

# NOAA Atlas 15:

*Updated Extreme Precipitation-Frequency  
Estimation Methodology in a Non-Stationary Climate*

OWP | OFFICE OF  
WATER  
PREDICTION

***Debbie Martin, Sanja Perica,  
Janel Hanrahan, Lynne Trabachino***



**Center for Water Resources**  
Driving Sustainable Use of Water

# Acknowledgements

---

## IBSS

- Brian Beitler (Program Manager)
- Kevin Sanchez (Scientific Programmer)
- Cody Polera (Software Engineer)
- Jennifer Lake, Ryan Clare, Alana Shuvalau, Danielle White, David Tedesco, Jacquelyn Crowell, Sydney Lybrand, Victoria Clear (Hydrometeorologists)

## LAGO Consulting & Services LLC

- Idoliris Bacallao, Nestor Hernandez (Physical Scientists)
- Marcelo Lago, Maria Bravo (Statisticians)

## RTI International, Center for Water Resources

- Debbie Martin (Deputy Program Manager, CIROH PI)
- Sanja Perica (Chief Scientist)
- Lynne Trabachino, Janel Hanrahan, Bowen Pan, Joshua Eston (Hydrometeorologists)



# Overview

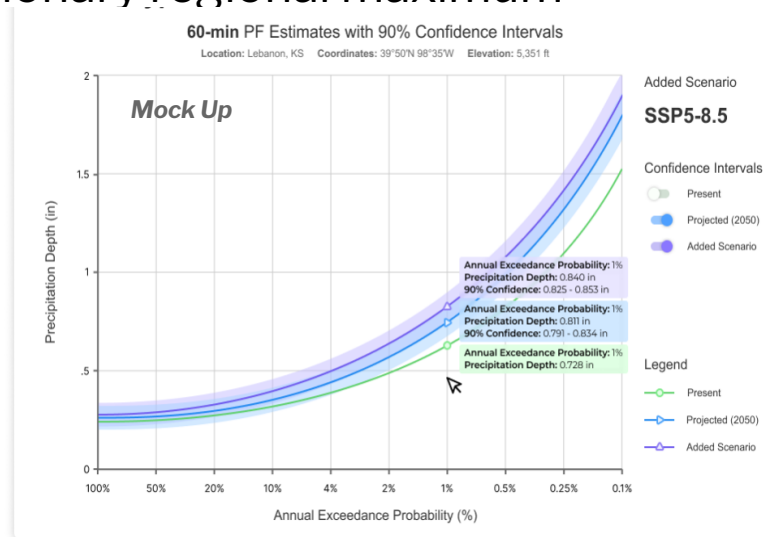
Following on to Assessment Report: *Analysis of impact of nonstationary climate on NOAA Atlas 14 estimates (2022)* → nonstationary regional maximum likelihood approach

- **Volume 1**

- Accounts for temporal trends in historical observations
- 5-minute to 60-day durations
- 1/2 to 1/1000 Exceedance Probabilities
- CONUS and OCONUS

- **Volume 2**

- Future estimates for all years until year 2100 based on future climate model data up to 5°C of warming
  - Scenarios options: SSP2-4.5, SSP5-8.5



➤ Peer Review of Pilot - 2024

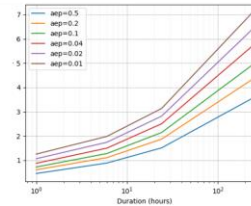
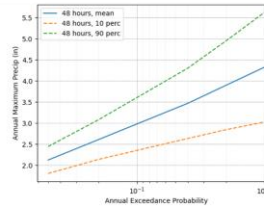
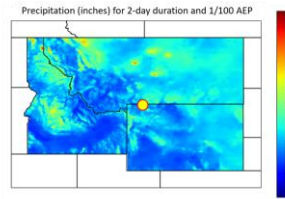
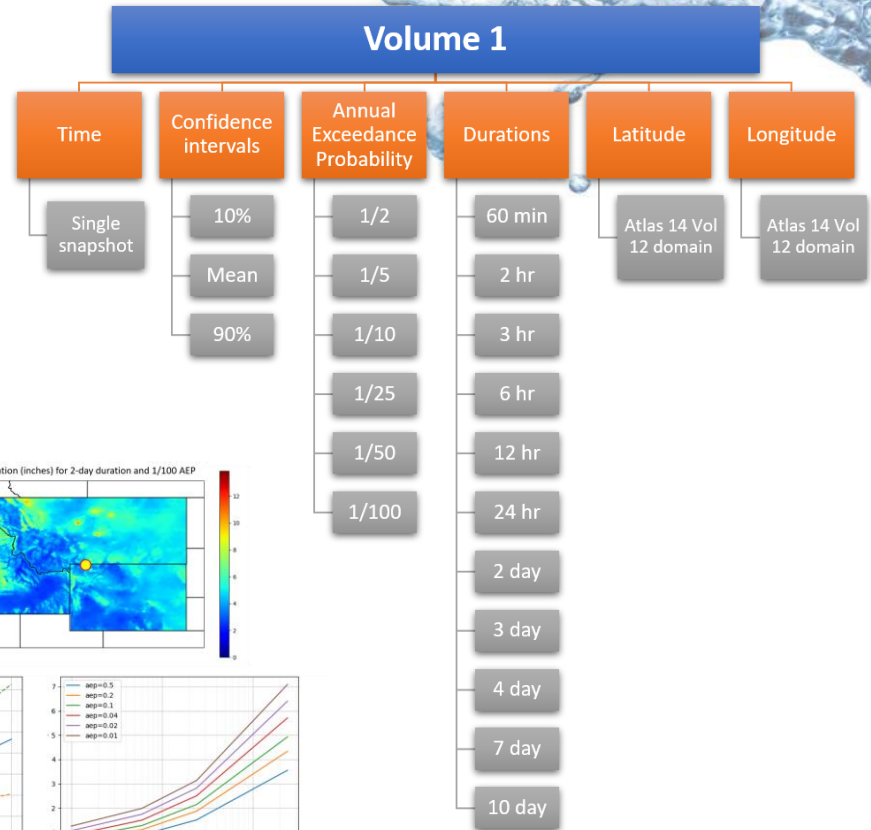
➤ Peer Review of CONUS - mid-2025

# Pilot Study over Montana

Study area is Atlas 14 Volume 12 region

## Volume 1 - Historical

- PF estimates/maps for 1-hr to 10-day durations and probabilities of 1/2 to 1/100
- Comparison with Atlas 14 estimates

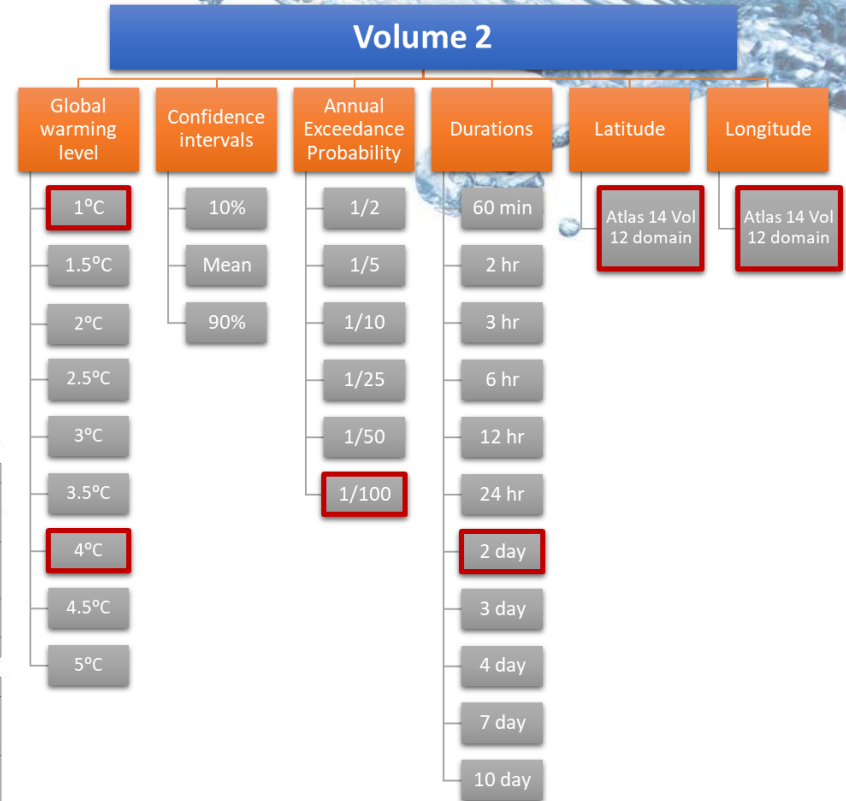
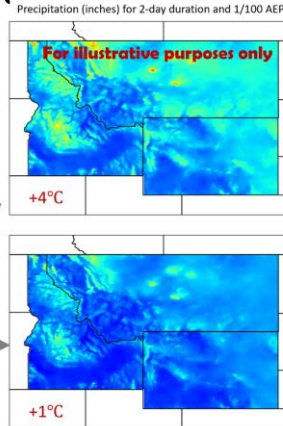
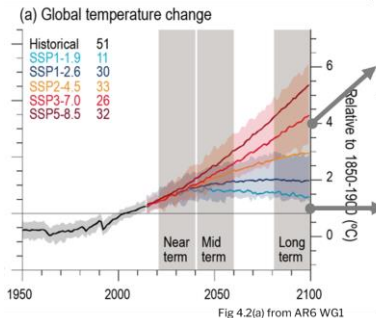




# Pilot Study over Montana

## Volume 2 - Future

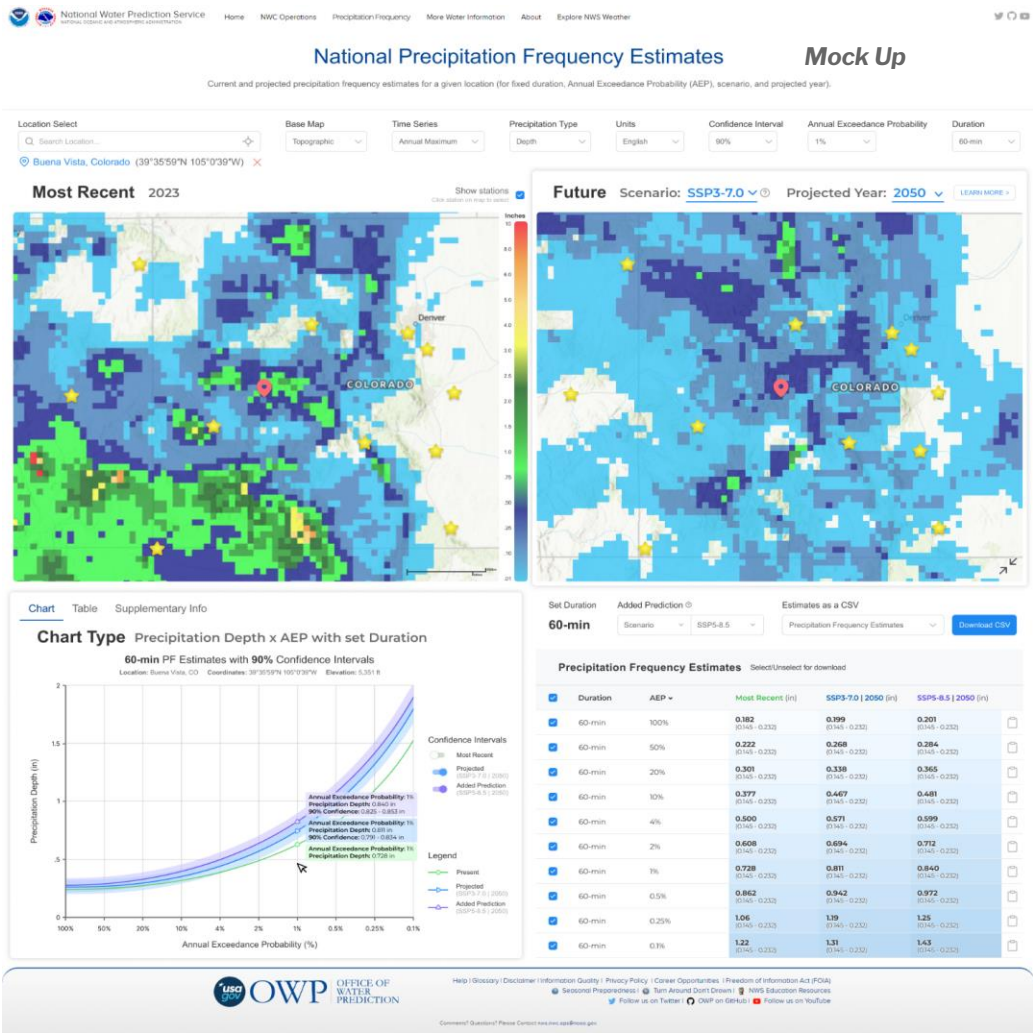
- Future climate model data used to generate estimates until year 2100
  - Scenarios options: SSP2-4.5, SSP5-8.5 for Global Warming Levels



# Web Delivery Mock Up

## Montana Pilot Public Peer Review in 2024

*In collaboration with  
OWP/Service Innovation and  
Partnership Division (SIPD) and  
Orion  
subject to change*





# Data Repository

---

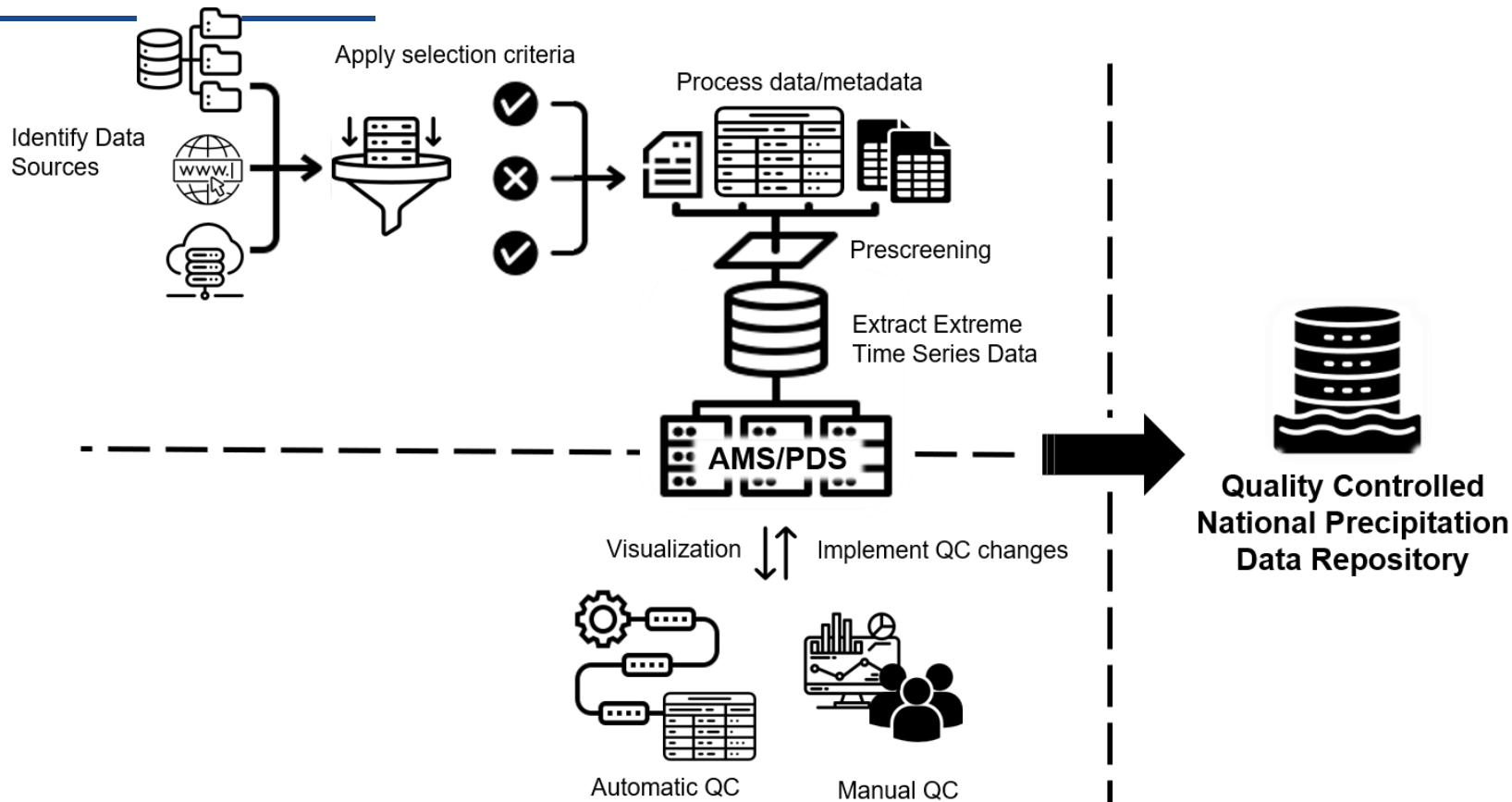
## Collect and QC observed historical precipitation gauge data

- Data discovery - 300+ datasets for CONUS and OCONUS
  - Need to identify priority datasets
- Collect, format and pre-screen precipitation observations
- Develop and implement QA/QC protocols
  - Metadata QC - ensure correct locations of stations
  - Annual maximum series (AMS) QC - verify, correct or remove high outliers
  - Station cleanup - removal of duplicates, merging to create longer records

## Maintain code repository for OWP

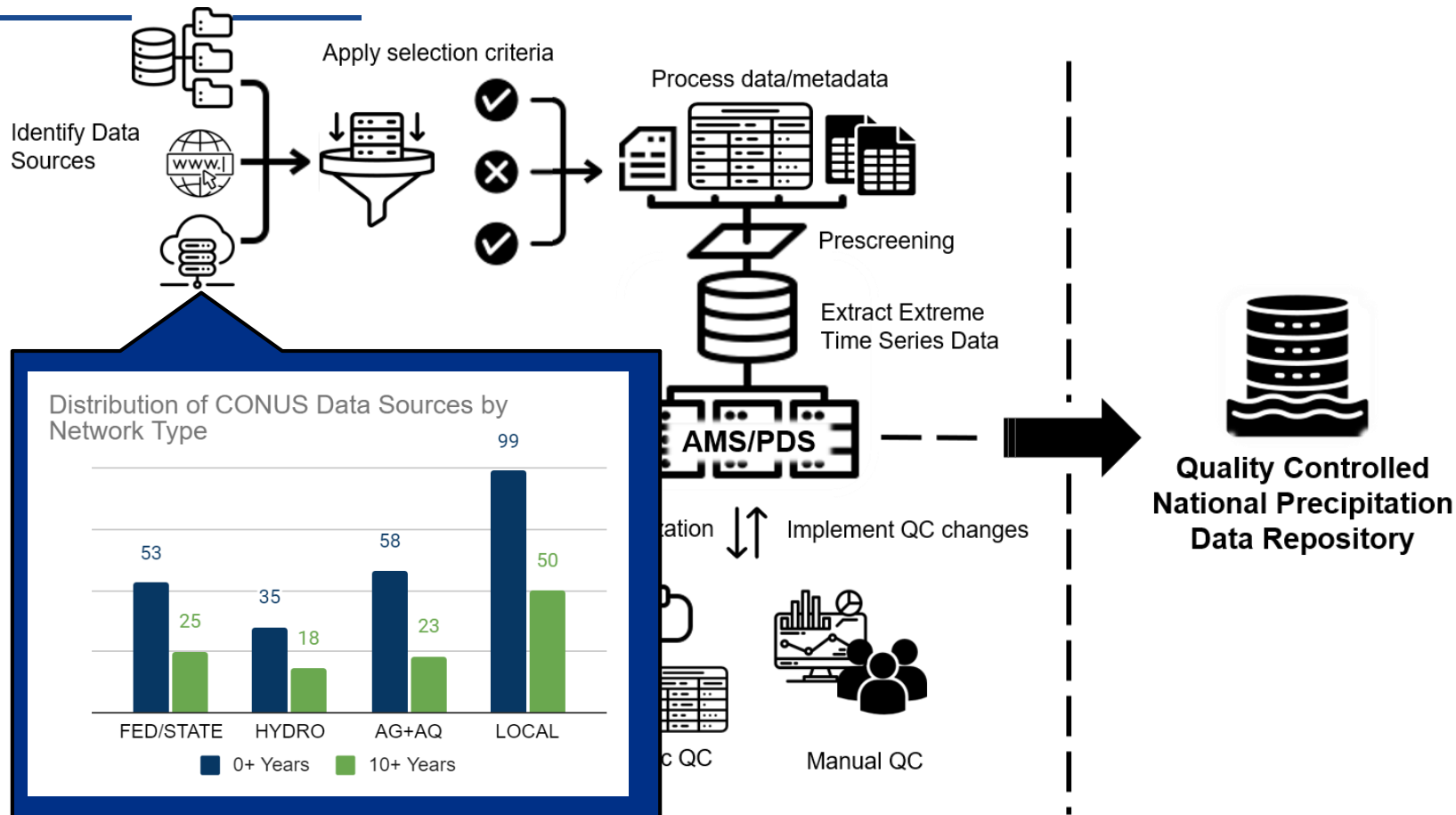
→ Automated and reproducible to the extent possible

# Quality Controlled National Precipitation Data Repository

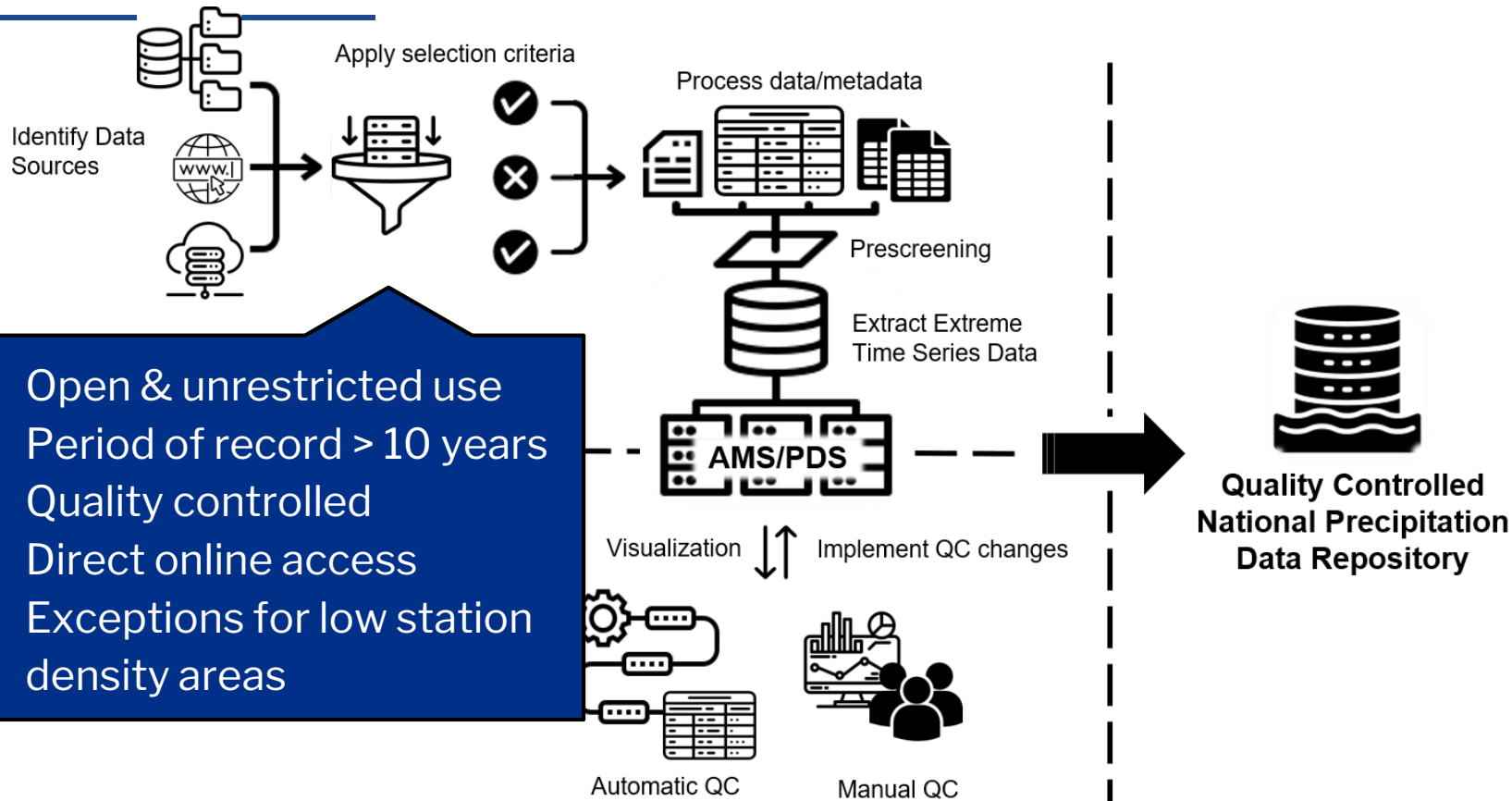




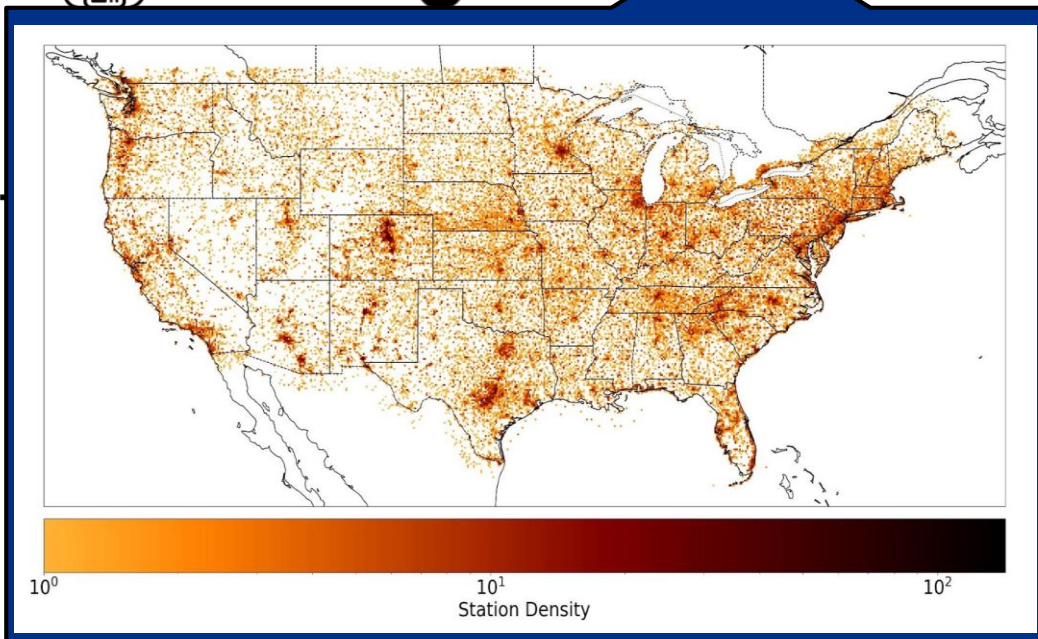
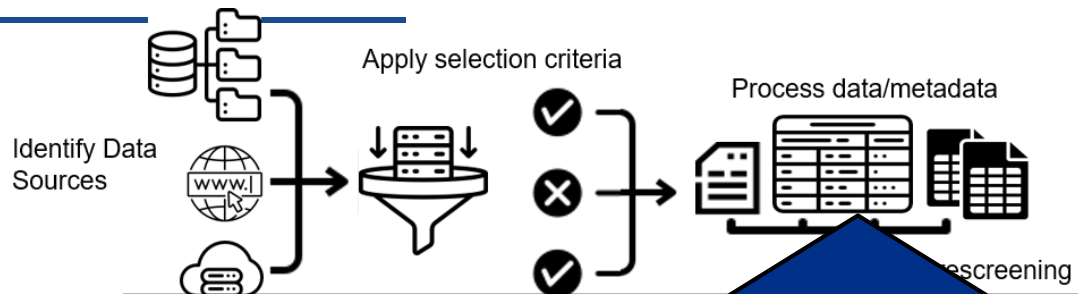
# Quality Controlled National Precipitation Data Repository



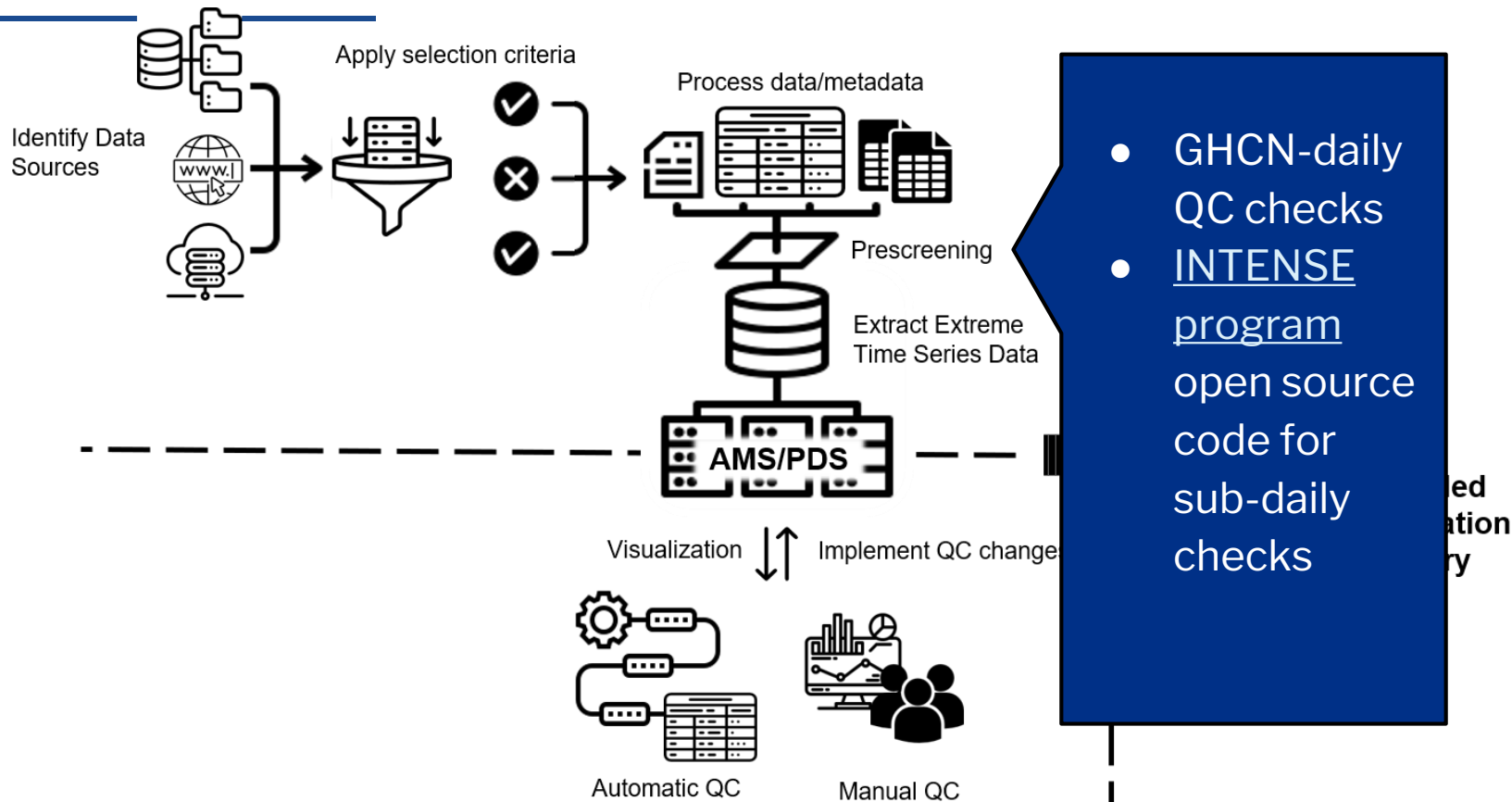
# Quality Controlled National Precipitation Data Repository



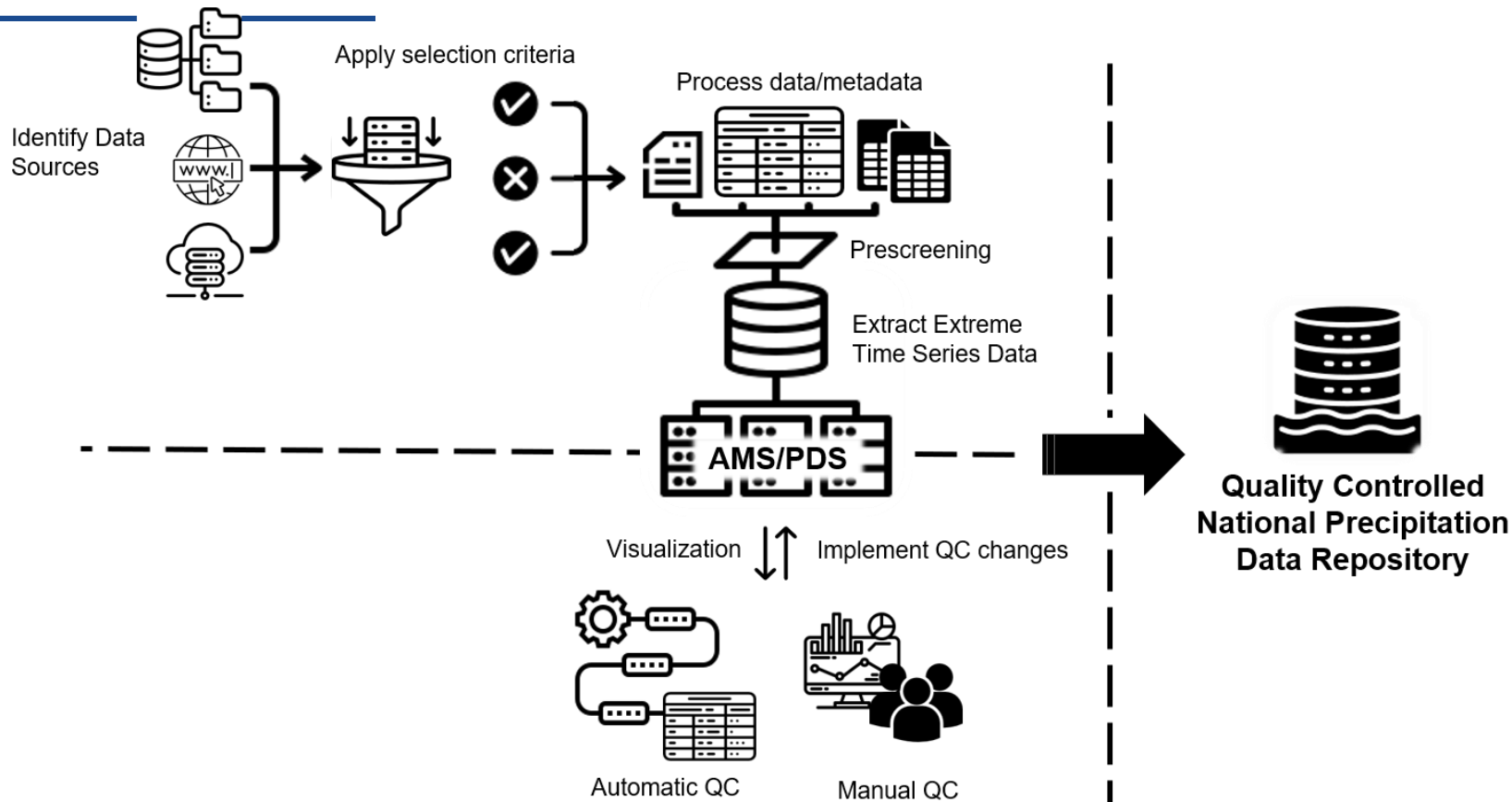
# Quality Controlled National Precipitation Data Repository



# Quality Controlled National Precipitation Data Repository



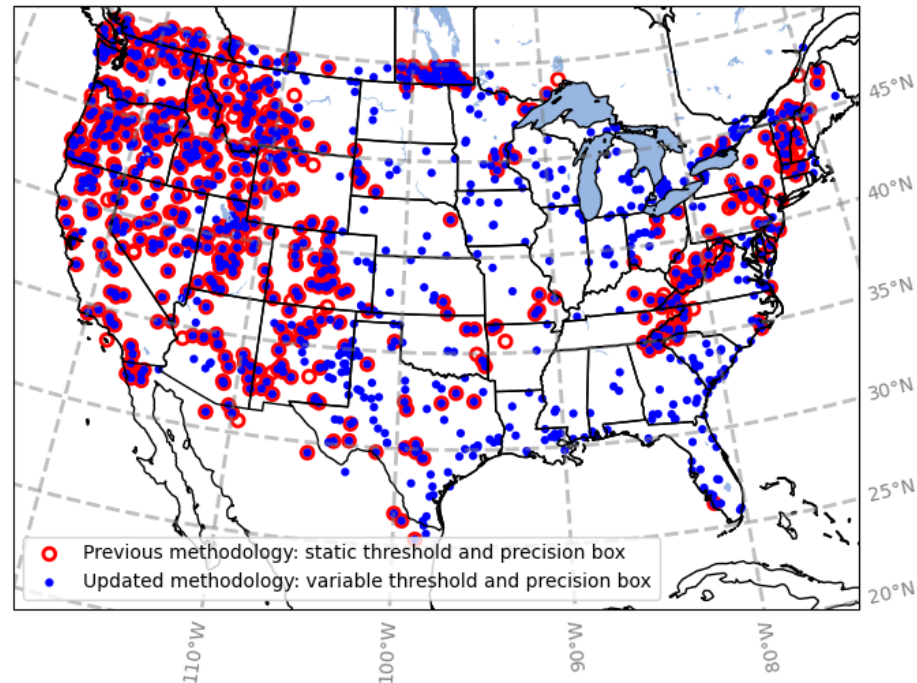
# Quality Controlled National Precipitation Data Repository





# Data Repository - Station Metadata QC

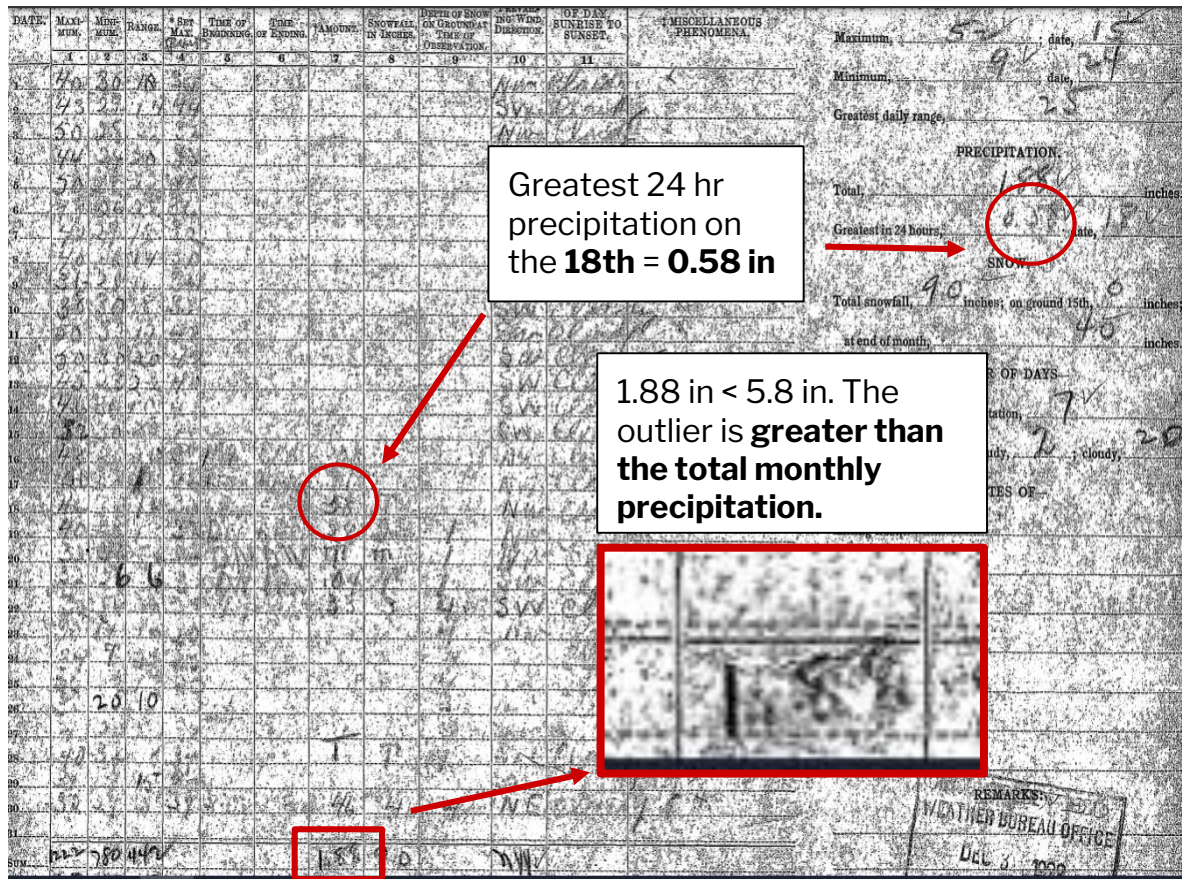
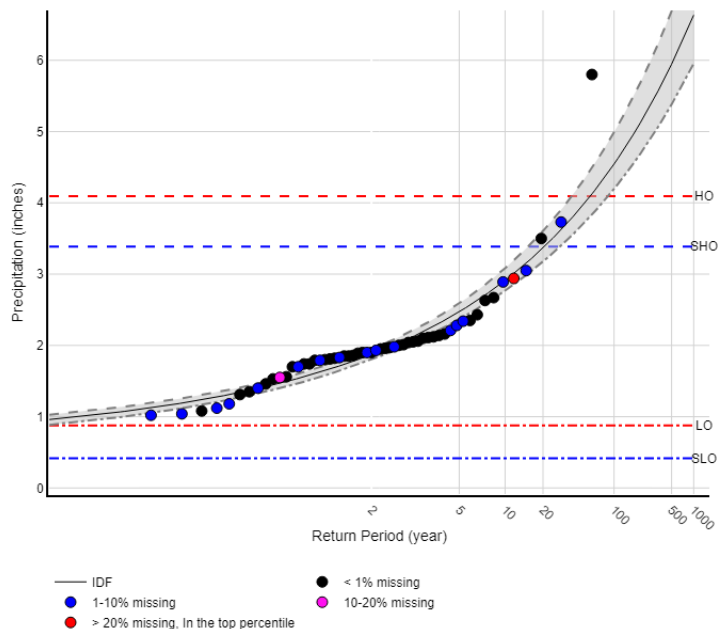
- Automated flagging of potentially erroneous metadata
  - Compare metadata elevation to DEM
    - Expanded applicability of elevation checks to include flat terrain regions
  - Gross checks for correct state/county



# Data Repository - AMS QC Example

**GHCN-Daily Station:** Higgins Lake, MI  
**AMS High Outlier:** 5.8 in  
**Date of Outlier:** 11-18-1928

Duration: 1-day | Station ID: ghcn daily: USC00203785

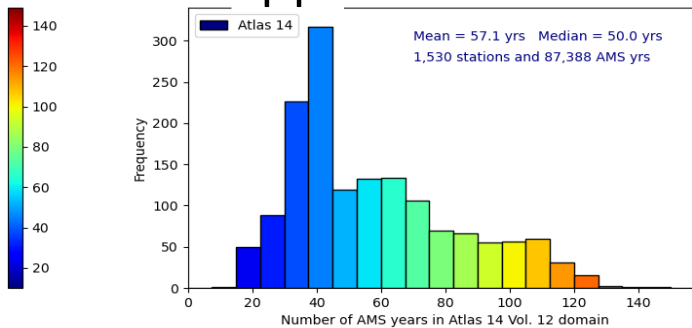
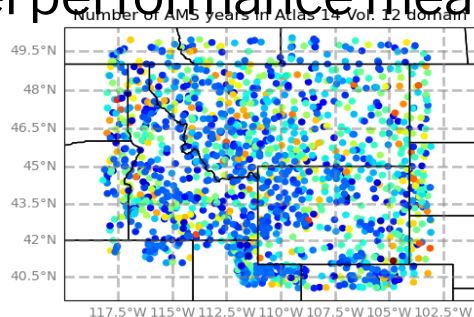


# Nonstationary Framework Methodology

- Development of improved methodology
  - Regionalization
  - Model performance measures
  - Confidence intervals
- Ensure adaptability for different climate regions

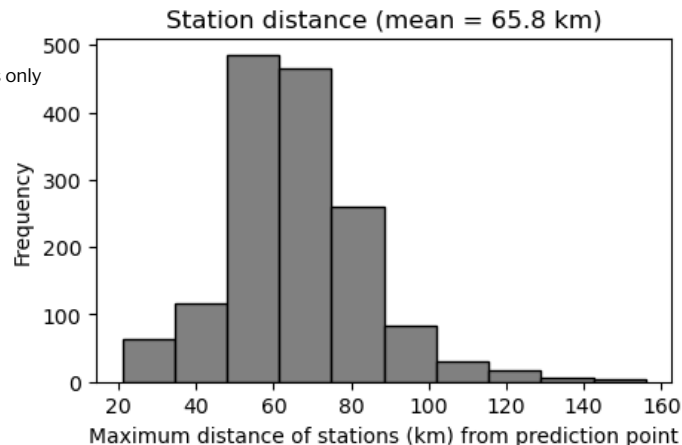
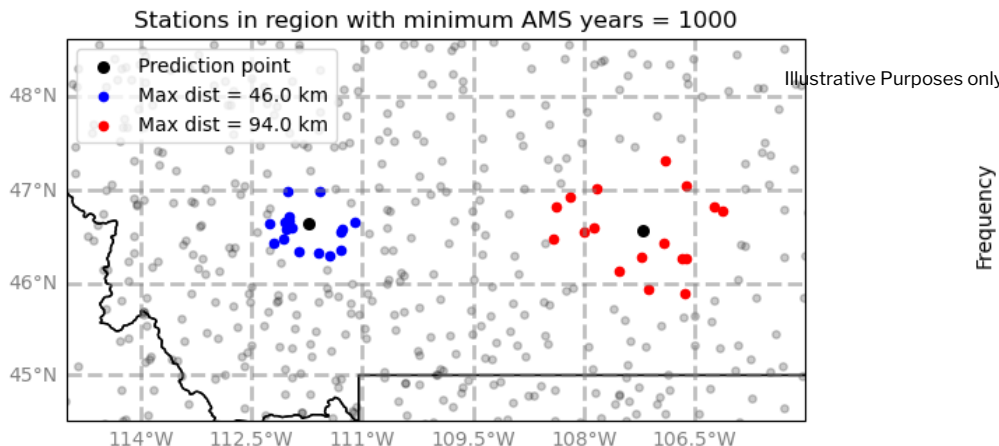
# Nonstationary Framework Methodology - Enhancements

- Impacts of station data
  - Resampled storm events within region
  - Inclusion of stations with differing record periods and length
  - Station weighting based on distance and/or other characteristics
- Identification of optimum covariates across CONUS/OCONUS
  - Spatial covariates (MAM, PRISM MAP, elevation, etc.)
  - Temporal covariates (time, CO2, radiative forcing, global temperature, etc.)
- Model performance measures and applications



# Nonstationary Framework Methodology - Enhancements

- Automating regional delineation
  - Adaptable search radius
  - Geographic attributes
  - Meteorologic attributes
  - Homogeneity/statistical testing





# Future Climate Estimates

---

- Climate Model Datasets-Considerations
  - Availability and limitations of model data (e.g., daily/subdaily; statistically/dynamically downscaled)
  - Best practices approach - analysis of multiple model datasets
- Vol 2 research will develop quantile adjustment factors to be applied to Vol 1 values

## In Summary

---

- Public involvement - Peer Reviews
  - Pilot Study in 2024
  - CONUS in 2025
- On-going Research and Development
  - Quality Controlled Data Repository
  - Improved Nonstationary Framework Methodology
  - Automated and reproducible to the extent possible



OWP | OFFICE OF  
WATER  
PREDICTION



***Thank You!***



Debbie Martin



Debbie.Martin@noaa.gov



<https://water.noaa.gov>