Supporting Information:

NMRlipids IV: Headgroup & glycerol backbone structures, and cation binding in bilayers with PE and PG lipids

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S1 R-PDLF and SDROSS experiments

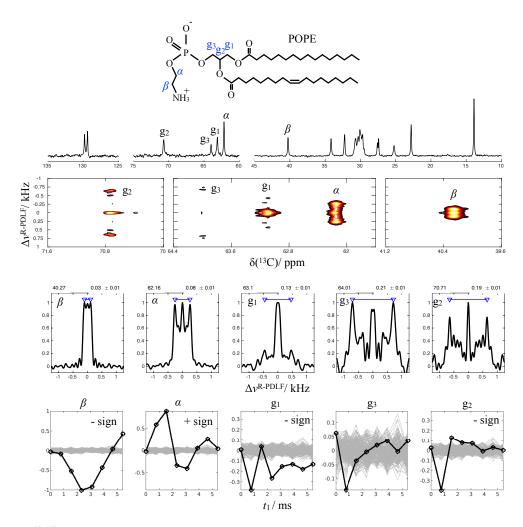


Figure S1: (A) Chemical structure of POPE with the labeling of headgroup and glycerol backbone carbons. (B) INEPT spectra from POPE sample with the headgroup and glycerol backbone peaks labeled. (C) 2D R-PDLF spectra (D) Dipolar sliced from the 2D R-PDLF spectra with the resulting order parameters on top of figures. (E) Experimetal S-DROSS curves giving signs of the order parameters.

1.A, B etc. labels to be put in the figure.



Figure S2: (A) Chemical structure of POPG with the labeling of headgroup and glycerol backbone carbons. (B) INEPT spectra from POPG sample with the headgroup and glycerol backbone peaks labeled. (C) 2D R-PDLF spectra (D) Dipolar sliced from the 2D R-PDLF spectra with the resulting order parameters on top of figures. (E) Experimetal S-DROSS curves giving signs of the order parameters.



Figure S3: Simpson simulaton of S-DROSS curve of β -carbon of POPG.

S2 Lipid ligand names in PDB used in the analysis of conformations of protein-bound lipids

PC: PLC, PX4, 6PL, LIO, HGX, PC7, PC8, P1O, 6O8, XP5, EGY, PLD, SBM, HXG, and PCW

PE: 8PE, PTY, 3PE, PEH, PEF, 6OE, 6O9, 9PE, PEV, 46E, SBJ, L9Q, PEK, EPH, ZPE, 9TL, 9Y0, 6OU, LOP, and PEE

PG: PGT, PGK, LHG, 44G, PGV, OZ2, D3D, PGW, DR9, P6L, PG8, H3T, and GOT

PS: PSF, PS6, Q3G, P5S, D39, PS2, 17F, and 8SP.

S3 Evaluation of simulations against NMR experiments

S3.1 Conformational ensembles of headgroup and glycerol backbone in PE and PG lipids

The quality of PE and PG headgroup conformational ensembles in different simulations against NMR experiments is evaluated in figures S4 and S5 using C-H bond order parameters as in our previous studies for PC and PS lipids. ^{1,2} Conclusions are the same for all lipids: None of the force fields correctly captures the lipid headgroup conformational ensembles, but CHARMM36 gives results closest to experiments.

It should be noted that the PG headgroup is biologically abundant R enantiomer in all simulations, while our ¹³C NMR experiments has a racemic mixture. Nevertheless, previous ²H NMR experiments comparing results between different enantiomers concluded that the structural differences between these are minor.³

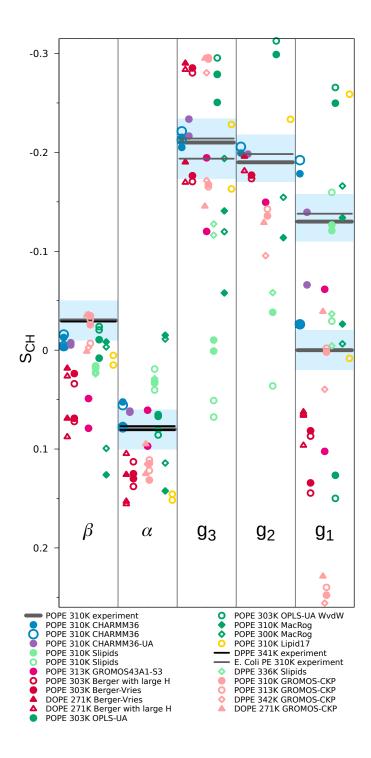


Figure S4: The headgroup and glycerol backbone order parameters of PE lipids from experiments (POPE and signs this work, DPPE from Ref. 4 and E.coliPE from Ref. 5) and simulations with different force fields.

2. This should be clarified as in NMRlipidsI and error bars should be added. Probably larger error bars for united atom models based on the report by Fuchs et al.



Figure S5: The headgroup and glycerol backbone order parameters of PG lipids from experiments (POPG and signs from this work and from Ref. 6, DPPG with 100mM NaCl from Ref. 3, and E.Coli PG results from Ref. 5) and simulations with different force fields.

S3.2 PC headgroup in mixtures with PE or PG lipids

Headgroup order parameters of PC lipids are unchanged upon addition of zwitterionic lipids or cholesterol in experiments, but increase upon addition of negatively charged PG or PS lipids because headgroup dipole tilts more parallel to the membrane plane after incorporation of negative charges into the membrane. ^{7,10,11} The response of PC headgroup order parameters to the addition of PE or PG lipids from different simulations is compared with experiments in figure S6. None of the simulations reproduce neither the experimentally observed increase in PC headgroup order parameters with increasing amount of PG nor the related tilting of the headgroup more parallel with the membrane. Similar observations in our previous work for PS lipids were explained by the overestimated counterion binding affinity that neturalizes the effect of added negative charge.² All simulations except Berger-OPLS predict tilting of P-N headgroup outwards from the membrane and decrease of PC headgroup order parameters upon addition of PE lipids. These results are not in line with experiments where the PC headgroup order parameters are not affected by zwitterionic lipids. The good performance of Berger-OPLS simulations in here is surprising because headgroup conformational enemble is not very close to experiments in this model and the response of headgroup order parameters to cholesterol was significantly overestimated by the Berger/Höltje force field in our previous work.1

In conclusion, more accurate force fields are needed to correctly simulate the interactions between different headgroups.

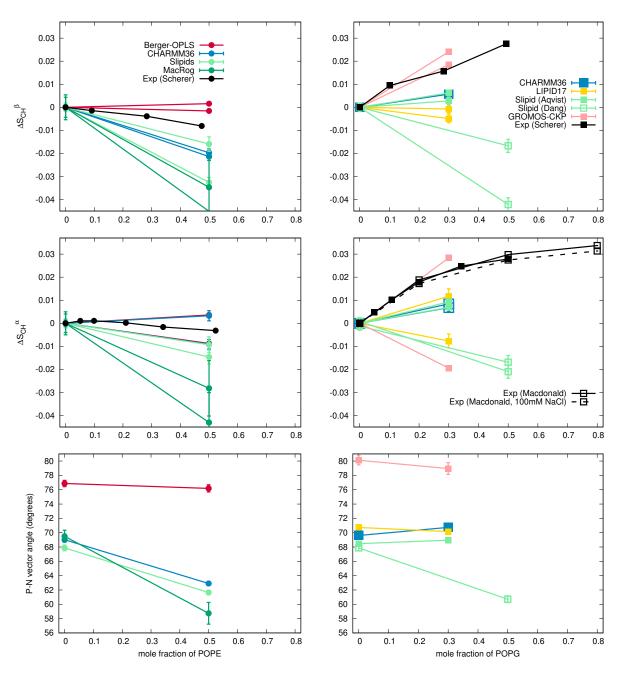


Figure S6: Modulation of POPC headgroup order parameters with increasing amount of POPE (left) and POPG (right) in bilayer from experiments at $298 \text{ K}^{7,8}$ and simulations with different force fields (temperatures listed in tables S3 and S4 are between 298-310 K). Signs are determined as discussed in Refs. 1,9.

S3.3 PG headgroup in mixtures with PC lipids

Changes in other than PC lipid headgroup with changing membrane composition are less extensively characterized in the literature. The β -carbon order parameter in PG headgroup increases mildly⁸ or is unchanged⁶ upon increasing amount of PC lipids (Fig. S7), but experimental data from α -carbon is not available. Also the tested force fields predict very small changes for the β -carbon order parameter, while the P-N vector tilt and its response to the increased amount of PC varies significantly between force fields in figure S7. Therefore, more experimental data and more accurate force fields are still required to resolve the PG conformational ensembles in mixtures with other lipids.

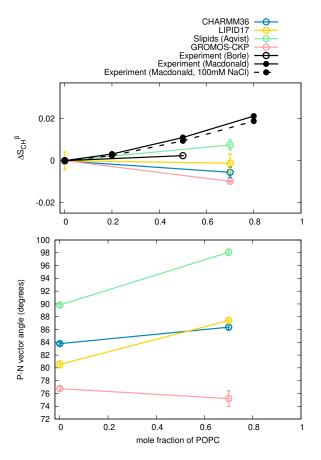


Figure S7: Modulation of PG lipid headgroup order parameters with the increasing amount of PC in lipid bilayer from experiments at 298 $\rm K^{6,8}$ and simulations with different force fields at 310 K.

S3.4 Calcium binding to POPC:POPG mixtures

The changes of headgroup order parameters in POPC:POPG mixtures upon addition of CaCl₂ between different simulations and experiments^{6,8} are compared in figures S8 (molar ratio 1:1) and S10 (molar ratio 4:1). The results are in line with our previous studies: most force fields overestimate the calcium binding,^{2,12} but CHARMM36 with the NBfix correction underestimates the binding affinity,² and the implicit inclusion of electronic polarizability using the electronic continuum correction (ECC) improves the results.^{13,14}

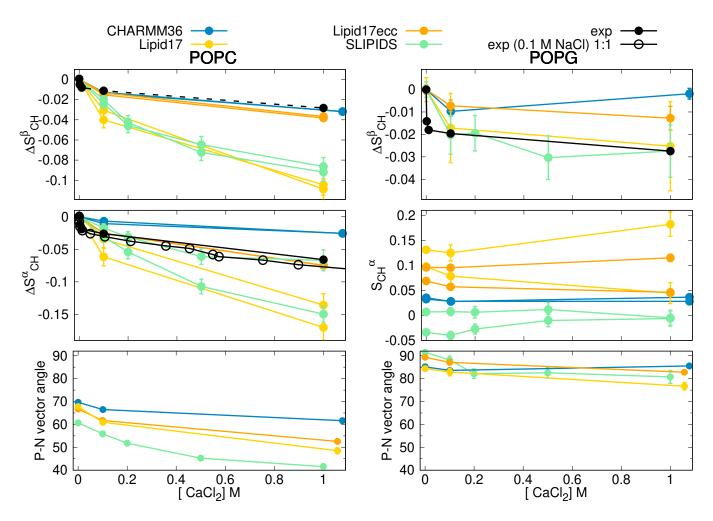


Figure S8: Modulation of headgroup order parameters of POPC (left) and POPG (right) in POPC:POPG (1:1) mixture upon addition of CaCl₂ in 298 K temperature from experiments ^{6,8} and simulations. The β -carbon order parameter of POPC (dashed line on top left) is not directly measured but calculated from empirical relation $\Delta S_{\beta} = 0.43 \Delta S_{\alpha}$. ¹⁵ The changes with respect to the systems without CaCl₂ are shown for other data than for the α -carbon of POPG for which experimental order parameter is not available. Calsium density distributions are shown in figure S9.

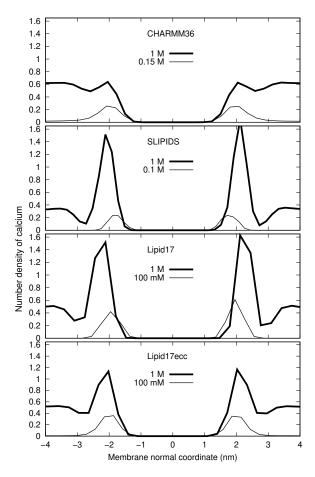


Figure S9: Calcium ion density profiles along membrane normal from simulations of POPC:POPG (1:1) mixtures with different force fields. The changes in the order parameters upon addition of $CaCl_2$ are compared with experiments in figure S8.

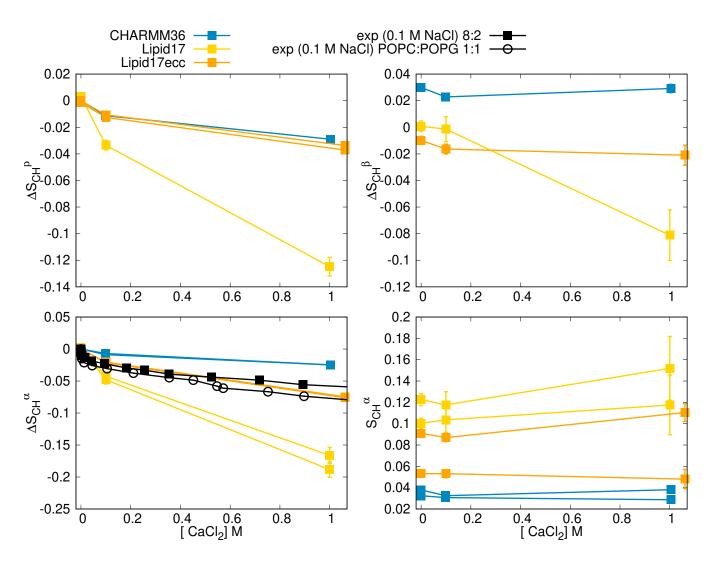


Figure S10: Modulation of headgroup order parameters of POPC (*left*) and POPG (*right*) in POPC:POPG (4:1) mixture upon addition of $CaCl_2$ in 298 K temperature from experiments⁸ and simulations. The changes with respect to the systems without $CaCl_2$ are shown for other data than for the α -carbon of POPG for which experimental order parameter is not available.

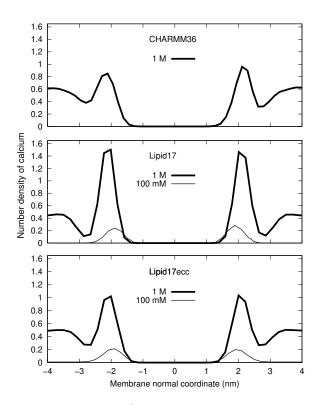


Figure S11: Calcium ion density profiles along membrane normal from simulations of POPC:POPG (4:1) mixtures with different force fields.

S4 Dihedral angle distributions and the analysis of relative energies

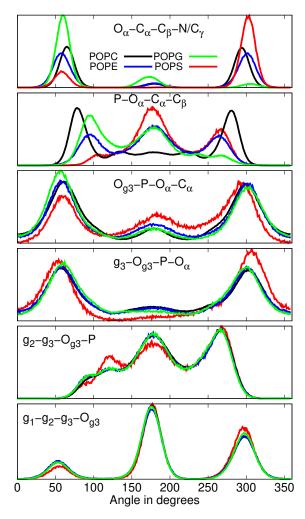


Figure S12: Heavy atom dihedral angle distributions from CHARMM36 simulations that correctly capture the order parameter differences between the force fields.

S5 Changes in headgroup conformations upon addition of charged surfactants or $CaCl_2$

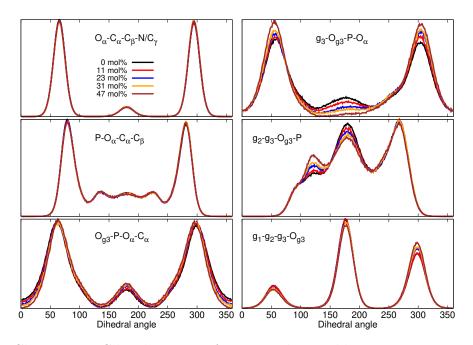


Figure S13: Changes in PC headgroup conformational ensembles upon increasing the amount of positive charge in bilayer, characterized by the heavy atom dihedral distributions, from CHARMM36 simulations.

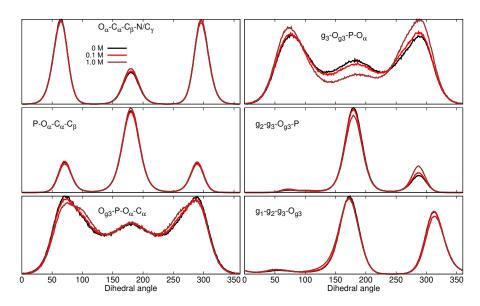


Figure S14: Changes in POPC lipid17ecc dihedrals with increasing amount of $CaCl_2$.

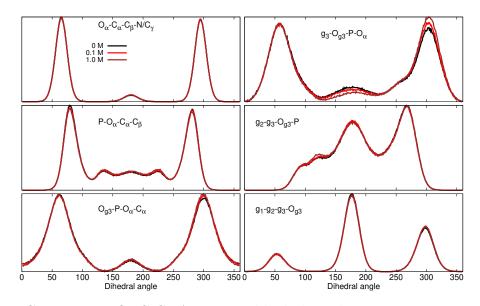


Figure S15: Changes in POPC CHARMM36 dihedrals with increasing amount of CaCl₂.



Figure S16: Changes in POPG Slipids dihedrals with increasing amount of CaCl₂.

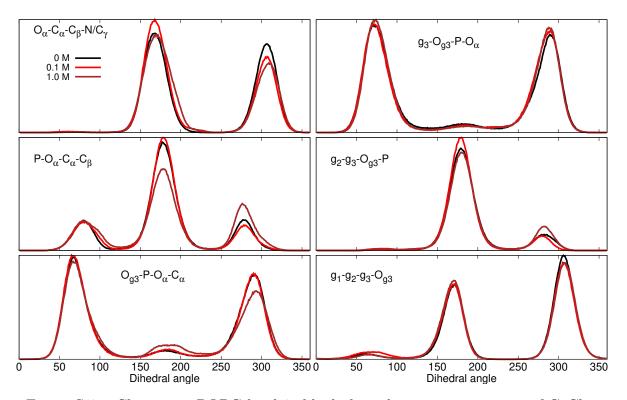


Figure S17: Changes in POPG lipid17 dihedrals with increasing amount of CaCl₂.

S6 Simulated systems

The simulated systems of pure PE and PG bilayers without additional ions are listed in Tables S1 and S2, and lipid mixtures with additional ions in Tables S3 and S4. the simulation data are indexed in a searchable database available at www.nmrlipids.fi, and in the NMRlipids/MATCH repository (github.com/NMRlipids/MATCH). The large set of MD simulation data was analysed using the development version of NMRlipids databank. Unique naming convention for lipid atoms in each force field was defined using the mapping files and analysis for all simulations indexed in NMRlipids databank manner were performed using Python codes.

The C–H bond order parameters were calculated directly from the carbon and hydrogen positions using the definition

$$S_{\rm CH} = \frac{1}{2} \left\langle 3\cos^2\theta - 1\right\rangle,\tag{1}$$

where θ is the angle between the C–H bond and the membrane normal (taken to align with z, with bilayer periodicity in the xy-plane). Angular brackets denote average over all sampled configurations. The order parameters were first calculated averaging over time separately for each lipid in the system. The average and the standard error of the mean were then calculated over different lipids. Python programs that use the MDAnalysis library 16,17 used for all atom simulations are available in Ref. 18 (scripts/calcOrderParameters.py). For united atom simulations, the trajectories with hydrogens having ideal geometry were constructed first using either buildH program 19 or (scratch/opAAUA_prod.py) in Ref. 18, and the order parameters were then calculated from these trajectories. This approach has been tested against trajectories with explicit hydrogens and the deviations in order parameters are small. 19,20

The number density profiles of ions were calculated using the gmx density tool of the GROMACS sofware package.²¹

S6.1 CHARMM36

POPE 19. Simulation details by M. Javanainen.

POPE with additional NaCl 20. Simulation details by A. Peon.

POPG 21.Simulation details by Ollila.

POPG with additional NaCl 22. Simulation details by A. Peon.

POPC:POPE mixtures Data is available at.^{72,73} 300 K with v-rescale (tau=0.1 ps), 1 bar with PR semiisotropic (tau=4 ps, compressibility=4.5e-5 bar⁻¹), PME order 4 and space 0.12, recoulomb and rvdw 1.0, 128 lipids per leaflet, no ion 23.Full simulation details by Fuchs et al. POPC:POPG mixture with additional calcium 24.Simulation details by A. Kiirikki.

POPC and POPC:POPG (7:3) mixture 25.Simulation details by A. Peon.

S6.2 CHARMM36ua

POPE Data is available at. 25 26. Simulation details by T. Piggot.

S6.3 Slipids

POPE Data is available at. 28 27. Simulation details by T. Piggot.

POPE with additional NaCl 28. Simulation details by A. Peon. I have assumed that ion parameters are default Slipids, i.e., Åqvist, please correct if this is not true.

DPPE with 288 lipids. The starting structure for simulation was constructed with the MEMBRANE BUILDER website: 105 288 DPPE lipids and 9386 water molecules. The TIP3P 106 water model was used to solvate the system. Simulation was performed for 200 ns, and the last 100 ns were used for the analysis. Simulation was carried out within the NPT ensemble using the GROMACS 5.0.4 package. 107 Timestep of 2 fs was used with the leapfrog integrator. The Nosé–Hoover thermostat 108,109 was used with reference temperature of 336 K and a relaxation time constant of 0.5 ps; lipids and water were coupled separately to the heat bath. Pressure was kept constant at 1.013 bar using a semi–isotropic Parrinello–Rahman

barostat¹¹⁰ with a time constant of 10.0 ps. Long-range electrostatic interactions were calculated using the PME method. ^{111,112} A real space cut-off of 1.0 nm was employed with grid spacing of 0.12 nm in the reciprocal space. Lennard-Jones potentials were cut off at 1.4 nm, with a dispersion correction applied to both energy and pressure. All covalent bonds in lipids were constrained using the LINCS algorithm, ¹¹³ whereas water molecules were constrained using SETTLE. ¹¹⁴ Twin-range cutoffs, 1.0 nm and 1.6 nm, were used for the neighbor lists with the long-range neighbor list updated every 10 steps.

POPG with 288 lipids. The starting structure for simulation was constructed with the MEMBRANE BUILDER website: ¹⁰⁵ 288 POPG lipids, 10664 water molecules and 288 Na ions. The TIP3P ¹⁰⁶ water model was used to solvate the system and Ions are described by the parameters derived by Aqvist. ³⁰ Simulation was performed for 250 ns, and the last 100 ns were used for the analysis. Same simulation conditions as DPPE with reference temperature of 298 K.

POPG with additional NaCl 29. Simulation details by A. Peon. I have assumed that ion parameters are default Slipids, i.e., Aqvist, please correct if this is not true.

DPPG with 288 lipids. The starting structure for simulation was constructed with the MEMBRANE BUILDER website: ¹⁰⁵ 288 DPPG lipids, 11232 water molecules and 288 Na ions. The TIP3P ¹⁰⁶ water model was used to solvate the system and Ions are described by the parameters derived by Aqvist. ³⁰ For the 298 K temperature, simulation was performed for 400 ns, and the last 100 ns were used for the analysis. For the 314 K temperature, simulation was performed for 200 ns, and the last 100 ns were used for the analysis. Same simulation conditions as DPPE for both temperatures.

POPC:POPG mixture with additional NaCl 30.Simulation details by A. Peon. I have assumed that ion parameters are default Slipids, i.e., Aqvist, please correct if this is not true.

POPC:POPG mixture with additional CaCl 31.Simulation details by M. Javanainen.

S6.4 Berger

POPE Data is available at. 43,44 32. Simulation details by T. Piggot.

DOPE Data is available at. 45,46 33. Simulation details by T. Piggot.

POPC:POPE, POPC:DOPE and DOPC:DOPE mixtures Data is available at. ^{100,101} 300 K with v-rescale (tau=0.1 ps), 1 bar with PR semiisotropic (tau=4 ps, compressibility=4.5e-5 bar⁻¹), PME order 4 and space 0.12, recoulomb and rvdw 1.0, 128 lipids per leaflet, no ion 34. Simulation details by Fuchs et al.

S6.5 GROMOS 43A1-S3

POPE Data is available at. 37 35. Simulation details by T. Piggot.

S6.6 OPLS-UA

POPE Data is available at. 39 36. Simulation details by T. Piggot.

POPE with vdW interaction in H Data is available at. 38 37. Simulation details by T. Piggot.

S6.7 GROMOS-CKP and GROMOS-CKPM

POPE Data is available at. 33 38. Simulation details by T. Piggot.

DOPE Data is available at. 36 39. Simulation details by T. Piggot.

DPPE Data is available at. 32 40. Simulation details by T. Piggot.

POPG 41.Simulation details by A. Peon.

POPC:POPG mixture 42.Simulation details by A. Peon.

S6.8 OPLS-MacRog

POPE 43. Simulation details by M. Javanainen and P. Fuchs.

POPC:POPE mixtures 44.Simulation details by P. Fuchs.

S6.9 Lipid17

POPE 45.Simulation details by A. Peon.

POPG 46.Simulation details by A. Peon.

POPC:POPG 47.Simulation details by S. Virtanen or O. H. S. Ollila.

S6.10 Lipid17ecc

48.This is to be finished and POPC:POPG mixtures to be described In ECC-lipid models, electronic continuum correction (ECC) is applied to implicitly include the missing electronic polarizability into the force field description. ^{13?} In practise, this is implemented by scaling the charges and Lennard-Jones σ s of headgroup, glycerol backbone, and carbonyl regions of Amber Lipid14/17 models are scaled by constant factors. Here, we follow the approach that previously improved ion binding to bilayers containing negatively charged PS lipids: [?] ECC-POPC parameters (scaling factors f_q =0.8 and f_σ =0.89 applied to Lipid14 POPC parameters) ¹³ were used for POPC and scaling factors of f_q =0.75 and f_σ =0.89 were applied to the charges and Lennard-Jones σ s of headgroup, glycerol backbone, and carbonyl regions of Amber Lipid17 POPG parameters. The Lipid17 parameters (described above) and initial configurations were taken from Ref. ⁶⁰ with the correct dihedral type, and the resulting parameters are available from Ref. ? . ECC-ion parameters with the scaled charges, ^{91–93} downloaded from bitbucket.org/hseara/ions/src/master/, were used in these simulations.

Table S1: List of MD simulations with PE lipids.

| lipid | force field for lipids / ions | NaCl (M) | $^{a}\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{l}}$ | $^b\mathrm{N_w}$ | $^c\mathrm{N_c}$ | ^{d}T (K) | $^{e}\mathrm{t_{sim}(ns)}$ | $f_{\rm t_{anal}}$ (ns) | g files |
|-------|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| POPE | CHARMM36? | 0 | 144 | 5760 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 400 | 22 |
| POPE | CHARMM36? | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 23 |
| POPE | CHARMM36? | 0.11 | 500 | 25000 | 50 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 24 |
| POPE | CHARMM36ua? | 0 | 336 | 15254 | 0 | 310 | 2×200 | 2×100 | 25 |
| DPPE | $Slipids^{26}$ | 0 | 288 | 9386 | 0 | 336 | 200 | 100 | 27 |
| POPE | $Slipids^{26}$ | 0 | 336 | ? | 0 | 310 | 2×200 | 2×100 | 28 |
| POPE | $Slipids^{26}$ | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 29 |
| POPE | Slipids / Åqvist 26,30 | 0.11 | 500 | 25000 | 50 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 31 |
| DPPE | GROMOS-CKP? | 0 | 128 | 3655 | 0 | 342 | 2×500 | 2×400 | 32 |
| POPE | GROMOS-CKP? | 0 | 128 | 3552 | 0 | 313 | 2×500 | 2×400 | 33 |
| POPE | GROMOS-CKP? | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 34 |
| POPE | GROMOS-CKP? | 0.11 | 500 | 25000 | 50 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 35 |
| DOPE | GROMOS-CKP? | 0 | 128 | 4789 | 0 | 271 | 2×500 | 2×400 | 36 |
| POPE | GROMOS 43A1-S3? | 0 | 128 | 3552 | 0 | 313 | 2×200 | 2×100 | 37 |
| POPE | OPLS-UA vdW on H? | 0 | 128 | 3328 | 0 | 303 | 2×200 | 2×100 | 38 |
| POPE | OPLS-UA? | 0 | 128 | 3328 | 0 | 303 | 2×200 | 2×100 | 39 |
| POPE | OPLS-MacRog ⁴⁰ | 0 | 144 | 5760 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 350 | 41 |
| POPE | $ m OPLS-MacRog^{40}$ | 0 | 128 | 5120 | 0 | 300 | 500 | 300 | 42 |
| POPE | Berger-Vries? | 0 | 128 | 3552 | 0 | 303 | 2×200 | 2×100 | 43 |
| POPE | Berger-largeH? | 0 | 128 | 3552 | 0 | 303 | 2×200 | 2×100 | 44 |
| DOPE | Berger-Vries? | 0 | 128 | 4789 | 0 | 271 | 2×200 | 2×100 | 45 |
| DOPE | Berger-largeH? | 0 | 128 | 4789 | 0 | 271 | 2×300 | 2×100 | 46 |
| POPE | LIPID17 ⁴⁷ | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 50 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 48 |
| POPE | $LIPID17^{47}$ | 0.11 | 500 | 25000 | 50 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 49 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

^aNumber of lipid molecules with largest mole fraction

3. Citation for CHARMM36 PE?

4. Which ion model is used in ²⁴?

5. Citation for GROMOS-CKP?

6. Citation for GROMOS 43A1-S3?

7. Citation for OPLS-UA models?

8.Citations for Berger-* simulations?

^bNumber of water molecules

 $[^]c$ Number of additional cations

 $[^]d {
m Simulation\ temperature}$

 $[^]e$ Total simulation time

 $^{{}^}f\!\mathrm{Time}$ used for analysis

 $[^]g$ Reference for simulation files

Table S2: List of MD simulations with PG lipids.

| lipid/counter-ions | force field for lipids / ions | NaCl (M) | $^{a}\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{l}}$ | $^b\mathrm{N_w}$ | $^c\mathrm{N_c}$ | ^{d}T (K) | $^{e}\mathrm{t_{sim}(ns)}$ | $f_{\rm t_{anal}}$ (ns) | g files |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| POPG/K ⁺ | CHARMM36 [?] 9. | 0 | 118 | 4110 | 0 | 298 | 100 | 100 | 50 |
| POPG | CHARMM36? | 0.11 | 500 | 25000 | 49 | 310 | 500 | 100 - 5 | 51 |
| POPG | CHARMM36? | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 52 |
| POPG/Na ⁺ | Slipids / Åqvist ^{30,53} | 0 | 288 | 10664 | 0 | 298 | 250 | 100 | 54 |
| $DPPG/Na^{+}$ | Slipids / Åqvist 30,53 | 0 | 288 | 11232 | 0 | 314 | 200 | 100 ! | 55 |
| $DPPG/Na^{+}$ | Slipids / Åqvist 30,53 | 0 | 288 | 11232 | 0 | 298 | 400 | 100 ! | 56 |
| POPG | Slipids / Åqvist 30,53 | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 ! | 57 |
| POPG | Slipids / Åqvist 30,53 | 0.11 | 500 | 25000 | 49 | 310 | 500 | 100 | |
| POPG | LIPID17 / Dang ^{47,59} | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 60 |
| POPG | LIPID17? | 0.11 | 500 | 25000 | 49 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 61 |
| POPG | GROMOS-CKP? | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | |
| POPG | GROMOS-CKP? | 0.11 | 500 | 25000 | 49 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 63 |

^aNumber of lipid molecules with largest mole fraction

10. Citations and ion model for CHARMM36?

11. Citation and ion model for GROMOS-CKP?

^bNumber of water molecules

 $[^]c\mathrm{Number}$ of additional cations

 $[^]d \mathrm{Simulation}$ temperature

 $[^]e\mathrm{Total}$ simulation time

 $[^]f$ Time used for analysis

 $^{{}^}g\mathrm{Reference}$ for simulation files

Table S3: List of MD simulations with PE and PG lipids mixed with PC.

| lipid/counter-ions | force field for lipids / ions | NaCl (M) | $CaCl_{2}(M)$ | $^{a}\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{l}}$ | $^b\mathrm{N_w}$ | $^c\mathrm{N_c}$ | ^{d}T (K) | e t _{sim} (ns) | ft _{anal} (ns) | g files |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| POPC | CHARMM36? | 0 | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 64 |
| POPC:POPG (7:3) | CHARMM36? | 0 | 0 | 350 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 65 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | CHARMM36? | 0 | 0 | 150:150 | 31500 | 0 | 298 | 500 | 400 | 66 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | CHARMM36? | 0 | 0.1 | 150:150 | 31329 | 57 | 298 | 400 | 300 | 67 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | CHARMM36? | 0 | 1.08 | 150:150 | 29766 | 578 | 298 | 500 | 400 | 68 |
| POPC:POPG (4:1) | CHARMM36? | 0 | 0 | 350:88 | 26280 | 0 | 298 | 500 | 400 | 69 |
| POPC:POPG (4:1) | CHARMM36? | 0 | 0.1 | 350:88 | 26280 | 47 | 298 | 500 | 400 | 70 |
| POPC:POPG (4:1) | CHARMM36? | 0 | 1.0 | 350:88 | 24927 | 451 | 298 | 500 | 400 | 71 |
| POPC | CHARMM36? | 0 | 0 | 256 | 8704 | 0 | 300 | 300 | 250 | 72 |
| POPC:POPE (1:1) | CHARMM36? | 0 | 0 | 128 | 8704 | 0 | 300 | 300 | 250 | 73 |
| POPC | OPLS-MacRog ⁴⁰ | 0 | 0 | 128 | 5120 | 0 | 300 | 500 | 300 | 74 |
| POPC:POPE (1:1) | OPLS-MacRog ⁴⁰ | 0 | 0 | 128 | 5120 | 0 | 300 | 500 | 300 | 75 |
| POPC | Slipid ²⁶ | 0 | 0 | 512 | 23943 | 0 | 298 | 170 | 100 | 76 |
| POPC:POPE (1:1) | Slipid 26 | 0 | 0 | 128 | 5120 | 0 | 298 | 500 | 300 | 77 |
| POPC | GROMOS-CKP / ?? [?] ? | 0 | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 78 |
| POPC:POPG (7:3) | GROMOS-CKP / ???? | 0 | 0 | 350:150 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 79 |
| POPC | Slipid ²⁶ | 0 | 0 | 500 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 80 |
| POPC:POPG (7:3) | Slipid / Åqvist ^{26,30} | 0 | 0 | 350:150 | 25000 | 0 | 310 | 500 | 100 | 81 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | Slipid / $Dang^{26,59,82,83}$ | 0 | 0 | 128:128 | 12800 | 0 | 298 | 500 | 400 | 84 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | Slipid / Dang 26,59,82,83 | 0 | 0.1 | 128:128 | 12800 | 23 | 298 | 500 | 400 | 84 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | Slipid / Dang 26,59,82,83 | 0 | 0.2 | 128:128 | 12800 | 46 | 298 | 1500 | 500 | 84 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | Slipid / Dang 26,59,82,83 | 0 | 0.5 | 128:128 | 12800 | 115 | 298 | 1500 | 500 | 84 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | Slipid / $Dang^{26,59,82,83}$ | 0 | 1.0 | 128:128 | 12800 | 230 | 298 | 1500 | 500 | 84 |

 $[^]a$ Number of lipid molecules with largest mole fraction

12. Citation and ion model for GROMOS-CKP?

^bNumber of water molecules

 $[^]c$ Number of additional cations

 $[^]d {
m Simulation\ temperature}$

 $[^]e\mathrm{Total}$ simulation time

fTime used for analysis

 $^{{}^}g{\rm Reference}$ for simulation files

Table S4: List of MD simulations with PE and PG lipids mixed with PC.

| lipid/counter-ions | force field for lipids / ions | NaCl (M) | $CaCl_{2}(M)$ | $^{a}\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{l}}$ | $^b\mathrm{N_w}$ | $^c\mathrm{N_c}$ | ^{d}T (K) | $^{e}\mathrm{t_{sim}(ns)}$ | ft _{anal} (ns) | g_{files} |
|--------------------|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| POPC:POPG (4:1) | Lipid17 / Dang ^{47,59,83} | 0 | 0 | 350:88 | 26265 | 0 | 298 | 400 | 350 | 85 |
| POPC:POPG (4:1) | Lipid17 / Dang 47,59,83 | 0 | 0.1 | 350:88 | 26124 | 47 | 298 | 400 | 250 | 86 |
| POPC:POPG (4:1) | Lipid17 / Dang 47,59,83 | 0 | 1.0 | 350:88 | 24840 | 475 | 298 | 1200 | 200 | 87 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | Lipid17 / Dang ^{47,59,83} | 0 | 0 | 150:150 | 31572 | 0 | 298 | 320 | 200 | 88 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | Lipid17 / Dang 47,59,83 | 0 | 0.1 | 150:150 | 31401 | 57 | 298 | 718 | 198 | 89 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | Lipid17 / Dang 47,59,83 | 0 | 1.0 | 150:150 | 29865 | 569 | 298 | 720 | 200 | 90 |
| POPC:POPG (4:1) | Lipid17ecc / ECC-ions ^{91–93} | 0 | 0 | 350:88 | 26265 | 0 | 298 | 400 | 300 | 94 |
| POPC:POPG (4:1) | Lipid17ecc / ECC-ions ^{91–93} | 0 | 0.1 | 350:88 | 26124 | 47 | 298 | 400 | 300 | 95 |
| POPC:POPG (4:1) | Lipid17ecc / ECC-ions $^{91-93}$ | 0 | 1.0 | 350:88 | 24840 | 475 | 298 | 400 | 300 | 96 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | Lipid17ecc / ECC-ions $^{91-93}$ | 0 | 0 | 150:150 | 31572 | 0 | 298 | 347.8 | 333 | 97 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | $Lipid17ecc / ECC-ions^{91-93}$ | 0 | 0.1 | 150:150 | 29865 | 54 | 298 | 400 | 300 | 98 |
| POPC:POPG (1:1) | Lipid17ecc / ECC-ions ^{91–93} | 0 | 1.0 | 150:150 | 29865 | 569 | 298 | 600 | 400 | 99 |
| POPC | Berger? 13. | 0 | 0 | 256 | 10240 | 0 | 300 | 300 | 200 | 100 |
| POPC:POPE (1:1) | Berger? 14. | 0 | 0 | 128 | 11008 | 0 | 300 | 300 | 200 | 101 |
| POPC:DOPE (1:1) | Berger? 15. | 0 | 0 | 128 | 10240 | 0 | 300 | 300 | 200 | 102 |
| DOPC | Berger? 16. | 0 | 0 | 256 | 11008 | 0 | 300 | 300 | 200 | 103 |
| DOPC:DOPE (1:1) | Berger? 17. | 0 | 0 | 128 | 11008 | 0 | 300 | 300 | 200 | 104 |

 $[^]a$ Number of lipid molecules with largest mole fraction

18.Citation and description for "Berger" model?

^bNumber of water molecules

 $[^]c$ Number of additional cations

^dSimulation temperature

 $[^]e$ Total simulation time

fTime used for analysis

 $[^]g$ Reference for simulation files

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