Report OOP – Lab03

Họ và tên: Nguyễn Kiều Duyên

MSSV: 20225618

Mã lớp: 744520 **Kỳ 2024-1**

Table of Contents

١.	Ν	New written code	2
	1.	Working with method overloading	2
	2.	Passing parameter	2
	3.	Classifier Member and Instance Member	4
	4.	Print and Search Cart	4
	5.	Implement the Store class	7
	6.	String, StringBuilder and StringBuffer	9
II.		Debug	11
Ш		UML Diagram	13
	1.	Use-Case Diagram	13
	2.	Class Diagram	14
I۷		Answer Question	15

I. New written code

1. Working with method overloading

Tại class Cart.java: nạp chồng phương thức addDigitalVideoDisc.

1.1 Overloading by differing types of parameter

```
public void addDigitalVideoDisc(DigitalVideoDisc [] dvdList) {
    if (dvdList.length > MAX_NUMBERS_ORDERED) {
        System.out.println("The cart is almost full!");
    } else {
        for (int i = 0; i < dvdList.length; i++) {
            itemsOrdered[qtyOrdered] = dvdList[i];
            System.out.println(dvdList[i].getTitle() + " has been added!");
        qtyOrdered +=1;
    }
}
</pre>
```

1.2 Overloading by differing the number of parameters

```
public void addDigitalVideoDisc(DigitalVideoDisc dvd1,DigitalVideoDisc dvd2) {
    DigitalVideoDisc [] dvdList = {dvd1, dvd2};
    addDigitalVideoDisc(dvdList);
}
```

2. Passing parameter

Thêm setter cho title của lớp DigitalVideoDisc.

```
public void setTitle(String title)

this.title = title;

}
```

Tạo lớp DigitalVideoDiscWrapper để wrap lên class DigitalVideoDisc từ đó có thể thay đổi
 được giá trị qua hàm swap đúng ở class TestPassingParameter như dưới đây

```
4 public class DigitalVideoDiscWrapper {
5     DigitalVideoDisc dvd;
6
7     DigitalVideoDiscWrapper(DigitalVideoDisc dvd)
8     {
9         super();
10         this.dvd = dvd;
11     }
12 }
```

```
60
       public static void main(String[] args) {
            DigitalVideoDisc jungleDVD = new DigitalVideoDisc("Jungle");
DigitalVideoDisc cinderellaDVD = new DigitalVideoDisc("Cinderella");
DigitalVideoDiscWrapper wjungleDVD = new DigitalVideoDiscWrapper(jungleDVD);
            DigitalVideoDiscWrapper wcinderellaDVD = new DigitalVideoDiscWrapper(cinderellaDVD);
            swap(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD);
            System.out.println("Wrong swap jungle dvd title: " + jungleDVD.getTitle());
System.out.println("Wrong swap cinderella dvd title: " + cinderellaDVD.getTitle());
            swap(wjungleDVD, wcinderellaDVD);
            System.out.println("Correct swapped jungle dvd title: " + wjungleDVD.dvd.getTitle());
            System.out.println("Correct swapped cinderella dvd title: " + wcinderellaDVD.dvd.getTitle());
            changeTitle(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD.getTitle());
            System.out.println("Change jungle dvd title: " + jungleDVD.getTitle());
40
       public static void swap(Object o1, Object o2)
            Object tmp = o1;
            o2 = tmp;
            DigitalVideoDisc tmp = o1.dvd;
            o2.dvd = tmp;
            String oldTitle = dvd.getTitle();
            dvd.setTitle(title);
dvd = new DigitalVideoDisc(oldTitle);
```

3. Classifier Member and Instance Member

- Tại class DigitalVideoDisc thêm instance như sau

```
private static int nbDigitalVideoDiscs = 0;
private int id;
```

```
public DigitalVideoDisc(String title) {
            super();
this.title = title;
             this.id = ++nbDigitalVideoDiscs;
47●
        public DigitalVideoDisc(String title, String category, float cost) {
            super();
            this.category = category;
            this.cost = cost;
this.id = ++nbDigitalVideoDiscs;
54●
        public DigitalVideoDisc(String title, String category, String director, float cost) {
            super();
this.title = title;
            this.category = category;
this.director = director;
            this.id = ++nbDigitalVideoDiscs;
       public DigitalVideoDisc(String title, String category, String director, int length, float cost) {
62●
            super();
            this.category = category;
            this.director = director;
            this.length = length;
            this.cost = cost;
this.id = ++nbDigitalVideoDiscs;
```

4. Print and Search Cart

4.1 Print Cart

Viết lại hàm toString() để thay đổi kiểu trả về của string ở trong class DigitalVideoDisc.

```
729
        @Override
≥73
        public String toString()
74
            return this.id + ". DVD: " + this.title +
 75
                     " - Category: " + this.category +
 76
                     " - Director: " + this.title +
77
                     " - DVD length: " + this.length +
78
                     " - Cost: " + this.cost + "$";
 79
        }
```

- Tạo phương thức print() in danh sách các mặt hàng trong class Cart.

4.2 Search Cart

- Tìm kiếm theo ID và tìm kiếm theo Title ở trong class **Cart**.

```
public void searchByID(int id)
           boolean found = false;
           for (int i = 0; i < qtyOrdered; i++)</pre>
                if (itemsOrdered[i].getId() == id)
                    System.out.println("Found" + itemsOrdered[i]);
                    found = true;
              (found==false)
                System.out.println("Sorry, no DVDs were found that match the ID provided!");
99●
           boolean matchFound = false;
            for (int i=0; i < qtyOrdered; i++)</pre>
                if (itemsOrdered[i].isMatch(keyword))
                    System.out.println("Found" + itemsOrdered[i]);
                    matchFound = true;
            if (matchFound == false)
                System.out.println("Sorry, no DVDs were found with \"" + keyword +"\" in the title!");
```

- **boolean isMatch(String title)** trong **DigitalVideoDisc** để kiểm tra xem đĩa có khớp với tiêu đề đã cho hay không.

```
37  public boolean isMatch(String keyword)
38  {
39    return this.title.toLowerCase().contains(keyword.toLowerCase());
40  }
```

- Tạo class **CartTest** để kiểm tra các hàm trên

```
5 public class CartTest {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
 60
          Cart cart = new Cart();
          DigitalVideoDisc dvd1 = new DigitalVideoDisc("The Lion King",
                 "Animation", "Roger Allers", 87, 19.95f);
11
12
          cart.addDigitalVideoDisc(dvd1);
          cart.addDigitalVideoDisc(dvd2);
          DigitalVideoDisc dvd3 = new DigitalVideoDisc("Aladin",
18
                 "Animation", 18.99f);
          cart.addDigitalVideoDisc(dvd3);
21
          cart.print();
          cart.searchByID(3);
          cart.searchByTitle("Lion");
27 }
```

5. Implement the Store class

- Tạo class Store, chứa thuộc tính itemsInStore[] là một mảng các DVD có sẵn trong cửa hàng.
- Thêm 2 phương thức addDVD và removeDVD

```
public class Store {
       private List<DigitalVideoDisc> itemsInStore = new ArrayList<DigitalVideoDisc>();
       public void addDVD(DigitalVideoDisc dvd)
110
           int index = itemsInStore.indexOf(dvd);
           if (index != -1) {
               System.out.println(dvd.getTitle() + " is already in the store.");
               itemsInStore.add(dvd);
               System.out.println(dvd.getTitle() + " has been added to the store.");
       public void removeDVD(DigitalVideoDisc dvd)
           boolean removed = itemsInStore.remove(dvd);
           if(removed)
               System.out.println(dvd.getTitle() + " has been removed from the store.");
               System.out.println(dvd.getTitle() + " is not found in the store.");
33●
       public void print() {
           for (int i=0; i < itemsInStore.size(); i++)</pre>
               System.out.println((i+1) + ". " + itemsInStore.get(i));
```

- Tạo class **StoreTest** để kiểm tra 2 phương thức trên

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
           Store store = new Store();
           DigitalVideoDisc dvd1 = new DigitalVideoDisc("The Lion King",
                   "Animation", "Roger Allers", 87, 19.95f);
11
12
           store.addDVD(dvd1);
13
           DigitalVideoDisc dvd2 = new DigitalVideoDisc("Star Wars",
                   "Science Fiction", "George Lucas", 87, 24.95f);
           store.addDVD(dvd2);
17
           DigitalVideoDisc dvd3 = new DigitalVideoDisc("Aladin",
                   "Animation", 18.99f);
           store.addDVD(dvd3);
21
           store.print();
           store.addDVD(dvd3);
           store.removeDVD(dvd3);
           store.print();
           store.addDVD(dvd3);
           store.print();
       }
```

6. String, StringBuilder and StringBuffer

Tạo một lớp mới tên là ConcatenationInLoops để kiểm tra thời gian xử lý khi xây dựng chuỗi String bằng toán tử +, StringBuilder và StringBuffer.

```
5 public class ConcatenationInLoops {
         public static void main(String[] args) {
             Random r = new Random(123);
             long start = System.currentTimeMillis();
String s = "";
for (int i = 0; i < 65536; i ++) {</pre>
<u>11</u>
                  s += r.nextInt(2);
             System.out.println("Using + operator: " + (System.currentTimeMillis() - start) + "ms");
             r = new Random(123);
             start = System.currentTimeMillis();
             StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer();
for (int i = 0; i < 65536; i ++) {</pre>
                  sb.append(r.nextInt(2));
             s = sb.toString();
             System.out.println("Using StringBuffer: " + (System.currentTimeMillis() - start) + "ms");
             r = new Random(123);
             start = System.currentTimeMillis();
             StringBuilder sb2 = new StringBuilder();
             for (int i = 0; i < 65536; i ++) {
                  sb2.append(r.nextInt(2));
             s = sb2.toString();
             System.out.println("Using StringBuilder: " + (System.currentTimeMillis() - start) + "ms");
```

- Tạo một class mới là GarbageCreator đọc tệp văn bản vào 1 chuỗi dùng +

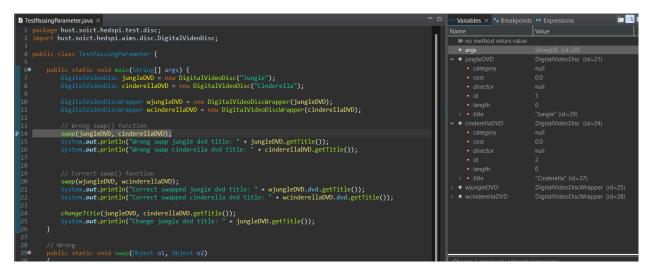
```
7 public class GarbageCreator {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
 80
           String filename = "src/test.txt";
           byte[] inputBytes = { 0 };
           long startTime, endTime;
                inputBytes = Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get(filename));
           } catch (IOException e) {
17
                // TODO Auto-generated catch block
               e.printStackTrace();
           }
           startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
22
           String outputString = "";
           for (byte b : inputBytes) {
                outputString += (char)b;
           endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
26
           System.out.println(endTime - startTime);
```

Tạo một class mới là NoGarbage đọc tệp văn bản vào 1 chuỗi dùng StringBuilder

```
80
        public static void main(String[] args) {
            String filename = "src/test.txt";
            byte[] inputBytes = { 0 };
            long startTime, endTime;
            try {
                inputBytes = Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get(filename));
            } catch (IOException e) {
217
                e.printStackTrace();
            startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
            StringBuilder outpStringBuilder = new StringBuilder();
            for (byte b : inputBytes) {
                outpStringBuilder.append((char)b);
            endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
            System.out.println(endTime - startTime);
 31 }
```

II. Debug

- Debug tại class TestPassingParameter với hàm swap()
- Đặt breakpoint tại swap(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD);



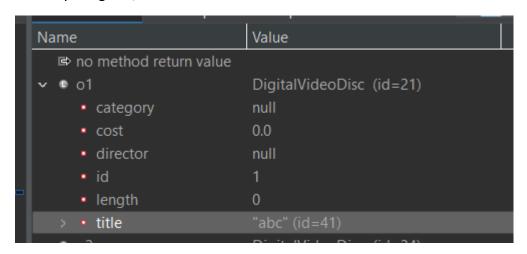
- Step into (F5) để nhảy vào hàm

```
| Testage | New York | September | Septemb
```

- Step over (F6) để chạy dòng lệnh tiếp theo

```
| TestPesingParameterjava × | TopsConge Nuts.soict.hedspi.test.disc; | Value | Name | Value | Na
```

- Quan sát giá trị của các biến và biểu thức trong Variables/Expression View
- Thay đổi giá trị của biến



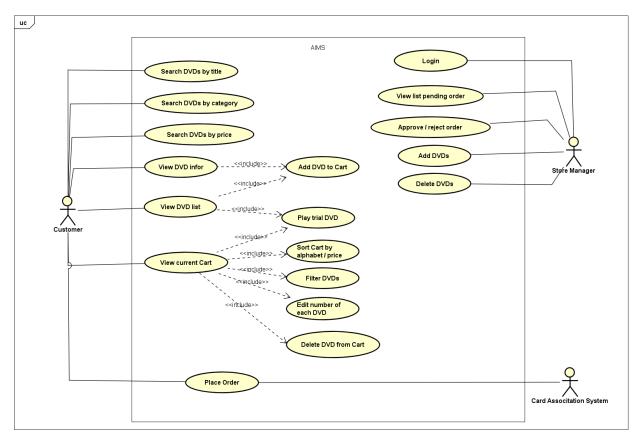
- Kết quả

```
· TestPassingParameter [Java Applicat

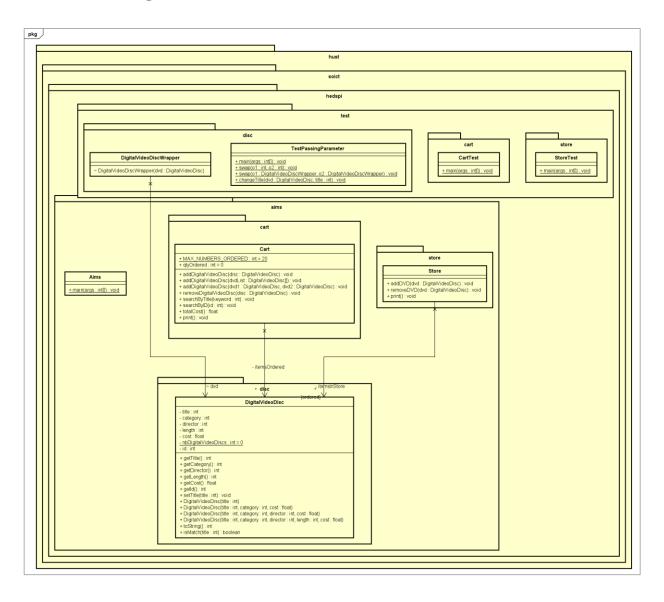
· jungle dvd title: abc
```

III. UML Diagram

1. Use-Case Diagram



2. Class Diagram



IV. Answer Question

- 1. Is JAVA a Pass by Value or a Pass by Reference programming language?
- Java is a **pass-by-value** programming language.
 - 2. After the call of swap(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD), why do the titles of these two objects remain unchanged?
- Because the **swap()** method only swaps the values of the title fields between the two objects, but it does not change the object references themselves. Therefore, the object references **jungleDVD** and **cinderellaDVD** still point to the same objects in memory as they did before the **swap()** method was called.
 - 3. After the call of changeTitle(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD.getTitle()), why is the title of jungleDVD changed?
- Because the **changeTitle()** method directly modifies the title field of the **jungleDVD** object using the setter method.
 - 4. Write a toString() method for the DigitalVideoDisc class. What should be the return type of this method?
- The return type of this method should be **String**.