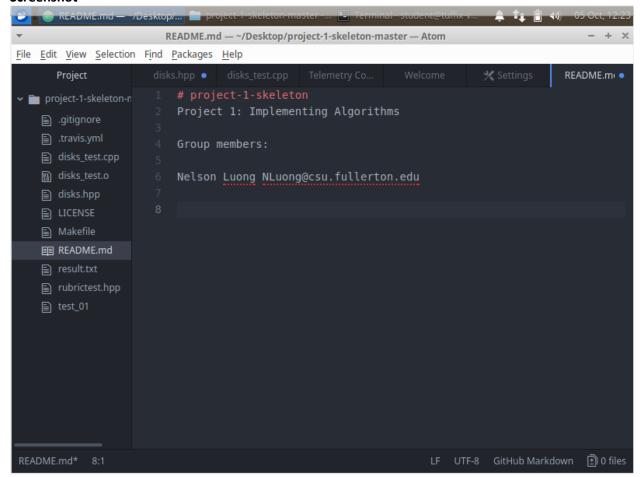
```
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Project 1 Submission
p-code for left to right algorithm
n = total number of whites
sort_left_to_right (V):
        initialize variables
                                                                     (1 step)
        for i from 0 to n
                                                                     (n steps)
                 x = i # reset position back to the left after swaps (1 step)
                 for j = x from n - x while j increments by 2
                                                                     (n step)
                          V.swap left index with index+1 (right)
                                                                     (1 step)
                          Increment swap count
                                                                     (1 step)
        Return
                                                                     (1 step)
Code for Algorithm
sorted_disks sort_left_to_right(const disk_state& before) {
        int x = 0;
        int swaps = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < (before.total_count()/2); i++) {
                 x = i; // reset back to the left
                 for (int j = x; j < (before.total\_count() - x); j += 2) {
                          before.swap(j);
                          swaps++;
                 }
        }
 return sorted_disks(before, swaps);
P-code for Lawnmower method
Sort_lawnmower(V)
# incomplete
```

Screenshot



Time Complexity Analysis for Left to Right

T(n) = 1 + (n(1(n + 1 + 1))) + 1 = n(n+1+1) + 1 $= n^2 + n + n + 1$ $= n^2 + 2n + 1$ $= n^2 + n$ $= O(n^2 + n)$

= O(n^2)

Analysis for Lawnmower

#Incomplete