DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY

SURGICAL PATHOLOGY REPORT

Patient:

Specimen #:

FMP/SSN:

DOB/Age/Sex:

Race: WHITE

Taken:

Location:

Received:

Physician(s):

Reported:

100-0-3

SPECIMEN:

Carmina, infidtrating ductal, NOS 8500/3 8its breast, NOS CSO.9

A: RIGHT BREAST LUMPECTOMY B: RIGHT AXILLARY NODE DISSECTION

FINAL DIAGNOSIS:

A. BREAST, RIGHT, LUMPECTOMY:

TUMOR TYPE: INVASIVE DUCTAL CARCINOMA.

NOTTINGHAM GRADE: MODERATELY DIFFERENTIATED (G2).

NOTTINGHAM SCORE: 6/9

(Tubules= 2, Nuclei=2, Mitoses= 2; mitotic count 10 per 10 HPF at

20x power-0.50 field diameter)

TUMOR SIZE (GREATEST DIMENSION): 1.9 CM (measured microscopically).

TUMOR NECROSIS: ABSENT.

MICROCALCIFICATIONS: ABSENT.

VENOUS / LYMPHATIC INVASION: ABSENT.

MARGINS:

-INVASIVE CARCINOMA PRESENT 1.2 CM FROM ANTERIOR MARGIN.

-DUCTAL CARCINOMA IN SITU PRESENT 0.5 CM FROM INFERIOR MARGIN.

INTRADUCTAL COMPONENT: DUCTAL CARCINOMA IN SITU, CRIBIFORM TYPE, LOW NUCLEAR GRADE.

LYMPH NODES: FIVE OF SIXTEEN POSTIVE FOR TUMOR. (see specimen B)

SKIN INVOLVEMENT: ABSENT.

MULTICENTRICITY: ABSENT.

ESTROGEN RECEPTORS: POSITIVE. (see

PROGESTERONE RECEPTORS: NEGATIVE. (see

HER 2 NEU by IHC: NEGATIVE. (see

PATHOLOGIC STAGE: pT1c N2a Mx

ADDITIONAL PATHOLOGIC CHANGES: BENIGN FIBROCYSTIC CHANGES.

- B. SOFT TISSUE, RIGHT AXILLA, LYMPH NODE DISSECTION:
 - FIVE OF SIXTEEN LYMPH NODES POSITIVE FOR METASTATIC CARCINOMA.

** Report Electronically Signed Out **

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- PERSONAL DATA - PRIVACY ACT OF 1974

SURGICAL PATHOLOGY REPORT

Patient:

Specimen #:

CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS AND HISTORY:

-year-old female with 2.0 cm right breast mass found on routine mammagram Patient was also found to have two lymph nodes seen largest 1.5 cm, BIRIDS-5. Ultrasound guided biopsy of breast mass showed Grade I Invasive Ductal Carcinoma with DCIS and FNA of axillary lymph node showing metastatic carcinoma from primary breast on

PRE-OPERATIVE DIAGNOSIS:

Right breast cancer.

GROSS DESCRIPTION:

A. Received fresh, labeled with the patient's name, designated "RIGHT BREAST LUMPECTOMY" is an irregular, oblong portion of soft tissue oriented with a short stitch superior and a long stitch medial. The specimen measures 14.0 cm in medial to lateral, 7.0 cm superior to inferior, and 2.5 cm anterior to posterior. The lightly pigmented superficial skin ellipse measures 8.5 x 2.2 cm and is otherwise unremarkable. The specimen is inked as follows: superior = blue, inferior = green, medial = red, lateral = yellow, anterior = orange, and posterior = black. Serial sections reveal a firm, pink-white, gray mass measuring 3.3 x 2.2 x 1.5 cm. The mass is well circumscribed, and approaches the margins as follows: 0.2 cm from the deep margin, 0.5 cm from the anterior margin, 1.5 cm from the inferior margin, and 1.8 cm from the superior margin. The remainder of the specimen is predominantly composed of lobulated, yellow-tan, adipose tissue. The fibrous tissue comprises 5% of the cut surface, and is tan-white, markedly dense, and otherwise unremarkable. Representative sections are submitted as follows:

Cassette Summary:

A1: Mass.

A2: Adjacent normal.

A3: Skin.

A4-A5: Additional sections adjacent to mass.

A6-A9: Additional sections of mass.

A10-12: Additional sections adjacent to A1 and A9.

Matched sections of A1-A2 are submitted in or CBCP protocol.

The specimen was placed in formalin at pm for a total time in formalin for approximately 28 hours.

B. Received fresh, labeled with the patient's name, designated "RIGHT AXILLARY NODE DISSECTION" is an 11.0 x 8.0 x 2.5 cm irregular, unoriented portion of soft tissue. Serial sectioning reveals

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SURGICAL PATHOLOGY REPORT

Patient:

Specimen #:

GROSS DESCRIPTION (continued):

16 lymph nodes ranging in size from $0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.5$ cm to $4.0 \times 2.0 \times 1.0$ cm. On sectioning, four of the lymph nodes show a firm, pink-tan, cut surface consistent with metastatic involvement. The remaining lymph nodes are pink-yellow and otherwise unremarkable. Representative sections are submitted as follows:

Cassette Summary:

B1-B4: Largest lymph node.

B5: Lymph node #1.

B6: Lymph node #2.

B7: Lymph node #3.

B8: Lymph node #4.

B9: One lymph node.

B10: One lymph node.

B11: One lymph node bisected.

B12: One lymph node bisected.

B13: One lymph node bisected.

B14: Two lymph nodes, each bisected.

B15: Four lymph nodes. Matched sections of B1, B5-B10 are submitted in

or CBCP protocol.

Criteria Yes No
Diagnosis Discrepancy
Primary Trimor Site Discrepancy
HIPAA Discrepancy
HIPAA Discrepancy
Prior Malignancy History
Dual/Synchronous Prypagary Roted
Case is (criteria)
Case is (criteria)
Dual Prior Malignancy History
Date Reviewed

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End of Report