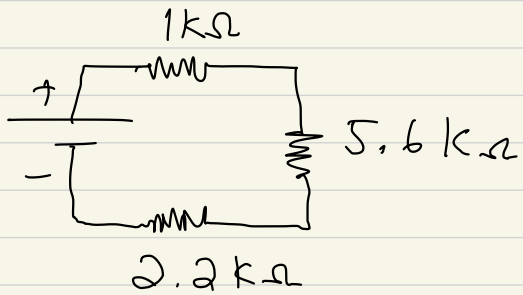
Chapter 5 H/W

Thomas Cow
9/28/21

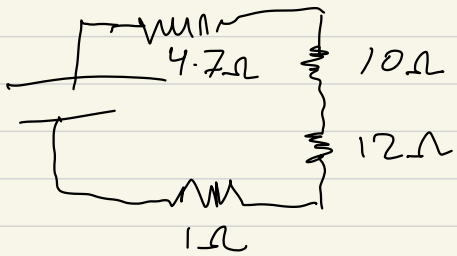
8, 19, 20, 23, 24, 31, 34, 36

8) a)



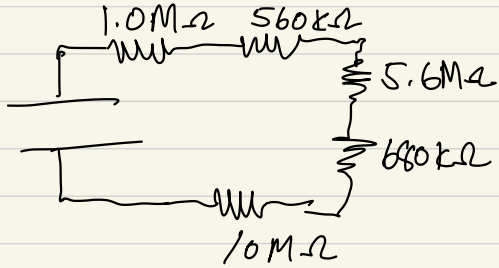
$R_T = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 = 1 + 5.6 + 2.2 = 8.8\text{k}\Omega$

b)



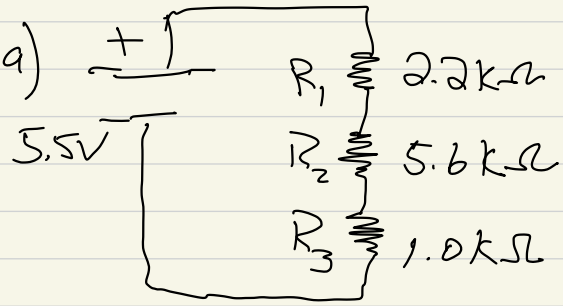
$4.7 + 10 + 12 + 1 = 27.7\Omega$

c)



$1 + 0.56 + 5.6 + 0.68 + 10 = 17.84\text{M}\Omega$

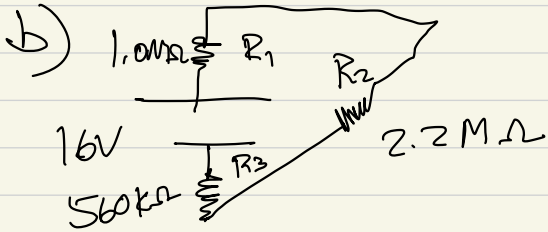
19) a)



$R_T = 2.2 + 5.6 + 1 = 8.8\,k\Omega$

$I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{5.5V}{8.8k\Omega} =$ **0.625 mA or 625 μA**

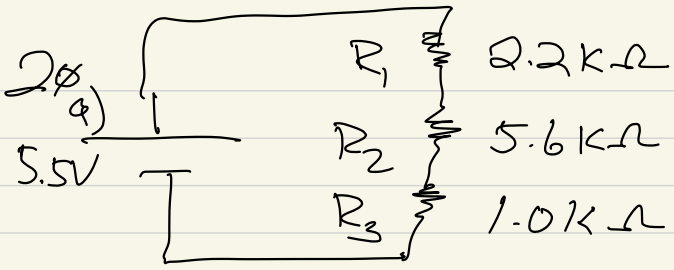
b)



$R_T = 1 + 2.2 + 0.56 = 3.76\,M\Omega$

$I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{16V}{3.76M\Omega} =$ **4.26 μA**

2) a)



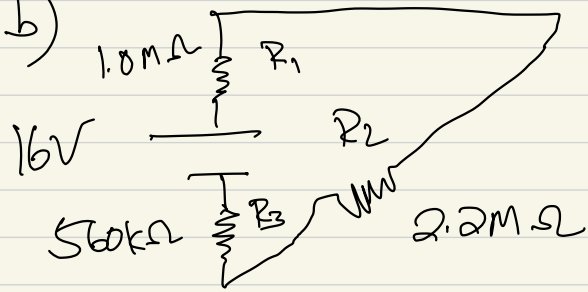
$I = 625\mu A$

$V_{R_1} = I \cdot R_1 = (625\mu A)(2.2k\Omega) = 1.375V$

$V_{R_2} = I \cdot R_2 = (625\mu A)(5.6k\Omega) = 3.5V$

$V_{R_3} = I \cdot R_3 = (625\mu A)(1.0k\Omega) = 0.625V$

b)



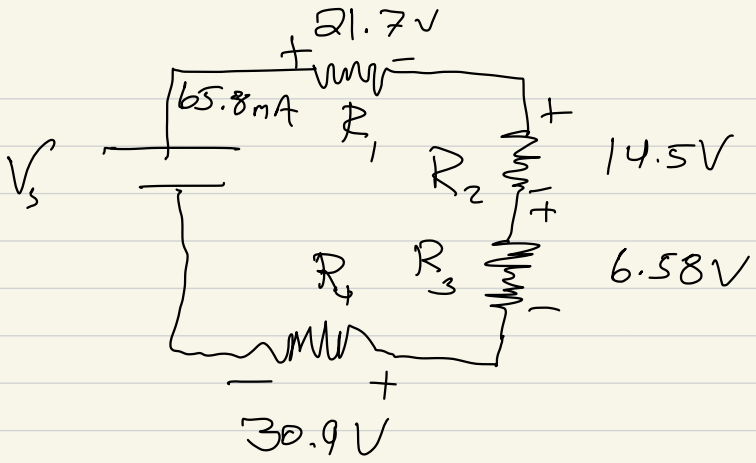
$I = 4.26\mu A$

$V_{R_1} = I \cdot R_1 = (4.26\mu A)(1.0M\Omega) = 4.26V$

$V_{R_2} = I \cdot R_2 = (4.26\mu A)(2.2M\Omega) = 9.372V$

$V_{R_3} = I \cdot R_3 = (4.26\mu A)(0.560M\Omega) = 2.386V$

23)



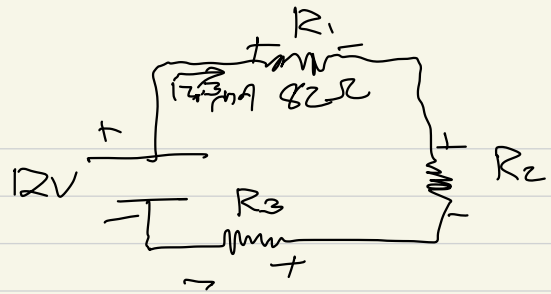
$$R_1 = \frac{V_1}{I} = \frac{21.7V}{65.8mA} = 329.787\Omega$$

$$R_2 = \frac{V_2}{I} = \frac{14.5V}{65.8\ mA} = 220.365\Omega$$

$$R_3 = \frac{V_3}{I} = \frac{6.58V}{65.8mA} = 100\Omega$$

$$R_4 = \frac{V_4}{I} = \frac{30.9V}{65.8mA} = 469.605\Omega$$

24)



$I = 12.3\ mA$

Find V_{R_1}, R_2, R_3

$V_{R_1} = I \cdot R_1 = (12.3mA)(82\Omega) = 1.009\,V$

$R_3 = \frac{V_{R_3}}{I} = \frac{(2.21V)}{(12.3mA)} = 179.675\,\Omega$

$V_T - V_{R_1} - V_{R_2} - V_{R_3} = 0$

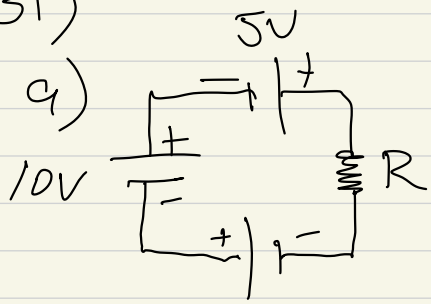
$V_{R_2} = V_T - V_{R_1} - V_{R_3} \Rightarrow$

$V_{R_2} = 12 - 1.009 - 2.21 = 8.781V$

$R_2 = \frac{V_{R_2}}{I} = \frac{8.781}{12.3mA} = 713.902$

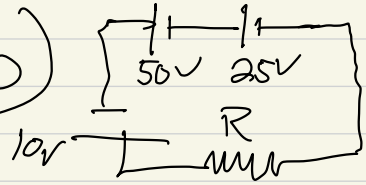
31)

a)



$10V + 8V + 5V = \boxed{23V}$

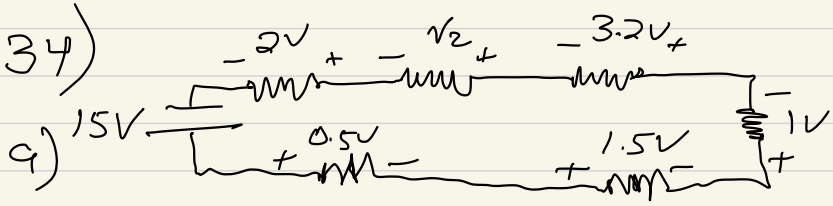
b)



$25V + 50V + 10V = \boxed{85V}$

34)

a)



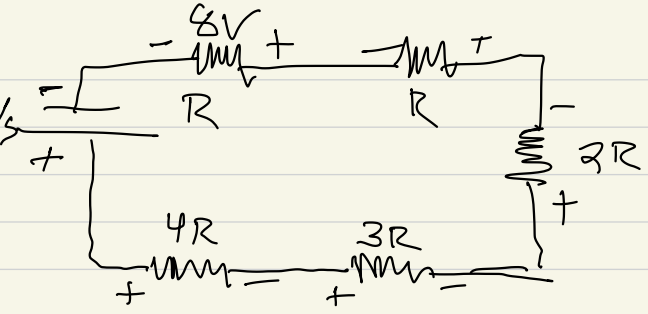
$V_T - V_1 - V_2 - V_3 - V_4 - V_5 - V_6 = 0$

$V_2 = V_T - V_1 - V_3 - V_4 - V_5 - V_6$

$V_2 = 15V - 2V - 3.2V - 1V - 1.5V - 0.5V$

$= \boxed{6.8V}$

b)



$$R_T = R + R + 2R + 3R + 4R = 11R$$

$$V_{R_1} = 8V$$

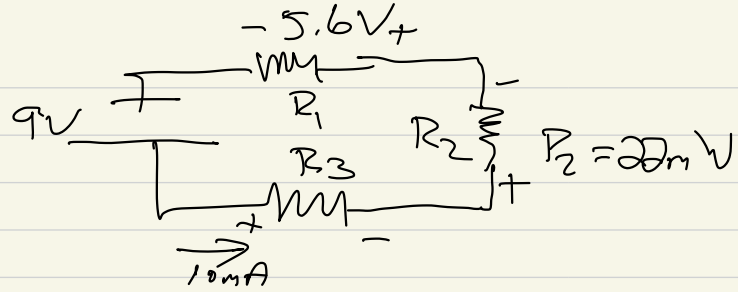
$$V_{R_2} = I R_2 = I R_1 = V_{R_1} = 8V$$

$$V_{R_3} = I R_3 = I\,2(R_2) \Rightarrow 2(IR_2) = 2(8V) = 16V$$

$$V_{R_4} = I R_4 = I\,3(R_2) \Rightarrow 3(IR_2) = 3(8V) = 24V$$

$$V_{R_5} = I R_5 = I\,4(R_2) = 4(IR_2) = 4(8V) = 32V$$

36)



$I = 10mA$

$V_T = 9V$

$V_{R_1} = 5.6V$

$$R_1 = \frac{V_{R_1}}{I} = \frac{5.6V}{10mA} = \boxed{560\Omega}$$

$$P_2 = I^2 R_2 \Rightarrow R_2 = \frac{P_2}{I^2} = \frac{22mW}{(10mA)^2} = \boxed{220\Omega}$$

$$V_{R_2} = I \cdot R_2 = (10mA)(220\Omega) = 2.2V$$

$$V_T - V_{R_3} - V_{R_2} - V_{R_1} = 0$$

$$V_{R_3} = V_T - V_{R_2} - V_{R_1} = 9V - 2.2V - 5.6V = 1.2V$$

$$R_3 = \frac{V_{R_3}}{I} = \frac{1.2V}{10mA} = \boxed{120\Omega}$$