

Udacity_Project 1_Explore Weather Trends

July 18, 2020

#

Udacity Data Analysis Nanodegree

##

Project: Weather Trends Dataset

###

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```
[47]: #import necessary modules
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
```

0.2 Data Wrangling

```
[48]: #read in dataset with London temperatures
df_london = pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\noama\LondonTemperature.csv')
```

```
[49]: #inspect first 5 rows of dataset with temperature data on London
df_london.head()
```

```
[49]:
```

| | year | city | country | avg_temp |
|---|------|--------|----------------|----------|
| 0 | 1743 | London | United Kingdom | 7.54 |
| 1 | 1744 | London | United Kingdom | 10.34 |
| 2 | 1745 | London | United Kingdom | 4.13 |
| 3 | 1746 | London | United Kingdom | NaN |
| 4 | 1747 | London | United Kingdom | NaN |

```
[50]: #read in dataset with global temepratures
df_global = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\noama\GlobalTemperature.csv")
```

```
[51]: #inspect first 5 rows of dataset with global temperature data
df_global.head()
```

```
[51]:   year  avg_temp
0  1750     8.72
1  1751     7.98
2  1752     5.78
3  1753     8.39
4  1754     8.47
```

```
[52]: #combine London data with global data
df = pd.merge(df_london, df_global, how='outer', on='year',
              ↪suffixes=('_london', '_global'))
```

```
[53]: #inspects first 5 rows of combined temperature dataset
df.head()
```

```
[53]:   year  city      country  avg_temp_london  avg_temp_global
0  1743  London  United Kingdom           7.54             NaN
1  1744  London  United Kingdom          10.34             NaN
2  1745  London  United Kingdom           4.13             NaN
3  1746  London  United Kingdom            NaN             NaN
4  1747  London  United Kingdom            NaN             NaN
```

```
[54]: #remove city and country columns from merged dataset
df = df.drop(columns=['city', 'country'])
```

Exploratory Data Analysis

```
[55]: #inspect number of rows and columns
df.shape
```

```
[55]: (273, 3)
```

```
[56]: #calculate 10 year rolling for london temperatures
df['roll10_London'] = df.avg_temp_london.rolling(10).mean()
```

```
[57]: #calculate 10 year rolling for global temperatures
df['roll10_Global'] = df.avg_temp_global.rolling(10).mean()
```

```
[58]: #calculate summary statistics for numerical variables
df.describe()
```

```
[58]:
```

| | year | avg_temp_london | avg_temp_global | roll10_London | \ |
|-------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| count | 273.000000 | 267.000000 | 266.000000 | 255.000000 | |
| mean | 1879.000000 | 9.435880 | 8.369474 | 9.450353 | |
| std | 78.952517 | 0.751648 | 0.584747 | 0.370030 | |
| min | 1743.000000 | 4.130000 | 5.780000 | 8.802000 | |
| 25% | 1811.000000 | 9.040000 | 8.082500 | 9.203000 | |
| 50% | 1879.000000 | 9.420000 | 8.375000 | 9.415000 | |
| 75% | 1947.000000 | 9.880000 | 8.707500 | 9.620500 | |
| max | 2015.000000 | 11.190000 | 9.830000 | 10.701000 | |

| | roll10_Global |
|-------|---------------|
| count | 257.000000 |
| mean | 8.353961 |
| std | 0.452483 |
| min | 7.203000 |
| 25% | 8.059000 |
| 50% | 8.275000 |
| 75% | 8.642000 |
| max | 9.594000 |

```
[59]: #reshape merged dataset into tidy form
df_melt_roll10 = df.melt(id_vars=['year', 'avg_temp_london',
    ↪ 'avg_temp_global'], var_name='Location', value_name='Temperature', )
```

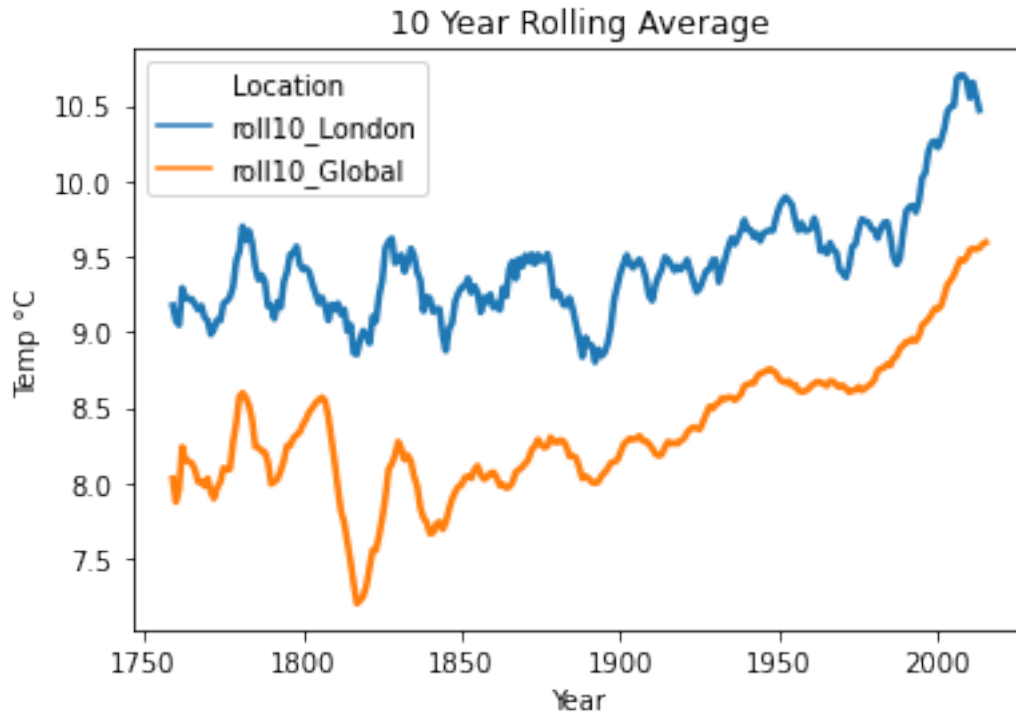
```
[60]: #inspect first five rows of tidy dataset
df_melt_roll10.head()
```

```
[60]:
```

| | year | avg_temp_london | avg_temp_global | Location | Temperature |
|---|------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0 | 1743 | 7.54 | NaN | roll10_London | NaN |
| 1 | 1744 | 10.34 | NaN | roll10_London | NaN |
| 2 | 1745 | 4.13 | NaN | roll10_London | NaN |
| 3 | 1746 | NaN | NaN | roll10_London | NaN |
| 4 | 1747 | NaN | NaN | roll10_London | NaN |

```
[61]: #create line plot of rolling average temperatures
g = sns.lineplot(df_melt_roll10.year, df_melt_roll10.Temperature,
    ↪ hue=df_melt_roll10.Location, palette="tab10", linewidth=2.5);

#set title and axis labels
g.set(title = '10 Year Rolling Average', xlabel = 'Year', ylabel = 'Temp °C' );
```



```
[62]: #export visualisation
      g.get_figure().savefig('10 Year Rolling Average.png')
```

Conclusion

Question: Is London hotter or cooler compared to the global average? > Answer: London is warmer than the global average, by around 1 degree

Question: Has the difference been consistent over time? > Answer: Yes, the difference appears to be consistent over time.

Question: How does London's temperature compare to the changes in the global average over time? > Answer: The trends align over time.

Question: What does the overall trend look like? > Answer: Both are trending upwards.

Question: Is the world getting hotter or cooler? > Answer: The world has been getting warmer.

Question: Has the trend been consistent over the last few hundred years? > Answer: This trend has been consistent over the last 150 years.

[]: