Exp: 5

Installation of Hive

Aim:

To Download and install Hive, Understanding Startup scripts, Configuration files.

Procedure:

Step 1: Download and extract it

Download the Apache hive and extract it use tar, the commands given below:

\$wgethttps://downloads.apache.org/hive/hive-3.1.2/apache-hive-3.1.2-bin.tar.gz

\$ tar –xvf apache-hive-3.1.2-bin.tar.gz

Step 2: Place different configuration properties in Apache Hive

In this step, we are going to do two things

o Placing Hive Home path in bashrc file

\$nano .bashrc

And append the below lines in it

```
export HIVE_HOME="/home/haresh/apache-hive-3.1.2-bin"
export HIVE_CONF_DIR=$HIVE_HOME/conf
export PATH=$PATH:$HIVE_HOME/bin
export HADOOP_USER_CLASSPATH_FIRST=true
```

2. Exporting Hadoop path in Hive-config.sh (To communicate with the Hadoop eco system we are defining Hadoop Home path in hive config field) Open the hiveconfig.sh as shown in below

\$cd apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/bin

\$cp hive-env.sh.template hive-env.sh

\$nano hive-env.sh

Append the below commands on it

export HADOOP_HOME=/home/Hadoop/Hadoop

export HIVE_CONF_DIR=/home/Hadoop/apache-hive-3.1.2/conf

```
export HADOOP_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
export HIVE_CONF_DIR=$HIVE_CONF_DIR
```

Step 3: Install mysql

1. Install mysql in Ubuntu by running this command:

\$sudo apt update

\$sudo apt install mysql-server

2. Alter username and password for MySQLby running below commands:

\$sudo mysql

Pops command line interface for MySQL and run the below SQL queries to change username and set password

mysql> SELECT user, host, plugin FROM mysql.user WHERE user = 'root';

mysql> ALTER USER 'root'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED WITH 'mysql_native_password' BY

'your_new_password';

mysql> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;

```
Inflating: Dk-301-waln/da_la/vept/pig_172464080170-log

inflating: Dk-301-waln/da_la/vept/pig_172464080170-log

inflating: Dk-301-waln/da_la/vept/pig_172464080170-log

inflating: Dk-301-waln/da_la/vept/pig_172464080170-log

inflating: Dk-301-waln/da_la/vept/pig_1724640180170-log

inflating: Dk-301-waln/da_log/vept/pig_1724640180170-log

creating: Dk-301-waln/da_log/vept/pig_1724640180170-log

creating: Dk-301-waln/da_log/vept/pig_1724640180170-log

creating: Dk-301-waln/da_log/vept/pig_1724640180170-log

creating: Dk-301-waln/da_log/vept/pig_1724640180170-log

creating: Dk-301-waln/da_log/vept/pig_1724640180170-log

inflating: Dk-301-waln/da_log
```

Step 4:Config hive-site.xml

Config the hive-site.xml by appending this xml code and change the username and password according to your MySQL.

\$cd apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/bin

\$cp hive-default.xml.template hive-site.xml

```
$nano hive-site.xml
Append these lines into it
Replace root as your username of MySQL
Replaceyour_new_password as with your password of MySQL
<configuration>
cproperty>
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL</name>
<value>jdbc:mysql://localhost/metastore?createDatabaseIfNotExist=true</value>
cproperty>
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName</name>
<value>com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver</value>
cproperty>
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionUserName</name>
<value>root</value>
cproperty>
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionPassword</name>
<value>your_new_password</value>
cproperty>
<name>datanucleus.autoCreateSchema</name>
<value>true</value>
cproperty>
<name>datanucleus.fixedDatastore</name>
<value>true</value>
cproperty>
```

```
<name>datanucleus.autoCreateTables</name>
<value>True</value>
</property>
```

Step 5: Setup MySQL java connector:

First, you'll need to download the MySQL Connector/J, which is the JDBC driver for

MySQL. You can download it from the below link

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1QFhB7Kvcat7a4LzDRe6GcmZva1yAxKz-

/view?usp=drive_link

</configuration>

Copy the downloaded MySQL Connector/J JAR file to the Hive library directory. By default, the Hive library directory is usually located at/path/to/apache-hive-3.1.2/lib/on Ubuntu. Use the following command to copy the JAR file:

\$sudo cp /path/to/mysql-connector-java-8.0.15.jar /path/to/apache-hive-3.1.2/lib/

Replace /path/to/ with the actual path to the JAR file.

Step 6:Initialize the Hive Metastore Schema:

Run the following command to initialize the Hive metastore schema:

\$\$HIVE_HOME/bin/schematool -initSchema -dbTypemysql

Step 7: Start hive:

You can test Hive by running the Hive shell: Copy code hive You should be able to run Hive queries, and metadata will be stored in your MySQL database.

\$hive

```
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sbonseSpiedora:/hive/conis cp./Dounloads/Dd-301-main/apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/conf/hive-site.uml
.
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```

Result:

Thus, the Apache Hive installation is completed successfully.