

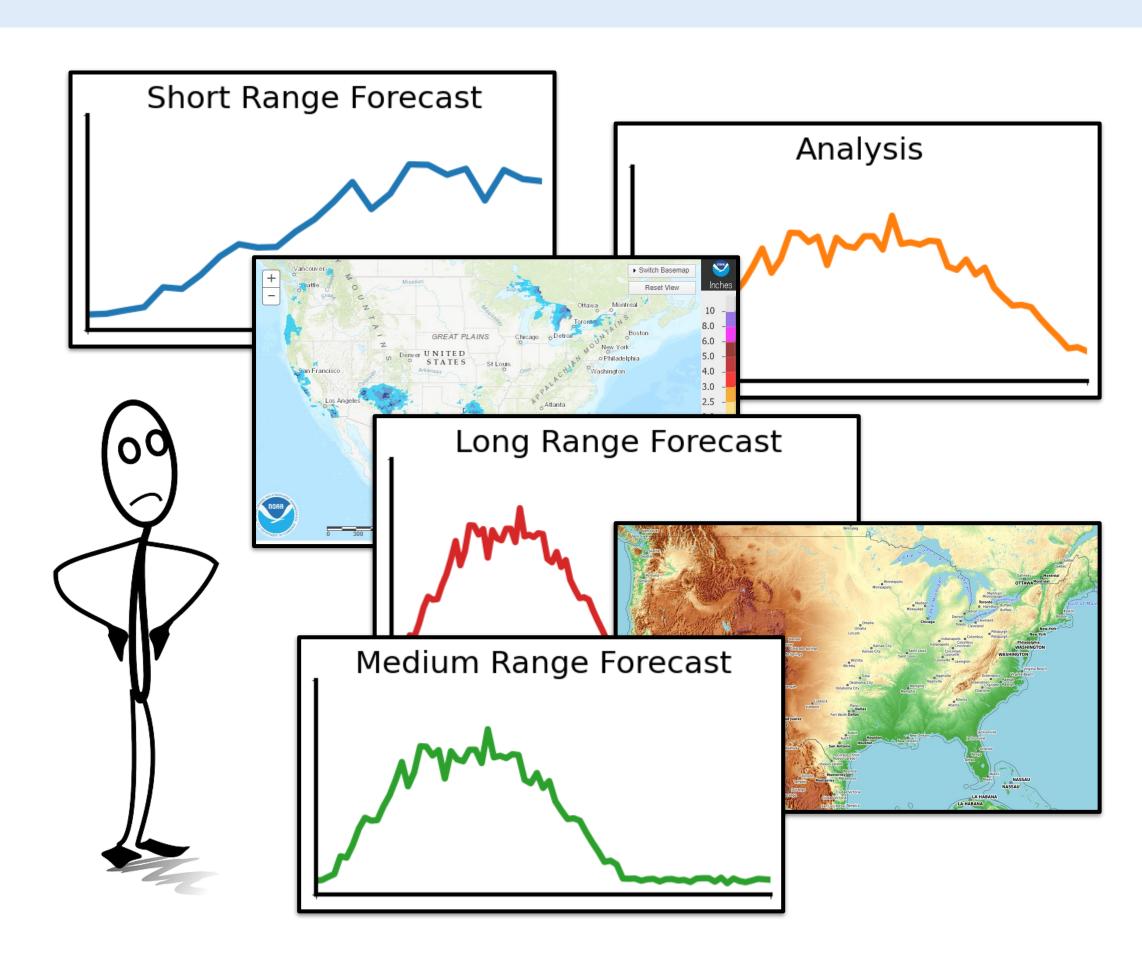
Selection and Use of Model Evaluation Metrics of Multi-decadal Hydrological Simulations to Support Operational Hydrological Forecasting

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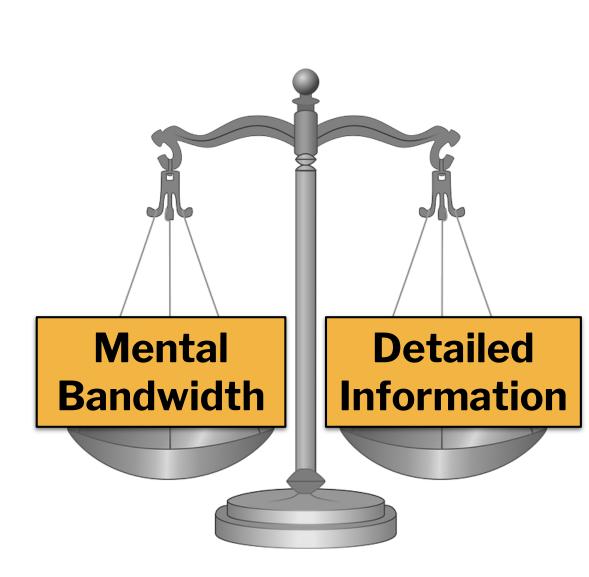
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HOW ACCURATE IS THIS MODEL?



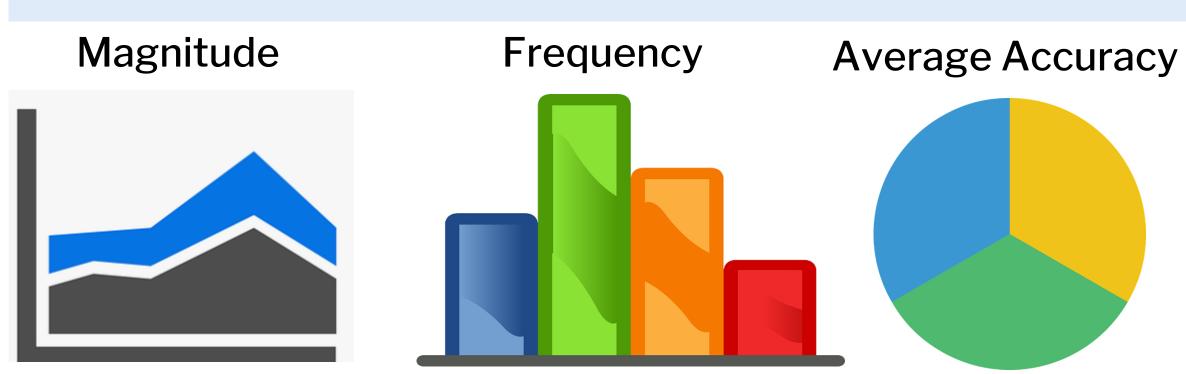
National Water Center (NWC) operations, guidance, and flood inundation products are primarily based on output from the National Water Model (NWM), but how accurate is model output?

THE METRICS CHALLENGE



Model evaluation metrics offer a summary of the model's accuracy compared to a benchmark (typically observations). No single metric offers a full picture of the model, so we use multiple metrics. However, too many metrics or a redundant combination of metrics can be misleading or hard to understand.

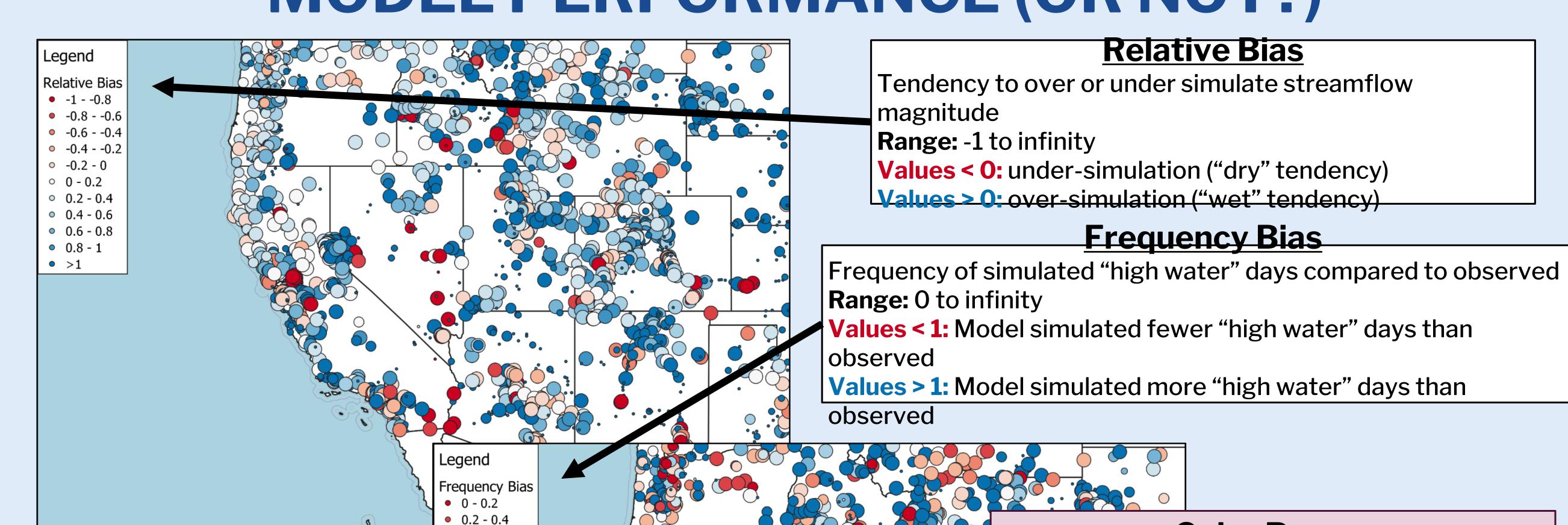
KEEP IT SIMPLE



Feedback from forecasters indicated particular interest in three aspects of model evaluation: streamflow magnitude, flood frequency, and average accuracy. We focused on relative bias, frequency bias, and critical success index of simulated daily maximum streamflow.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

GENERALIZING CONTINENTAL SCALE MODEL PERFORMANCE (OR NOT?)



• 0.6 - 0.8

NWM v2.1 Retrospective Evaluation

• 0.8 - 1

Sample Size

NWM v2.1 Retrospective Evaluation

Marker size is scaled to sample size. Larger circles = more observations.

NWM v2.1 Retrospective Evaluation

Average accuracy at simulating days with "high water" Range: 0 to 1 Closer to 0: Low accuracy

High Water?

"High water" is a continually developing concept at the NWC. It generally refers to a set of streamflow thresholds for each NWM channel feature that indicates unusually high streamflow

Color Ramps

Values are distinguishable based on

diametrically opposed colors.

• 0.4 - 0.6

0.6 - 0.8

0 1.2 - 1.4

• 1.4 - 1.6 • 1.6 - 1.8

• 1.8 - 2

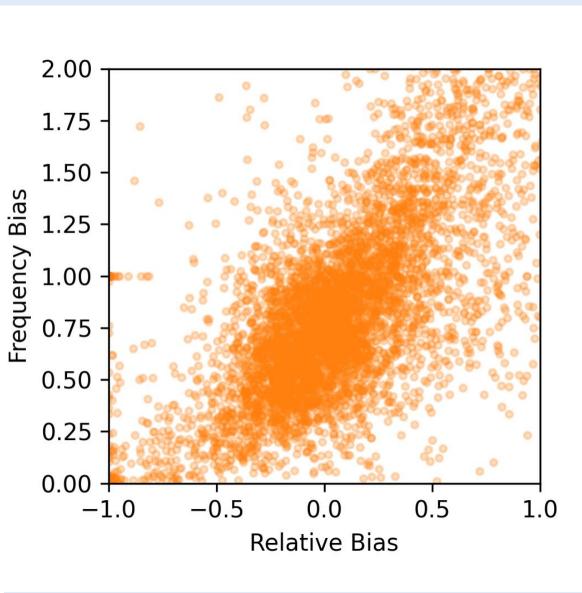
Small sample size points may skew the map.

Critical Success Index

Closer to 1: High accuracy

values.

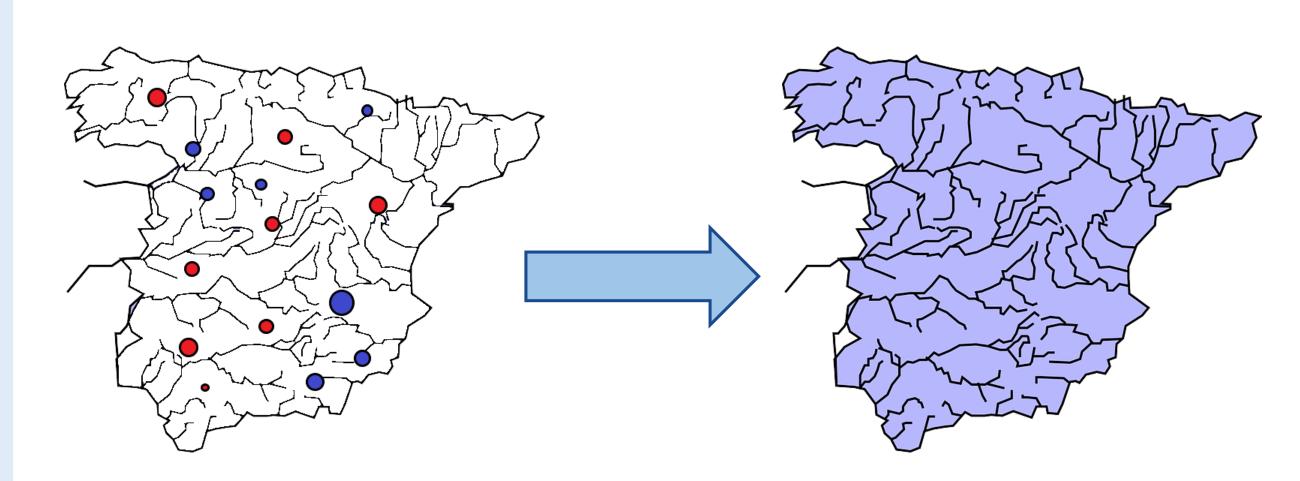
AREN'T THESE ALL JUST BIAS?



The metrics presented here can be highly correlated. Future work will focus on diversifying metrics to support operational flood guidance and working with forecasters to create more informative and detailed evaluations.

WHAT'S NEXT?

Can we spatially average metrics? Should we?



NWC hydrologic guidance products are based on hydrologic units (watersheds). Evaluations are based at streamflow gage locations. Forecasters have expressed interest in evaluation results summarized by watershed. However, spatial aggregation of evaluation metrics requires further research due to heterogeneity and nonuniform gage coverage.

REFERENCES

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DATASETS:

1. NOAA National Water Model CONUS Retrospective Dataset—Registry of Open Data on AWS, accessed 28 Nov 2023, https://registry.opendata.aws/nwm-archive/.

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