1-1 In-Class Exercise

1. Apply Elementary Row Operation on its augmented matrix to solve the following SLE

$$2x + z = 1$$

$$x - 2y + 4z = 7$$

$$4x + y - z = 0$$

$$x = 1$$
$$y = -5$$
$$z = -1$$

1-1 Suggested Exercise

1. Under what conditions on *a* and *b* will the linear system have no solutions, one solution, infinitely many solutions?

$$2x - 3y = a$$
$$4x - 6y = b$$

We can eliminate x from the second equation by adding -2 times the first equation to the second. This yields the system

$$2x - 3y = a$$
$$0 = b - 2a$$

If b-2a=0 (i.e., b=2a) then the second equation imposes no restriction on x and y; consequently, the system has infinitely many solutions.

If $b-2a\neq 0$ (i.e., $b\neq 2a$) then the second equation becomes contradictory thus the system has no solutions.

There are no values of *a* and *b* for which the system has one solution.

2. Solve the following SLE and use parametric equations to describe the solution set.

$$x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 = -4$$

$$3x_1 + 9x_2 - 3x_3 = -12$$

$$-x_1 - 3x_2 + x_3 = 4$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 = -4$$

$$X_1 = -4 - 3r + s$$
, $X_2 = r$, $X_3 = s$

where the parameters r and s are arbitrary real numbers.

3. Find all values of *k* for which the given augmented matrix corresponds to a consistent linear system.

$$\begin{bmatrix} k & 1 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Add the first row to the second to obtain $\begin{bmatrix} k & 1 & -2 \\ 4+k & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ which corresponds to the system

$$kx + y = -2$$
$$(4+k)x = 0$$

If k = -4 then the second equation becomes 0 = 0, which does not impose any restriction on x and y therefore we can omit it and proceed to determine the solution set using the first equation. There are infinitely many solutions in this set.

If $k \neq -4$ then the second equation yields x = 0 and the first equation becomes y = -2.

Consequently, for all values of *k* the given augmented matrix corresponds to a consistent linear system.

4. Find all values of *k* for which the given augmented matrix corresponds to a consistent linear system.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & k & -4 \\ 4 & 8 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Add
$$-4$$
 times the first row to the second to obtain $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & k & -4 \\ 0 & 8-4k & 18 \end{bmatrix}$ which corresponds to the system $x+ ky=-4$

(8-4k)y=18

If k = 2 then the second equation becomes 0 = 18, which is contradictory thus the system becomes inconsistent.

If $k \neq 2$ then we can solve the second equation for y and proceed to substitute this value into the first equation and solve for x.

Consequently, for all values of $k \neq 2$ the given augmented matrix corresponds to a consistent linear system.