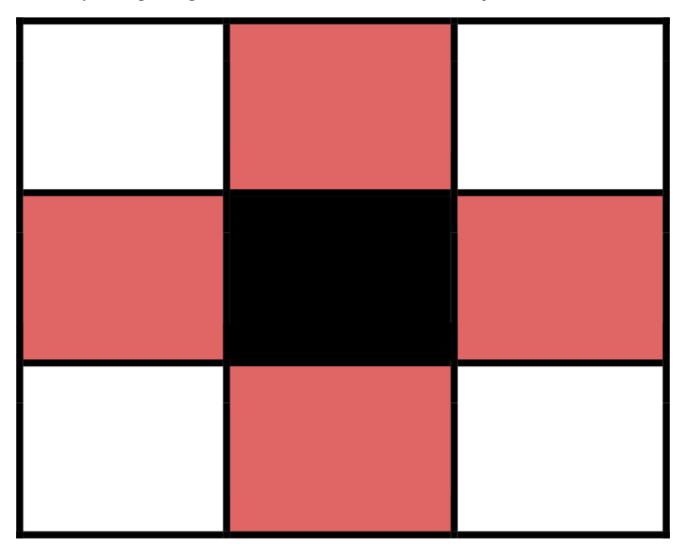
Game of Life Simulation



The game of life is in a grid of *N rows* and *N columns*. Each cell in the grid is either *dead* or *alive*. In the beginning only a *single cell* is alive. Then at each steps cells become dead or alive based on the following criteria:

- 1. If 1 or 3 of the neighboring cells (up, down, left or right not in diagonal directions) are alive the cell becomes or stays alive.
- 2. If 0 or 2 or 4 of the neighboring cells are alive the cell becomes dead or stays dead.



The four cells marked in red are the neighboring cells of the black cell. So, if 1 or 3 of the red cells are alive, the black cell will be alive in the next step or dead otherwise.

You are given

- 1. N size of the grid
- 2. **R** and **C** the row and column of the first cell alive, (rows are numbered from 1 to N from top to bottom and columns are numbered from 1 to N from left to right)
- 3. **S** the number of steps

You need to find the *number of cells alive* after *S* steps.

Input Format

First row will contain N, the second row will contain R and C separated by a space and the third row will contain S.

Constraints

- 1 ≤ N ≤ 100
- $1 \le R, C \le N$
- $0 \le S \le 100$

Output Format

You should output the *total number of cells* alive after *S* steps.

Sample Input 0

```
4
2 2
3
```

Sample Output 0

```
6
```

Explanation 0

Cells alive are marked with A and dead cells are marked with .

Initial state:

.A..

After step 1:

.A.. A.A.

After step 2:

...A

After step 3:

...A ..A. .A.A

The answer is **6**