

Multi-Modal RAG System for Persian Dishes

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Introduction

- Retrieval → grounded answers in knowledge-intensive tasks
- Culinary domain: recipes, diet/ingredient queries, regional variants, image-text bridging
- Cross-modal food retrieval: Recipe1M, CLIP, M-CLIP
- RAG → retrieval + generation, reduces hallucinations
- Gaps: English-only focus, finished-dish photos, no Persian pipelines, label collisions
- Our work: Persian food-focused RAG with dual-modality retriever + generator
- Contributions
 - Ingredient-aware cross-model index
 - Label-aware contrastive training
 - Generator interface for Persian QA
 - Reproducible pipeline

Dataset

- Web scraping using tools such as Selenium and BeautifulSoup
- Filled missing fields using LLMs
- Language and structure inconsistency
- Created documents and questions using LLMs
- Image as another modality
- Improved dataset by adding images of ingredients
- Image preprocessing done by model, only normalized the texts

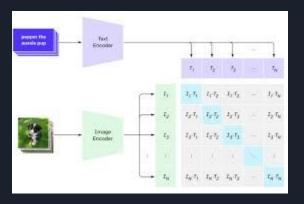
```
{
  "title": "باقلوای اردبیل",
  "response": "باقلوا لذت ببرید و از طعم بینظیر باقلوا لذت ببرید و از طعم الله ("folder_path": "./final_foods/باقلوای_اردبیل
```



Model (1)

- Shared Representation Learning
 - Vision Encoder
 - Text Encoder
 - Dimensional compatibility
- Retrieval and Evidence Pooling
 - Indexing
 - o Initial retrieval
 - Option-aware expansion for MCQ







- RAG Prompt Construction
 - Snippet selection
 - Prompting modes
- Ingredient Photos
 - o Training-time role
 - o Inference-time behavior
- Answer Selection
 - Vision Language head
 - Heuristic head and fusion





Experiment(1)

- 50 MCQ questions
- 30 text-only questions
 - Food recommendation based on ingredients or location
 - Same foods from different locations
 - Meal type classification
 - Preparation instruction
 - Ingredients
- 20 text+image questions
 - Food classification
 - Geography of the food
 - Food recommendation
 - Identifying ingredients

```
"question": "إسم اين غذا چيه؟"
"answer": "B",
"image": "./2.jpg",
"A": "كباب تركى",
"B": "كباب تركى",
"C": "ميگو سوخارى",
"D": "خورشت به"]
```

```
"question": "ورش خلال كرمانشاهى با چه نوع خلالى شناخته مىشود؟",
"answer": "D",
"A": "خلال سيبزمينى",
"B": "خلال پسته" "C": "خلال هويج" "D": "خلال بادام";
```



Question:

درحال پخت حلوای نثار ارومیه هستم در چه مرحلهای حلوا را با دست ورز بدهم؟

Options:

بعد از سرد شدن کامل بلافاصله بعد از اضافه کردن شکر وقتی مواد کاملا داغ هستند وقتی کمی ولرم شده

Answer:

وقتى كمى ولرم شده

Question:

غذا ی خوزستانی که با گیشنیز گوشی ماهی و تمر هندی درست می شود چیست؟

Options:

کوفته جنوبی قلیه ماهی فسنجان میرزاقاسمی

Answer:

قلیه ماهی

Experiment(3) Text+image questions



Question:

غذای داخل این عکس چیه؟

Options:

آش رشته قطاب

قابلی پلو

قلیه ماهی

Answer:

قابلي پلو



Question:

مواد لازم این کباب چیست؟

Options:

بادمجان سیب زمینی گوشت و مرغ

Answer:

كوشت و مرغ

Evaluation (1)

- Result Evaluation
 - Perform better when answering text-only questions
 - o Limited number of images in dataset
 - Images are more difficult to encode
 - Harder to encode two modalities into the same space
- Models
 - o Gemini 2.5 vs LLaVA 1.5
 - Retriever helps LLaVA 1.5
 - Less internal knowledge
 - Retriever works as an adversary for Gemini 2.5
 - Provides wrong knowledge

Generative Model	Model	Text-only	Image Question
LLaVA 1.5	Generative-only	26.67	20
	RAG	36.67	25
Gemini 2.5	Generative-only	53.33	40
	RAG	46.67	30

Evaluation (2)

- Question Type Evaluation
 - Text-only questions
 - Less reasoning required -> better performance
 - More keywords -> better performance

Generative Model	Model	recommendation	regions	type	prepartion	ingredients
LLaVA 1.5	RAG	2/9	0/2	2/2	2/5	5/12

- Image + Text questions
 - Final food image as input -> better performance
 - Ingredient images are shared between foods
 - Simpler questions -> better performance

Generative Model	Model	classifying	geography	recommedation	ingredients
LaVA 1.5	RAG	2/6	0/1	1/4	2/9

Challenges

- Data gathering
 - Limited fine-tuning data
 - Relying on APIs -> low quality of images and uncertainty about their correctness
- Data preparation
 - Choosing the appropriate preprocessing strategy
- Model development
 - Module selection
 - A small change in the model, big alternation in the results
 - Prompt engineering







- Expanding the dataset with high-quality images
- Incorporating region-specific variations of dishes
- Trying more advanced retrievers and multimodal generators
- Integrating human-in-the-loop evaluation and feedback mechanism

