$$\mathsf{Program} \to \{\ \mathsf{push_new_symtab();}\ \}\ \mathsf{DL}\ \mathsf{SL}$$

$$DL \rightarrow DL D \mid \epsilon$$

$$\mathsf{D}\to\mathsf{T}\ \textit{id}$$

$$D \rightarrow T$$
 id

(PL) { DL SL }

$$\mathsf{T} o \mathsf{int}$$

void

$$PL \rightarrow PL$$
, $P \mid P$

$$P \rightarrow T$$
 id

$$\mathsf{SL} o \mathsf{SL} \; \mathsf{Call} \; | \; \epsilon$$

Call
$$\rightarrow$$
 id

$$\mathsf{AL} \to \mathsf{AL} \ , \ \textit{id}$$



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$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathsf{Program} \to \big\{ \ \mathsf{push_new_symtab}(); \big\} \ \ \mathsf{DL} \ \mathsf{SL} \\ \mathsf{DL} \to \mathsf{DL} \ \mathsf{D} \ | \ \epsilon \\ \mathsf{D} \to \mathsf{T} \ \mathit{id} \ \big\{ \ \mathsf{add_var_to_symtab}(\mathit{id.name}, \mathsf{T}.\mathit{name}) \big\} \\ \mathsf{D} \to \mathsf{T} \ \mathit{id} \\ & \big(\ \mathsf{PL} \ \big) \ \big\{ \ \mathsf{DL} \ \mathsf{SL} \ \big\} \\ \mathsf{T} \to \mathsf{int} \ \big\{ \mathsf{T}.\mathit{name} = \mathsf{int}; \big\} \ \big| \ \mathsf{void} \ \big\{ \mathsf{T}.\mathit{name} = \mathsf{void}; \big\} \\ \mathsf{PL} \to \mathsf{PL} \ , \ \mathsf{P} \ \big| \ \mathsf{P} \\ \mathsf{P} \to \mathsf{T} \ \mathit{id} \\ \mathsf{SL} \to \mathsf{SL} \ \mathsf{Call} \ \big| \ \epsilon \\ \mathsf{Call} \to \mathit{id} \\ \mathsf{AL} \to \mathsf{AL} \ , \ \mathit{id} \\ \end{array} \quad \big(\ \mathsf{AL} \ \big) \ ; \\ \mathsf{AL} \to \mathsf{AL} \ , \ \mathit{id} \\ \end{array}$$



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Declaration Processing

```
Program \rightarrow \{ push\_new\_symtab(); \} DL SL
       DL \rightarrow DL D \mid \epsilon
         D \rightarrow T id \{ add\_var\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name) \}
         D \rightarrow T id \{ add\_proc\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name); \}
                                                  (PL) { DL SL }
         T \rightarrow int \{T.name = int; \} \mid void \{T.name = void; \}
       PL \rightarrow PL, P \mid P
         P \rightarrow T id
        SL \rightarrow SL Call \mid \epsilon
      Call \rightarrow id
                                                  (AL):
       AL \rightarrow AL. id
                                                           id
```



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Declaration Processing

```
Program \rightarrow \{ push\_new\_symtab(); \} DL SL
       DL \rightarrow DL D \mid \epsilon
         D \rightarrow T id \{ add\_var\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name) \}
         D \rightarrow T id \{ add\_proc\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name); \}
                { push_new_symtab(); } ( PL ) { DL SL }
         T \rightarrow int \{T.name = int; \} \mid void \{T.name = void; \}
       PL \rightarrow PL, P \mid P
         P \rightarrow T id
        SL \rightarrow SL Call \mid \epsilon
      Call \rightarrow id
                                                 (AL):
       AL \rightarrow AL. id
                                                          id
```



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Scope Analysis: SDTS

 $Program \rightarrow \{ push_new_symtab(); \} DL SL$ $DL \rightarrow DL D \mid \epsilon$ $D \rightarrow T id \{ add_var_to_symtab(id.name, T.name) \}$ $D \rightarrow T id \{ add_proc_to_symtab(id.name, T.name); \}$ { push_new_symtab(); } (PL) { DL SL } { pop_symtab(); } $T \rightarrow int \{T.name = int; \} \mid void \{T.name = void; \}$ $PL \rightarrow PL$, $P \mid P$ $P \rightarrow T id$ $SL \rightarrow SL Call \mid \epsilon$ Call $\rightarrow id$ (AL): $AL \rightarrow AL$. id id

Pop and move it to a persistent storage for later phases



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```
Program \rightarrow \{ push\_new\_symtab(); \} DL SL
       DL \rightarrow DL D \mid \epsilon
        D \rightarrow T id \{ add\_var\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name) \}
        D \rightarrow T id \{ add\_proc\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name); \}
               { push_new_symtab(); } ( PL ) { DL SL }
               { pop_symtab(); }
        T \rightarrow int \{T.name = int; \} \mid void \{T.name = void; \}
       PL \rightarrow PL, P \mid P
         P \rightarrow T id \{ add\_param\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name); \}
       SL \rightarrow SL Call \mid \epsilon
      Call \rightarrow id
                                               (AL):
       AL \rightarrow AL. id
                                                       id
```



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```
Program \rightarrow \{ push\_new\_symtab(); \} DL SL
       DL \rightarrow DL D \mid \epsilon
        D \rightarrow T id \{ add\_var\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name) \}
        D \rightarrow T id \{ add\_proc\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name); \}
               { push_new_symtab(); } ( PL ) { DL SL }
               { pop_symtab(); }
        T \rightarrow int \{T.name = int; \} \mid void \{T.name = void; \}
       PL \rightarrow PL, P \mid P
         P \rightarrow T id \{ add\_param\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name); \}
       SL \rightarrow SL Call \mid \epsilon
      Call \rightarrow id { lookup(id.name); } (AL);
       AL \rightarrow AL. id
                                                       id
```



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Declaration Processing

```
Program \rightarrow \{ push\_new\_symtab(); \} DL SL
       DL \rightarrow DL D \mid \epsilon
        D \rightarrow T id \{ add\_var\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name) \}
        D \rightarrow T id \{ add\_proc\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name); \}
               { push_new_symtab(); } ( PL ) { DL SL }
               { pop_symtab(); }
        T \rightarrow int \{T.name = int; \} \mid void \{T.name = void; \}
       PL \rightarrow PL, P \mid P
        P \rightarrow T id \{ add\_param\_to\_symtab(id.name, T.name); \}
       SL \rightarrow SL Call \mid \epsilon
      Call \rightarrow id { lookup(id.name); } (AL);
       AL \rightarrow AL, id { lookup(id.name); } | id { lookup(id.name); }
```



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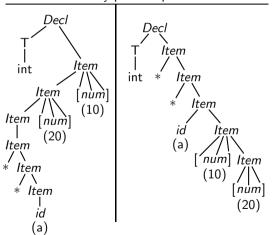
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Processing C Declarations

Example Declaration: int **a[20][10]; Two of the many possible parse trees





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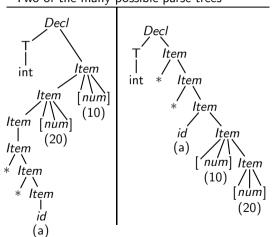
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Example Declaration: int **a[20][10]; Two of the many possible parse trees



Difficulties in implementing a syntax directed translation scheme

- Type constructor '*' appears before id whereas array appears after id
- Both constructors may appear together for the same id
- Final type can be entered in the symbol table only on seeing id but the type expression is not complete when id is seen
- A combination of synthesized and inherited attributes is needed



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Processing C Declarations

- Basic types
- Derived types using type constructors (such as arrays, structs, pointer dereferences, address expressions)
- Representing types using type expressions (drawn as trees)



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Processing C Declarations

- Basic types
- Derived types using type constructors (such as arrays, structs, pointer dereferences, address expressions)
- Representing types using type expressions (drawn as trees)

Row major representation of arrays in C

- o 20 rows of (i.e. 20 arrays) where
- each row is an array of 10 double pointers to int
- the tree is right-recursive for type constructor array



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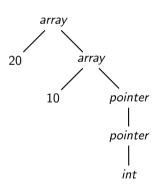
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- Basic types
- Derived types using type constructors (such as arrays, structs, pointer dereferences, address expressions)
- Representing types using type expressions (drawn as trees)

Row major representation of arrays in C

- o 20 rows of (i.e. 20 arrays) where
- each row is an array of 10 double pointers to int
- the tree is right-recursive for type constructor array





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int a[20][10];

 $Decl \rightarrow T$ Item;

 $T \rightarrow int \mid double$

 $Item \rightarrow id \mid Item [num]$



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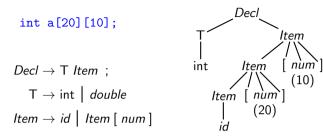
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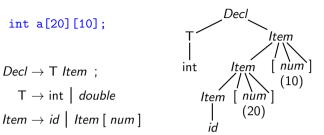
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Inconvenient layout for 20 arrays of arrays of 10 ints

Dimensions are collected by a left-recursive rule



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Inconvenient layout for 20 arrays of arrays of 10 ints

Dimensions are collected by a left-recursive rule

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{int a[20][10];} \\ \textit{Decl} \rightarrow \textbf{T Item ;} \\ \textbf{T} \rightarrow \textbf{int} \mid \textit{double} \\ \textit{Item} \rightarrow \textit{id} \mid \textit{id ListDim} \\ \\ \textit{ListDim} \rightarrow [\textit{num}] \mid [\textit{num}] \textit{ListDim} \end{array}
```



int a[20][10]:

 $Decl \rightarrow T$ Item:

 $T \rightarrow int \mid double$

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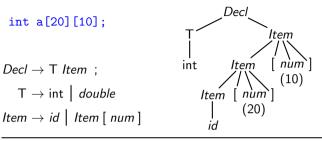
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Inconvenient layout for 20 arrays of arrays of 10 ints

Dimensions are collected by a left-recursive rule

```
Decl
 int a[20][10]:
                                                         Item
    Decl \rightarrow T Item:
                                           int
                                                     id
                                                            ListDim
       \mathsf{T} \to \mathsf{int} \mid \mathsf{double}
                                                           num ListDim
    Item \rightarrow id \mid id \ ListDim
                                                            (20)
                                                                     niim
ListDim \rightarrow [num] \mid [num] ListDim
                                                                      (10)
```



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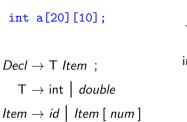
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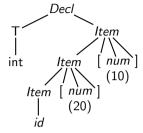
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Inconvenient layout for 20 arrays of arrays of 10 ints

Dimensions are collected by a left-recursive rule

Convenient layout for 20 arrays of arrays of 10 ints

Dimensions are collected by a right-recursive rule

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SDTS for Processing C Array Declarations: Identifying Type

| Attribute | Description | Туре |
|-----------|--------------|---|
| X.bt | Base type | inherited for $X = I$ and $X = L$, synthesized for $X = T$ |
| X.dt | Derived type | synthesized |
| X.v | Value | synthesized |
| X.nm | Name | synthesized |

D o T

1;

 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$

 $T \rightarrow double$

 $I \rightarrow id$

 $I \rightarrow id$

L

 $L \rightarrow [num]$

 $L_1 \rightarrow [$ num]

 L_2



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SDTS for Processing C Array Declarations: Identifying Type

| Attribute | Description | Туре |
|-----------|--------------|---|
| X.bt | Base type | inherited for $X = I$ and $X = L$, synthesized for $X = T$ |
| X.dt | Derived type | synthesized |
| X.v | Value | synthesized |
| X.nm | Name | synthesized |

 L_2

$$D o T \quad \{I.bt = T.bt\} \quad I;$$
 $T o \text{int} \quad \{T.bt = \text{int}\}$
 $T o double \quad \{T.bt = double\}$
 $I o id$
 $I o id \quad L$
 $L o [num]$
 $L_1 o [num]$



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SDTS for Processing C Array Declarations: Identifying Type

| Attribute | Description | Туре |
|-----------|--------------|---|
| X.bt | Base type | inherited for $X = I$ and $X = L$, synthesized for $X = T$ |
| X.dt | Derived type | synthesized |
| X.v | Value | synthesized |
| X.nm | Name | synthesized |

 L_2

$$D o T \quad \{I.bt = T.bt\} \quad I; \quad \{Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)\}$$
 $T o int \quad \{T.bt = int\}$
 $T o double \quad \{T.bt = double\}$
 $I o id$
 $I o id$
 $L o [num]$
 $L_1 o [num]$
 L_2



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| Attribute | Description | Туре |
|-----------|--------------|---|
| X.bt | Base type | inherited for $X = I$ and $X = L$, synthesized for $X = T$ |
| X.dt | Derived type | synthesized |
| X.v | Value | synthesized |
| X.nm | Name | synthesized |



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| Attribute | Description | Туре |
|-----------|--------------|---|
| X.bt | Base type | inherited for $X = I$ and $X = L$, synthesized for $X = T$ |
| X.dt | Derived type | synthesized |
| X.v | Value | synthesized |
| X.nm | Name | synthesized |

$$D
ightarrow T \; \{\textit{I.bt} = \textit{T.bt}\} \; \; \{\textit{Enter_In_Symtab}(\textit{I.nm}, \textit{I.dt})\} \ T
ightarrow int \; \{\textit{T.bt} = int}\} \ T
ightarrow double \; \{\textit{T.bt} = double}\} \ I
ightarrow id \; \{\textit{I.dt} = \textit{I.bt}; \; \textit{I.nm} = id.nm}\} \ I
ightarrow id \; \{\textit{L.bt} = \textit{I.bt}\} \; \; L \ L
ightarrow [\; num\,] \ L_1
ightarrow [\; num\,] \; L_2$$



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| Attribute | Description | Туре |
|-----------|--------------|---|
| X.bt | Base type | inherited for $X = I$ and $X = L$, synthesized for $X = T$ |
| X.dt | Derived type | synthesized |
| X.v | Value | synthesized |
| X.nm | Name | synthesized |

$$D
ightarrow T \; \{I.bt = T.bt\} \; I \; \{Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)\}$$
 $T
ightarrow int \; \{T.bt = int\}$
 $T
ightarrow double \; \{T.bt = double\}$
 $I
ightarrow id \; \{I.dt = I.bt; \; I.nm = id.nm\}$
 $I
ightarrow id \; \{L.bt = I.bt\} \; L \; \{I.dt = L.dt; \; I.nm = id.nm\}$
 $L
ightarrow [num]$
 $L_1
ightarrow [num]$



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| Attribute | Description | Туре |
|-----------|--------------|---|
| X.bt | Base type | inherited for $X = I$ and $X = L$, synthesized for $X = T$ |
| X.dt | Derived type | synthesized |
| X.v | Value | synthesized |
| X.nm | Name | synthesized |

$$D
ightarrow T \ \{I.bt = T.bt\} \ I; \ \{Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)\}$$
 $T
ightarrow int \ \{T.bt = int\}$
 $T
ightarrow double \ \{T.bt = double\}$
 $I
ightarrow id \ \{I.dt = I.bt; \ I.nm = id.nm\}$
 $I
ightarrow id \ \{L.bt = I.bt\} \ L \ \{I.dt = L.dt; \ I.nm = id.nm\}$
 $L
ightarrow [num] \ \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}$
 $L_1
ightarrow [num] \ L_2$



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Declaration Processing

| Attribute | Description | Туре |
|-----------|--------------|---|
| X.bt | Base type | inherited for $X = I$ and $X = L$, synthesized for $X = T$ |
| X.dt | Derived type | synthesized |
| X.v | Value | synthesized |
| X.nm | Name | synthesized |

$$\begin{array}{lll} D \rightarrow T & \{\textit{I.bt} = \textit{T.bt}\} & \textit{I} ; & \{\textit{Enter_In_Symtab}(\textit{I.nm}, \textit{I.dt})\} \\ T \rightarrow \text{int} & \{\textit{T.bt} = \text{int}\} \\ T \rightarrow \textit{double} & \{\textit{T.bt} = \textit{double}\} \\ I \rightarrow \textit{id} & \{\textit{I.dt} = \textit{I.bt}; \; \textit{I.nm} = \textit{id.nm}\} \\ I \rightarrow \textit{id} & \{\textit{L.bt} = \textit{I.bt}\} & L & \{\textit{I.dt} = \textit{L.dt}; \; \textit{I.nm} = \textit{id.nm}\} \\ L \rightarrow [\; \textit{num}\,] & \{\textit{L.dt} = \textit{array}(\textit{num.v}, \textit{L.bt})\} \\ L_1 \rightarrow [\; \textit{num}\,] & \{\textit{L_2.bt} = \textit{L_1.bt}\} & L_2 \\ \end{array}$$



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Declaration Processing

| Attribute | Description | Туре |
|-----------|--------------|---|
| X.bt | Base type | inherited for $X = I$ and $X = L$, synthesized for $X = T$ |
| X.dt | Derived type | synthesized |
| X.v | Value | synthesized |
| X.nm | Name | synthesized |

```
D 	o T \quad \{I.bt = T.bt\} \quad I; \quad \{Enter\_In\_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)\}
T 	o \text{ int } \quad \{T.bt = \text{ int}\}
T 	o double \quad \{T.bt = double\}
I 	o id \quad \{I.dt = I.bt; \quad I.nm = id.nm\}
I 	o id \quad \{L.bt = I.bt\} \quad L \quad \{I.dt = L.dt; \quad I.nm = id.nm\}
L 	o [num] \quad \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}
L_1 	o [num] \quad \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\} \quad L_2 \quad \{L_1.dt = array(num.v, L_2.dt)\}
```



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```
int a[20][10];
D \rightarrow T \{l.bt = T.bt\} 1:
        { Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)}
 T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}\}
 T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double \}
  I \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm\}
  I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L
       \{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm\}
 L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}
L_1 \rightarrow [num] \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\}
        L_2 {L_1.dt = array(num.v. L_2.dt)}
```



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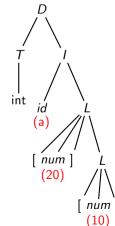
Type Analysis

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SDTS for Processing C Array Declarations: Identifying Type

int a[20][10]; $D \rightarrow T \{l.bt = T.bt\}$ 1: { Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)} $T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}\}$ $T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double \}$ $I \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm\}$ $I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L$ $\{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm\}$ $L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}$ $L_1 \rightarrow [num] \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\}$ L_2 { $L_1.dt = array(num.v. L_2.dt)$ }





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int a[20][10]; $D \rightarrow T \{l.bt = T.bt\}$ 1: { Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)} $T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}\}$ T.bt = int $T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double \}$ $I \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm\}$ int $I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L$ (a) $\{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm\}$ num] $L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}$ (20) $L_1 \rightarrow [num] \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\}$ num L_2 { $L_1.dt = array(num.v, L_2.dt)$ } (10)



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SDTS for Processing C Array Declarations: Identifying Type

int a[20][10]; $D \rightarrow T \{l,bt = T,bt\}$ 1: { Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)} $T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}\}$ l.bt = intT.bt = int $T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double \}$ $I \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm\}$ int $I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L$ (a) $\{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm\}$ num 1 $L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}$ (20) $L_1 \rightarrow [num] \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\}$ num L_2 { $L_1.dt = array(num.v, L_2.dt)$ } (10)



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SDTS for Processing C Array Declarations: Identifying Type

int a[20][10]; $D \rightarrow T \{l.bt = T.bt\}$ 1: { Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)} $T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}\}$ l.bt = intT.bt = int $T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double \}$ $I \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm\}$ L.bt = intint $I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L$ (a) $\{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm\}$ num 1 $L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}$ (20) $L_1 \rightarrow [num] \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\}$ num L_2 { $L_1.dt = array(num.v, L_2.dt)$ } (10)



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SDTS for Processing C Array Declarations: Identifying Type

int a[20][10]; $D \rightarrow T \{l.bt = T.bt\}$ 1: { Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)} $T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}\}$ l.bt = intT.bt = int $T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double \}$ $I \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm\}$ L.bt = intint $I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L$ (a) $\{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm\}$ L.bt = intnum 1 $L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}$ (20) $L_1 \rightarrow [num] \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\}$ num L_2 { $L_1.dt = array(num.v, L_2.dt)$ } (10)



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int a[20][10]; $D \rightarrow T \{l.bt = T.bt\}$ 1: { Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)} $T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}\}$ l.bt = intT.bt = int $T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double \}$ $I \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm\}$ L.bt = intint $I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L$ (a) $\{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm\}$ L.bt = intnum 1 $L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}$ (20)L.dt = array(10, int) $L_1 \rightarrow [num] \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\}$ num L_2 { $L_1.dt = array(num.v, L_2.dt)$ } (10)



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Declaration Processing

```
int a[20][10];
D \rightarrow T \{l.bt = T.bt\} 1:
        { Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)}
 T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}\}
                                                                   l.bt = int
                                           T.bt = int
 T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double \}
 I \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm\}
                                                                        L.bt = int
                                                      int
 I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L
                                                                        L.dt = array(20, array(10, int))
                                                           (a)
       \{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm\}
                                                            num 1
 L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}
                                                             (20)
                                                                           L.dt = array(10, int)
L_1 \rightarrow [num] \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\}
                                                                     num
       L_2 {L_1.dt = array(num.v, L_2.dt)}
                                                                       (10)
```



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ype Analysis

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Declaration Processing

```
int a[20][10];
D \rightarrow T \{l.bt = T.bt\} 1:
        { Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)}
 T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}\}
                                                                   l.bt = int
                                           T.bt = int
                                                                   I.dt = array(20, array(10, int))
 T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double \}
 I \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm\}
                                                                        L.bt = int
                                                      int
 I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L
                                                                       L.dt = array(20, array(10, int))
                                                           (a)
       \{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm\}
                                                            num 1
 L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}
                                                             (20)
                                                                           L.dt = array(10, int)
L_1 \rightarrow [num] \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\}
                                                                     num
       L_2 { L_1.dt = array(num.v. L_2.dt)}
                                                                       (10)
```



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SDTS for Processing C Array Declarations: Identifying Type

int a[20][10]; $D \rightarrow T \{l.bt = T.bt\}$ 1: { Enter_In_Symtab(I.nm, I.dt)} $T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}\}$ l.bt = intT.bt = intI.dt = array(20, array(10, int)) $T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double \}$ $I \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm\}$ L.bt = intint $I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L$ L.dt = array(20, array(10, int))(a) $\{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm\}$ num 1 $L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt)\}$ (20)L.dt = array(10, int) $L_1 \rightarrow [num] \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\}$ num L_2 { $L_1.dt = array(num.v, L_2.dt)$ } (10)



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C Array Size Calculations

| Attribute | Description | Туре |
|-----------|--------------|---|
| X.bt | Base type | inherited for $X = I$ and $X = L$, synthesized for $X = T$ |
| X.dt | Derived type | synthesized |
| X.v | Value | synthesized |
| X.s | Size | synthesized |
| X.nm | Name | synthesized |
| X.w | Width | inherited for $X = I$, synthesized for $X = T$ |

$$D \rightarrow T \{l.bt = T.bt; l.w = T.w\} \ I; \{Enter_In_Symtab(l.nm, l.dt, l.s)\}$$

$$T \rightarrow \text{int } \{T.bt = \text{int}; T.w = 4\}$$

$$T \rightarrow double \{ T.bt = double; T.w = 8 \}$$

$$l \rightarrow id \{l.dt = l.bt; l.nm = id.nm; l.s = l.w\}$$

$$I \rightarrow id \{L.bt = I.bt\} L \{I.dt = L.dt; I.nm = id.nm; I.s = L.s \times I.w\}$$

$$L \rightarrow [num] \{L.dt = array(num.v, L.bt); L.s = num.v\}$$

$$L_1 \rightarrow [\text{ num }] \ \{L_2.bt = L_1.bt\} \ L_2 \ \{L_1.dt = \text{array(num.v}, L_2.dt); \ \underline{L_1.s} = \underline{L_2.s} \times \text{num.v}\}$$



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Demo of Processing C Array Declarations

• yacc script: c-decl-arrays-sdts.y

• lex script: c-decl-scanner.l



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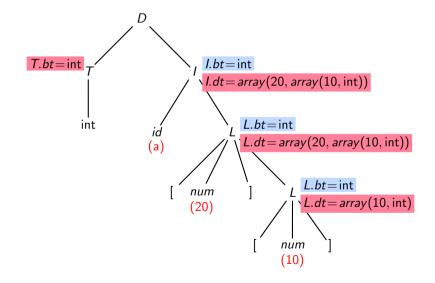
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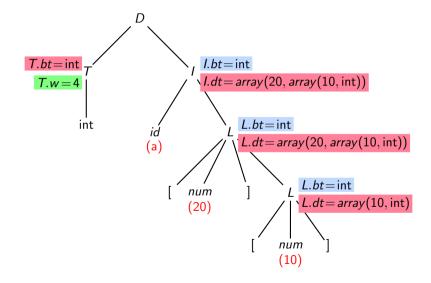
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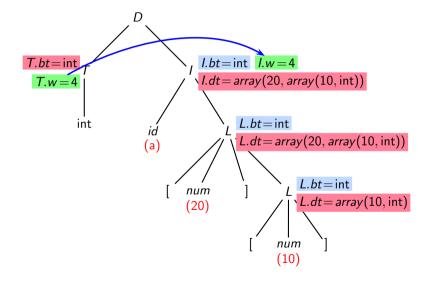
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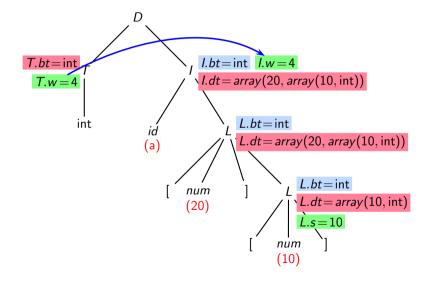
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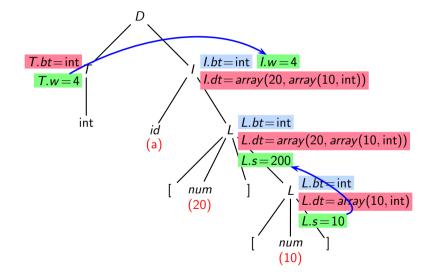
Syntax Directed Translation Scheme

Type Analysis

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SDTS for Processing C Array Declarations: Adding Size Calculations





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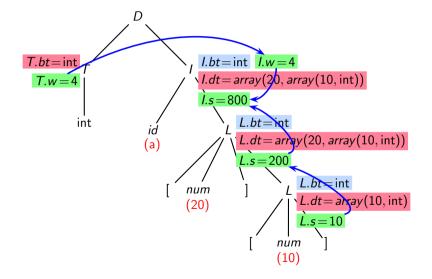
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Declaration Processing

```
Item → id

| id ListDim

| ListStar id

| ListStar id ListDim

| ( ListStar id ) ListDim

| ListStar ( ListStar id ) ListDim
```

$$\textit{ListStar} \rightarrow * \\ | * \textit{ListStar}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \textit{ListDim} \rightarrow [\textit{ num }] \\ \mid [\textit{ num }] \textit{ ListDim} \end{array}$$



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Declaration Processing

```
Item → id

| id ListDim

| ListStar id

| ListStar id ListDim

| ( ListStar id ) ListDim

| ListStar ( ListStar id ) ListDim
```

$$ListDim \rightarrow [num]$$

 $\mid [num] ListDim$



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Including Pointers in C Array Declarations

```
Item → id

| id ListDim

| ListStar id

| ListStar id ListDim

| ( ListStar id ) ListDim

| ListStar ( ListStar id ) ListDim
```

 $ListStar \rightarrow *$

* ListStar

 $\begin{array}{c} \textit{ListDim} \rightarrow [\textit{ num }] \\ \mid [\textit{ num }] \textit{ ListDim} \end{array}$



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$$| * ListStar$$
 $ListDim \rightarrow [num]$
 $| [num] ListDim$

 $listStar \rightarrow *$



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Including Pointers in C Array Declarations

```
Item → id

| id ListDim

| ListStar id

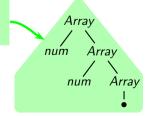
| ListStar id ListDim

| ( ListStar id ) ListDim

| ListStar ( ListStar id ) ListDim
```

 $\begin{array}{c} \textit{ListStar} \rightarrow * \\ | \ * \ \textit{ListStar} \end{array}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \textit{ListDim} \rightarrow [\textit{ num }] \\ \mid [\textit{ num }] \textit{ ListDim} \end{array}$$





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Including Pointers in C Array Declarations

```
Item \rightarrow id
             id ListDim
             ListStar id
              ListStar id ListDim
             ( ListStar id ) ListDim
             ListStar ( ListStar id ) ListDim
listStar \rightarrow *
             * ListStar
ListDim \rightarrow [num]
            [ num ] ListDim
```

pointer



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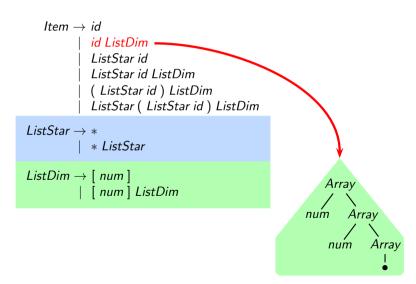
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```
Item \rightarrow id
             id ListDim
             ListStar id
             ListStar id ListDim
             ( ListStar id ) ListDim
             ListStar ( ListStar id ) ListDim
listStar \rightarrow *
             * ListStar
ListDim \rightarrow [num]
                                                                                        pointer
            [ num ] ListDim
                                                                                        pointer
                                                                                        pointer
                                                                                               100/103
```



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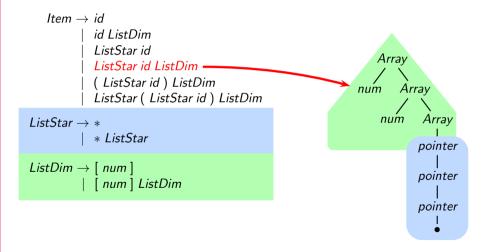
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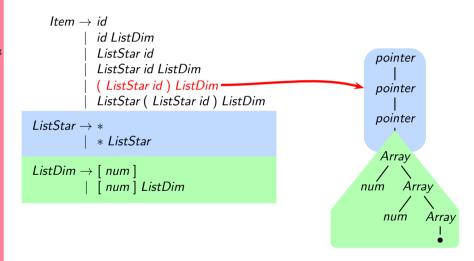
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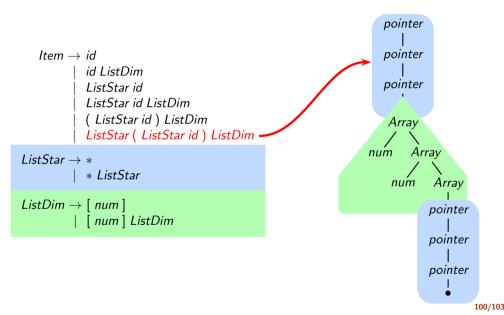
Generating IR

Syntax Directed Translation Schemes

ype Analysi

Name and Scope Analysis

Declaration Processing





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Adding a List

$$\begin{split} \textit{Decl} &\rightarrow \mathsf{T} \; \textit{List} \; \; ; \\ \textit{List}_1 &\rightarrow \{\textit{List}_2.\textit{bt} = \textit{List}_1.\textit{bt}\} \; \; \textit{List}_2 \; \; , \\ &\quad \{\textit{Item.bt} = \textit{List}_1.\textit{bt}\} \; \; \textit{Item} \\ \textit{List} &\rightarrow \{\textit{Item.bt} = \textit{List.bt}\} \; \; \textit{Item} \end{split}$$



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$$Decl
ightarrow T \; List \; ;$$
 $List_1
ightarrow \{List_2.bt = List_1.bt\} \; List_2 \; ,$ $\{Item.bt = List_1.bt\} \; Item$ $List
ightarrow \{Item.bt = List.bt\} \; Item$

```
List_1 
ightarrow \$ACT1 \ List_2 \ , \ \$ACT2 \ Item List 
ightarrow \$ACT3 \ Item \$ACT1 
ightarrow \%empty \ \{List_2.bt = List_1.bt\} \$ACT2 
ightarrow \%empty \ \{Item.bt = List_1.bt\} \$ACT3 
ightarrow \%empty \ \{Item.bt = List.bt\}
```



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$$\begin{split} \textit{Decl} &\to \mathsf{T} \; \textit{List} \; \; ; \\ \textit{List}_1 &\to \{\textit{List}_2.\textit{bt} = \textit{List}_1.\textit{bt}\} \; \; \textit{List}_2 \; \; , \\ &\quad \{\textit{Item.bt} = \textit{List}_1.\textit{bt}\} \; \; \textit{Item} \\ \textit{List} &\to \{\textit{Item.bt} = \textit{List.bt}\} \; \; \textit{Item} \end{split}$$

```
List_1 
ightarrow \$ACT1 \ List_2 \ , \ \$ACT2 \ Item List 
ightarrow \$ACT3 \ Item \$ACT1 
ightarrow \$empty \ \{List_2.bt = List_1.bt\} \$ACT2 
ightarrow \$empty \ \{Item.bt = List_1.bt\} \$ACT3 
ightarrow \$empty \ \{Item.bt = List.bt\}
```

The actions in the beginning of the RHSs give rise to reduce-reduce conflict in a yacc/bison parser



Adding A List

int *a[10][20], **b, c;

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$$\begin{split} \textit{Decl} & \rightarrow \mathsf{T} \; \textit{List} \; \; ; \\ \textit{List}_1 & \rightarrow \{\textit{List}_2.\textit{bt} = \textit{List}_1.\textit{bt}\} \; \; \textit{List}_2 \; \; , \\ & \{\textit{Item.bt} = \textit{List}_1.\textit{bt}\} \; \; \textit{Item} \\ \textit{List} & \rightarrow \{\textit{Item.bt} = \textit{List.bt}\} \; \; \textit{Item} \end{split}$$



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$$egin{aligned} ext{Decl} & o & ext{T List} \ ; \ List_1 & o & \{ ext{List}_2.bt = ext{List}_1.bt \} \ List_2 \ , \ & \{ ext{Item.bt} = ext{List}_1.bt \} \ ext{Item} \ List & o & \{ ext{Item.bt} = ext{List.bt} \} \ ext{Item} \end{aligned}$$

$$Decl
ightarrow T \; List \; ;$$
 $List
ightarrow \{ list_Tail.bt = List.bt \} \; ltem \ \{ List_Tail.bt = List_bt \} \; List_Tail \ List_Tail
ightarrow \; \{ List_bt \} \; List_Tail.bt \} \; List \ List_Tail
ightarrow \% empty$

No reduce-reduce conflicts because recursion on *List* is an indirect recursion rather than a direct recursion, separating the two marker non-terminals representing the action before *Item*, apart



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Demo of Processing C Array Declarations with Pointers

• Parser (without attribute evaluation)

yacc script: c-decl-processing-grammar.y
 lex script: c-decl-scanner-without-actions.l

• SDTS

yacc script: c-decl-arrays-pointers-sdts.y

o lex script: c-decl-scanner.l