



Copernicus Climate Change Service



Common Data Model for in situ observations

C3S311a Lot 2: Global Land and Marine Observations Database

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Copernicus Climate Change Service - 311a Lot 2 Defining a Common Data Model

David I. Berry National Oceanography Centre, UK August 10, 2017

Summary

This document defines the initial version of the Common Data Model (CDM) developed within the Copernicus Climate Change Service (C3S) Access to Global Land and Marine Observations Database (C3S 311a Lot 2) service. This has been developed in consultation across the C3S 311a (Collection and Processing of In Situ Observations) Lots and ECMWF.

Tab separated versions of the code tables defining the data model can be found at:

https://github.com/glamod/common_data_model/tree/master/tables/tsv/

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Contents

1	Introduction 1.1 Purpose of this document	7
2	Background and existing standards 2.1 Observational sources and requirements of the data model	8 9 10
3	Common Data Model 3.1 Header table 3.2 Observations table 3.3 Station configuration 3.4 Profile configuration 3.5 Source configuration 3.6 Sensor configuration 3.7 Quality control flags 3.8 Uncertainty budget 3.9 Homogenisation data	10 13 16 19 26 32 38 49 49
4	Governance of the Common Data Model	50
5	Acknowledgements	50
6	References	51
7	Appendix 7.1 Observed variable	



List of Tables

1	Simplified example of records in ODB type data model, with observations from reports	
	1 and 2 spanning multiple records. For simplicity, the z coordinate has been omitted but	
	profile data would be represented with each layer / height as a separate record	9
2	header_table	13
3	observations_table	
4	station_configuration	19
5	station_configuration_optional	21
6	kind (NA)	21
7	station_configuration_fields	21
8	station_configuration_codes	23
9	profile_configuration	26
10	profile_configuration_optional	
11	profile_configuration_fields	
12	profile_configuration_codes	
13	source_configuration	
14	source_configuration_optional	
15	source_configuration_fields	
16	source_configuration_codes	
17	sensor_configuration	
18	sensor_configuration_optional	39
19	sensor_configuration_fields	
20	sensor_configuration_codes	
21	qc_table	49
22	uncertainty_table	49
23	homogenisation_table (NA)	50
24	observed_variable	
25	adjustment	
26	contact	
27	conversion_flag (NA)	
28	conversion_method	
29	organisation	
30	application_area (WIGOS 2-01)	
31	automation_status	
32	calibration_status (WIGOS 5-08)	69
33	communication_method (Various sources (WMO47, WIGOS, BUFR))	69
34		71
	crs (BUFR 0 01 150)	71 71
35	data_present (NA)	
36	data_policy_licence (WIGOS 9-02)	71
37	duplicate_status (Simplified version of duplicate status flags from IMMA (ICOADS))	72
38	events_at_station (WIGOS 4-04)	73
39	id_scheme	73
40	instrument_exposure_quality (WIGOS 5-15)	73
41	location_method (based on WIGOS 11-01 and BUFR 0 02 148)	74
42	location_quality	74
43	meaning of time stamp (Based on simplified version of WIGOS 11-03)	75

Copernicus Climate Change Service



44	measuring_system_model	75
45	method_of_estimating_uncertainty	75
46	observation_code_table	76
47	observation_value_significance (based on BUFR 0 08 023)	77
48	observing_frequency (WMO47 - 0602)	77
49	observing_method	77
50	observing_programme (WIGOS 2-02)	78
51	platform_sub_type (based on WMO47, ICOADS, BUFR 0 02 149)	
52	platform_type (IMMA (ICOADS) and BUFR 0 03 001 (0 - 31))	
53	processing_code	
54	processing_level (WIGOS 7-06)	
55	product_level	
56	product_status	
57	profile_type	88
58	quality_flag (BUFR 0 33 020)	88
59	region (WIGOS 3-01)	88
60	report_processing_codes	
61	report_processing_level	
62	report_type	
63	role (ISOTC211/19115 CI_RoleCode)	89
64	sampling_strategy (WIGOS 6-03)	
65	sea_level_datum (BUFR 0 01 151)	
66	secondary_variable	
67	source_format	
68	spatial_representativeness (WIGOS 1-05)	92
69	standard_time	93
70	station_type (WIGOS 3-04)	93
71	sub_region	
72	time_quality	
73	time_reference (WIGOS: 7-10)	
74	traceability (WIGOS 8-05)	
75	units	
76	update_frequency	
77	z_coordinate_method	
78	z_coordinate_type	



1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose of this document

This document defines the initial version of the Common Data Model (CDM)¹ developed within the Copernicus Climate Change Service (C3S) Access to Global Land and Marine Observations Database (C3S 311a Lot 2) service. This has been developed in consultation across the C3S 311a (Collection and Processing of In Situ Observations) Lots and ECMWF.

1.2 Scope

The defined common data model is intended for use with in situ land and marine observations. Instantaneous (or point) observations and temporal statistics (e.g. daily and monthly min / max temperatures, accumulation of precipitation etc.) are supported through the use of a significance qualifier. Similarly, profile data is supported through a z-coordinate for each observed value.

Whilst initially intended for use with observations of Essential Climate Variables (ECVs; e.g. GCOS, 2010) the data model is not restricted to the ECVs. Following the ECMWF Observations DataBase (ODB) type data model, the measurand (or observed parameter) is parameterized, as both the variable being reported and its value are specified in the data model.

Comprehensive metadata is supported through the use of configuration tables, recording information on:

- Source level metadata: e.g. original source of data, source data centre, citation information etc.
- Station level metadata: e.g. location, operating institute, parameters reported etc.
- Profile level metadata: Additional information for profile data, e.g. unwinder type, type of balloon or expendable bathythermograph (XBT) etc.
- Sensor level metadata: e.g. calibration history and status, sensor type / serial number etc.

Comprehensive quality control and uncertainty information can be recorded using linked Entity-Attribute-Value (EAV) tables.

1.3 Structure of this document

Section 2 of this document provides background information on the data model and existing relevant data models and standards. Section 3 forms the core section of this document and defines the primary observations table and associated configuration, quality control and uncertainty budget tables. Recognising that the data model will change and evolve as the requirements of the users and the C3S Climate Data Store develop, Section 4 proposes a governnce model for the CDM and outlines future developments.

¹As noted in the ITT: A common data model is different from a file format, which defines how information is encoded in a file. The purpose of a data model is to provide a well-defined data structure that can be used to represent data records from a variety of sources, in such a way that the information contained in those records can be unambiguously accessed using a common set of tools. Development of a common data model for observations involves specification of data attributes and their symbolic names, including, for example, identifiers for different instruments, observed parameters, geolocation and timing, etc. A governance structure is required to manage such specifications, ensure consistency with standards where they exist, and to ensure a controlled evolution of the data model.



2 Background and existing standards

2.1 Observational sources and requirements of the data model

Across the C3S 311a service (Collection and Processing of In Situ Observations) access will be provided to observations from surface terrestrial and marine environments and upper air data in a common data model. The observations included range from point observations made from moving platforms to daily and monthly statistics at fixed locations. The parameters reported include, inter alia: air temperature; humidity; wind speed; pressure; cloud cover information; present weather. The statistics include, inter alia: daily min, max and mean air temperature; accumulated precipitation over 3 or 24 hours; mean wind speed over the preceding 10 minutes. The full range of parameters and statistics to be reported will evolve as the service is developed. As new parameters are recovered from newly digitised sources and the reprocessed climate archives the list of parameters will need to expand.

Both surface level (terrestrial and marine) and upper air data will be initially included in the service. The surface level data include observations made at standard and non-standard heights. The upper air data will include multiple observations, starting at the surface and at increasing heights through the atmosphere, often as a function of pressure or geopotential height. As a result the data model needs to include the flexibility to record the height and the units used for reporting the height of measurement with every observation. Similarly, some reporting stations, and hence observations, will move in the horizontal plane, and the horizontal coordinates need to be reported with each observation. To avoid ambiguity, the CRS should be provided with each location reported.

The period covered by the service ranges from \sim 1850 to present. Over this period there have been many changes to the instruments and practices used to record the various parameters. The choice of instruments and practices will influence the quality of the observations and a change in instrumentation, or location, may introduce inhomogeneities into the record. To mitigate this risk comprehensive observational metadata are required. Similarly, information on adjustments and conversions applied to the data need to be recorded. The full range of observational practices and instruments used is not currently known and developed data model will need to be extendable to accommodate new metadata as required.

The observations to be included will be sourced from a variety of existing datasets, such as the International Comprehensive Ocean and Atmosphere Data Set (ICOADS; e.g. Freeman et al., 2017), and newly digitised sources. In defining the data model the provenance and lineage of the data sources need to be preserved. Similarly, usage rights and citation information need to be preserved and provided to users alongside the observational data.

In order to meet the above requirements a data model based on the ECMWF Observations DataBase (ODB) model has been developed, with the use of linked tables providing information on the observational and provenance metadata. The ODB type model allows for estension to new parameters through the use of a parameterized observation list (see next section). The linked tables will define a core set of parameters under 4 different categories (station, source, profile and sensor), flexibility will be provided through the specification of optional elements and associated decode tables.



2.2 ECMWF Observations DataBase (ODB)

The data model developed and used in the ECMWF Observations DataBase (ODB) software allows the representation of environmental data from many sources, including in situ observations and weather reports, satellite data and model output. As noted in Hersbach et al. (2015), in the ODB implementation a distinction is made between weather reports and observations and this same distinction is made within the CDM and this document. A weather report, such as a ship weather report or a radiosonde ascent, may contain multiple observations of one or more parameters. In the case of a ship weather report observations of the air temperature and humidity, sea level pressure, sea surface temperature, wind speed and direction are typically made and recorded in a single report. In the case of a radiosonde report observations of the temperature will be made at a range of levels from the surface to the burst point of the balloon. To enable flexibility and scalability with the ODB data model the different elements making up a weather report are split into header elements, recording information common across a weather report, and observational (or body) elements specific to a single observation.

In the original version of ODB, e.g. Saarinen (2004), these elements were split between a header table, containing the header elements, and a linked body table containing the observations or body elements. Within the body table the name of the parameter being observed, or its numerical code, is recorded in one column and the observed value within a second column. Other columns, recording information such as QC results, are permissible. This data model allows the efficient expansion of the data model to new variables, without the need to change the underlying structure, by the addition of the new variable to the enumerated list defining the reportable variables. Within the latest version of ODB (ODB-2; e.g. Hersbach et al., 2015) the header and body tables have been combined into a single flat table, with the header rows repeated, to enable efficient archival within the ECMWF MARS system. A simplified schematic of the ODB-2 structure is shown in Table 1.

Within the CDM defined in this document we have opted for the original ODB type data model, with the reports split into header and observational records stored within separate tables. These are described fully within Section 3 of this document. When these tables are stored in a relational database, or similar structure, performing a join on the tables should result in ODB-2 compatible records.

Table 1: Simplified example of records in ODB type data model, with observations from reports 1 and 2 spanning multiple records. For simplicity, the z coordinate has been omitted but profile data would be represented with each layer / height as a separate record

		head	der information	n	observatio	n inform	ation
reco	rdrepo	rt obs	date	location	parameter	value	units
id	id	id					
1	1	1	2012-01-01	POINT(-40 40)	air temper-	300.0	K
			12:00+0.0		ature		
2	1	2	2012-01-01	POINT(-40 40)	sea level	1013.0	hPa
			12:00+0.0		pressure		
3	2	3	2012-01-01	POINT(-40.1	air temper-	300.3	K
			18:00+0.0	40.2)	ature		

Continued on next page



Table 1 adjustment (cont.)

head	ler info	rmatio	n		observation	n informa	ation
reco	rdrepo	rt obs	date	location	parameter	value	units
id	id	id					
4	2	4	2012-01-01	POINT(-40.1	sea level	1013.2	hPa
			18:00+0.0	40.2)	pressure		
					End of table		

2.3 BUFR and WIGOS Metadata Standard

There has been a large body of work and significant effort invested in defining data models and parameterising the data and metadata for encoding the data into those data models. Within the scope of the CDM and the C3S 311a service, the WMO Binary Universal Form for the Representation of meteorological data (BUFR) (WMO, 2015a) and the WMO Integrated Observing System Metadata Standard (WMDS) (WMO, 2015b) are key background material.

The BUFR format (WMO 2015a) is a flexible and efficient table driven format for reporting weather observations on the WMO Global Telecommunications System (GTS) in binary. The tables defined as part of the BUFR format include many of the parameters that will be included in the CDM. For example, Common code table C6 (WMO 2015a) includes all the measurement units reportable in BUFR (and other WMO codes). Similarly, code tables are defined for reporting instrument types and methods, station types etc. Where possible, these code tables have been referenced and used in preference to defining new code tables. BUFR tables from Version 27 of Master Table 0 have been used in this version of this document.

In recognition of the increasing importance of observational metadata the WMDS is currently under development and phased implementation (WMO, 2015b). The WMDS extends the ISO19115 metadata standard, with additional mandatory elements describing both the station level and discovery metadata as well as specific information on the instrumentation used and processing steps. As part of the process simplified versions of BUFR and other tables have been included in the standard. As with BUFR these tables have been referenced, where appropriate, in preference to defining new code tables.

3 Common Data Model

As noted above, the CDM is based on the original ODB data model, with meteorological reports split into header and observational records stored in separate tables. In support of these two primary tables, four auxiliary tables have been defined to enable the comprehensive reporting of metadata at different levels:

• Source level metadata (*source_configuration* table). This level contains detailed information on the source dataset, including: information on the product; whether any processing has been applied; the original data centre the data were sourced from; citation information; the data licence for the product; how to cite the data source etc.



- Station level metadata (*station_configuration* table). This level contains detailed information on the station reporting the data including: station operator; the type of station; station / AWS model type; location; operating territory; reporting frequency etc.
- Profile level metadata (profile_configuration table). This level contains detailed metadata for atmospheric and oceanic profiles, including: profile type; type of launcher; direction of profile; balloon / XBT type etc.
- Instrument (or sensor) level metadata (*sensor_configuration* table). This level contains detailed information on the sensor used to make a particular observation, including: calibration status; sampling strategy; observing method; sensor housing and ventilation; instrument model and serial number etc.

These tables are defined in the following section and contain elements that are mandatory across all report types. Additional optional elements are provided through Entity-Attribute-Value based tables linked to the configuration tables. Two additional tables have been defined to include the reporting of comprehensive uncertainty estimates and quality control flags. A simplified schematic of the 12 tables forming the core of the CDM is shown in Figure 1 - a more complete schematic can be found at https://github.com/glamod/common_data_model/blob/master/cdm_short.pdf.

Within the tables in the following sections the following syntax has been used:

numeric: Any numeric value (integer or floating point).

int: An integer value.

varchar: A variable length character string.

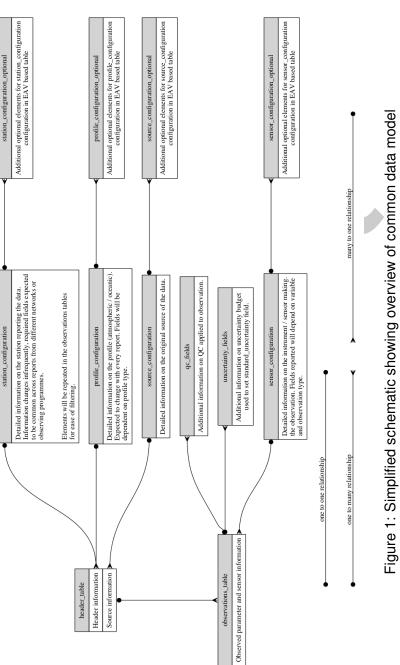
• timestamp with time zone:

A timestamp, e.g. "2017-07-01 00:00:0.0+00".

- []: An array of the indicated type.
- (fk) The indicated value is also a foreign key linking to another table (e.g. decode table for encoded data).
- (pk) The indicated elements marked as (pk) within a table form the unique ID for the record.

Mandatory elements are indicated by a 1 (or 1+) in the occurrence column. Mandatory elements that are not available must be included but may be encoded as missing (.e.g NA, NULL or format specific equivalent). Optional elements are indicated by 0+. Whilst arrays have been indicated for the elements containing multiple values this does not preclude other implementations.







1 Header table

Table 2: header_table

element_name	occurrence	kind	external_table	description
report_id	-	varchar (pk)		Unique ID for report (unique ID given by combination of report_id and observation_id)
region	-	int (fk)	region	Region (WMO region / Ocean basin)
sub_region	-	int (fk)	sub_region	Country / regional sea
application_area	+	int[] (fk)	application_area	WMO application area(s)
observing_pro	+	int[] (fk)	observing_pro	Observing programme, e.g. VOS
gramme			gramme	
report_type	-	int (fk)	report_type	e.g. SYNOP, TEMP, CLIMAT, etc
station_name	-	varchar		e.g. GRUAN station name, ship
				name, site name etc
station_type	-	int (fk)	station_type	Type of station, e.g. land sta-
				tion, sea station etc
platform_type	-	int (fk)	platform_type	Structure upon which sensor is mounted,
				e.g. ship, drifting buoy, tower etc
platform_sub_type	-	int (fk)	platform_sub_type	Sub-type for platform, e.g. 3m discuss buoy
primary_station_id	-	varchar (fk)	station_configuration	Primary station identifier, e.g. WIGOS ID
station_record	-	int (fk)	station_configuration	Together with primary_station_id this forms
_number				a link to the station configuration table.
primary_station_i	-	int (fk)	id_scheme	Scheme used for station ID
d_scheme				
longitude	-	numeric		Longitude of station, -180.0 to 180.0
				(or other as defined by station_crs)
latitude	1	numeric		Latitude of station, -90 to 90 (or
				other as defined by station_crs)
location_accuracy	-	numeric		Accuracy to which station location
				recorded (radius in km)
location_method	-	int(fk)	location_method	Method by which location determined
location_quality	-	int (fk)	location_quality	Quality flag for station location
				Cook type as boligitas



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element_name	occurrence	kind	external_table	description
Crs	-	int (fk)	CrS	Coordinate reference scheme
				for station location
station_speed	-	numeric		Station speed over ground if mobile (m/s)
station_course	-	numeric		Station course over ground if
				mobile (degree true)
station_heading	•	numeric		Station heading if mobile
height_of_station_ab	-	numeric		Height of station above local ground (m)
ove_local_ground				
height_of_station_a	-	numeric		Height of station above mean sea level
bove_sea_level				(m), negative values for below sea level.
height_of_station	-	numeric		Accuracy to which height of
_above_sea_lev				station known (m)
el_accuracy				
sea_level_datum	-	int (fk)	sea_level_datum	Datum used for sea level
report_meaning_	-	int (fk)	meaning_of_ti	Report time - beginning, middle or
of_time_stamp			me_stamp	end of reporting period
report_timestamp	-	timestamp with		e.g. 1991-01-01 12:00:0.0+0
		timezone		
report_duration	-	int		Report duration (s), e.g. 86400 =
				daily obs, 3600 hourly etc
report_time_accuracy	-	numeric		Precision to which time was recorded (s)
report_time_quality	-	int (fk)	time_quality	Quality flag for report_timestamp
report_time_reference	-	int (fk)	time_reference	Reference Time (e.g. referenced to time
				server, atomic clock, radio clock etc)
profile_id	1	varchar (fk)	profile_configuration	Information on profile (atmospheric / oceano-
				graphic) configuration. Set to Record ID for
				profile data or missing (NULL) otherwise.
events_at_station	+0	int[] (fk)	events_at_station	e.g. ship hove to, crop burning etc.
report_quality	1	int (fk)	quality_flag	Overall quality of report
duplicate_status	1	int (fk)	duplicate_status	E.g. no duplicates, best duplicate,
				duplicate, not checked.
duplicates	+0	varchar[] (fk)	observations_table	Array of report_id's for duplicates
				Continued on next page



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element_name	occurrence	ce kind	external_table	description
record_timestamp	-	timestamp with		Timestamp of revision for this record
		timezone		
history	-	varchar		Sequence of processing steps. Free
				text with timestamp 1: history 1;
				timestamp 2: history 2 etc.
processing_level	-	int (fk)	report_process	Level of processing applied to this report
			ing_level	
processing_codes	+0	int[] (fk)	report_process	Processing applied to this report
			ing_codes	
source_id	-	varchar (fk)	source_configuration	source_configuration Original source of data, link to external table
source_record_id	-	varchar		Record ID in source data, e.g. ID of
				event from GRUAN meta database
				End of table



.2 Observations table

Table 3: observations_table

element_name	occurrence	kind	external_table	description
observation_id	-	varchar (pk)		unique ID for observation
report_id	-	varchar (fk)	header_table	Link to header information
data_policy_licence	-	int (fk)	data_policy_licence	WMOessential, WMOadditional, WMOother
date_time	-	timestamp with		timestamp for observation
		timezone		
date_time_meaning	-	int (fk)	meaning_of_ti	beginning, middle, end
			me_stamp	
observation_duration	1	int		Duration/period over which obser-
abritional	-	nımeric		I ongittide of the observed value -180 to 180
	-			(or other as defined by CRS). This may or
				may not be the same as the report location.
latitude	-	numeric		Latitude of the observed value, -90 to
				90 (or other as defined by CRS)
crs	-	int (fk)	CrS	Coordinate reference scheme
				use to encode location
z_coordinate	-	numeric		z coordinate of observation
z_coordinate_type	-	int (fk)	z_coordinate_type	Type of z coordinate
observation_height_a	-	numeric		Height of sensor above local ground or
bove_station_surface				sea surface. Positive values for above
				surface (e.g. sondes), negative for below
				(e.g. xbt). For visual observations, height
				of the visual observing platform.
observed_variable	-	int (fk)	observed_variable	The variable being observed / measured
secondary_variable	-	int (fk)	secondary_variable	Secondary variable required to understand
				observation, e.g. chemical constituent.
				Set to NA / missing if not applicable.
observation_value	-	numeric		The observed value
				Continued on payt page



Table 3 observations_table (cont.)

			table e ebeel vatione-table (cont.	√II
element_name	occurrence	kind	external_table	description
value_significance	-	int (fk)	observation_valu	e.g. min, max, mean, sum
secondary_value	-	int (fk)	secondary_variable	value for the secondary variable. Set
		·	•	to NA or missing if not applicable.
nnits	-	int (fk)	units	Units for the observed variable
code_table	-	int (fk)	observation_c	Encode / decode table for vari-
			ode_table	able (if encoded)
conversion_flag	-	int (fk)	conversion_flag	Flag indicating whether original, converted
				or both values are available.
location_method	Ψ-	int (fk)	location_method	Method of determining location,
location_precision	-	numeric		Precision to which location is re-
				ported (radius km)
z_coordinate_method	-	int (fk)	z_coordinate_method	Method of determining z coordinate
bbox_min_longitude	-	numeric		Bounding box for observation, valid
				range given by CRS
bbox_max_longitude	-	numeric		Bounding box for observation, valid
				range given by CRS
bbox_min_latitude	-	numeric		Bounding box for observation, valid
				range given by CRS
bbox_max_latitude	_	numeric		Bounding box for observation, valid
				range given by CRS
spatial_represen	-	int (fk)	spatial_represen	Spatial representativeness of observation
tativeness			tativeness	
quality_flag	-	int (fk)	quality_flag	Quality flag for observation
dc_passed	-	int		Number of quality control checks passed
				(see qc_table for more information)
qc_failed	•	int		Number of quality control checks failed
				(see qc_table for more information)
numerical_precision	-	int		Reporting precision of observation
				in units given by 'units' variable.
				Equivalent to BUFR scale factor
standard_uncertainty	_	numeric		Standard uncertainty in reported value
				Continued on next page



Table 3 observations_table (cont.)

		lable o c	able o observations_table (cont.,	/
element_name	occurrence	kind	external_table	description
method_of_estimating	1	int (fk)	method_of_estima	Method of estimating the stan-
_standard_uncertainty			ting_uncertainty	dard uncertainty
sensor_id	-	varchar (fk)	sensor_configuration	NA
sensor_automa	-	int (fk)	automation_status	Automated, manual, mixed or
tion_status				visual observation
exposure_of_sensor	-	int (fk)	instrument_expo	Whether the exposure of the instrument will
			sure_quality	impact on the quality of the measurement
original_precision	-	int		Original reporting precision in units
				given by 'original_units'
original_units	-	int (fk)	units	Original units
original_value	-	numeric		Original value as reported or
				recorded in log book.
conversion_method	-	int (fk)	conversion_method	Link to table describing conversion process
processing_code	+0	int[] (fk)	processing_code	e.g. TRC (temperature radiation
				corrections) etc. Encoded in table.
processing_level	-	int (fk)	processing_level	Level of processing applied to observation.
adjustment_id	-	int (fk)	adjustment	Total adjustment applied to observation
				reported in observation value (observa-
				tion_value = original + adjustment)
traceability	1	int (fk)	traceability	Whether observation can be traced
				to international standards.
advanced_qc	-	int (fk)	data_present	Flag indicating whether advanced
				qc data are available
advanced_uncertainty	τ-	(fk)flag	data_present	Flag indicating whether advanced
				uncertainty estimates are available
advanced_homo	1	(fk)flag	data_present	Flag indicating whether advanced
genisation				homogenisation information is available
				- - - - -



3 Station configuration

Table 4: station_configuration

element_name	occurrence	type	external_table	description
station_primary_id	-	varchar (pk)		Primary (e.g. WMO) ID for station
station_primary_i d_scheme	-	int (fk)	id_scheme	Scheme used for primary ID
station_record _number	-	int (pk)		Record number for this station entry
station_secondary_id	+0	varchar[]		Secondary (e.g. local) ID for station
station_seconda ry_id_scheme	+0	int[] (fk)	id_scheme	Scheme used for secondary ID
station_name	-	varchar		Name of station (e.g. Tateno)
station_abbreviation	-	varchar		Abbreviation of station name (e.g. TAT)
alternative_name	+0	varchar[]		NA
station_crs	-	int (fk)	ors	coordinate reference system used to report stations location
station_longitude	-	numeric		Report position for station if stationary
				or NULL if mobile. If more than one
				estimate record best here and additional
				values using optional fields.
station_latitude	-	numeric		Report position for station if sta-
local_gravity	-	numeric	NA	Local gravity at station location (units ms-2)
start_date	-	timestamp		Date that the station first started
				reporting in this configuration
end_date	-	timestamp		Last data the station reported
				in this configuration
station_type	1	int (fk)	station_type	Type of reporting station
platform_type	-	int (fk)	platform_type	Generic type of observing platform
platform_sub_type	-	int (fk)	platform_sub_type	Specific type of observing platform
operating_institute	.	int (fk)	organisation	Institute operating the station (e.g.
				National Oceanography Centre)



Table 4 station_configuration (cont.)

element name	occurrence	tvpe	external table d	description
1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		(1)	\$ 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
operaung_lerniory	_	III (IK)	sub_region	Sub-region where station is located or
				country of registry for mobile station
city	1	varchar	NA	Nearest city / town to station location
contact	+	varchar[] (fk)	contact	Contact for station
role	+	int[] (fk)	role	Role of contact
observing_frequency	-	int (fk)	observing_frequency	Typical frequency of observations
				for this station (reports per day). If
				irregular use reporting_time.
reporting_time	+	int[]	NA	Reporting hour(s) if non-standard
				/ irregular hours used
telecommunicati	+	int[] (fk)	communicatio	Method used to report observations
on_method			n_method	
station_automation	-	int (fk)	automation_status	Whether station is automated,
				manual or mixed
measuring_sys	+	int[] (fk)	measuring_sys	Station / AWS model type
tem_model		*	tem_model	
measuring_system_id	+	varchar[]		ID or serial number of measuring system
observed_variables	+	int[] (fk)	observed_variable	array indicating which variables are
				observed by this station
comment	1	varchar		Any other comments / footnotes
	+0	NA		See station_configuration_fields for
				valid optional fields and types



Table 5: station_configuration_optional

element_name	kind	external_table	description
station_primary_id	varchar (fk)	station_confi	Link to station for which this
		guration	entry corresponds
record_number	int (fk)	station_confi	Link to station for which this
		guration	entry corresponds
kind	int (fk)	kind	Enumerated data type (numeric, int, etc)
field	varchar (fk)	station_configu	Field that this entry corresponds to
		ration_fields	
value			Kind inherited from field
comments	varchar	NA	Any additional comments.
			= 1 (1 11

Table 6: kind (NA)

kind	description
0	int
1	numeric
2	varchar
3	timestamp with timezone
	End of table

Table 7: station_configuration_fields

field_id	field_name	kind	description
0	AWS Entry and	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
	Display Software		
1	AWS Entry and	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
	Display Soft-		
	ware Version		
2	AWS Model	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
3	AWS Model	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
	Version		
4	AWS Software	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
5	AWS Software	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
	version		
6	Cargo height	numeric	Height of cargo above deck (m)
7	Distance of bridge	numeric	(m)
	from bow		
8	Draught	numeric	(m)
9	Drogue type	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
10	Freeboard	numeric	NA
			Continued on payt name

Continued on next page



Table 7 station_configuration_fields (cont.)

field_id	field_name	kind	description
11	Lagrangian drifter drogue status	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
12	Length overall of the ship, ignoring bulbous bow	numeric	NA
13	LogBook software and version	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
14	Maximum oper- ating speed on normal service	numeric	NA
15	Moulded breadth	numeric	NA
16	Other instruments	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
17	Station status	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
18	Type of mete- orological re- porting ship	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
19	Surface cover	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
20	Surface cover scheme	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
21	Topography	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
22	Topography scheme	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
23	Soil type	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
24	Land use	int (fk)	See station_configuration_codes
25	Alternate longitude	numeric	NA
26	Alternate latitude	numeric	NA
27	Distance from road	numeric	Distance from nearest road (in km)
28	Distance from water body	numeric	Distance from nearest water body (in km)
			End of table



Table 8: station_configuration_codes

Tield_ld	Tleid_name	code_value	appreviation	description
0	AWS Entry and Dis-			TBD
	play Software			
-	AWS Entry and Dis-			TBD
	play Software Version			
2	AWS Model			TBD
က	AWS Model Version			TBD
4	AWS Software			TBD
2	AWS Software			TBD
	version			
တ	Drogue type	NA		See BUFR code table 0 02 034
=	Lagrangian drifter	NA		See BUFR code table 0 22 060
	drogue status			
=	LogBook software			TBD
	and version			
16	Other instruments	0	BAT	Bathythermometer.
16	Other instruments	-	ВТ	Bathythermograph (towed).
16	Other instruments	2	FLM	Fluorometer.
16	Other instruments	က	LWR	Long wave radiation.
16	Other instruments	4	MAX	Maximum thermometer.
16	Other instruments	2	MIN	Minimum thermometer.
16	Other instruments	9	NTE	Nitrate sensor.
16	Other instruments	7	NTT	Nutrient sensor.
16	Other instruments	ω	Ъ	Pilot balloon equipment.
16	Other instruments	6	CO2	pCO2 system.
16	Other instruments	10	PLK	Plankton recorder.
16	Other instruments		PRS	Photosynthetic radiation sensor.
16	Other instruments	12	PYG	Pyrogeometer.
16	Other instruments	13	Я	Radiosonde equipment.
16	Other instruments	14	RG	Rain gauge.
16	Other instruments	15	RSD	Radar storm and meteorological
				phenomena detection.
				and type of patinities



Table 8 station_configuration_codes (cont.)

		ומטוכ ט פומווטון בסטוווקטון בסטוכט (כסוווי.	94144011=004	(colu:)
field_id		code_value	abbreviation	description
16	Other instruments	16	RT	Reversing thermometer.
16	Other instruments	17	SKY	Sky camera.
16	Other instruments	18	SLM	Solarimeter.
16	Other instruments	19	ST	Sea thermograph.
16	Other instruments	20	SWR	Short wave radiation.
16	Other instruments	21	TSD	Temperature/salinity/depth probe.
16	Other instruments	22	TUR	Turbidity sensor.
16	Other instruments	23	M	Radiowind or radarwind equipment.
16	Other instruments	24	WR	Wave Recorder
16	Other instruments	25	XBT	Expendable bathythermograph.
16	Other instruments	26	10	Other (specify in footnote).
17	Station status	-		Planned
17	Station status	2		Pre-operational
17	Station status	က		Operational / Reporting
17	Station status	4		Partly reporting
17	Station status	5		Temporarily suspended
17	Station status	9		Closed
18	Type of meteorolog-	0	20	Auxiliary ship
	ical reporting ship			
18	Type of meteorolog-	-	75	Auxiliary ship (AWS)
	ical reporting ship			
18	Type of meteorolog-	2	10	Selected
	ical reporting ship			
18	Type of meteorolog-	3	15	Selected (AWS)
	ical reporting ship			
18	Type of meteorolog-	4	40	Supplementary
	ical reporting ship			
8	Type of meteorolog-	2	45	Supplementary (AWS)
	ical reporting ship			
8	Type of meteorolog-	9	80	Third party
	ical reporting ship			
				Continued on next page



Table 8 station_configuration_codes (cont.)

		מסוס ס סומנים	שמוס ס סימים ווייוש שלווי של מיים לישור לייוים לייום לייו	(2000)
field_id	field_id field_name	code_value	code_value abbreviation description	description
18	Type of meteorolog-	7	85	Third party (AWS)
	ical reporting ship			
18	Type of meteorolog-	8	66	Unknown
	ical reporting ship			
18	Type of meteorolog-	6	30	VOSClim - VOS Climate
	ical reporting ship			
18	Type of meteorolog-	10	35	VOSClim (AWS) - VOS Climate (AWS)
	ical reporting ship			
				End of table



Profile configuration

Table 9: profile_configuration

element_name	occurrence kind	kind	external_table description	description
profile_id	1	varchar	NA	Unique ID for this profile entry
profile_type	-	int (fk)	profile_type	Type of profile (e.g. atmospheric or oceanic)
standard_time	-	int (fk)	standard_time	e.g. Standard / scheduled time for launch
				or report, e.g. 00, 06, 12, 18 UTC
actual_time	-	timestamp		Actual report / launch time
profile_number	-	numeric		e.g. Balloon Number
comments	-	varchar		Any additional comments / footnotes
	+0	NA		See profile_configuration_fields for
				valid fields and types.



Table 10: profile_configuration_optional

element_name	kind	external_table	description
profile_id	varchar (fk)	profile_confi	Link to profile for which this
		guration	entry corresponds
kind	int (fk)	kind	Enumerated data type (numeric, int, etc)
field	varchar (fk)	profile_configu	Field that this entry corresponds to
		$ration_{-}$ fields	
value			Kind inherited from field
comments	varchar	NA	Any additional comments.

Table 11: profile_configuration_fields

field_id	field_name	type	description
0	include descent	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
1	processing code	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
2	unwinder type	varchar	NA
3	burstpoint altitude	numeric	NA
4	burstpoint pres-	numeric	NA
	sure		
5	filling weight	numeric	NA
6	gross weight	numeric	NA
7	payload	numeric	NA
8	unwinder length	numeric	NA
9	ascent rate	numeric	Rate of ascent / descent for profile (+ve
			values indicate ascent, -ve descent)(m/s)
B002016	radiosonde con-	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
	figuration		
B002003	type of measuring	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
	equipment used		
B002011	radiosonde sound-	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
	ing system		
B002011	radiosonde type	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B002013	solar and in-	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
	frared radiation		
	correction		
B002014	tracking technique	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B002015	radiosonde com-	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
	pleteness		
B002017	humidity correc-	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
	tion algorithm		
B002066	radiosonde ground	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
	receiving system		

Continued on next page



Table 11 profile_configuration_fields (cont.)

field_id	field_name	type	description
B002080	balloon man- ufacturer	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B002081	balloon type	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B002083	type of bal- loon shelter	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B002084	type of gas used in balloon	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B002095	type of pres- sure sensor	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B002191	geopotential height calculation	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B003011	method of depth calculation	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B022056	profile direction	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B022067	instrument type for water temperature salinity profile	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B022068	water temper- ature profile recorder type	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B022178	XBT launcher type	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes
B035035	reason for ter- mination	int (fk)	See profile_configuration_codes



Table 12: profile_configuration_codes

field_id	field_name	code_value	abbreviation	description	start_date	end_date
0	include de-	0	NA	Descent ex-	NA	NA
	scent			cluded		
0	include de-	-	NA	Descent in-	NA	NA
	scent			cluded		
-	processing	0	သ	Calibration	NA	NA
	code			correction		
				(of humidity		
				sensors)		
-	processing	1	HRC	Humidity ra-	NA	NA
	epoo			diation cor-		
				rection		
-	processing	2	or	Outlier re-	NA	NA
	epoo			moval (re-		
				move temper-		
				ature spikes)		
-	processing	3	pGPS	Combination	NA	NA
	code			of pressure		
				and GPS	^	
-	processing	4	TL	Time-lag cor-	NA	NA
	code			rection		
-	processing	2	TRC	Temperature	NA	NA
	code			radiation cor-		
				rection		
B002003	type of mea-	0 - 15	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	suring equip-			table 0 02 003		
	ment used					
B002011	radiosonde	0 - 255	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	sounding			table 0 02 011		
	system					
					Continued on next page	next page



Table 12 profile_configuration_codes (cont.)

		ומטוס זי סומשו	Table 12 profile-colligaration-codes (collic	יחתבם (החיווי)		
field_id	field_name	code_value	abbreviation	description	start_date	end_date
B002013	solar and in-	0 - 15	NA	See BUFR	ΑN	NA
	frared radia-			table 0 02 013		
	tion correction					
B002014	tracking tech-	0 - 127	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	nigue			table 0 02 014		
B002015	radiosonde	0 - 15	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	completeness			table 0 02 015		
B002017	humidity cor-	0 - 31	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	rection al-			table 0 02 017		
	gorithm					
B002066	radiosonde	0 - 63	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	ground receiv-			table 0 02 066		
	ing system					
B002080	balloon man-	0 - 63	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	ufacturer			table 0 02 080		
B002081	balloon type	0 - 31	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
				table 0 02 081		
B002083	type of bal-	NA	NA	See BUFR	Y Y	NA
	loon shelter			table 0 02 083	•	
B002084	type of gas	NA	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	used in bal-			table 0 02 084	<u> </u>	
	loon					
B002095	type of pres-	0 - 31	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	sure sensor			table 0 02 095		
B002191	geopotential	0 - 15	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	height cal-			table 0 02 191		
	culation					
B003011	method of	0 - 3	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	depth cal-			table 0 03 011		
	culation					
B022056	profile di-	0 - 3	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	rection			table 0 22 056		
				O	Continued on next page	next page



Table 12 profile_configuration_codes (cont.)

field_id	field_id field_name	code_value	code_value abbreviation description	description	start_date end_date	end_date
B022067	B022067 instrument	0 - 1023	AN	See BUFR	NA	NA
	type for water			table 0 22 067		
	temperature					
	salinity profile					
B022068	B022068 water temper- 0 - 127	0 - 127	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	ature profile			table 0 22 068		
	recorder type					
B022178	B022178 XBT launcher 0 - 255	0 - 255	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	type			table 0 22 178		
B035035	B035035 reason for ter- 0 - 31	0 - 31	NA	See BUFR	NA	NA
	mination			table 0 35 035		
					Ш	End of table

C3S_311a_Lot2_NUIM_2017 {ref}



3.5 Source configuration

Table 13: source_configuration

element_name	occurrence	type	external_table	description
source_id	-	varchar (pk)		Unique record ID for dataset
product_id	-	varchar		ID for product
product_name	-	varchar		Name of source, e.g. International
				Comprehensive Ocean Atmosphere Data Set, RS92 GRUAN Data Product
product_code	-	varchar		Abbreviations / product code, e.g. ICOADS, RS92-GDP
product_version	-	varchar		Version number for dataset,
				e.g. Release 3.0.0
product_level	_	int (fk)	product_level	Level of product
product_uri	-	varchar		URI for product, either to original source or to CDS
description	-	varchar		Description of dataset / comments
product_references	+	varchar[]		References describing the dataset
product_citation	+	varchar[]		Citation to use when using this product
product_status	-	int (fk)	product_status	Status of product, draft, pre-release, release
source_format	-	int (fk)	source_format	Original format for data
source_forma	-	varchar		Version of original data format
t_version				
source_file	-	varchar		Filename for data from source
source_file_checksum	-	varchar		Checksum of source datafile
data_centre	.	int (fk)	organisation	Data centre from which data sourced
data_centre_url	-	varchar		URL for data centre
data_policy_licence	-	int (fk)	data_policy_licence	Data policy / licence
contact	+	varchar[] (fk)	contact	contact for data source with role
contact_role	++	int[] (fk)	role	role of contact
history	-	varchar		History of source
comments	-	varchar		Additional comments / footnotes
				Continued on next page



Table 13 source_configuration (cont.)

		lable 13 sou	lable 13 source_configuration (cont.)	Mt.)
element_name	occurrence	type	external_table	description
timestamp	-	timestamp with		Date record created / created
		timezone		
maintenance_and_u	-	int (fk)	update_frequency	Frequency with which modifications
pdate_frequency				and deletions are made to the data
				after it is first produced
	+0			See source_configuration_fields for
				list of optional fields and types
				End of table



Table 14: source_configuration_optional

element_name	kind	external_table	description
source_id	varchar (fk)	source₋confi	Link to source for which this
		guration	entry corresponds
kind	int (fk)	kind	Enumerated data type (numeric, int, etc)
field	varchar (fk)	source_configu ration_fields	Field that this entry corresponds to
volue		Tallon_nelus	Vind inharitad from field
value			Kind inherited from field
comments	varchar	NA	Any additional comments.

Table 15: source_configuration_fields

field_name	kind	description
delayed mode	int (fk)	NA
format		
metadata source	int (fk)	NA
metadata source	int (fk)	NA
format		
observation	int (fk)	NA
source type		
real time format	int (fk)	NA
source format	int (fk)	NA
source deck	int (fk)	NA
source id	int (fk)	NA
product original	numeric	NA
time resolution		
	delayed mode format metadata source metadata source format observation source type real time format source format source deck source id product original	delayed mode format metadata source int (fk) metadata source int (fk) metadata source int (fk) format observation int (fk) source type real time format int (fk) source format int (fk) source deck int (fk) source id int (fk) product original numeric



Table 16: source_configuration_codes

field_id	field_name	code_value	description	extended_description
0	delayed mode format	0	IMMT version just	₹Z
			prior to version num-	
			ber being included	
0	delayed mode format	-	IMMT-1 (in effect	NA
			from 2 Nov. 1994)	
0	delayed mode format	2	IMMT-2 (in effect	NA
			from Jan. 2003)	
0	delayed mode format	3	IMMT-3 (in effect	NA
			from Jan. 2007)	
0	delayed mode format	4	IMMT-4 (in effect	NA
			from Jan. 2011)	
0	delayed mode format	5	IMMT-5 (in effect	NA
			from June 2012)	
-	metadata source	0	COAPS	NA
-	metadata source	-	WMO Publication 47	NA
2	metadata source	-	Output from digi-	NA
	format		tisation project,	
			semi-colon delim-	
			ited format (1955)	
2	metadata source	2	Output from digi-	NA
	format		tisation project,	
			semi-colon delim-	
			ited format (1956)	
2	metadata source	ဇ	Output from digiti-	NA
	format		sation project, semi-	
			colon delimited format	
			(1957 - 1967)	
2	metadata source	4	Output from digiti-	NA
	format		sation project, semi-	
			colon delimited format	
			(1968 - 1969)	
				Continued on next page



Table 16 source_configuration_codes (cont.)

		200	יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	(colle.)
tield_id	tield_name	code_value	description	extended_description
2	metadata source	2	Fixed format (1970 - 1004)	NA
C	-	c		=======================================
N	metadata source format	. 0	Semi-colon delimited format (1995 - 2001)	Y Z
2	metadata source	7	Semi-colon delim-	NA
	format		ited format (2002	
			- 2007 q1)	
2	metadata source	8	Semi-colon delimited	NA
	format		format (2007 - 2008)	
2	metadata source	6	Semi-colon delimited	NA
	format		format (2009 - 2014)	
က	observation	0	unknown	NA
	source type			
က	observation	-	delayed mode -	NA
	source type		logbook (paper)	
က	observation	2	real time - national	NA
	source type		telecommunica-	
			tion channels	
က	observation	3	delayed mode - na-	NA
	source type		tional publications	
က	observation	4	delayed mode - log-	NA
	source type		book (electronic)	
က	observation	2	real time - global	NA
	source type		telecommunication	
			system (GTS)	
က	observation	9	delayed mode - Inter-	NA
	source type		national publications	
4	real time format	0	previous to FM24-V	NA
4	real time format	-	FM 24-V	NA
4	real time format	2	FM 24-VI Ext.	NA
4	real time format	က	FM 13-VII	NA
4	real time format	4	FM 13-VIII	NA
				Continued on next page



Table 16 source_configuration_codes (cont.)

		1 able 10 sol	Table 10 source_collinguration_codes (colli.)	(COLIL.)
field_id	field_name	code_value	description	extended_description
4	real time format	2	FM 13-VIII Ext.	NA
4	real time format	9	FM 12-IX	NA
4	real time format	7	FM 13-IX Ext.	NA
4	real time format	æ	FM 13-X	NA
4	real time format	6	FM 13-XI	NA
4	real time format	10	FM 13-XII Ext.	NA
4	real time format	11	FM 13-XIII	NA
4	real time format	12	FM 13-XIV Ext.	NA
2	source format	0	IMMA - Version 0	NA
വ	source format	-	IMMA - Version 1	NA
9	icoads source deck	NA	See ICOADS	NA
			Source Deck	
7	icoads source id	NA	See ICOADS	NA
			Source ID	
∞	product level	2	Data read from	NA
			original data file	
6	product status	-	Data approved	Data exist, read from chache, PTU +
				altitude columns available, all GC25 tests
				ok, all uncertainties as expected

C3S_311a_Lot2_NUIM_2017 {ref}



3.6 Sensor configuration

Table 17: sensor_configuration

element_name	occurrence type	type	external_table	description
instrument_id	-	varchar (pk)		Unique ID for this instrument
observing_method	-	int (fk)	observing_method	Method (instrumental, estimated / visual,
				computed) by which observation made
sampling_strategy	-	int (fk)	sampling_strategy	Sampling strategy used by instrument
calibration_status	-	int (fk)	calibration_status	Whether the sensor is in / out of calibration
calibration_date	-	timestamp		Date of last calibration
comments	-	varchar		additional comments for sensor
				not reportable elsewhere
date_start	-	timestamp		start date for period of validity as-
				soiciated with this entry
date_end	-	timestamp		end date for period of validity as-
				soiciated with this entry
	+0			see sensor_configuration_fields for
				list of valid fields and types.



Table 18: sensor_configuration_optional

element_name	kind	external_table	description
sensor_id	varchar (fk)	sensor_confi	Link to sensor for which this
		guration	entry corresponds
kind	int (fk)	kind	Enumerated data type (numeric, int, etc)
field	varchar (fk)	sensor_configu	Field that this entry corresponds to
		$ration_fields$	
value			Kind inherited from field
comments	varchar	NA	Any additional comments.
comments	varchar	NA	Any additional comments.





Table 19: sensor_configuration_fields

field_id	field_name	parameter	type	description	
SACC	sensor accuracy	all	numeric	Reported accuracy (trueness) of sensor in units of measurement	_
SPRE	sensor precision	all	numeric	Reported precision (repeatability) of sensor in units of measurement	
B002033	sensor type - salinity	salinity	int (fk)	NA NA	
B002038	sensor type - wa-	water temperature	int (fk)	NA NA	
	ter temperature				
B002051	sensor type -	air temperature	int (fk)	NA	
	extremes				
B002096	sensor type - air	air temperature	int (fk)	NA	
	temperature				
B002097	sensor type - humidity	humidity	int (fk)	NA	
B002169	sensor type -	wind speed	int (fk)	NA	
	wind speed				
B002185	sensor type -	evaporation	int (fk)	NA	
	evaporation				
B003003	sensor housing - type	all	int (fk)	NA	
B003004	sensor housing -	all	int (fk)	NA	
	radiation shielding				
B003008	sensor housing	all	int (fk)	NA	
	- ventilation				
B003020	sensor housing	all	int (fk)	NA	
	- material				
B003021	sensor housing	all	int (fk)	AN	
	- heating			>	
B003022	sensor owner	all	int (fk)	NA	
B003023	sensor housing -	all	int (fk)	NA	
	configuration				
BARG	sensor type -	pressure trend	int (fk)	٧٧	
	barograph				
				Continued on next page	ext page



Table 19 sensor_configuration_fields (cont.)

			. שמושווים	
tield_id	tield_name	parameter	type	description
BARM	sensor type - barometer	pressure	int (fk)	NA
CALINT	calibration interval	all	numeric	Maximum number of months recommended between calibrations.
CALMETH	calibration method	all	int (fk)	Method used to calibrate instrument
CALREF	calibration reference	all	varchar	Reference instrument (make, model and serial number) used to perform calibration
CALDEV	calibration chamber	all	varchar	Calibration chamber (or device) used
Í	:			to perform the calibration
CALPRTY	calibration party	all	varchar	Who performed the calibration
CALRES	calibration result	all	varchar	Result of the calibration
CALCERT	calibration certificate	all	varchar	Certificate number of calibration certificate
FREQ	sampling frequency	all	numeric	time period (s) between successive
				measurements from sensor
IBS	ice bulb status	humidity	int (fk)	NA
LDCL	sensor location - dis-	wind speed	numeric	NA
	tance from center line			
LDFB	sensor location -	wind speed	numeric	NA
	distance from bow			
LHAD	sensor location -	wind speed	numeric	NA
	height above deck			
MANU	manufacturer	all	int (fk)	NA
QCPROC	quality control	all	int (fk)	Procedure used to quality control the
	procedure			observation and set quality flag
SERIAL	serial number	all	varchar	NA
SHVR	sensor housing -	all	numeric	NA
	ventilation rate			
SLOC	sensor location - ship	all	int (fk)	NA
SMAX	sensor range - max	all	numeric	Maximum observable value with sensor
				in reported units of measurement
NIMS	sensor range - min	all	numeric	Minimum observable value with sensor in reported units of measurement
				Continued on next page



Table 19 sensor_configuration_fields (cont.)

		Table 19 serisor_corniguration_fields (corn.)	ıguranorı_nero	IS (COIII.)
field_id	field_name	parameter	type	description
SMOD	sensor model	all	varchar	NA
SOFT	software_version	all	varchar	NA
SPROC	sampling procedure	all	int (fk)	how the sample was obtained
SRES	sensor resolution	all	numeric	NA
SRESP	sensor response time	all	numeric	Time (s) for sensor to chnage from
				previous state to current state
SRR	sensor type - pre-	precipitation	int (fk)	NA
	cipitation			
SSIDE	sensor side - ship	all	int (fk)	NA
STAB	sensor stability	all	numeric	Reported stability of sensor in reported
				units of measurement per year.
SWV	sensor type - waves	waves	int (fk)	NA
SWW	sensor type -	present weather	int (fk)	NA
	present weather			
STREAT	sample treatment	all	int (fk)	treatment of the sample prior to analysis
TSONDE	telemetry_sonde	sonde	int (fk)	NA
WGHT	weight	sonde	numeric	NA
STIME	sample times	all	timestamp	time of the samples used to
				calculate statistics
INSTDATE	installation date	all	timestamp	Date when sensor was installed
MNTDATE	maintenance date	all	timestamp	Date when maintenance performed (use
				MTNCE to summarise activites undertaken)
MNTMETH	maintenance	all	varchar	Summary of maintenance performed
MNTPRTY	maintenance party	all	varchar	Who performed the maintenance
MNTINT	maintenance interval	all	numeric	Maximum number of months recommended
				between maintenance activities



Table 20: sensor_configuration_codes

field_id	field_name	parameter	code_value abbreviation	description
B002033	sensor type	salinity	2 - 0	See BUFR table 0 02 033
B002038	sensor type - wa-	water tem-	0 - 15	See BUFR table 0 02 038
B002038	sensor type - wa- ter temperature	water tem-	16	Bait tanks thermometer.
B002038	sensor type - wa- ter temperature	water tem- perature	17	electronic sensor
B002038	sensor type - wa- ter temperature	water tem- perature	18	limplied bucket [note: applicable to early ICOADS data]
B002038	sensor type - wa- ter temperature	water tem- perature	19	Radiation thermometer.
B002038	sensor type - wa- ter temperature	water tem- perature	20	Through Hull sensor.
B002038	sensor type - wa- ter temperature	water tem- perature	21	Trailing thermistor
B002038	sensor type - wa- ter temperature	water tem- perature	22	unknown or non-bucket
B002051	sensor type - extremes	air temperature	0 - 15	See BUFR table 0 02 051
B002096	sensor type - air temperature	air temperature	0	See BUFR table 0 02 096
B002097	sensor type - humidity	humidity	0 - 31	See BUFR table 0 02 097
B002169	sensor type - wind speed	wind speed	0 - 15	See BUFR table 0 02 169
B002169	sensor type - wind speed	wind speed	16	Anemograph.
B002169	sensor type - wind speed	wind speed	17	Anemometer - type unspecified
				Continued on next page



Table 20 sensor_configuration_codes (cont.)

		2000		-comigaration-codes (cont.	lt.)
field_id	field_name	parameter	code_value	abbreviation	description
B002169	sensor type - wind speed	wind speed	18		Beaufort force
B002169	sensor type - wind speed	wind speed	19		Cup anemometer and wind vane (combined unit).
B002169	sensor type - wind speed	wind speed	20		Cup anemometer and wind vane (separate instruments).
B002169	sensor type - wind speed	wind speed	21		Handheld anemometer.
B002169	sensor type - wind speed	wind speed	22		Other (specify in footnote).
B002169	sensor type - wind speed	wind speed	23		Propeller vane.
B002185	sensor type - evaporation	evaporation	0 - 15		See BUFR table 0 02 185
B003003	sensor hous- ing - type	all	0 - 15		See BUFR table 0 03 003
B003004	sensor hous- ing - radiation shielding	all	0 - 15	2	See BUFR table 0 03 004
B003008	sensor housing - ventilation	all	2 - 0		See BUFR table 0 03 008
B003020	sensor hous- ing - material	all	2 - 0		See BUFR table 0 03 020
B003021	sensor hous- ing - heating	all	0 - 4		See BUFR table 0 03 021
B003022 B003023	sensor owner sensor housing - configuration	all	7 - 0		See BUFR table 0 03 022 See BUFR table 0 03 023
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	0		Open Scale barograph with 1 day clock.
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	-		Open Scale barograph with 2 day clock.
					Continued on next page



Table 20 sensor_configuration_codes (cont.)

		lable 20 s	lable zu sensor_configuration_codes (cont.)	JT.)
field_id	field_name	parameter	code_value abbreviation	description
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	2	Open Scale barograph with 3 day clock.
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	က	Open Scale barograph with 4 day clock.
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	4	Open Scale barograph with 5 day clock.
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	D.	Open Scale barograph with 6 day clock.
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	9	Open Scale barograph with 7 day clock.
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	7	Open Scale barograph with 8 day clock.
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	8	Open Scale barograph with 9 day clock.
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	0	Open Scale barograph.
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	10	Other (specify in footnote).
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	1	Small Scale barograph.
BARG	sensor type - barograph	pressure trend	12	Tendency obtained from an electronic digital barometer.
BARM	sensor type - barometer	pressure	0	Aneroid barometer (issued by the PMO or a NMS).
BARM	sensor type - barometer	pressure	-	Digital aneroid barometer (aka Precision Aneroid Barometer).
BARM	sensor type - barometer	pressure	2	Electronic digital barometer (consisting of one or more pressure transducers).
BARM	sensor type - barometer	pressure	က	Mercury barometer.
BARM	sensor type - barometer	pressure	4	Other
				Continued on next page



Table 20 sensor_configuration_codes (cont.)

		ומטום בר	Table 20 sellsol -colligal alloll-codes (colli.	alloll-codes (col	IL.)
field_id	field_name	parameter	code_value	abbreviation	description
BARM	sensor type -	pressure	5		Ship's aneroid barometer.
	barometer				
IBS	ice bulb status	humidity	0		Ice bulb
IBS	ice bulb status	humidity	-		Wet bulb
MANU	manufacturer	all	0		Vaisala
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	0		Aft mast.
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all			Bridge wing
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	2		Foremast yardarm
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	က		Foremast.
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	4	6	Handheld.
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	2		Main deck
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	9		Mainmast yardarm
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	7		Mainmast.
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	∞		Mast on wheelhouse top yardarm
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	6		Mast on wheelhouse top.
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	10		Meteorological mast.
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	11		Not fitted.
	tion - ship				
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	12		Other
	tion - ship				
					Continued on next page



Table 20 sensor_configuration_codes (cont.)

		אל טומשו		ומטוט בט שלים וושווש שונים ביים לבי של היום	L.)
field_id	field_name	parameter	code_value	abbreviation	description
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	13		Pressurised wheelhouse (closed and
	tion - ship				not vented to the outside).
SLOC	sensor loca- tion - ship	all	14		Wheelhouse
SLOC	sensor loca-	all	15		Wheelhouse, not pressurised
	tion - ship				(vented to the outside).
SRR	sensor type -	precipitation	NA		Place holder
	precipitation				
SSIDE	sensor side - ship	all	0		Center
SSIDE	sensor side - ship	all	-		Port
SSIDE	sensor side - ship	all	2		Starboard
SSIDE	sensor side - ship	all	3		Windward side
SWV	sensor type	waves	0		hove
	- waves			•	
SWV	sensor type	waves	1		other
	- waves				
SWV	sensor type	waves	2		shipborne wave recorder
	- waves				
SWW	sensor type -	present weather	0		Automatic, included (using WMO
	present weather				Codes 4677 and 4561)
SWW	sensor type -	present weather	-		Automatic, included (using WMO
	present weather				codes 4680 amd 4531)
SWW	sensor type -	present weather	2		Automatic, omitted (no observa-
	present weather				tion, data not available)
SWW	sensor type -	present weather	က		Automatic, omitted (no significant
	present weather				phenomenon to report)
SWW	sensor type -	present weather	4		Manned, included
	present weather				
SWW	sensor type -	present weather	2		Manned, omitted (no observa-
	present weather				tion, data not available)
SWW	sensor type -	present weather	9		Manned, omitted (no significant
	present weather				phenomenon to report)
					Continued on next page



End of table description TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD Table 20 sensor_configuration_codes (cont.) abbreviation code_value TBD 7BD 7BD TBD TBD parameter sonde = all <u>=</u> <u>__</u> sample treatment telemetry_sonde quality control sample profield_name procedure Calibration method cedure CALMETH **QCPROC** TSONDE STREAT SPROC field_id

C3S_311a_Lot2_NUIM_2017 {ref}



3.7 Quality control flags

A single QC flag is provided in the observations table for the observed value. Additional flags can be provided using the qc_table and by setting the advanced_qc flag to true in the observations_table.

Table 21: qc_table

element_name	kind	external_table	description
report_id	varchar (fk)	observations_table	Link to report this entry is for
observation_id	varchar (fk)	observations_table	Link to observation this entry is for. Set to
			NULL / NA if entry for report level QC
qc_method	int (fk)	qc_method	Link to table describing QC method
			used to set this flag
qc₋flag	int (fk)	quality_flag	E.g. 0 = good, 1 = inconsistent etc
			End of table

End of table

3.8 Uncertainty budget

A single standard uncertainty value is provided for each observed value in the observations table. Additional values can be provided using the uncertainty_table and by setting the advanced_uncertainty to true in the observations_table.

Table 22: uncertainty_table

kind	external_table	description
int (fk)	observations_table	Link to report this entry is for
int (fk)	observations_table	Link to observation this entry is for
int (fk)	uncertainty_type	The type of uncertainty de-
		scribed by this entry
int (fk)	uncertainty_	Method used to estimate this uncertainty
	method	
numeric	NA	Expected error standard deviation due
		to specified uncerainty source
int (fk)	units	The units used to report the un-
		certainty. This may be different to
		the reporting units (e.g. %)
	int (fk) int (fk) int (fk) int (fk) numeric	int (fk) observations_table int (fk) observations_table int (fk) uncertainty_type int (fk) uncertainty_ method numeric NA

End of table

3.9 Homogenisation data



Table 23: homogenisation_table (NA)

kind	external_table	description
varchar (fk)	observations_table	Link to report this entry is for
varchar (fk)	observations_table	Link to observation this entry is for
int (fk)	homogenisatio n_method	Method used to homogenise data
numeric	NA	Value applied to homogenise data (homogenised_value = original (+-/*) homogenisation_adjustment)
int (fk)	homogenisatio n_operator	Operator (+-/*) used to apply adjustment
int	NA	Order in which the adjustments are applied
	varchar (fk) varchar (fk) int (fk) numeric int (fk)	varchar (fk) observations_table varchar (fk) observations_table int (fk) homogenisatio n_method numeric NA int (fk) homogenisatio n_operator

4 Governance of the Common Data Model

A working group will be set up to manage the governance of the common data model. This group will operate remotely via email and regular teleconferences. Proposals to add new entries to the code tables or make changes to the structure of the common data model shall be made via email to email address TBD. Emails to this address will be distributed to all members of the working group.

During the initial development stage of the service proposals sent to the above email address will be assessed monthly, with discussion via email and teleconference as required. Accepted changes will be implemented at the beginning of the following month or with at least 2 weeks notice. These changes will be published both via the service website and via a subscription email list (email list / address TBD).

The working group will be self nominating and initially contain at least one member from each Lot to act as a primary point of contact for that Lot and to represent their requirements on the working group. The working group will also contain a representative from ECMWF, or a nominated representative from another organisation, to represent the needs of the wider C3S community. Additional members from the different Lots will be welcomed. In the case of disagreement over proposed changes each Lot will have one vote irrespective of the number of members in the working group. In the case of a hung vote ECMWF, or their representative, will have the deciding vote.

The initial working group and contact details are listed in Table XX.

5 Acknowledgements

- Participants from Lot 1
- Participants from Lot 2
- Participants from Lot 3
- External comments ...



6 References

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WMO, 2015b: Manual on the WMO Integrated Global Observing System: Annex VIII to the Technical Regulations (WMO-No 1160), WMO, Geneva.

7 Appendix



Observed variable

Table 24: observed_variable

observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
variable	-group					
0	aerosols			aerosol ab-	Dimensionless	Vertical column integral of
				sorption op-		spectral aerosol absorption
				tical depth		coefficient: $AAOD = exp(-K)$
						Dz) where K is the absorption
						coefficient [km-1] and Dz
						the vertical path [km]
-	aerosols			aerosol col-	g m-2	2D field of the column burden
				umn burden		of condensed particles
						in the atmosphere
2	aerosols			aerosol dust	g kg-1	3-D field of concentra-
				concentration		tion of dust or sand in
						the atmosphere
က	aerosols			aerosol effec-	micro m	3D field of mean aerosol
				tive radius		particle size, defined as the
						ratio of the third and second
						moments of the number
						size distribution of aerosol
						particles. Requested in
						the troposphere (assumed
				•		height: 12 km) and as
						columnar average.
4	aerosols			aerosol extinc-	m-1	3D field of spectral volumetric
				tion coefficient		extinction cross-section
						of aerosol particles.
5	aerosols			aerosol mass	g kg-1	3D field of the mass mixing
				mixing ratio		ratio of condensed particles
						in the atmosphere
						Continued on next page



Table 24 observed_variable (cont.)

))	()	
observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
variable	group					
9	aerosols			aerosol op-	Dimensionless	The AOD is the effective
				tical depth		depth of the aerosol column
						from the viewpoint of radiation
						propagation: Vertical column
						integral of spectral aerosol
						extinction coefficient AOD =
						exp(-K. Dz) where K is the
						extinction coefficient [km-1]
						and Dz the vertical path [km]
7	aerosols			aerosol	moles per	3D field of the mole fraction of
				species mole	mole of dry air	condensed-phase chemical
				fraction		species (e.g., sulfate, nitrate,
						ammonium, elemental
						carbon, organic carbon),
						in the atmosphere
8	aerosols			aerosol	moles m-2	2D field of the total column
				species to-		burden concentration of
				tal column		condensed-phase chemical
				burden		species (e.g., sulfate, nitrate,
						ammonium, elemental
						carbon, organic carbon),
						in the atmosphere
						Continued on next page



Continued on next page Selection, out of a pre-defined shape as a function of particle size. The definition of aerosol complex refractive index, and algorithm used to choose the type includes specification of all the classes as well as the set of aerosol classes, that specification of the particle composition, mixing state, best fits an input data set aerosol classes includes best fit to the input data. 3D field of mass mixing (observed or modeled) The pre-defined set of mass of volcanic ash Field of total column ratio of volcanic ash description TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD percent percent percent g m-2 papoo g kg-1 units Sr-1 Table 24 observed_variable (cont.) 절 aerosol type snow albedo blue ice bidiclean glacier total column blue ice and rectional redirty glacier air conducaerosol volaerosol vol ice albedo ice albedo canic ash canic ash flectance name tivity sub_domain domain parameter aerosols aerosols aerosols aerosols group albedo albedo albedo albedo observed variable 12 13 14 15 16 10 11



Table 24 observed_variable (cont.)

			1 a DI C 2 + O D S	able 24 observed_variable (corn.)	0111.7	
observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
variable	_group					
17	albedo			earth sur-	percent	Hemispherically integrated re-
				face albedo		flectance of the Earth surface
						in the range 0.4 - 0.7 micro-m
18	albedo			snow bidi-	sr-1	TBD
				rectional re-		
				flectance		
19	cloud	atmospheric	upper-air	cloud base	٤	cloud base height (hb)
				height		
20	cloud	atmospheric	upper-air	cloud base	papoo	Height above surface of
				lowest height		the base of the lowest
						clond seen (coded 0-9)
21	cloud	atmospheric	upper-air	cloud cover	Okta or per-	3D field of fraction of sky
					cent	filled by clouds.
22	cloud	atmospheric	upper-air	cloud genus	Coded	Genus of cloud (0 - Cirrus
						to 9 - Cumulo-Nimbus)
23	cloud	atmospheric	upper-air	clond genus	Coded or m	Height of base of cloud
				base height		whose genus is c
24	cloud	atmospheric	upper-air	high cloud	papoo	type of high clouds (ch)
				type		
25	cloud	atmospheric	upper-air	low cloud type	pepoo	type of low clouds (cl)
26	cloud	atmospheric	upper-air	lowest cloud	Okta	low or (if low clouds don't
				amont		exist) middle cloud amount
27	cloud	atmospheric	upper-air	middle cloud	papoo	type of middle clouds (cm)
				type		
28	cloud	atmospheric	upper-air	total cloud	Okta	total amount of clouds
				amount		
29	evaporation	atmospheric		evaporation	mm	TBD
30	evaporation	atmospheric		evaporation	kg m-2 s-1	TBD
						Continued on next page



Table 24 observed_variable (cont.)

			1200	or vod_varidadio (oorin.	()	
observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
variable	_group					
31	evaporation	atmospheric		potential evap-	mm day-1	Quantity of water evaporated
				otranspiration		from the soil and plants
						when the ground is at its
						natural moisture content.
32	evaporation	atmospheric		real evapo-	mm day-1	TBD
				transpiration		
33	humidity	atmospheric		absolute hu- midity	g m-3	TBD
34	humidity	atmospheric	surface;	dew point de-	エ	Dew point depression is also
			upper-air	pression		called dew point deficit. It
						is the amount by which the
						air temperature exceeds
						its dew point temperature.
						Dew point temperature is
						the temperature at which
						a parcel of air reaches
						saturation upon being
						cooled at constant pressure
						and specific humidity.
36	humidity	atmospheric	surface;	dew point tem-	**************************************	Dew point temperature is
			upper-air	perature		the temperature at which
						a parcel of air reaches
						saturation upon being
						cooled at constant pressure
						and specific humidity.
37	humidity	atmospheric	surface;	ice bulb tem-	エ	TBD
			upper-air	perature		
38	humidity	atmospheric	surface;	relative hu-	percent	TBD
			upper-air	midity		
						Continued on next page



Table 24 observed_variable (cont.)

			1200 1100	1 VCG_VGI IQDIO (0	0111.7	
observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	nnits	description
variable	group					
39	humidity	atmospheric	surface;	specific hu-	g kg-1	specific means per unit
			upper-air	midity		mass. Specific humidity is
						the mass fraction of water
9	-					vapor III (IIIOIst) ali.
40	humidity	atmospheric		water vapour	hPa	TBD
				pressure		
41	humidity	atmospheric	surface;	wet bulb tem-	¥	TBD
			upper-air	perature		
43	ice			ice thickness	٤	Thickness of the ice sheet.
						It is related to sea-ice
						elevation and ice density
44	precipitation	atmospheric		accumulated	mm	accumulated precipitation
				precipitation		over specified period
45	precipitation	atmospheric		fresh snow	mm	TBD
46	precipitation	atmospheric		hydrometeor	Code table	3D field of the predominant
				type		form of condensed water in a
						volume of free atmosphere,
						including liquid cloud, rain,
						ice crystals, snow, graupel
						and hail. (This variable
						replaces "precipitation type").
47	precipitation	atmospheric		precipitation	g m-2 s-1	Precipitation (liquid or solid)
48	precipitation	atmospheric		precipitation	mm h-1	Precipitation intensity at
				instensity		surface (liquid or solid)
				liquid	>	
49	precipitation	atmospheric		precipitation	mm h-1	Precipitation intensity
				intensity solid		at surface (solid)
50	precipitation	atmospheric		precipitation	papoo	Liquid, snow, hail, fog
				type		
51	precipitation	atmospheric		rainy days	Days	TBD
						Continued on next page



Table 24 observed_variable (cont.)

			ומטוה ב+ טטנ	Iable 24 observed_variable (colit.)	OHL.)	
observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
variable	group					
52	precipitation	atmospheric		snow cover	percent	Fraction of a given area
						which is covered by snow
53	precipitation	atmospheric		snow depth	cm	Vertical distance from
						the snow surface to the
						underlying surface (ground,
						glacier ice or sea ice).
54	precipitation	atmospheric		snow status	pəpoo	Wet or dry
55	precipitation	atmospheric		snow water	mm	Surface snow amount
				equivalent		
56	pressure	atmospheric	surface	adjunct tem-	エ	temperature of the adjunct
				perature		thermometer to the barometer
				barometer		to reduce pressure to 0 degC
57	pressure	atmospheric	surface	air pressure	Pa	pressure of air column
						at specified height
58	pressure	atmospheric	surface	air pressure	Pa	sea level means mean sea
				at sea level		level, which is close to the
						geoid in sea areas. Air
					}	pressure at sea level is the
						quantity often abbreviated
						as MSLP or PMSL.
59	pressure	atmospheric	surface	pressure ten-	Pa	pressure tendency
				dency		
09	pressure	atmospheric	surface	pressure ten-	pepoo	characteristic of pres-
				dency char-		sure tendency (used
				acteristics	>	in synoptic maps)
61	radiation	atmopsheric		diffuse ra-	W m-2	TBD
				diation		
62	radiation	atmopsheric		downward	W m-2	Flux density of radiation emit-
				longwave ir-		ted by the gases, aerosols
				radiance at		and clouds of the atmosphere
				earth surface		to the Earth's surface
						Continued on next page



Table 24 observed_variable (cont.)

			1 a DI C 2 + O D S	IADIG 64 ODSGI VGU-VALIADIG (COLIL.)	0111.7	
observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
variable	_group					
63	radiation	atmopsheric		downward	W m-2	Flux density of the solar
				shortwave ir-		radiation at the Earth surface
				radiance at		
				earth surface		
64	radiation	atmopsheric		downward	W m-2	Flux density of the so-
				shortwave ir-		lar radiation at the top
				radiance at toa		of the atmosphere
65	radiation	atmopsheric		earth surface	percent	Reflectance of the Earth
				shortwave		surface as a function of
				bidirectional		the viewing angle and the
				reflectance		illumination angle in the
						range 0.4-0.7 micro m
						. The distribution of this
						variable is represented by
						the Bidirectional Reflectance
						Distribution Function (BRDF)
99	radiation	atmopsheric		fraction of ab-	percent	Fraction of PAR absorbed by
				sorbed par		vegetation (land or marine)
						for photosynthesis processes (generally around the 'red')
29	radiation	atmopsheric		global ra-	W m-2	TBD
				diation		
89	radiation	atmopsheric		longwave	percent	TBD
				earth surface		
				emissivity		
69	radiation	atmopsheric		longwave ra-	W m-2	TBD
				diation		
20	radiation	atmopsheric		meteorological	Е	Meteorological optical
				optical range		range at surface
						Continued on next nade



Table 24 observed_variable (cont.)

			lable 24 obs	lable 24 observed_variable (cont.)	ont.)	
observed_ variable	parameter group	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
71	radiation	atmopsheric		photosyntheticallW m-2 active radi-	ll y V m-2	Flux of downwelling photons of wavelength 0.4-0.7 micro m
72	radiation	atmopsheric		ation	percent	Reflectance of the solar
				cloud re- flectance		radiation from clouds
73	radiation	atmopsheric		shortwave radiation	W m-2	TBD
74	radiation	atmopsheric		solar gamma ray flux	W m-2	Radiative flux integrated over the gamma-ray domain.
75	radiation	atmopsheric		solar UV flux	W m-2	Integrated UV flux over the solar disk.
92	radiation	atmopsheric		solar VIS flux	W m-2	Integrated VIS flux over the solar disk
77	radiation	atmopsheric		solar X ray flux	W m-2	Integrated X-ray flux over the solar disk
78	radiation	atmopsheric		sunshine du- ration	l l	TBD
79	radiation	atmopsheric		upward long- wave irradi- ance at Earth surface	W m-2	Flux density of terres- trial radiation emitted by the Earth surface
08	radiation	atmopsheric		upward long- wave irradi- ance at TOA	W m-2	Flux density of terrestrial radiation emitted by the Earth surface and the gases, aerosols and clouds ot the atmosphere at the top of the atmosphere
						Continued on next page



Table 24 observed_variable (cont.)

			ומטול דיז טומטו	ומטוט בד סטפרו זכת זכת בד סטפוני,	0111.)	
observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
variable	_group					
81	radiation	atmopsheric		upward short-	W m-2	Flux density of solar radiation,
				wave irradi-		reflected by the Earth
				ance at TOA		surface and atmosphere,
						emitted to space at the
						top of the atmosphere
82	radiation	atmopsheric		upward spec-	W m-2 nm-	Upward radiant power
				tral radiance	1 sr-1	measured at the top of the
				at TOA		atmosphere per area unit,
						per solid angle, and per
						wavelength interval. Spectral
						range 0.2-200 micro m.
83	salinity	oceanic	surface; sub-	salinity	nsd	ocean salinity (PSU)
			surface			
85	temperature	atmospheric	surface;	air temper-	¥	Air temperature is the bulk
			upper-air	ature		temperature of the air, not the
						surface (skin) temperature.
86	temperature	atmospheric		daily maxi-	X	TBD
				mum air tem-		
				perature		
87	temperature	atmospheric		daily maxi-	X	TBD
				mum air tem-		
				perature with		
				direct sun		
				exposure		
88	temperature	atmospheric		daily maxi-	*	Grass maximum thermometer
				mum grass		is 5 cm above ground
				temperature		
89	temperature	atmospheric		daily mini-	¥	TBD
				mum air tem-		
				perature		
						Continued on next page



Table 24 observed_variable (cont.)

			IdDIE 24 obst	iable z4 observed_variable (corr.)	OIII)	
observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
variable	_group					
06	temperature	atmospheric		daily minimum	ス	TBD
				air tempera-		
				ture with direct		
				sun exposure		
91	temperature	atmospheric		daily minimum	エ	Grass minimum thermometer
				grass tem-		is 5 cm above ground
				perature		
92	temperature	atmospheric		days with	Days	TBD
				ground frost		
93	temperature	atmospheric		snow tem-	エ	TBD
				perature		
94	temperature	atmospheric		soil tem-	ㅗ	Lot 1 is using Ts -
				perature		WMO abbrev.
92	temperature	oceanic	surface; sub-	water tem-	ᅩ	Water (sea, river, lake) tem-
			surface	perature		perature at depth indicated
96	visibility	atmospheric	surface	horizontal vis-	m	The visibility is the distance at
				ibility in air		which something can be seen.
26	weather			lightning de-	deg (lat, lon)	Detection of the time and
				tection	and UTC	location (latitude, longitude)
						of lightning events. Accuracy
						expressed in terms of Hit
						Rate and False Alarm Rate,
						which requires predetermi-
						nation of a specific distance
					>	and time tolerance.
86	weather			lightning du-	S	TBD
				ration		
66	weather			lightning hor-	Ж	TBD
				izontal dis-		
				tance		
						Continued on next page



Table 24 observed_variable (cont.)

			19016 24 0DS	Iable 24 ubset ved_variable (curit.)	JIII.)	
observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
variable	group					
100	weather	atmospheric	surface	past weather 1	papoo	past weather 1 - most extreme phomenon (w)
101	weather	atmospheric	surface	past weather 2	papoo	past weather 2 - most frequent phomenon (used
102	weather	atmospheric	surface	present weather	coded	present weather (ww)
103	weather			Total light- ning density	Dimensionless	Total number of detected flashes in the corresponding
						time interval and the space unit. The space unit (grid box) should be equal to
						the horizontal resolution and the accumulation time to the observing cycle
104	wind	atmospheric	surface; upper-air	eastward wind speed	r-s L-s	Eastward indicates a vector component which is positive when directed eastward (negative westward). Wind is defined as a two-dimensional (horizontal) air velocity vector, with no vertical component. (Vertical motion in the atmosphere has the standard name upward air velocity.)



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	description	Northward indicates a vector component which is positive when directed northward (negative southward). Wind is defined as a two-dimensional (horizontal) air velocity vector, with no vertical component. (Vertical motion in the atmosphere has the standard name upward air velocity.)	direction from which the wind is blowing Lot 1 uses dd - WMO abbrev.	Speed is the magnitude of velocity. Wind is defined as a two-dimensional (horizontal) air velocity vector, with no vertical component. (Vertical motion in the atmosphere has the standard name upward air velocity.) The wind speed is the magnitude of the wind velocity. Lot 1 uses ff - WMO abbrev.
cont.)	units	1-8 E	degree	L-S E
lable 24 observed_variable (cont.)	name	northward wind speed	wind from direction	wind speed
lable 24 obse	sub_domain	surface; upper-air	surface; upper-air	upper-air
	domain	atmospheric	atmospheric	atmospheric
	parameter group	wind	wind	wind
	observed_variable	105	106	107

C3S_311a_Lot2_NUIM_2017 {ref}



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				V 000 100 -00 10	(::::)	
observed	parameter	domain	sub_domain	name	units	description
variable	_group					
108	wind	atmospheric	surface	wind speed	m S-1	Speed is the magnitude of
				of gust		velocity. Wind is defined as a
						two-dimensional (horizontal)
						air velocity vector, with no
						vertical component. (Vertical
						motion in the atmosphere
						has the standard name
						upward air velocity.) The
						wind speed is the magnitude
						of the wind velocity. A gust
						is a sudden brief period
						of high wind speed. In
						an observed timeseries of
						wind speed, the gust wind
						speed can be indicated by
						a cell methods of maximum
						for the time-interval. In
						an atmospheric model
						which has a parametrised
						calculation of gustiness,
						the gust wind speed may
						be separately diagnosed
						from the wind speed. Lot 1
						uses fx - WMO abbrev.
109	wind	atmospheric		wind speed	m s-1	Maximum observed wind
				max		speed over specified period
						Lot 1 uses fm - WMO abbrev.
110				turbulence	J m-3	TBD
						End of table



.2 Other tables

Table 25: adjustment

adjustment	report_id	adjustment report_id observation_id value reason	value	reason	reference
NA	NA	NA	-0.123	Test value	-0.123 Test value DOI of paper / document describ-
					ing adjustment methodology
					End of table

Table 26: contact

element_name occurrence kind	occurrence	kind	external_table description	description
contact_id	-	varchar (pk) NA	NA	primary key
title	-	varchar	NA	Title of contact (e.g. Mr, Mrs, Dr. etc)
name	-	varchar	NA	Name of contact
organisation	-	varchar (fk)	varchar (fk) organisation	Link to organisation that con-
			5	tact is associated with
telephone	-	varchar	NA	telephone number for contacr
email	-	varchar	NA	email address for contact
url	-	varchar	NA	website for contact
				End of table

Table 27: conversion_flag (NA)

conversion_flag description	description
0	Both original (non SI) and converted
	(SI) values available, see conver-
	sion_method for details.
-	Only original value in non-SI units
	available, no conversion has been
	performed. See original_value field.
2	Original value in SI units available,
	no conversion required.



Table 27 conversion_flag (cont.)

	,
conversion_flag	description
3	Value coded - see code_table for details.
	End of table

Table 28: conversion_method

		101111111111111111111111111111111111111	70,000
conversion description	describtion	implementation reference	reierence
method			
NA	Farenheit to de- T_Celsius =	T_Celsius =	NA
	grees Celsius	(T_Farenheit -	
		32) / 1.8	
			End of table

Table 29: organisation

organisation_id 1 varchar (pk) NA parent_organisation 1 varchar (fk) organ abbreviation 1 varchar NA address 1 varchar NA admin_area 1 varchar NA admin_area 1 varchar NA region 1 int (fk) sub_repostal_code 1 varchar NA telephone 1 varchar NA	occurrence kind	kind	external_table	description
ent_organisation 1 varchar reviation 1 varchar ress 1 varchar ress 1 varchar on 1 varchar on 1 int (fk) ntry 1 varchar phone 1 varchar iii 1 varchar iii 1 varchar iii 1 varchar iii 1 varchar	1	varchar (pk)	NA	unique ID for organisation
te 1 varchar ress 1 varchar ress 1 varchar tin_area 1 varchar on 1 int (fk) ntry 1 varchar phone 1 varchar til 1 varchar til 1 varchar	on 1	varchar (fk)	organisation	Link to parent organisation (or NA/NULL or none)
reviation 1 varchar ress 1 varchar lin_area 1 varchar on 1 int (fk) ntry 1 varchar phone 1 varchar iii 1 varchar iii 1 varchar	-	varchar	NA	Name of organisation
ress 1 varchar 1in_area 1 varchar on 1 int (fk) ntry 1 int (fk) tal_code 1 varchar phone 1 varchar	-	varchar	NA	Abbreviated name (or NA/NULL)
1 varchar on 1 varchar on 1 int (fk) ntry 1 varchar phone 1 varchar ii varchar iii 1	-	varchar	NA	Road / building name
a 1 varchar 1 int (fk) le 1 varchar 1 varchar 1 varchar 1 varchar 1 varchar	-	varchar	NA	City
1 int (fk) 1 art (fk) le 1 varchar 1 varchar 1 varchar 1 varchar	-	varchar	NA	County or admin region
le int (fk) varchar 1 varchar 1 varchar 1 varchar	-	int (fk)	region	WMO Region
le 1 varchar 1 varchar 1 varchar 1 varchar 1	-	int (fk)	sub_region	Country
1 varchar 1 varchar 1 varchar	-	varchar	NA	Postal / zip code
1 varchar I tarchar	-	varchar	NA	Primary telephone number of organisation
l tarchar	-	varchar	NA	Link to organisation website
	-	varchar	NA	Primary email contact for website
				End of table



7.3 Code tables

Table 30: application_area (WIGOS 2-01)

application_area	description
1	Global numerical weather prediction (GNWP)
2	High-resolution numerical weather
	prediction (HRNWP)
3	Nowcasting and very short range
	forecasting (NVSRF)
4	Seasonal and inter-annual forecasting (SIAF)
5	General weather forecasting
6	Aeronautical meteorology
7	Ocean applications
8	Agricultural meteorology
9	Hydrology
10	Climate monitoring (as undertaken
	through the Global Climate Ob-
	serving System, GCOS)
11	Climate applications
12	Space weather
13	Cryosphere applications
14	Energy sector
15	Transportation sector
16	Health sector
17	Terrestrial ecology
18	Operational air quality forecasting
19	Atmospheric composition forecasting
20	Atmospheric composition mon-
	itoring and analysis
21	Large urban complexes
	End of table

End of table

Table 31: automation_status

automation_status	description
0	Automatic observation.
1	Automatic, always supplemented
	by manual input.
2	Automatic, occasionally supple-
	mented by manual input.
3	Automatic, supplemented by
	manual observations.
4	Manual observation.
	Continued on part page

Continued on next page



Table 31 automation_status (cont.)

automation_status	description	
5	Unknown.	
6	Visual observation.	
•		Frank at Antala

Table 32: calibration_status (WIGOS 5-08)

calibration_status	description
0	No changes - in calibration.
1	No changes - out of calibration.
2	No changes - calibration unknown.
3	Recalibrated - in calibration.

End of table

Table 33: communication_method (Various sources (WMO47, WIGOS, BUFR))

communication mathed	docarintian
communication_method	description
0	Cellular (unspecified)
1	Meteosat DCP
2	Iridium (unspecified)
3	GOES DCP
4	VSAT (unspecified)
5	Landline telephone
6	Radio modem
7	E-mail (unspecified)
8	Voice (ship). The observation is
	sent to a NMS through the telephone
	network. The communication may use
	Inmarsat, Iridium, Vsat, VHF
9	Email (ship). The observation is sent
	to a NMS through an email. The WMO
	message is attached to this email.
	The satellite communication provider
	may be Inmarsat, Iridium, Vsat
10	Web (ship). The observation is sent
	through the Web (example: TurboWeb).
	The satellite communication provider
	may be Inmarsat, Iridium, Vsat
	Continued on next page

Continued on next page



Table 33 communication_method (cont.)

communication_method	description
11	Inmarsat-C (FM13, SAC41). Standard
	procedure used to report observations
	(FM13 messages) from conventional VOS
	for many years. Collect call system: the
	NMS which receives the observations
	pays the communication costs
12	Inmarsat-C (FM13, other SAC). FM13
	messages are sent to a dedicated SAC
	(other than SAC41) established at one, or
	more LES. In general, communications are
	paid by the country who recruited the ship
13	Inmarsat-C (EUHC). Text messages
	containing compressed data (E-SURFMAR
	format) are sent ashore through Inmarsat-
	C to a dedicated SAC and LES.
	Communications are paid by the
	country who recruited the ship
14	Inmarsat-C (SEAS). SEAS binary
	messages sent through Inmarsat-C Data
	Mode to a dedicated SAC and LES.
	Communications are paid by NOAA/NWS
15	Automated Identification System (di-
	rect or through satellite)
16	Argos system
17	Cellular (Dial-up). Dial-up commu-
	nication using terrestrial wireless
10	networks (GSM, GPRS)
18	Cellular (SMS). SMS sent through terrestrial
19	wireless networks (GSM, GPRS) Globalstar communication system
20	GMS (DCP). Data Collecting Platform of
20	Geostationary Meteorological Satellites
21	Iridium (SBD). Short Burst Data service
~ 1	of Iridium communication system
22	Iridium (Email). Email sent through
	Iridium (e.g. Easymail)
23	Iridium (Dial-up). Dial-up commu-
	nication using Iridium
24	Inmarsat-C (Data Mode). Data Mode
	service of Inmarsat-C used by S-AWS.
	See above for SEAS which also uses
	this service for conventional VOS
	Continued on next page
	1 9



Table 33 communication_method (cont.)

communication_method	description
25	Inmarsat-C (Email). Email sent
	through Inmarsat-C
26	Orbcomm communication system
27	Vsat (Email). Email sent through Vsat
28	Vsat (Dial-up). Dial-up com-
	munication using Vsat
29	Delayed Mode only
30	Other (specify in footnote).

Table 34: crs (BUFR 0 01 150)

crs	description
0	WGS84
1	ETRS89
2	NAD83
3	DHDN
4	Ellipsoidal datum using International
	Reference Meridian maintained by
	the International Earth Rotation and
	Reference System Services (IERS)
	End of table

Table 35: data_present (NA)

data_present	description
0	Indicated data is not available
1	Indicated data available
	End of table

Table 36: data_policy_licence (WIGOS 9-02)

data_policy_licence	name	description
1	WMO essential	WMO Essential Data: free and un-
		restricted international exchange of
		basic data and products.
		Continued on next page



Table 36 data_policy_licence (cont.)

data_policy_licence	name	
	Haille	description
2	WMO additional	WMO Additional Data: free and unrestricted access to data and products exchanged under the auspices of WMO to the research and education communities for non-commercial activities. A more precise definition of the data policy may be additionally supplied within the metadata. In all cases it shall be the responsibility of the data consumer to ensure that they understand the data policy specified by the data provider which may necessitate dialogue with the data publisher for confirmation of terms and conditions.
3	WMO other	Data identified for global distribution via WMO infrastructure (GTS / WIS) that is not covered by WMO Resolution 25 neither WMO Resolution 40 e.g. aviation OPMET data. Data marked with WMOOther data policy shall be treated like WMOAdditional where a more precise definition of the data policy may be additionally supplied within the metadata. In all cases it shall be the responsibility of the data consumer to ensure that they understand the data policy specified by the data provider which may necessitate dialogue with the data publisher for confirmation of terms and conditions.

Table 37: duplicate_status (Simplified version of duplicate status flags from IMMA (ICOADS))

duplicate_status	description
0	Unique observation, no known duplicates
1	Best duplicate
2	Worst duplicate
3	Unchecked
	E 1 (: 11



Table 38: events_at_station (WIGOS 4-04)

events_at_station	description
1	Grass-cutting
2	Snow clearing
3	Tree removal
4	Construction activity
5	Road work
6	Biomass burning
7	Dust storm
8	Storm damage
9	Wind storm
10	Flood
11	Fire
12	Earthquake
13	Land slide
14	Storm surge or tsunami
15	Lightning
16	Vandalism
	End of table

Table 39: id_scheme

id_scheme	description
0	WIGOS ID
1	GRUAN ID
2	IMO Number
3	National ID
4	WMO buoy / station number
5	Ship / platform callsign
6	Generic ID (e.g. SHIP, PLAT etc)
7	Station name
8	ICOADS other
9	ICOADS unknown
10	ICOADS composite
11	Oceangraphic platform / cruise number
12	Other buoy number (e.g. Argo)
	End of table

Table 40: instrument_exposure_quality (WIGOS 5-15)

instrument_exposure_quality	description
1	Class 1 - Exposure of instrument allows reference level measurements
	Continued on next page



Table 40 instrument_exposure_quality (cont.)

instrument_exposure_quality	description
2	Class 2 - Exposure of instrument has small
	or infrequent influence on measurement
3	Class 3 - Exposure of instrument
	leads to increased uncertainty or
	occasional invalid measurements
4	Class 4 - Exposure of instruemnt
	leads to high uncertainty or reg-
	ular invalid measurements
5	Class 5 - Exposure of instrument
	leads to invalid measurements

Table 41: location_method (based on WIGOS 11-01 and BUFR 0 02 148)

location_method	description
0	Argos
1	ARGOS DOPPLER
2	ARGOS Kalman
3	Argos-3
4	Argos-4
5	From map
6	GALILEO
7	GOES DCP
8	GPS
9	INMARSAT
10	Iridium
11	Iridium and GPS
12	IRIDIUM DOPPLER
13	LORAN
14	Meteosat DCP
15	Orbcomm
16	Surveyed

End of table

Table 42: location_quality

location_quality	description
0	Good - location consistent with other
	reports from this station
1	Doubtful
2	Bad - Track check failed
	Continued on payt page



Table 42 location_quality (cont.)

location_quality	description	
3	Unchecked	
	End of table	

Table 43: meaning_of_time_stamp (Based on simplified version of WIGOS 11-03)

meaning_of_time_stamp	name	description
1	beginning	Date / time specified indicates the start of the
		period over which the observation was made.
2	end	Date / time specified indicates the end of the
		period over which the observation was made.
3	middle	Date / time specified indicates the
		middle of the period over which
		the observation was made.

Table 44: measuring_system_model

meası	uring_system_model	description
NA		BATOS 4.8 (example entry)
		End of table

Table 45: method_of_estimating_uncertainty

method_of_estimating_uncertainty	description
NA	Laboratory based calibration (example entry)
NA	Comparison to co-located instru-
	ment (example entry)
	End of table



Table 46: observation_code_table

observation code_table code_table_id code_table code_table scheme 0 BUFR 0 20 003 Present weather 1 BUFR 0 20 004 Past weather 2 BUFR 0 10 063 Characteristics of pressure tendancy						
ode_table scheme BUFR 0 20 003 BUFR 0 10 063 BUFR 0 10 063		ode_table_	code_table_id	code_table	value	value description
BUFR 0 20 003 BUFR 0 10 063 BUFR 0 10 063		cheme		_name		
BUFR 0 20 004 BUFR 0 10 063	Ш	3UFR	0 20 003	Present weather	ΝΑ	See BUFR 0 20 003
BUFR 0 10 063	Ш	3UFR	0 20 004	Past weather	Ν	See BUFR 0 20 004
of pressure tendancy	Ш	3UFR	0 10 063	Characteristics	Ν	See BUFR 0 10 063
tendancy				of pressure		
				tendancy		
						End of table



Table 47: observation_value_significance (based on BUFR 0 08 023)

chaspration value significance	docarintian
observation_value_significance	description
0	Maximum value over indicated period
1	Minimum value over indicated period
2	Mean value over indicated period
3	Median value over indicated period
4	Modal value over indicated period
5	Mean absolute error over indicated period
6	Best estimate of standard deviation (N-1) of
	observed parameter over indicated period
7	Standard deviation (N) of observed
	parameter over indicated period
8	Harmonic mean of observed pa-
	rameter over indicated period
9	Root mean square vector error of observed
	parameter over indicated period
10	root mean square of observed pa-
	rameter over indicated period
11	Vector mean of observed param-
	eter over indicated period
12	Instantaneous value of observed parameter
13	Accumulation over specified period
14	Not applicable
	End of table

Table 48: observing_frequency (WMO47 - 0602)

observing_frequency	abbreviatione	description
0	opd	One observation per day (24 hour intervals).
1	tpd	Two observations per day (12 hour intervals).
2	fpd	Four observations per day (6 hour intervals).
3	epd	Eight observations per day (3 hour intervals).
4	hly	Hourly observations.
5	irr	Irregular observations.

Table 49: observing_method

observ	/ing_method	description
0		Measured
1		Estimated
2		Computed
	Continued	on next page



Table 49 observing_method (cont.)

observing_method description

End of table

Table 50: observing_programme (WIGOS 2-02)

observing_pr ogramme	abbreviation	description	sponsor
1	AMDAR	Global Aircraft	WMO/GOS
		Meteorological	
		DAta Relay	
2	EPA	Environmental	NA
		Protection Agency	
3	EUMETNET	Grouping of Eu-	WMO/GOS
		ropean National	
		Meteorological	
		Services	
4	WMO/GAW	World Meteoro-	NA
		logical Organiza-	
		tion/Global Atmo-	
		spheric Watch	
5	GCOS	Global Climate	NA
		Observing System	
6	GCW	Global Cryosphere	NA
		Watch	
7	GOOS	Global Ocean	NA
		Observing System	
8	IPA	International	NA
		Permafrost As-	
		sociation	
9	JCOMM	Joint Techni-	WMO/GOS
		cal Commission	
		for Oceanogra-	
		phy and Marine	
		Meteorology	
10	WMO/GOS	World Meteoro-	NA
		logical Organiza-	
		tion/Global Ob-	
		serving System	
11	GTOS	Global Terrestrial	NA
		Observing System	
12	IAGOS	In-service Aircraft	NA
		for a Global Ob-	
		serving System	
		<u> </u>	Continued on next page



Table 50 observing_programme (cont.)

observing_pr ogramme	abbreviation	description	sponsor
13	WHYCOS	World Hydrological	NA
13	WHICOS	Cycle Observ-	NA .
		•	
4.4	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	ing System	NIA
14	WMO/CLW	World Meteoro-	NA
		logical Office/Cli-	
		mate and Water	
	ADMET	Department	
15	ADNET	Asian dust and	GALION ; WMO/GAW
		aerosol lidar ob-	
		servation network	
16	Aeronet	AErosol RObotic	NASA?
		NETwork	
17	ANTON	Antarctic Observ-	WMO/GOS
		ing Network	
18	ASAP	Automated Ship-	WMO/GOS
		board Aerolog-	
		ical Program	
19	BSRN	Baseline Surface	WMO/GAW & GCOS
		Radiation Network	
20	CASTNET	Clean Air Sta-	(National - USA)
		tus and Trends	,
		Network	
21	CIS-LiNet	Lidar network for	GALION; WMO/GAW
	5.5 <u>2</u>	monitoring at-	G. 1.2.11 , 1111. G, G. 111
		mosphere over	
		CIS regions	
22	CLN	CREST Lidar	GALION ; WMO/GAW
	OLIV	Network	CALION, WIND/CAW
23	DART	Deep-ocean As-	NOAA Centre for Tsunamis Research
23	DANT	•	NOAA Centre for Tsuriamis Research
		sessment and Reporting of	
		Tsunamis	
0.4			ELINAETNIET - NAMAO/OOO
24	E-AMDAR	European - Aircraft	EUMETNET ; WMO/GOS
		Meteorological	
		DAta Relay	
25	E-ASAP	European - Au-	EUMETNET ; WMO/GOS
		tomated Ship-	
		board Aerolog-	
		ical Program	
26	E-GVAP	European - GNSS	EUMETNET ; WMO/GOS
		water vapour	
		programme	
			Continued on next page



Table 50 observing_programme (cont.)

observing_pr	abbreviation	description	sponsor
ogramme			
27	E-PROFILE	European - wind	EUMETNET ; WMO/GOS
		profiles from radar	
28	E-SURFMAR	European - Sur-	EUMETNET ; WMO/GOS
		face Marine Op-	
		erational Service	
29	EARLINET	European Aerosol	GALION ; WMO/GAW
		Research Li-	
		dar Network	
30	GALION	GAW Aerosol	WMO/GAW
		Lidar Observa-	
		tion Network	
31	GAW-PFR	GAW-Precision	WMO/GAW
		Filter Radiometers	
32	German AOD	German Aerosol	WMO/GAW
	Network	Optical Depth	
		Network	
33	GLOSS	Global Sea Level	JCOMM; WMO/GOS
		Observing System	
34	GRUAN	GCOS Reference	GCOS
		Upper Air Network	
35	GSN	GCOS Surface	GCOS
		Network	
36	GTN-G	Global Terrestrial	GCOS
		Network - Glaciers	
37	GTN-H	Global Terres-	WMO/CLW; GCOS; GTOS
		trial Network -	
		Hydrology	
38	GTN-P	Global Terres-	IPA ; GCOS ; GTOS
		trial Network -	
		Permafrost	
39	GUAN	GCOS Upper	GCOS
		Air Network	
40	IAGOS-MOZAIC	Measurement of	IAGOS
		Ozone and Water	
		Vapour on Airbus	
		in-service Aircraft	
41	LALINET	Latin America	GALION; WMO/GAW
		Lidar Network	
42	MPLNET	Micro Pulse Li-	GALION; WMO/GAW
		dar Network	



Table 50 observing_programme (cont.)

observing_pr ogramme	abbreviation	description	sponsor	
43	NDACC	Network for the Detection of At- mospheric Com- position Change	GALION; WMO/GAW	
44	OPERA	European Weather Radar Project	EUMETNET; (WMO/GOS)	
45	PIRATA	Prediction and Research Moored Array in the Atlantic	GOOS; WMO/GOS	
46	PolarAOD	Polar Aerosol Optical Depth Measurement Network Project	WMO/GAW	
47	RAMA	Research Moored Array for African- Asian-Australian Monsoon Analysis and Prediction	NOAA	
48	RBCN	Regional Ba- sic Climatolog- ical Network	WMO/GOS	
49	RBON	Regional Ba- sic Observing Network	WMO/GOS	
50	RBSN	Regional Basic Synoptic Network	WMO/GOS	
51	TAO	Tropical Atmo- sphere and Ocean Array	NOAA; GCOS	
52	SKYNET	Aerosol -cloud- radiation interac- tion in the atmo- sphere project	WMO/GAW	
53	SibRad	NA	WMO/GAW	
54	SOOP	Ship of Op- portunity	JCOMM; WMO/GOS	
55	U.S. IOOS	United States In- tegrated Ocean Observing System	(National - USA)	
56	VOS	Voluntary Ob- serving Fleet	JCOMM; WMO/GOS	
			Continued on next page	



Table 50 observing_programme (cont.)

observing_pr ogramme	abbreviation	description	sponsor
57	VOSCLIM	Voluntary Observ- ing Fleet (VOS) Climate Project	JCOMM ; WMO/GOS
58	WRAP	Worldwide Recur- ring ASAP Project	JCOMM; WMO/GOS

Table 51: platform_sub_type (based on WMO47, ICOADS, BUFR 0 02 149)

platform_su b_type	platform_type	abbreviation	description
0	Ship	BA	Barge
1	Ship	BC	Bulk Carrier
2	Ship	CA	Cable ship
3	Ship	CG	Coast Guard Ship
4	Ship	CS	Container Ship
5	Ship	DR	Dredger
6	Ship	FE	Passenger ferries
7	Ship	FP	Floating production and storage units
8	Ship	FV	Other Fishing Vessel
9	Ship	GC	General Cargo
10	Ship	GT	Gas Tanker
11	Ship	IC	Icebreaking vessel
12	Ship	IF	Inshore Fishing Vessel
13	Ship	LC	Livestock carrier
14	Ship	LT	Liquid Tanker
15	Ship	LV	Light Vessel
16	Ship	MI	Mobile installation including mobile
			offshore drill ships, jack-up rigs
			and semi-submersibles
17	Ship	MS	Military Ship
18	Ship	OT	Other
19	Ship	MW	Ocean Weather Ship
20	Ship	PI	Pipe layer
21	Ship	PS	Passenger ships and cruise liners
22	Ship	RF	Ro/Ro Ferry
23	Ship	RR	Ro/Ro Cargo
24	Ship	RS	Refrigerated cargo ships in-
			cluding banana ships
25	Ship	RV	Research Vessel
			Continued on result result



Table 51 platform_sub_type (cont.)

platform_su	platform_type	abbreviation	description
b_type	Ohio	C A	Laws calling was als
26	Ship	SA	Large sailing vessels
27	Ship	SV	Support Vessel
28	Ship	TR	Trawler
29	Ship	TU	Tug
30	Ship	VC	Vehicle carriers
31	Ship	YA	Yacht / Pleasure Craft
32	Ship	BA	Barges, including crane barges and tank barges.
33	Ship	BC	Bulk Carriers, including Ore/Bulk/Oil (OBO) carriers and Ore/Oil carriers.
34	Ship	CA	Cable ships.
35	Ship	CG	Coastguard cutters, patrol
	•		ships and launches.
36	Ship	CS	Container ships, including open and
	•		closed container ships and refrig-
			erated container ships.
37	Ship	DR	Dredgers including bucket, hopper,
	•		grab and suction dredgers.
38	Ship	FE A	Passenger ferries (carrying
	·		passengers only).
39	Ship	FP	Floating Production and Storage Units.
40	Ship	FV	Fishing Vessels including purse seiners,
			long liners etc., but excluding trawlers.
41	Ship	GC	General Cargo ships with one or more holds.
42	Ship	GT	Liquefied gas carriers/tankers includ-
			ing LNG and LPG carriers.
43	Ship	IC	Icebreaking vessels (dedicated ves-
	·		sel). If the vessel fits in another
		*	category and is ice strengthened
44	Ship	LC	Livestock Carrier (dedicated ship
	'		for the carriage of livestock).
45	Ship	LT	Liquid tankers including oil product tankers,
	'		chemical tankers and crude oil tankers
			(including VLCC's and ULCC's).
46	Ship	LV	Light vessels.
47	Ship	MI	Mobile installations, including mobile offshore
	- · · · I-		drill ships, jack-up rigs, semi-submersibles.
48	Ship	MS	Military ships.
49	Ship	OW	Ocean Weather Ships (dedi-
-	l.		cated weather ship).
50	Ship	PI	Pipe Layers.
51	Ship	PS	Passenger ships and Cruise liners.
	J. 11P	. •	Continued on next page



Table 51 platform_sub_type (cont.)

platform_su b_type	platform_type	abbreviation	description
52	Ship	RF	Ro Ro ferries (carrying passen-
	·		gers and laden vehicles).
53	Ship	RR	Ro Ro cargo ships for carriage of
	·		road and/or rail vehicles and cargo,
			including containerised cargo.
54	Ship	RS	Refrigerated cargo ships in-
	·		cluding banana ships.
55	Ship	RV	Research Vessels, including oceanographic,
			meteorological and hydrographic research
			ships and seismographic research ships.
56	Ship	SA	Large sailing vessels, includ-
	·		ing sail training vessels.
57	Ship	SV	Support vessels including offshore support
	·		vessels, offshore supply vessels, stand-by
			vessels, pipe carriers, anchor handling
			vessels, buoy tenders (including coastguard
			vessels engaged solely on buoy tending
			duties), diving support vessels, etc.
58	Ship	TR	Trawler fishing vessels.
59	Ship	TU	Tugs, including fire-fighting tugs, salvage
			tugs, pusher tugs, pilot vessels, tenders etc.
60	Ship	VC	Vehicle Carriers: dedicated multi deck ships
			for the carriage of new unladen road vehicles
61	Ship	YA	Yachts and pleasure craft.
62	Ship	OT	Other (specify in footnote).
63	Land station		Synoptic network
64	Land station		Local Network
65	Ship		Ocean Weather Ship (on station)
66	Ship		Ocean Weather Ship (off station)
67	Coastal / Island		Other
68	Coastal / Island		Coastal-Marine Automated Network
			(C-MAN) (NDBC operated)
69	Drifting buoy		Unspecified drifting buoy
70	Drifting buoy		Standard Lagrangian drifter (Global
			Drifter Programme)
71	Drifting buoy		Standard FGGE type drifting buoy (non-
	- •		Lagrangian meteorological drifting buoy)
72	Drifting buoy		Wind measuring FGGE type drift-
	- ,		ing buoy (non-Lagrangian mete-
			orological drifting buoy)
73	Ice buoy		Ice drifter
74	Drifting buoy		SVPG Standard Lagrangian drifter with GPS
			Continued on next page



Table 51 platform_sub_type (cont.)

platform_su	platform_type	abbreviation	description
b₋type			
75	Drifting buoy		SVP-HR drifter with high-resolution
			temperature or thermistor string
76	Subsurface float		Unspecified subsurface float
77	Profiling float		SOFAR
78	Profiling float		ALACE
79	Profiling float		MARVOR
80	Profiling float		RAFOS
81	Profiling float		PROVOR
82	Profiling float		SOLO
83	Profiling float		APEX
84	Moored buoy		Unspecified moored buoy
85	Moored buoy		Nomad
86	Moored buoy		3-metre discus
87	Moored buoy		10-12-metre discus
88	Moored buoy		ODAS 30 series
89	Moored buoy		ATLAS (e.g. TAO area)
90	Moored buoy		TRITON buoy
91	Moored buoy		FLEX mooring (e.g. TIP area)
92	Moored buoy		Omnidirectional waverider
93	Moored buoy		Directional waverider
94	Profiling float		Subsurface ARGO float
95	Profiling float		PALACE
96	Profiling float		NEMO
97	Profiling float		NINJA
98	Ice buoy		Ice buoy/float (POPS or ITP)
99	Moored buoy		Mooring oceanographic
100	Moored buoy		Mooring meteorological
101	Moored buoy		Mooring multidisciplinary (OceanSITES)
102	Moored buoy		Mooring tide gauge or tsunami buoy
103	Ice buoy		Ice beacon
104	Ice buoy		Ice mass balance buoy

Table 52: platform_type (IMMA (ICOADS) and BUFR 0 03 001 (0 - 31))

platform_type	description
0	Land station (synoptic network)
1	Shallow water station (fixed to sea / lake floor)
2	Ship
3	Rig / platform



Table 52 platform_type (cont.)

platform_type	description	
4	Moored buoy	
5	Drifting buoy (of drifter)	
6	Ice buoy	
7	Land station (local network)	
8	Land vehicle	
9	Autonomous marine vehicle	
32	Ice station	
33	Lightship	
34	Mechanical / digital / micro bathythermograph (MBT)	
35	Oceanographic station data (bottle and low resolution CTD / XCTD data)	
36	Profiling float	
37	Subsurface float (moving)	
38	Tide gauge	
39	Underwater platform	
40	Undulating oceanographic recorder	
41	Aircraft	
42	Autonomous pinneped bathythermograph	
43	Coastal / Island	
44	Expendable bathythermograph (XBT)	
45	Glider	
46	High-resolution Conductivity-Temperature-Depth	
	(CTD) / Expendable CTD(XCTD)	

Table 53: processing_code

index	processing_code	abbreviation	description
TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
			End of table

Table 54: processing_level (WIGOS 7-06)

processing_level	name	description
0	Unknown	NA
1	Raw	NA
2	Level 0	Analogue/digital electric signals
		O a mating or and a second or a second



Table 54 processing_level (cont.)

rable 54 processing level (cont.)		
processing_level	name	description
3	Level I	Level I data (Primary Data): in general, are instrument readings expressed in appropriate physical units, and referred to Earth geographical coordinates. They require conversion to the normal meteorological variables (identified in Part I, Chapter 1). Level I data themselves are in many cases obtained from the processing of electrical signals such as voltages, referred to as raw data. Examples of these data are satellite radiances and water-vapour pressure, positions of constant-level balloons, etc. but not raw telemetry signals. Level I data still require conversion to the meteorological parameters specified in the data requirements.
5	Level III	Level II Data (Meteorological parameters). They may be obtained directly from many kinds of simple instruments, or derived from Level I data. For example, a sensor cannot measure visibility, which is a Level II quantity; instead, sensors measure the extinction coefficient, which is a Level I quantity. Level III (Initial state parameters) are internally consistent data sets, generally in gridpoint form obtained from level II
6	Level IV	data by applying established initialization procedures. NOTE: Data exchanged internationally are level II or level III data.

Table 55: product_level

product_level	description
TBD	TBD
	End of table

Table 56: product_status

product_status	description	extended_description
TBD	TBD	TBD
		Continued on next page



Table 56 product_status (cont.)

product_status	description	extended_description
		End of table

Table 57: profile_type

description
Atmospheric
Oceanographic
Soil
Snow

Table 58: quality_flag (BUFR 0 33 020)

quality_flag	description
0	Good
1	Inconsistent
2	Doubtful
3	Wrong
4	Not checked
5	Has been changed
6	Estimated
7	Missing value
	ماملكم اميا

End of table

Table 59: region (WIGOS 3-01)

region	WMO_region	description
0	NA	Reserved
1	1	Africa
2	2	Asia
3	3	South America
4	4	North America, Central America, Caribbean
5	5	South-West Pacific
6	6	Europe
7	7	Antarctica
		= 1 (. 1)



Table 60: report_processing_codes

report_processing_codes	description
TBD	TBD
	End of table

Table 61: report_processing_level

report_processing_level	description
TBD	TBD
	End of table

Table 62: report_type

report₋type	abbreviation	description
0	SYNOP	NA
1	TEMP	NA
2	CLIMAT	NA
	A 7	End of table

Table 63: role (ISOTC211/19115 CI_RoleCode)

role	description
TBD	TBD
	Fnd of table

Table 64: sampling_strategy (WIGOS 6-03)

sampling_strategy	name	description
1	Continuous	Sampling is done continuously, but not necessarily at regular time intervals. Sampling is integrating, i.e., none of the medium escapes observations.
2	Discrete	Sampling is done at regular time intervals for certain sampling periods that are smaller than the time interval. Sampling is not integrating, i.e., parts of the medium escape observation.
3	Event	Sampling is done at irregular time intervals.
		End of table



Table 65: sea_level_datum (BUFR 0 01 151)

sea_level_datum	description
0	Earth Gravitational Model 1996
1	Baltic height system 1977
	End of table

Table 66: secondary_variable

secondary	variable_	code_value	symbol	description
₋variable	name			
0	atmospheric constituent	0	BrO	Bromine monoxide
0	atmospheric constituent	1	C10H16	3-Carene
0	atmospheric constituent	2	C10H16	Alpha pinene
0	atmospheric constituent	3	C10H16	Beta pinene
0	atmospheric constituent	4	C10H16	Limonene
0	atmospheric constituent	5	C2H2	Ethyne (Acetylene)
0	atmospheric constituent	6	С2Н5ОН	Ethanol
0	atmospheric constituent	7	C2H6	Propene
0	atmospheric constituent	8	C2H6S	Ethanethiol
0	atmospheric constituent	9	C3H6O	Acetone
0	atmospheric constituent	10	C4H10	Methylpropane
0	atmospheric constituent	11	C4H10	n-butane
0	atmospheric constituent	12	C5H12	2-Methylbutane
0	atmospheric constituent	13	C5H12	n-Pentane
0	atmospheric constituent	14	C5H8	Isoprene
0	atmospheric constituent	15	C6H6	Benzene
0	atmospheric constituent	16	C7H8	Toluene
				Continued on next page



Table 66 secondary_variable (cont.)

secondary	variable_	code_value	symbol	description
₋variable	name			
0	atmospheric	17	CFC-11	CFC-11
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	18	CFC-12	CFC-12
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	19	CH3CN	Acetonitrile
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	20	СНЗОН	Methanol
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	21	CH4	Methane
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	22	CIO	Chlorine monoxide
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	23	CIONO2	Chlorine nitrate
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	24	CO	Carbon monoxide
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	25	CO2	Carbon dioxide
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	26	COS	Carbonyl sulfide
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	27	H2O	Water vapour
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	28	HCHO	Formaldehyde
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	29	HCHO	Formaldehyde (Total Column)
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	30	HCI	Hydrogen chloride
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	31	HDO	???
	constituent			NO. 1
0	atmospheric	32	HNO3	Nitric acid
	constituent		NOO	NI:
0	atmospheric	33	N2O	Nitrous oxide
	constituent	0.4	NOOF	B: ::
0	atmospheric	34	N2O5	Dinitrogen pentoxide
	constituent	05	NO	NPI and a second of the second
0	atmospheric	35	NO	Nitrogen monoxide
0	constituent	00	NOO	Nitura se a ali avvist-
0	atmospheric	36	NO2	Nitrogen dioxide
0	constituent	07	NOO	Nitropop diovide /Te
0	atmospheric	37	NO2	Nitrogen dioxide (To-
	constituent			tal column)
				Continued on next page



Table 66 secondary_variable (cont.)

secondary	variable_	code_value	symbol	description
_variable	name			
0	atmospheric	38	O3	Ozone
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	39	O3	Ozone (Total column)
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	40	ОН	???
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	41	PAN	???
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	42	PSC occur-	???
	constituent		rence	
0	atmospheric	43	SF6	Sulphur hexaflouride
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	44	SO2	Sulphur dioxide
	constituent			
0	atmospheric	45	SO2	Sulphur dioxide (To-
	constituent			tal column)

Table 67: source_format

source_forma	t description
0	IMMA
1	NetCDF (GRUAN)
2	NetCDF (Other)
3	CSV
	0

End of table

Table 68: spatial_representativeness (WIGOS 1-05)

spatial_represen tativeness	description
0	Nil reason - None of the codes in the table is applicable in the context
	of the observed quantity or unknown, or not available information.
1	Microscale - An area or volume less than 100 m hor-
	izontal extent (for example, evaporation)
2	Toposcale, local scale - An area or volume of 100 m to 3 km
	horizontal extent (for example, air pollution, tornadoes)
3	Mesoscale - An area or volume of 3 km to 100 km horizontal extent
	(for example, thunderstorms, sea and mountain breezes)
4	Large scale- An area or volume of 100 km to 3000 km horizontal
	extent (for example, fronts, various cyclones, cloud clusters)
	Continued on post page



Table 68 spatial_representativeness (cont.)

spatial_represen tativeness	description
5	Planetary scale - An area or volume of more than 3000 km horizontal extent (for example, long upper tropospheric waves)
6	Drainage area - An area (also known as catchment) having a common outlet for its surface runoff, in km2

Table 69: standard_time

standard_time	description
0	00 UTC
1	06 UTC
2	12 UTC
3	18 UTC
	End of table

Table 70: station_type (WIGOS 3-04)

station_type	description
1	Land station
2	Sea station
3	Aircraft
4	Satellite
5	Underwater platform
	End of table

Table 71: sub_region

sub_region	type	code	name
0	country	AD	ANDORRA
1	country	ΑE	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES
2	country	AF	AFGHANISTAN
3	country	AG	ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA
4	country	Al	ANGUILLA
5	country	AL	ALBANIA
6	country	AM	ARMENIA
7	country	AN	NETHERLANDS ANTILLES
8	country	AO	ANGOLA
9	country	AQ	ANTARCTICA
10	country	AR	ARGENTINA
11	country	AS	AMERICAN SAMOA



Table 71 sub_region (cont.)

sub_region	type	code	name
12	country	AT	AUSTRIA
13	country	AU	AUSTRALIA
14	country	AW	ARUBA
15	country	AX	ALAND ISLANDS
16	country	AZ	AZERBAIJAN
17	country	BA	BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA
18	country	BB	BARBADOS
19	country	BD	BANGLADESH
20	country	BE	BELGIUM
21	country	BF	BURKINA FASO
22	country	BG	BULGARIA
23	country	ВН	BAHRAIN
24	country	BI	BURUNDI
25	country	BJ	BENIN
26	country	BL	SAINT BARTHLEMY
27	country	BM	BERMUDA
28	country	BN	BRUNEI DARUSSALAM
29	country	ВО	BOLIVIA
30	country	BR	BRAZIL
31	country	BS 🔼	BAHAMAS
32	country	BT	BHUTAN
33	country	BV	BOUVET ISLAND
34	country	BW	BOTSWANA
35	country	BY	BELARUS
36	country	BZ	BELIZE
37	country	CA	CANADA
38	country	CC	COCOS (KEELING) ISLANDS
39	country	CD	CONGO, THE DEMOCRATIC
			REPUBLIC OF THE
40	country	CF	CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC
41	country		CONGO
42	country	СН	SWITZERLAND
43	country	CI	COTE D'IVOIRE
44	country	CK	COOK ISLANDS
45	country	CL	CHILE
46	country	CM	CAMEROON
47	country	CN	CHINA
48	country	CO	COLOMBIA
49	country	CR	COSTA RICA
50	country	CU	CUBA
51	country	CV	CAPE VERDE
52	country	CX	CHRISTMAS ISLAND
53	country	CY	CYPRUS
			Continued on next page



Table 71 sub_region (cont.)

			7 i Sub_region (cont.)
sub_region	type	code	name
54	country	CZ	CZECH REPUBLIC
55	country	DD	GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC
56	country	DE	GERMANY
57	country	DJ	DJIBOUTI
58	country	DK	DENMARK
59	country	DM	DOMINICA
60	country	DO	DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
61	country	DZ	ALGERIA
62	country	EC	ECUADOR
63	country	EE	ESTONIA
64	country	EG	EGYPT
65	country	EH	WESTERN SAHARA
66	country	ER	ERITREA
67	country	ES	SPAIN
68	country	ET	ETHIOPIA
69	country	FI	FINLAND
70	country	FJ	FIJI
71	country	FK	FALKLAND ISLANDS (MALVINAS)
72	country	FM	MICRONESIA, FEDERATED STATES OF
73	country	FO 🔼	FAROE ISLANDS
74	country	FR	FRANCE
75	country	GA	GABON
76	country	GB	UNITED KINGDOM
77	country	GD	GRENADA
78	country	GE	GEORGIA
79	country	GF	FRENCH GUIANA
80	country	GG	GUERNSEY
81	country	GH	GHANA
82	country	GI	GIBRALTAR
83	country	GL	GREENLAND
84	country	GM	GAMBIA
85	country	GN	GUINEA
86	country	GP	GUADELOUPE
87	country	GQ	EQUATORIAL GUINEA
88	country	GR	GREECE
89	country	GS	SOUTH GEORGIA AND THE SOUTH
	-		SANDWICH ISLANDS
90	country	GT	GUATEMALA
91	country	GU	GUAM
92	country	GW	GUINEA-BISSAU
93	country	GY	GUYANA
94	country	HK	HONG KONG
	-		Continued on next page



Table 71 sub_region (cont.)

oub rogion	type		nama
sub_region	type	code	name
95	country	НМ	HEARD ISLAND AND MC-
			DONALD ISLANDS
96	country	HN	HONDURAS
97	country	HR	CROATIA
98	country	HT	HAITI
99	country	HU	HUNGARY
100	country	ID	INDONESIA
101	country	IE	IRELAND
102	country	IL	ISRAEL
103	country	IM	ISLE OF MAN
104	country	IN	INDIA
105	country	Ю	BRITISH INDIAN OCEAN TERRITORY
106	country	IQ	IRAQ
107	country	IR	IRAN, ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF
108	country	IS	ICELAND
109	country	IT	ITALY
110	country	JE	JERSEY
111	country	JM	JAMAICA
112	country	JO	JORDAN
113	country	JP 🔼	JAPAN
114	country	KE	KENYA
115	country	KG	KYRGYZSTAN
116	country	KH	CAMBODIA
117	country	KI	KIRIBATI
118	country	KM	COMOROS
119	country	KN	SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS
120	country	KP	KOREA, DEMOCRATIC PEO-
			PLE'S REPUBLIC OF
121	country	KR	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
122	country	KW	KUWAIT
123	country	KY	CAYMAN ISLANDS
124	country	KZ	KAZAKHSTAN
125	country	LA	LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC
126	country	LB	LEBANON
127	country	LC	SAINT LUCIA
128	country	LI	LIECHTENSTEIN
129	country	LK	SRI LANKA
130	country	LR	LIBERIA
131	country	LS	LESOTHO
132	country	LT	LITHUANIA
133	country	LU	LUXEMBOURG
134	country	LV	LATVIA
135	country	LY	LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA
	224		Continued on next page



Table 71 sub_region (cont.)

sub_region	type	code	name
136	country	MA	MOROCCO
137	country	MC	MONACO
138	country	MD	MOLDOVA, REPUBLIC OF
139	country	ME	MONTENEGRO
140	country	MF	SAINT MARTIN
141	country	MG	MADAGASCAR
142	country	MH	MARSHALL ISLANDS
143	country	MK	MACEDONIA, THE FORMER YU-
0	oou,		GOSLAV REPUBLIC OF
144	country	ML	MALI
145	country	MM	MYANMAR
146	country	MN	MONGOLIA
147	country	МО	MACAO
148	country	MP	NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS
149	country	MQ	MARTINIQUE
150	country	MR	MAURITANIA
151	country	MS	MONTSERRAT
152	country	MT	MALTA
153	country	MU	MAURITIUS
154	country	MV	MALDIVES
155	country	MW	MALAWI
156	country	MX	MEXICO
157	country	MY	MALAYSIA
158	country	MZ	MOZAMBIQUE
159	country	NA	NAMIBIA
160	country	NC	NEW CALEDONIA
161	country	NE	NIGER
162	country	NF	NORFOLK ISLAND
163	country	NG	NIGERIA
164	country	NI	NICARAGUA
165	country	NL	NETHERLANDS
166	country	NO	NORWAY
167	country	NP	NEPAL
168	country	NR	NAURU
169	country	NU	NIUE
170	country	NZ	NEW ZEALAND
171	country	OM	OMAN
172	country	PA	PANAMA
173	country	PE	PERU
174	country	PF	FRENCH POLYNESIA
175	country	PG	PAPUA NEW GUINEA
176	country	PH	PHILIPPINES
177	country	PK	PAKISTAN
			Continued on next page



Table 71 sub_region (cont.)

sub_region	type	code	name
178		PL	POLAND
179	country	PM	SAINT PIERRE AND MIQUELON
180	country	PN	PITCAIRN
181		PR	PUERTO RICO
182	country	PS	PALESTINIAN TERRITORY, OCCUPIED
	country	PT	PORTUGAL
183	country	PW	
184	country		PALAU
185	country	PY	PARAGUAY
186	country	QA	QATAR
187	country	RE	REUNION
188	country	RO	ROMANIA
189	country	RS	SERBIA
190	country	RU	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
191	country	RW	RWANDA
192	country	SA	SAUDI ARABIA
193	country	SB	SOLOMON ISLANDS
194	country	SC	SEYCHELLES
195	country	SD	SUDAN
196	country	SE	SWEDEN
197	country	SG	SINGAPORE
198	country	SH	SAINT HELENA
199	country	SI	SLOVENIA
200	country	SJ	SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN
201	country	SK	SLOVAKIA
202	country	SL	SIERRA LEONE
203	country	SM	SAN MARINO
204	country	SN	SENEGAL
205	country	SO	SOMALIA
206	country	SR	SURINAME
207	country	ST	SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE
208	country	SU	USSR
209	country	SV	EL SALVADOR
210	country	SY	SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC
211	country	SZ	SWAZILAND
212	country	TC	TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS
213	country	TD	CHAD
214	country	TF	FRENCH SOUTHERN TERRITORIES
215	country	TG	TOGO
216	country	TH	THAILAND
217	country	TJ	TAJIKISTAN
218	country	TK	TOKELAU
219	country	TL	TIMOR-LESTE
220	country	TM	TURKMENISTAN
	oouriti y	1 171	Continued on next page



Table 71 sub_region (cont.)

sub_region	type	code	name
221	country	TN	TUNISIA
222	country	TO	TONGA
223	country	TR	TURKEY
224	country	TT	TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
225	country	TV	TUVALU
226	country	TW	TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA
227	country	TZ	TANZANIA, UNITED REPUBLIC OF
228	country	UA	UKRAINE
229	country	UG	UGANDA
230	country	UM	UNITED STATES MINOR OUT-
			LYING ISLANDS
231	country	US	UNITED STATES
232	country	UY	URUGUAY
233	country	UZ	UZBEKISTAN
234	country	VA	HOLY SEE (VATICAN CITY STATE)
235	country	VC	SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES
236	country	VE	VENEZUELA
237	country	VG	VIRGIN ISLANDS, BRITISH
238	country	VI	VIRGIN ISLANDS, U.S.
239	country	VN	VIET NAM
240	country	VU	VANUATU
241	country	WF	WALLIS AND FUTUNA
242	country	WS	SAMOA
243	country	YE	YEMEN
244	country	YT	MAYOTTE
245	country	YU	YUGOSLAVIA
246	country	ZA	SOUTH AFRICA
247	country	ZM	ZAMBIA
248	country	ZW	ZIMBABWE
249	country	ZZ	THIRD PARTY SUPPORT SHIPS
			End of toblo

Table 72: time_quality

time_quality	description
0	Timestamp valid, time reported
	to nearest second
1	Timestamp valid, time reported
	to nearest minute
2	Timestamp valid, time reported
	to nearest hour
	Continued on next page

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Table 72 time_quality (cont.)

time_quality	description
3	Time missing, date valid. Report set to local midday
4	Day missing
5	Invalid date / time

Table 73: time_reference (WIGOS: 7-10)

time_reference	description
0	Unknown
1	Time server
2	Radio clock
3	Manual comparison
	End of table

Table 74: traceability (WIGOS 8-05)

traceability	description
0	Unknown
1	Traceable to international standards
2	Traceable to other standards
	End of table

Table 75: units

units	name
1 - 1024	See BUFR Common Code Table C-6
	End of table

Table 76: update_frequency

update_frequency	description
0	Irregular
1	Daily
2	Weekly
3	Monthly
4	Annual
	End of table



Table 77: z_coordinate_method

z_coordinate_method	description
0	Value from chart
	End of table

Table 78: z_coordinate_type

z_coordinate_type	description
0	height (m) above sea level
	End of table

