

Land DA System Training

Connecting to an HPC Environment on Windows

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Introduction to SSH

- A **Secure SHell** (SSH) tunnel creates an encrypted connection between two computer systems. This allows users to:
 - Access and use a remote system via the command line on their local machine.
 - Transfer data securely between two systems.
- Many HPC platforms are accessed via SSH from a user's computer.
 - NOAA RDHPCS
 - Academic HPCs
 - Commercial cloud platforms (e.g., AWS EC2s)

Introduction to SSH

- To use key-based authentication, you first need to generate public/private key pairs for your client. You can use **ssh-keygen.exe** to generate key files, and you can specify the following key-generation algorithms:
 - Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA)
 - Rivest-Shamir-Adleman (RSA)
 - Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA)
 - Ed25519
- To see the available options, run the **ssh-keygen** command with the **-t** flag
- ed25519 is the default algorithm. A strong algorithm and key length should be used, such as ECDSA.

Generate public/private key pair

- Open the PowerShell or Command Prompt application
- To generate key files using the ECDSA algorithm, run the following command in a PowerShell or Command Prompt window:

```
ssh-keygen -t ecdsa
```

- The output from the command should look like the following lines except that username is replaced with your username:

```
Generating public/private ecdsa key pair.
```

```
Enter file in which to save the key (C:\Users\username\.ssh/id_ecdsa) :
```

- To accept the default file path, select **Enter** ; otherwise, specify a path or file name for your generated keys.

Generate public/private key pair

- Next, you will be prompted to use a passphrase to encrypt your private key files. Leave the passphrase empty by pressing **Enter** twice:

`Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):`

`Enter same passphrase again:`

`Your identification has been saved in`

`C:\Users\username\.ssh/id_ecdsa.`

`Your public key has been saved in`

`C:\Users\username\.ssh/id_ecdsa.pub.`

Generate public/private key pair

- This should generate a public/private key pair in the directory you selected (default or other).

The key fingerprint is:

```
SHA256:OIzclYE7jL2Bzy8!gS0j8eGK7bYaH1FmF3sDuMeSj8 username@LOCAL-HOSTNAME
```

The key's randomart image is:

```
+--[ECDSA 256]--+
|                |
|                |
|      .         |
|      o         |
|      . + + .   |
|    o B * = .   |
|    o= B S .    |
|    . = B O o   |
|    + = + % o   |
|  * o o . O . E |
| + . o + = o . . |
+-----[SHA256]-----+
```

Generate public/private key pair

- Now you have a public/private ECDSA key pair in the specified location. The `.pub` file is the public key, and the file without an extension is the private key:
- Use a text editor of your choice to view the public key file or view it in the command line:

```
type /Users/<username>/.ssh/id_ed25519_student(n) .pub
```

- Copy-paste the public key contents to the workshop administrator via the Slack workspace channel `#cadre-epic-data-assimilation-training` and inform them of your student number (i.e., student 5).

Generate public/private key pair

- NOTE: Two (2) keys are generated: a public and a private key. **DO NOT SEND THE PRIVATE KEY!** A public key will end in `.pub` and will start something like this:

```
ecdsa-sha2-nistp256 AAAAA
```

- And a private key will look like this:

```
-----BEGIN OPENSSH PRIVATE KEY-----  
AAAAAAAAAABAAAA  
11111111==  
-----END OPENSSH PRIVATE KEY-----
```

- Workshop administrators will add the public key to the authorization file on the bastion host, which will allow you to log in.

Connecting to an HPC Environment

- Ensure that the Windows SSH client (OpenSSH) is installed and configured. Information on how to perform this task can be found here:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/terminal/tutorials/ssh>

- Access the HPC environment using Windows Powershell or Command Prompt through the bastion host proxy by issuing the command below:

```
ssh -i C:\Users\<User>/.ssh/id_ecdsa student(n)@137.75.93.46
```

where C:\Users\<User>/.ssh/ is replaced with the path to the `id_ecdsa` file on the user's system.

- **NOTE:** This will only work during the training when the HPC system is active for the training!

Connecting to an HPC Environment

- The user may see a message asking whether the user wants to continue connecting.
- Verify that you are connecting to the correct system and enter **yes** to continue.

Connecting to an HPC Environment

- This should automatically redirect users through the bastion proxy to the controller node of their HPC environment.
- If you run the `ls` command, you will see the Land DA container (`.img`) file, the `inputs` data directory, and a `rocoto` directory:

```
[ubuntu@ip-10-29-82-122:~$ ls
Land-DA_v2.1_inputs.tar.gz  rocoto
inputs                      ubuntu22.04-intel-landda-daconsortium.img
```