```
//输出字符串 "hello world"
void helloworld()
   cout<<"Hello World"<<endl;</pre>
//输出一维数组的元素
void array1(int arr[], int length)
   for(int i=0;i<length;i++)</pre>
       cout<<arr[i]<<" ";</pre>
   cout<<endl;</pre>
//输出二维数组的元素
void array2(int arr[][3], int length_row, int length_col)
   for(int i=0;i<length_row;i++)</pre>
       for(int j=0; j<length_col; j++)</pre>
           cout << arr[i][j] << "";
   cout<<endl;</pre>
//两个整数求和
int sum(int a, int b)
   return a+b;
//数组元素求和
int arrayl_sum(int arr[], int length)
   int s=0;
   for(int i=0;i<length;i++)</pre>
       s=s+arr[i];
   return s;
```

```
//二维数组元素求和
int array2_sum(int arr[][3], int length_row, int length_col)
   int s=0;
   for(int i=0;i<length_row;i++)</pre>
       for(int j=0; j<length_col; j++)</pre>
           s=s+arr[i][j];
   return s;
//判断年份是否为闰年
bool leap_year(int year)
   if((year%4==0 && year%100!=0)||(year%400==0))
       return true;
   return false;
//判断整数是否为素数
bool prime_num(int num)
   if (num==0 | | num==1)
       return false;
   if (num==2)
       return true;
   for (int i=2; i \le num/2; i++)
       if(num\%i==0)
          return false;
   return true;
```

```
//判断字符串中是否包含某个字符
bool find_char(char str[], char s)
   for (int i=0; str[i]!='\0'; i++)
      if(str[i]==s)
         return true;
   return false;
}
//======整型数组=======
//交换int元素位置
void swapInt(int& x, int& y)
   int temp;
   temp = x;
   X = y;
   y=temp;
void SortInt(int arr[], int n)
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      //比较两个相邻的元素
      for (int j = 0; j < n-i-1; j++) {
           if(arr[j] > arr[j+1])
            swapInt(arr[j], arr[j+1]);
       }
   for (int i=0; i < n; i++)</pre>
      cout<<arr[i]<<" ";</pre>
   cout<<endl;</pre>
//交换char元素位置
void swapChar(char& x, char& y)
   char temp;
   temp = x;
   x=y;
   y=temp;
```

```
void SortChar(char arr[], int n)
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       //比较两个相邻的元素
       for (int j = 0; j < n-i-1; j++) {
            if(arr[j] > arr[j+1])
              swapChar(arr[j], arr[j+1]);
    }
   for (int i=0; i < n; i++)</pre>
       cout<<arr[i]<<" ";</pre>
   cout<<endl;</pre>
}
//=====字符串数组=====
//对字符串数组排序,使用字符串处理
void SortChar2(char str[][20], int n) //数组行数由n确定
    char a[20];
    int i, j;
    for (i = 0; i < n-1; i++) {
       for(j=0;j<n-i-1;j++) //冒泡排序
            if (strcmp(str[j], str[j+1]) > 0) {
                strcpy(a, str[j]);
                strcpy(str[j], str[j + 1]);
                strcpy(str[j+1], a);
   for (int i=0; i < n; i++)</pre>
       cout<<str[i]<<" ";</pre>
   cout<<endl;</pre>
}
```

```
//对字符串数组排序,不使用字符串处理函数
int compStr(char a1[], char a2[])
   int n1 = sizeof(a1);
   int n2 = sizeof(a2);
   int n = 0;
   if (n1<n2)
       n=n1;
   else n= n2;
   int i;
   for (i=0; i<n; i++) {</pre>
       if(a1[i]>a2[i])
           return 1;
       else if(a1[i] <a2[i])</pre>
           return 2;
   if(n1==n2\&\&i==n)
       return 0;
//交换第x行和第y行
void swap2DChar(char str[][20], int x, int y) {
   char temp;
   for (int j=0; j<20; j++) {
      temp=str[x][j];
      str[x][j]=str[y][j];
      str[y][j]=temp;
void Sort2DChar(char str[][20], int n)
   char a[20];
    int i, j;
    for (i = 0; i < n-1; i++) {
       for (j=0; j<n-i-1; j++ )
           if (compStr(str[j], str[j + 1]) == 1) {
               swap2DChar(str, j, j + 1);
   for (int i=0; i < n; i++)</pre>
       cout<<str[i]<<" ";</pre>
   cout << end1;
```

```
struct date{
   int year, month, day;
d[10];
//比较两个date类型的大小
int compDate(date d1, date d2)
   int n =
(d1. year-d2. year) *365+(d1. month-d2. month) *30+(d1. day-d2. day);
   if(n>0)
      return 1;
   else if (n<0)
      return 2;
   else return 0;
//交换位置
void swapDate(date& d1, date& d2)
   date temp=\{0, 0, 0\};
   temp = d1;
   d1 = d2;
   d2 = temp;
void SortDate(date d[], int n)
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       //比较两个相邻的元素
      for (int j = 0; j < n-i-1; j++) {
          if (compDate(d[j], d[j+1]) == 1)
             swapDate(d[j], d[j+1]);
   for (int i=0; i < n; i++)</pre>
      cout << d[i]. year << "-" << d[i]. month << "-" << d[i]. day << "";
   cout<<endl;</pre>
```

```
//字符串求长度
int string_length(char c[]) {
   int length = 0;
   int i = 0;
   while (c[i]!='\setminus 0') {
       length++;
       c++;
   }
   return length;
}
//字符串拷贝
void string_copy(char c1[], char c2[]) {
   int len1 = string length(c1);
   int len2 = string_length(c2);
   int len = 0;
   if (len1 < len2)
       1en = 1en2:
   else
       len = len1;
   for (int i = 0; i < 1en; i++) {
      c1[i] = c2[i];
}
//字符串连接
void string_cat(char c1[], char c2[]) {
   int len1 = string_length(c1);
   int len2 = string_length(c2);
   for (int i = len1; i < len1 + len2; i++) {</pre>
       c1[i] = c2[i-len1];
   }
}
//字符串比较
int string_compare(char c1[], char c2[]) {
   int i = 0;
   while (c1[i]==c2[i])
       if (c1[i++] == ' \setminus 0')
          return 0;
   return (c1[i] - c2[i]);
```

```
//字符串逆序
void string_reverse(char c[]) {
   int len = string_length(c);
   int i, n = 1en / 2;
   char tem;
   for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
       tem = c[i];
       c[i] = c[len - 1 - i];
       c[1en - 1 - i] = tem;
   }
}
//字符串统计
struct Char {
   char ch;
   int num;
};
void statistics(char source[100], Char chars[100]) {
   int i chars = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < strlen(source); i++) {</pre>
       // 判断是否已经出现过
       int j = 0;
       while (j < i_chars) {</pre>
          if (chars[j].ch == source[i]) {
              chars[j].num++;
              break;
          j++;
       }
       // if 没出现过
       if (j == i chars) {
          chars[i_chars].ch = source[i];
          chars[i_chars++].num = 1;
   }
   // 加入结束标识
   chars[i chars].ch = ' \setminus 0';
   chars[i_chars].num = -1;
}
```

```
//查找单个字符,返回全部下标
void find(char source[100], char x, int index[100]) {
   int i_index = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < strlen(source); i++) {</pre>
       if (source[i] == x)
          index[i_index++] = i;
}
//查找子串,返回全部下标
void find(char source[100], char xstr[20], int index[100]) {
   int i_index = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < strlen(source); i++) {</pre>
       int j = 0;
       while (j < strlen(xstr)) {</pre>
          if (source[i + j] != xstr[j])
             break;
          j++;
       if (j == strlen(xstr))
          index[i_index++] = i;
}
```