TSS

Carcinoma, infiltrating ductal, was 8500/3
Path Situ: breast, upper outer guadrant C50.4
CACE Situ: breast, NOS C50.9
2/15/11/hr

SPECIMENS:

A. WLE RIGHT BREAST **B. RIGHT AXILLARY CONTENTS** 

SPECIMEN(S):

A. WLE RIGHT BREAST

**B. RIGHT AXILLARY CONTENTS** 

# INTRAOPERATIVE CONSULTATION DIAGNOSIS:

Part A, WLE Right breast, gross examination: Tumor 0.2-cm from posterior margin. Called to Dr. at by Dr..

# **GROSS DESCRIPTION:**

A. WLE RIGHT BREAST

Received fresh labeled with matching patient identifiers is an oriented (short-superior, long-lateral) 124 g, 9.7 (medial to lateral)  $\times$  9  $\times$  3 cm lumpectomy with a slender fragment of tan skin 2.8  $\times$  0 .3 cm. The specimen is inked as follows: anterior – blue, posterior – black, superior – red, inferior – orange, medial - green, lateral - yellow. The specimen is serially sectioned from medial to lateral into 7 slices revealing a 2.8 x 2.5 x 1.4 cm ill defined firm tan mass approaching the closest posterior margin at 0.2 cm, and superior margin at 0.5 cm. A portion of the specimen is submitted for tissue procurement.

Representative sections are submitted as follows:

A1-A2: Perpendicular sections medial margin

A3-A4: Section 2 anterior

A5: Section 2 posterior

A6: Section 3 inferior

A7: Section 3 anterior/superior

A8-A9: Section 3 superior

A10-A11: Section 4 lesion and posterior

A12: Section 4 anterior/inferior

A13-A16: Section 5, lesion and nearest posterior

A17-A18: Section 6, lesion and posterior/anterior

A19-A20: Section 6, lesion and superior

A21-A22: Perpendicular sections lateral margin

A23-A26: Medial margin

A27: Section 6, inferior aspect

A28: Lateral margin

A29: Lateral margin

A30: Section 5, superior margin

A31: Section 2, superior aspect

A32: Section 2, inferior aspect

A33: Section 5, inferior margin

A34: Section 2, superior aspect

# 

UUID: A868EC86-9C86-445E-8961-5D4C57263548 TCGA-E2-A1L8-01A-PR Re

Redacted

# **B. RIGHT AXILLARY CONTENTS**

Received in formalin in a container labeled with matching patient identifiers is a portion of red yellow fibroadipose tissue measuring 10.7 x 5.9 x 2.5 cm. Multiple possible lymph nodes are identified ranging in size from  $0.3 \times 0.3 \times 0.3$  up to  $4 \times 3.5 \times 2$  cm. Cassette summary:

B1-B3: Representative sections, largest lymph node

B4: Two possible lymph nodes

B5: Two possible lymph nodes

B6: Four possible lymph nodes

B7: Four possible lymph nodes

B8: Two possible lymph nodes

B9: Two possible lymph nodes

B10: Three possible lymph nodes

B11-B15: Additional possible lymph nodes

## **DIAGNOSIS:**

A. BREAST, RIGHT, WIDE LOCAL EXCISION:

- INVASIVE DUCTAL CARCINOMA, POORLY DIFFERENTIATED (SBR GRADE 3), WITH APOCRINE FEATURES, AND SEVERAL FOCI OF MICROINVASION ASSOCIATED WITH DCIS.

- TUMOR MEASURES AT LEAST 3 CM IN GREATEST DIMENSION.
- INVASIVE CARCINOMA IS 2 MM FROM THE DEEP MARGIN.
- EXTENSIVE LYMPHVASCULAR INVASION IS PRESENT.
- DUCTAL CARCINOMA IN SITU (DCIS), SOLID TYPE, NUCLEAR GRADE 3, WITH NECROSIS AND ASSOCIATED LYMPHOID INFILTRATE, INVOLVING LOBULES.
- DCIS IS PRESENT AT THE LATERAL MARGIN, IS WITHIN 1 MM OF THE ANTERIOR/MEDIAL AND ANTERIOR MARGIN, AND IS WITHIN 2 MM OF THE DEEP MARGIN.
- B. AXILLARY CONTENTS, RIGHT, DISSECTION:
  - METASTATIC CARCINOMA TO 2 OF 25 LYMPH NODES WITH LARGEST METASTASIS MEASURING 4 CM (2/25).
  - NO EXTRACAPSULAR EXTENSION IS SEEN.

SYNOPTIC REPORT - BREAST

Specimen Type:

Excision

Needle Localization: No

Right Laterality:

Invasive Tumor: Present

Multifocality: Yes

WHO CLASSIFICATION

Invasive ductal carcinoma, NOS 8500/3

Tumor size: 3cm

Tumor Site: Upper outer quadrant

Margins: Negative

Distance from closest margin: deep

3 Tubular Score: 3 Nuclear Grade: 2 Mitotic Score:

Modified Scarff Bloom Richardson Grade:

Absent Necrosis:

Vascular/Lymphatic Invasion: Present

Lobular neoplasia: None

Axillary dissection Lymph nodes: Positive 2 / 25 Lymph node status:

DCIS present

Margins involved by DCIS: lateral margin Estimate 25% **DCIS** Quantity:

DCIS Type: Solid

DCIS Location:

Both associated and separate from invasive tumor mass

3

Nuclear grade: High Necrosis: Present

ER/PR/HER2 Results

**ER: Negative** PR: Negative

HER2: Positive by IHC

Performed on Case: This case - the largest lymph node with metastasis

pT 2 N 1 Pathological staging (pTN):

SYNOPTIC REPORT - BREAST, ER/PR RESULTS

Specimen: Surgical Excision

B2 (Lymph node with metastasis) **Block Number:** 

Alfred Score: 0 = Proportion Score 0 + Intensity Score 0 ER: Negative 0 = Proportion Score 0 + Intensity Score 0 Allred Score: PR: Negative

COMMENT:

The Allred score for estrogen and progesterone receptors is calculated by adding the sum of the proportion score (0 = no staining, 1 = <1% of cells staining, 2 = 1 - 10% of cells staining, 3 = 11-30% of cells staining, 4 = 31-60% of cells staining, 5 = >60% of cells staining) to the intensity score (1 = weak intensity of staining, 2 = intermediate intensity of staining, 3 = strong intensity of staining), with a scoring range from 0 to 8.

ER/PR positive is defined as an Allred score of >2 and ER/PR negative is defined as an Allred score of less than or equal to 2.

### METHODOLOGY:

Tissue was fixed in 10% neutral buffered formalin for no less than 8 and no longer than 24 hours. Immunohistochemistry was performed using the mouse anti-human ER (ER 1D5, 1:100) and PR (PGR 136, 1:100) provided by following the manufacturer s instructions. This assay was not modified. Interpretation of the ER/PR immunohistochemical stain is guided by published results in the medical literature, information provided by the reagent manufacturer and by internal review of staining performance.

SYNOPTIC REPORT - BREAST HER-2 RESULTS

Specimen: Surgical Excision

Block Number: B2 (Lymph node with metastasis)

Interpretation:

POSITIVE

Intensity: 3+

% Tumor Staining:

100% No

Fish Ordered:

## METHODOLOGY:

Tissue was fixed in 10% neutral buffered formalin for no less than 8 and no longer than 24 hours. Her2 analysis was performed using the FDA approved HercepTest (TM) test kit ;,

using rabbit anti-human HER2. This assay was not modified. External kit-slides provided by the manufacturer (cell lines with high, low and negative HER2 protein expression) and inhouse known HER2 amplified control tissue were evaluated along with the test tissue. Adequate, well preserved, clear-cut invasive carcinoma was identified for HER2 evaluation. Interpretation of the HER2 immunohistochemical stain is guided by published results in the medical literature, information provided by the reagent manufacturer and by internal review of staining performance.

This assay has been validated according to the 2007 joint recommendations and guidelines from ASCO and CAP and from the NCCN HER2 testing in Breast Cancer Task Force. Pathology Department takes full responsibility for this test's performance.

#### **CLINICAL HISTORY:**

year-old woman, right breast, upper outer 4 cm mass, IDC, ER/PR negative; HER-2/neu positive, with palpable adenopathy, here for lumpectomy and axillary lymph node dissection.

### **PRE-OPERATIVE DIAGNOSIS:**

Right breast cancer

Gross Dictation:., Pathologist,

Microscopic/Diagnostic Dictation: Pathologist,

Final Review: Pathologist, Final Review: Pathologist,

Final: Pathologist

| Criteria                          | Yes            | No / |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|------|
| Diagnosis Discrepancy             |                |      |
| Primary Tumor Fite Discrepancy    |                |      |
| HIP.\A Discrepancy                |                |      |
| Prior Malignancy History          |                |      |
| Dual/Synchronous Primary Nated    |                | 11   |
| Case is (circle): /// QUALITIED / | DIEQUALIFIED / | 7    |
| Reviewer Initials Date Seview     | ved: U / Y     |      |
| 1 1/45                            |                |      |
|                                   |                |      |