homework13

- P324. 习题 12.7 (A) 2-2, 2-3; 5 P332. 习题 13.1 (A) 4;
- 2. 将下列各周期函数展开成傅里叶级数(下面给出函数在一个周期内的表达式):

(2)
$$f(x) = x^2 - x(-2 \le x \le 2);$$
 (3) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x + 1; & -3 \le x < 0, \\ 1, & 0 \le x < 3; \end{cases}$

- 5. 将 $f(x) = 2x + 3(0 \le x \le π)$ 展开为余弦级数.
- 4. 计算广义积分 $\int_{1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \ln \frac{x+1}{x} dx$.

补 1. 将
$$f(x) = 1 - x^2$$
 用余弦级数展开,并求解 $\sum_{n \ge 1} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n^2}$

补 2. 计算积分
$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{3x^2 - 2x - 1}}; \quad \int_{-2}^{-1} \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$



将下列各周期函数展开成傅里叶级数(下面给出函数在一个周期内的表达式):

(2)
$$f(x) = x^2 - x(-2 \le x \le 2)$$
;

A.2-2. 解. 依题意
$$I = 2$$
, $a_0 = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^{2} f(x) dx = \int_{0}^{2} x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \Big|_{0}^{2} = \frac{8}{3}$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^{2} f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx = \int_{0}^{2} x^2 \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx = \dots = \frac{16(-1)^n}{n^2 \pi^2}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^{2} f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx = -\int_{0}^{2} x \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx = \dots = \frac{4(-1)^n}{n\pi}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) \sim S(x) = \frac{4}{3} + \sum_{n \ge 1} \frac{4(-1)^n}{n\pi} \left(\frac{4}{n\pi} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} + \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right)$$

$$= \begin{cases} x^2 - x & x \in (-2, 2) \\ 4 & x = \pm 2 \end{cases}$$

将下列各周期函数展开成傅里叶级数(下面给出函数在一个周期内的表达式):

(3)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x+1; & -3 \le x < 0, \\ 1, & 0 \le x < 3; \end{cases}$$

A.2-3.
$$mathbb{H}$$
. $l = 3, a_0 = \frac{1}{3} \int_{-3}^3 f(x) dx = \frac{1}{3} \left(\int_0^3 dx + \int_{-3}^0 (2x+1) dx \right) = -1$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{3} \int_{-3}^3 f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{3} dx = \frac{1}{3} \int_0^3 \cos \frac{n\pi x}{3} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int_{-3}^0 (2x+1) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{3} dx$$

$$= \dots = \frac{6}{n^2 \pi^2} \left(1 - (-1)^n \right) = \begin{cases} 0 & n = 2m \\ \frac{12}{\pi^2 (2m+1)^2} & n = 2m+1 \end{cases}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{3} \int_{-3}^3 f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{3} dx = \dots = \frac{6}{n\pi} (-1)^{n+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) \sim S(x) = \frac{-1}{2} + \sum_{n \ge 1} \left(\frac{12}{\pi^2} \frac{\cos \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{3}}{(2n-1)^2} + \frac{6(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{3} \right)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 2x+1 & x \in (-3,0) \\ 1 & x \in [0,3) \\ \frac{-4}{2} & x = \pm 3 \end{cases}$$

5. 将 $f(x) = 2x + 3(0 \le x \le \pi)$ 展开为余弦级数.

A.5. 解. 依题意

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (2x+3) dx = \frac{2x^2 + 6x}{\pi} \Big|_0^{\pi} = 2\pi + 6$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (2x+3) \cos nx dx = \cdots$$

$$= \frac{4(-1 + (-1)^n)}{n^2 \pi} = \begin{cases} 0 & n = 2m \\ \frac{-8}{\pi (2m+1)^2} & n = 2m + 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) \sim S(x) = (\pi + 3) + \sum_{m \ge 0} \frac{-8}{\pi (2m+1)^2} \cos(2m+1)x$$

$$= 2x + 3 \quad x \in [0, \pi]$$

4. 计算广义积分
$$\int_{1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \ln \frac{x+1}{x} dx$$
.

A.4. **M**.
$$\diamondsuit$$
 $t = \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow x = t^2, dx = 2t dt$

原式 =
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{t} \ln \frac{t^2 + 1}{t^2} 2t \, dt = 2 \int_{1}^{\infty} \ln \frac{t^2 + 1}{t^2} \, dt$$

$$\int \ln \frac{t^2 + 1}{t^2} \, dt = t \ln \frac{t^2 + 1}{t^2} - \int \left(\frac{2t^2}{t^2 + 1} - 2\right) \, dt$$

$$= t \ln \frac{t^2 + 1}{t^2} + 2 \int \frac{dt}{t^2 + 1} = t \ln \frac{t^2 + 1}{t^2} + 2 \arctan t + C$$

$$\overline{m} \lim_{t \to \infty} t \ln \left(1 + \frac{1}{t^2}\right) = \lim_{t \to \infty} t \frac{1}{t^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \overline{m} : \vec{t} = 2 \left(t \ln \frac{t^2 + 1}{t^2} + 2 \arctan t\right) \Big|_{\infty}^{\infty} = -2 \ln 2 + \pi$$

补 1、将
$$f(x) = 1 - x^2$$
 用余弦级数展开,并求解 $\sum_{n \ge 1} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n^2}$
解. 依题意, $b_n = 0$, $a_0 = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \, dx = 2 - \frac{2}{3} \pi^2$
$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx \, dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (1 - x^2) \cos nx \, dx = \dots = \frac{4(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) \sim S(x) = (1 - \frac{\pi^2}{3}) + \sum_{n \ge 1} \frac{4}{n^2} (-1)^{n+1} \cos nx = 1 - x^2 \quad x \in [-\pi, \pi]$$

补 2 、计算积分
$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{3x^{2}-2x-1}}; \quad \int_{-2}^{-1} \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^{2}-1}}$$

解. 取 t = 1/x, 则 x = 1/t, $dx = -t^{-2} dt$

原式 =
$$\int_{1}^{1/2} \frac{-t^{-2} dt}{t^{-1} \sqrt{3t^{-2} - 2t^{-1} - 1}} = \int_{1/2}^{1} \frac{dt}{\sqrt{3 - 2t - t^2}}$$
$$= \int_{1/2}^{1} \frac{dt}{\sqrt{4 - (t+1)^2}} = \arcsin \frac{t+1}{2} \Big|_{1/2}^{1} = \frac{\pi}{2} - \arcsin \frac{3}{4}$$

解. 取
$$t = -1/x$$
, 则 $x = -1/t$, $dx = t^{-2} dt$

原式 =
$$\int_{1/2}^{1} \frac{t^{-2} dt}{-t^{-1} \sqrt{t^{-2} - 1}}$$
$$= \int_{1/2}^{1} \frac{-dt}{\sqrt{1 - t^2}} = -\arcsin t \Big|_{1/2}^{1} = \frac{-\pi}{3}$$