## Is Ordering of Disk Updates Required to Maintain File-System Crash-Consistency?

## **ABSTRACT**

On reboot after a crash, the file system should be consistent: e.g., previously correct files should not now contain garbage. In early file systems, getting to a consistent state involved a full scan after reboot. This was very slow, and impractical for large systems. Modern file systems improve upon this by writing updates to disk in a *specific order*: e.g, metadata before commit blocks. This allows them to get to a consistent state without a scan.

However, ordering updates results in certain problems:

- 1. The file system write order may not be the most efficient order for writing blocks to disk. This reduces performance.
- 2. The file system has to be very careful about the order; this increases complexity, potentially leading to more bugs and lower reliability.
- 3. For disks with write caches, commands such as cache flushes are required to ensure correct ordering. If such commands are not properly implemented, consistency is compromised [1].
- 4. In virtualized stacks, even if *one* of the many layers between the file system and the disk does not enforce ordering, consistency is lost.

The question then arises: can crash-consistency be maintained without ordering updates? Recent work introduced the **No-Order File System** (NoFS) [2], the first file system to provide strong consistency despite not ordering updates. NoFS uses a novel technique called **Backpointer-Based Consistency** (BBC) that establishes consistency via mutual agreement between file-system objects. NoFS performs as well as a comparable journaling file system (ext3) for most workloads, and increases throughput by 20-70% for metadata-intensive workloads.

## **BODY**

Not only is it possible to maintain file-system crash-consistency without ordering updates, but doing so may actually increase performance.

## REFERENCES

- [1] RAJIMWALE, A., CHIDAMBARAM, V., RAMAMURTHI, D., ARPACI-DUSSEAU, A. C., AND ARPACI-DUSSEAU, R. H. Coerced cache eviction and discreet mode journaling: Dealing with misbehaving disks. In *Dependable Systems & Networks (DSN), 2011 IEEE/IFIP 41st International Conference on* (Hong Kong, China, June 2011), IEEE, pp. 518–529.
- [2] VIJAY CHIDAMBARAM, TUSHAR SHARMA, ANDREA C. ARPACI-DUSSEAU, REMZI H. ARPACI-DUSSEAU. Consistency Without Ordering. In *Proceedings of the 10th Conference on File and Storage Technologies (FAST '12)* (San Jose, California, February 2012).

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