UUID:5540DD9C-FA3F-4886-8243-414616816A76 TCGA-LL-A7T0-01A-PR Redacted

RUN DATE:
RUN TIME:
RUN USER

PATIENT:

ACCT #:
AGE/SX:
ROOM:
BED:
STATUS:

SPEC #:

RECD: COLL: STATUS:

TIME IN FORMALIN:

hrs. mins.

COLD ISCHEMA TIME:

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

Pre-Op Diagnosis: Left breast cancer

Remarks:

Specimen(s): A. Left breast - green is 12 o'clock

B. Left axilla, level 1 and 2

## MICROSCOPIC DIAGNOSIS

A. LEFT BREAST (TOTAL MASTECTOMY):

INVASIVE DUCTAL CARCINOMA, TWO SEPARATE FOCI

COMBINED HISTOLOGIC GRADE 3 OF 3

LARGEST INVASIVE CARCINOMA MEASURES 2.8 CM IN GREATEST DIMENSION

- HIGH-GRADE DUCTAL CARCINOMA IN SITU PRESENT

- MARGINS UNINVOLVED BY INVASIVE CARCINOMA WITH CLOSEST MARGIN DEEP AT 4 MM

- MARGINS UNINVOLVED BY IN SITU CARCINOMA WITH CLOSEST MARGIN DEEP AT 1 MM

- SEE COMMENT FOR SYNOPTIC REPORT

B. LEFT AXILLARY LYMPH NODES, LEVELS 1 AND 2 (DISECTION):

- METASTATIC CARCINOMA IN ONE OF FOUR LYMPH NODES

Caremona, infiltrating duct

ID-6-3

D'Breast, centr

COMMENT(S)

CAP APPROVED SURGICAL PATHOLOGY CANCER CASE SUMMARY: INVASIVE CARCINOMA OF THE BREAST

PROCEDURE:

Total mastectomy

LYMPH NODE SAMPLING: SPECIMEN LATERALITY:

Axillary dissection, levels 1 and 2

Left

HISTOLOGIC TYPE OF

HISTOLOGIC GRADE:

INVASIVE CARCINOMA:

Invasive ductal carcinoma

TUMOR SIZE:

Greatest dimension of largest focus of invasion: 2.8 cm

NOTTINGHAM HISTOLOGIC SCORE:

Glandular/tubular differentiation: Score 3

Nuclear pleomorphism: Score 3

Mitotic rate: Score 3
Overall grade: Grade 3

TUMOR FOCALITY:

DUCTAL CARCINOMA IN SITU:

Multiple foci of invasive carcinoma

Number of foci: 2

DCIS is present

Sizes of individual foci: 2.8 cm and 1.3 cm

\*\* CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE \*\*

MARGINS:

LYMPH NODES:

PATHOLOGIC STAGING:

ANCILLARY STUDIES:

COMMENT (S)

(Continued)

Size of DCIS: Estimated size of DCIS at least 5 cm

Nuclear grade: Grade III Necrosis: Present, central

Invasive carcinoma: Margins uninvolved by invasive

carcinoma

Distance from closest margin: 4 mm to deep

DCIS: Margins uninvolved by DCIS

Distance from closest margin: 1 mm to deep Total number of lymph nodes examined: 4 Number of lymph nodes with metastasis: 1 Size of largest metastatic deposit: 7 mm Extranodal extension: Not identified

Primary tumor: pT2

Regional lymph nodes: Category: pNla Distance metastasis: Not applicable

PERFORMED ON

Estrogen receptor: Positive (100% of tumor cells with

nuclear positivity)

Average intensity of tumor cell nuclei staining: strong Progesterone receptor: Positive (2% of tumor cells with

nuclear positivity)

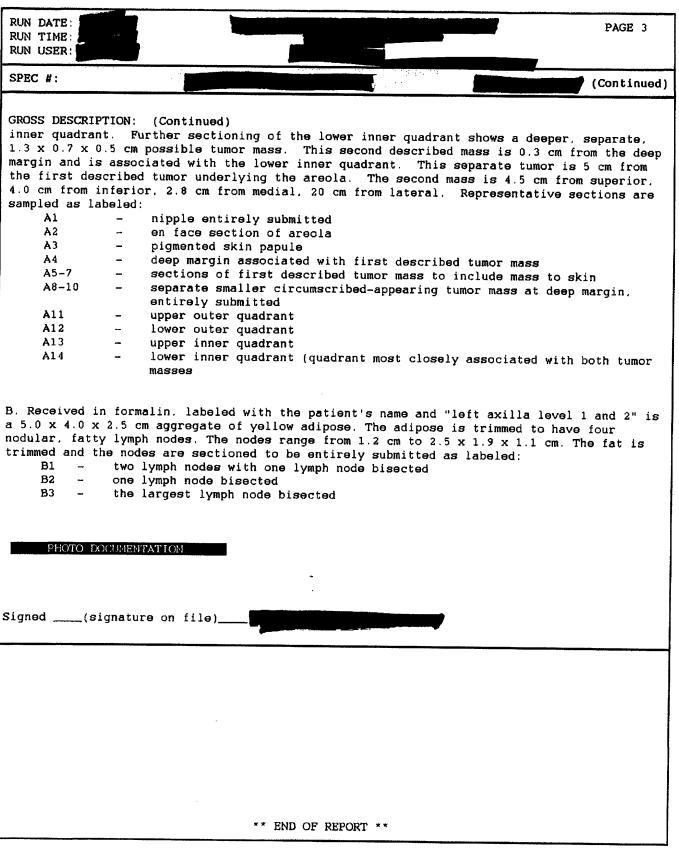
Average intensity of tumor cell nuclei staining: weak HER2: Immunoperoxidase studies: Positive (Score 3+)

## GROSS DESCRIPTION:

Received fresh for tissue banking labeled with the patient's name and designated "left breast" is a 1,094 gram,  $24.0 \times 23.0 \times 5.5$  cm fibrofatty breast. The breast has an overlying  $22.0 \times 8.5$  cm portion of tan-white skin. The skin has a central  $6.5 \times 5.5$  cm areola and 1.5 cm raised nipple. There is a green suture on the skin designating 12 o'clock. An indurated nodule is present beneath the skin surface directly medial to the nipple and underlying the areola. The skin surface and areola have multiple plaque-like pigmented papules. The largest papule is superior and lateral at the edge of the areola. This papule is  $1.6 \times 0.8$  cm. No additional scars or lesions are identified on the skin surface. The deep margin is ragged and fatty. The specimen is consistent with a simple mastectomy specimen.

The deep margin is inked blue, and the breast is sectioned to have a diffusely glistening fatty cut surface. A medial, 2.3 cm nodular tumor mass is present beneath the skin surface medial in the described area beneath the areola. The tumor has a focal multinodular appearance at the periphery, but appears to be one mass grossly. The mass is 0.7 cm from the skin surface, is 6.0 cm from superior, is 3.0 cm from inferior, is 5.0 cm from medial, and 18.5 cm from lateral. The tumor is at least 4.5 cm from the deep margin. The tumor has a central stellate, gritty indurated cut surface, and further sectioning shows the tumor to range up to 2.8 cm. A section of tumor is sampled for tissue banking. The remainder of the parenchyma is diffusely fatty with scant, delicate white fibrous tissue. No additional tumor-like masses are identified. The delicate white fibrous tissue makes up between 10-15% of the parenchyma. The tumor is most closely associated with the lower

\*\* CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE \*\*



Criteria fin	9/23/13	Yes	No
Diagnosis Discrepancy			
Primary Tumor Site Discrepancy			7
HIPAA Discrepancy			7
Prior Malignancy History			V
Dual/Synchronous Primary Nated			7
Case is (citale);	QUALIFIED / DISO	ALIFIEDA	^
Reviewer Vitia M	Date Keviewed:	N DALV	5
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