

Package ‘CASAL2’

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Title CASAL2 extract package

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Description A set of R functions for extracting and plotting from CASAL2 output files.

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check_short_hand	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

check_short_hand(x)

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

convert.to.lines	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
convert.to.lines(filename)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

CV.for.CPUE	<i>CV.for.CPUE</i>
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Description

This function is useful for deciding on a c.v. to be used with a CPUE series in a stock assessment model. Originally written in Chris Francis's DataWeighting Package, this has been copied over and modified so that users can use this functionality with Casal2 models/output.

Usage

```
CV.for.CPUE(year, cpue, f, plot.it = TRUE)
```

Arguments

year	vector of years with CPUE indices
cpue	CPUE indices
f	degree of lowess smoothing (0 = no smoothing, 1 = maximum smoothing)
plot.it	If TRUE, plot the index and the smoothed fit. Otherwise, return a dataframe of the year, index, smoothed fitted value, and cv)

Value

The function either plots the CPUE, together with a lowess line fitted to it, and returns the c.v. of the residuals to the fit. Or returns a dataframe of the lowess line fits and associated c.v.s for each point.

Author(s)

Chris Francis

DoubleExponential	<i>Calculate the Double-Exponential Selectivity used in Casal2</i>
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Description

This function calculates the Double-Exponential selectivity and should be used to plot up the form of the selectivity when estimating the parameters in the model.

Usage

```
DoubleExponential(age_or_length, x0, x1, x2, y0, y1, y2, alpha = 1)
```

Arguments

age_or_length	"vector<numeric>" A vector of ages and or lengths to calculate the selectivity over.
x0	"numeric" See manual for formal definition of these parameters
x1	"numeric"
x2	"numeric"
y0	"numeric"
y1	"numeric"
y2	"numeric"
alpha	"numeric" The capping parameter of the selectivity, to move the max away from one

Value

"vector<numeric>" selectivity values over the age/length range and parameters supplied

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

DoubleNormal	<i>Calculate the Double-Normal Selectivity used in Casal2</i>
--------------	---

Description

This function calculates the Double-Normal selectivity and should be used to plot up the form of the selectivity when estimating the parameters in the model.

Usage

```
DoubleNormal(age_or_length, alpha = 1, mu, sigma_l, sigma_r)
```

Arguments

age_or_length	"vector<numeric>" A vector of ages and or lengths to calculate the selectivity over.
alpha	"numeric" The capping parameter of the selectivity, to move the max away from one
mu	"numeric" Mean of the selectivity
sigma_l	"numeric" left hand standard deviation of the selectivity
sigma_r	"numeric" Right hand standard deviation of the selectivity

Value

"vector<numeric>" selectivity values over the age/length range and parameters supplied

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

evalit	<i>Utility plot function</i>
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Description

Utility plot function

Usage

```
evalit(x)
```

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

extract.csl2.file	<i>Model configuration write function</i>
-------------------	---

Description

This function reads a Casal2 configuration file and returns a list object in R. Where each element is a command and subcommand from the configuration file

Usage

```
extract.csl2.file(file, path = "")
```

Arguments

file	the name of the input file containing model configuration
path	Optionally, the path to the file

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

extract.mcmc

*extract.mcmc function for casal2 output***Description**

An extract function that reads objective and sample output that are produced from a 'casal2 -m' model run. This function also create a 'casal2.mcmc' class which can be used in plotting and summary functions.

Usage

```
extract.mcmc(samples.file = "mcmc_samples.out.0",
             objectives.file = "mcmc_objectives.out.0", path = "",
             return_covariance = F)
```

Arguments

samples.file <string> the name of the input file containing the samples.file output by casal2
 objectives.file <string> the name of the input file containing the objectives.file output by casal2
 path Optional<string>, the path to the file
 return_covariance Optional<bool>, Whether you want to extract the covariance matrix with the mcmc object?

Value

a 'casal2MCMC' that can be integrated using the str() function.

Author(s)

C. Marsh

extract.mpd

*extract MPD function for readin in Casal2 output that has been generated from a -r, -e, -f, -p run mode.***Description**

An extract function that reads Casal2 output that are produced from a '-r' or '-e' or '-f' or '-p' model run. This function also create a 'casal2.mpd' class which can be used in plotting and summary functions. See the casal2 manual for more information.

Usage

```
extract.mpd(file, path = "")
```

Arguments

file	the name of the input file containing model output to extract
path	Optionally, the path to the file

Value

a 'casal2MPD' object which is essentially a list, that can be integrated using the str() function.

Author(s)

Dan Fu

extract.parameters	<i>Utility extract.parameters function</i>
--------------------	--

Description

This function reads in a parameter file that would be generated using the -o syntax.

Usage

```
extract.parameters(file, path = "")
```

Arguments

file	the name of the input file containing model output to extract
path	Optionally, the path to the file

Value

Data <"data.frame"> of parameters that are from a -i format.

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

get.casal2_list	<i>Utility function</i>
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Description

Utility function

Usage

```
get.casal2_list()
```

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

get.line.label	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
get.line.label(line)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

get.line.type	<i>Utility extract function</i>
---------------	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
get.line.type(line)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

get.lines	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
get.lines(lines, from = -1, to = -1, contains = "", starts.with = "",  
clip.to = "", clip.from = "", clip.to.match = "",  
clip.from.match = "", ...)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

Increasing

Calculate the Increasing Selectivity used in Casal2

Description

This function calculates the Increasing selectivity and should be used to plot up the form of the selectivity when estimating the parameters in the model.

Usage

```
Increasing(age_or_length, alpha = 1, v, low, high)
```

Arguments

age_or_length	"vector<numeric>" A vector of ages and or lengths to calculate the selectivity over.
alpha	"numeric" The capping parameter of the selectivity, to move the max away from one
v	"vector<numeric>" A vector of selectivities, must have a one for one relationship with age_or_length.
low	"numeric" age or length at which selectivity is set = 0 below
high	"numeric" age or length at which selectivity is set = alpha above

Value

"vector<numeric>" selectivity values over the age/length range and parameters supplied

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

InverseLogistic

Calculate the Inverse-Logistic Selectivity used in Casal2

Description

This function calculates the Inverse-Logistic selectivity and should be used to plot up the form of the selectivity when estimating the parameters in the model.

Usage

```
InverseLogistic(age_or_length, alpha = 1, a50, ato95)
```

Arguments

age_or_length	"vector<numeric>" A vector of ages and or lengths to calculate the selectivity over.
alpha	"numeric" The capping parameter of the selectivity, to move the max away from one
a50	"numeric" age or length where selectivity 50%
ato95	"numeric" age or length difference where selectivity goes from 50% - 95% selective

Value

"vector<numeric>" selectivity values over the age/length range and parameters supplied

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

is.all.numeric	<i>Utility extract function</i>
----------------	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
is.all.numeric(x, what = c("test", "vector"), extras = c(".", "NA", "na",
  "null", "NULL"))
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu (not really)

is.even	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
is.even(x)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

is.in	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
is.in(x, y)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

is.odd	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
is.odd(x)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

KnifeEdge	<i>Calculate the KnifeEdge Selectivity used in Casal2</i>
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Description

This function calculates the KnifeEdge selectivity and should be used to plot up the form of the selectivity when estimating the parameters in the model.

Usage

```
KnifeEdge(age_or_length, alpha = 1, Edge)
```

Arguments

age_or_length	"vector<numeric>" A vector of ages and or lengths to calculate the selectivity over.
alpha	"numeric" The capping parameter of the selectivity, to move the max away from one
edge	"numeric" age or length at which selectivity is 0 to the left or alpha to the right

Value

"vector<numeric>" selectivity values over the age/length range and parameters supplied

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

Logistic

Calculate the Logistic Selectivity used in Casal2

Description

This function calculates the Logistic selectivity and should be used to plot up the form of the selectivity when estimating the parameters in the model.

Usage

```
Logistic(age_or_length, alpha = 1, a50, ato95)
```

Arguments

age_or_length	"vector<numeric>" A vector of ages and or lengths to calculate the selectivity over.
alpha	"numeric" The capping parameter of the selectivity, to move the max away from one
a50	"numeric" age or length where selectivity 50%
ato95	"numeric" age or length difference where selectivity goes from 50% - 95% selective

Value

"vector<numeric>" selectivity values over the age/length range and parameters supplied

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

LogisticProducing	<i>Calculate the Logistic-Producing Selectivity used in Casal2</i>
-------------------	--

Description

This function calculates the Logistic-Producing selectivity and should be used to plot up the form of the selectivity when estimating the parameters in the model.

Usage

```
LogisticProducing(age_or_length, alpha = 1, a50, ato95, high, low)
```

Arguments

age_or_length	"vector<numeric>" A vector of ages and or lengths to calculate the selectivity over.
alpha	"numeric" The capping parameter of the selectivity, to move the max away from one
a50	"numeric" age or length where selectivity 50%
ato95	"numeric" age or length difference where selectivity goes from 50% - 95% selective
high	"numeric" age or length at which selectivity is set = alpha above
low	"numeric" age or length at which selectivity is set = 0 below

Value

"vector<numeric>" selectivity values over the age/length range and parameters supplied

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

make.complete_vector	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
make.complete_vector(lines)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

make.data.frame	<i>Utility extract function</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
make.data.frame(lines)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

make.list	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
make.list(lines)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

make.list_element	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
make.list_element(lines)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

make.matrix	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
make.matrix(lines)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

make.named_complete_vector	<i>Utility extract function</i>
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Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
make.named_complete_vector(lines)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

make.vector	<i>Utility extract function</i>
-------------	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
make.vector(lines)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

param.profile	<i>Generate an objective score profile plot for a particular parameter as a consequence from a casal2 -p run</i>
---------------	--

Description

This function reads an extracted list from Casal2 and plots the likelihood/objective profile for one or many observations over the specified parameters range. This range is defined in the profile block of the Casal2 configuration file. Casal2 calculates the profile steps as even intervals between the upper and lower bound by $= (\text{upper_bound} - \text{lower_bound}) / (\text{steps} + 1)$

Usage

```
param.profile(obs, param, extract_list, Rescale = F,
  ylab = "Objective contribution", xlab = "Parameter", y_min = -0.5)
```

Arguments

obs	"vector<string>" A vector of report labels that correspond to observations that you would like to plot the profile for. Can be many observtions
param	"string" The parameter label that the profile was run for. It should follow the syntax that is used in Casal2 that is, "block[label].parameter" e.g. process[Recruitment].b0
extract_list	"string" The name of the R object that was extracted into R usign the extract() function.
Rescale	"bool/logical" If true it will rescale the likelihoods to have a minimum on 0. This is done by subtracting off the minimum value of the likelihood series.
ylab	"string" optional, y-axis label
xlab	"string" optional, x-axis label
ymin	"numeric" optional, minimum value parsed to the ylim parameter in plot()

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

param.profile.by.cohort	<i>Generate an objective score profile plot for a particular parameter and age compositional dataset as a consequence from a casal2 -p run.</i>
-------------------------	---

Description

This function reads an extracted list from Casal2 and plots the likelihood/objective profile for an age compositional observation over the specified parameters range. This range is defined in the profile block of teh Casal2 configuration file. Casal2 calculates the profile steps as even intervals between the upper and lower bound by $= (\text{upper_bound} - \text{lower_bound}) / (\text{steps} + 1)$. The plot will generate a line for each cohort and category. The reason I made this function was for the specific investigation of the natural mortality parameter M. Sometimes running a profile of aggregated compositional data on a parameter is not that informative. The aim of this plot is to show which cohorts are suggestive of certain parameters values, this will either create more confusion (most likely) or at least give the user something interesting to think about (perhaps cohort based processes).

Usage

```
param.profile.by.cohort(obs, param, extract_list, Rescale = F,
  ylab = "Objective contribution", xlab = "Parameter", y_min = -0.5,
  threshold = 10)
```

Arguments

obs	"string" A report label that correspond to the age compositional observation that you would like to plot the profile for. Can be many observations
param	"string" The parameter label that the profile was run for. It should follow the syntax that is used in Casal2 that is, "block[label].parameter" e.g. process[Recruitment].b0
extract_list	"string" The name of the R object that was extracted into R using the extract() function.
Rescale	"bool/logical" If true it will rescale the likelihoods to have a minimum on 0. This is done by subtracting off the minimum value of the likelihood series.
ylab	"string" optional, y-axis label
xlab	"string" optional, x-axis label
threshold	"numeric" the minimum number of years a cohort is seen in the observation, for being used in the plot. if threshold = 5 then any cohort that has been sampled for a minimum of 5 years will be automatically plotted.
ymin	"numeric" optional, minimum value parsed to the ylim parameter in plot()

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

Paste

Utility plot function

Description

Utility plot function

Usage

```
Paste(..., sep = "")
```

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

```
plot.derived_quantities
      plot.derived_quantities default
```

Description

A plotting function to plot SSB's for the 'casal2TAB' and 'casal2MPD' objects.

Usage

```
plot.derived_quantities(model, type = "number", report_label = "", xlim,
  ylim, xlab, ylab, main, col, plot.it = T, ...)

## S3 method for class 'casal2MPD'
plot.derived_quantities(model, type = "number",
  report_label = "", xlim, ylim, xlab, ylab, main, col, plot.it = T, ...)
```

Arguments

model	<casal2MPD, casal2TAB> object that are generated from one of the extract() functions.
type	<string> whether numbers or scaled by B0.
report_label	<string>
...	remaining plotting functions.

Value

NULL

Author(s)

C. Marsh

pos	<i>Utility extract function</i>
-----	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
pos(vector, x)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

pos.match	<i>Utility extract function</i>
-----------	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
pos.match(vector, regexp)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

pow	<i>Utility extract function</i>
-----	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
pow(x, exponent)
```

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

ReadSimulatedData	<i>Read in multiple sets of Simualted data for a single observation</i>
-------------------	---

Description

This function reads in a set of simulated observations generated from Casal2 in simulation mode. These functions read in all the simulated obs as a list, for visualising and summarising in R

Usage

```
ReadSimulatedData(filename, path = "")
```

Arguments

filename	the name of simulated obs for an observation. For example if you generated 100 sets of simulated observations named "SubAntarticObs". Casal2 will generate 100 of these with the following extensions SubAntarticObs.001, SubAntarticObs.002, SubAntarticObs.003.,.,., SubAntarticObs.100. filename = SubAntarticObs.
path	Optionally, the path to the file, default is current working directory.

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

```
reformat.compositional.data
```

Reformat Casal2 compositional observations so they are in the same format as the legacy Casal observations.

Description

This function will take a compositional observation that has been generated by Casal2 and re-format it so that it has the same structure as a CASAL reported compositional observation. The purpose for this function is to reformat the Casal2 observations so we can then feed them into packages that have been tailored for Casal observations, such as Chris Francis's DataWeighting library.

Usage

```
reformat.compositional.data(extract_list, comp_label)
```

Arguments

`extract_list` the r object that has been extracted using the `extract()` function.
`comp_label` <string> the label of the report for the observation you want converted

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

```
regexp.in
```

Utility extract function

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
regexp.in(vector, regexp)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

Regexpr	<i>Utility extract function</i>
---------	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
Regexpr(x, y, fixed = T)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

remove.first.words	<i>Utility extract function</i>
--------------------	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
remove.first.words(string, words = 1)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

string.to.vector.of.numbers	<i>Utility extract function</i>
-----------------------------	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
string.to.vector.of.numbers(string)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

string.to.vector.of.words	<i>Utility extract function</i>
---------------------------	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
string.to.vector.of.words(string)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

strip	<i>Utility for extract function</i>
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Description

Utility for extract function

Usage

```
strip(x)
```

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

Sum	<i>Utility plot function</i>
-----	------------------------------

Description

Utility plot function

Usage

```
Sum(..., na.rm = T)
```

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

unpaste	<i>Utility extract function</i>
---------	---------------------------------

Description

Utility extract function

Usage

```
unpaste(string, sep)
```

Author(s)

Dan Fu

write.csl2.file	<i>Model configuration write function</i>
-----------------	---

Description

This function will write a Casal2 configuration file based on a list object in R. Ususally this function will be used once a model has been read into R using `extract.csl2.file` and modified. This function will then print our the configuration to a new file where it can be re run into Casal2

Usage

```
write.csl2.file(object, file, path = "")
```

Arguments

object	An R list object that follows the same structure that <code>extract.csl2.file</code> would produce
file	Optionally, the file name
path	Optionally, the path to ouput the file

Author(s)

Craig Marsh

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