

## INDICATION

Used to risk stratify likelihood of DVT.

If low risk then D-dimer may be used to determine if Doppler ultrasound is required. May help exclude unnecessary use of Doppler ultrasound.

## INTERPRETATION

SCORE	DVT RISK INCIDENCE	RECOMMENDATION
≤ 0	Unlikely 5%	D-dimer testing advised first, if +ve then consider Doppler ultrasound
1 - 2	Possible 17%	D-dimer testing advised first, if +ve then consider Doppler ultrasound
≥ 3	Likely 17-53%	Doppler ultrasound advised

## CALCULATION

**Total score = sum of scores for each question**

QUESTION	ANSWER	SCORE
Active cancer ≤ 6 months	Yes	+1
	No	+0
Bedridden recently >3 days or major surgery within 12 weeks	Yes	+1
	No	+0
Calf swelling >3 cm compared to the other leg	Yes	+1
	No	+0
Collateral (nonvaricose) superficial veins present	Yes	+1
	No	+0
Entire leg swollen	Yes	+1
	No	+0
Localised tenderness along the deep venous system	Yes	+1
	No	+0
Pitting oedema confined to symptomatic leg	Yes	+1
	No	+0
Paralysis, paresis, or recent plaster immobilisation of the lower extremity	Yes	+1
	No	+0
Previously documented DVT	Yes	+1
	No	+0
Alternative diagnosis to DVT as likely or more likely	Yes	-2
	No	+0