

Visualization Viewpoints

Toward Measuring Visualization Insight

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Agenda

- Introduction
- Defining insights
- Controlled experiments on benchmark tasks
- Eliminating benchmark tasks
- Conclusion and Future Scope



Introduction

- 2005 IEEE Visualization conference had many of the presentations related to evaluating visualizations.
- There were also papers related to Boolean usability studies that offered two alternatives: either the users liked the visualization tool in question, or they did not.

• There was papers related to variety of rigorously controlled experiments.



Introduction



What is the ultimate purpose of visualization and how it should be evaluated?



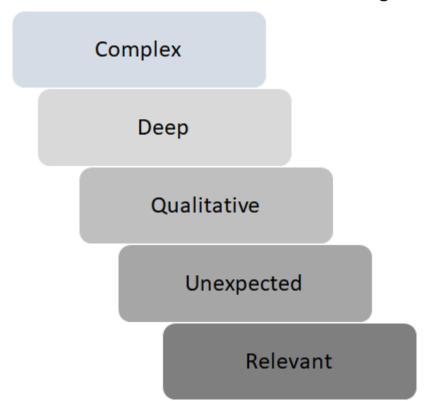
Defining insight

- Insight has been commonly stated as the broader purpose of information visualization by many authors.
- However, for the most part, the definition of insight remains fairly informal, making success difficult to evaluate.
- A default and implicit definition is to equate insight with user tasks, such as finding extreme values.



Defining insight

The essential characteristics of insight are:





Evaluating visualizations

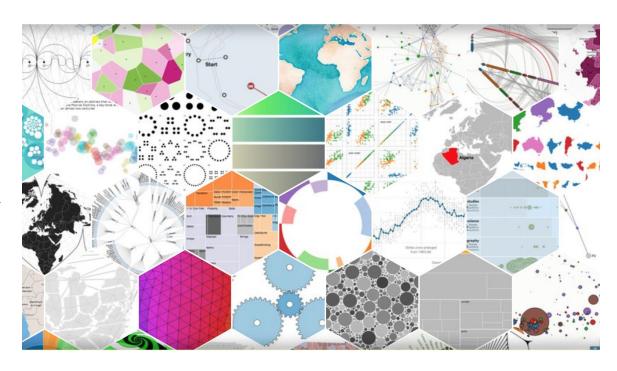
A variety of evaluation methods exist:

- Controlled experiments
- Usability testing
- Longitudinal studies
- Heuristic evaluation
- Cognitive walkthroughs



Evaluation of Visualization

- What is a controlled experiment?
- What is a benchmark test?





Characteristics

- Predefined Tests
- Definitive Completion Times
- Definitive and Simple Answers



Drawbacks of Benchmark Tasks

- Predefined tasks can be biased. The experiment results are limited to only the tasks that evaluator chose.
- A further confusion in the interpretation of benchmark experiment results is the tradeoff between performance and accuracy.



Toward insight: more complex benchmark tasks

- To include benchmark tasks of greater complexity. For example, a task to characterize the distribution of data values (normal/ uniform/ linearly increasing).
- Another possibility is estimation tasks.

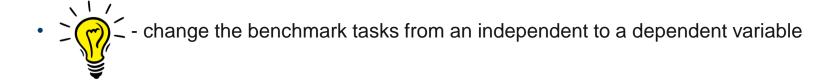


Difficulties in Complex benchmark texts

- Greater variability in task times and correctness.
- Greater difficulty in designing isomorphic tasks.
- Together, these problems generally mean that we must test more participants to get statistically significant results.



Toward insight: eliminating benchmark tasks



- Instead of instructing users in exactly what insights to gain, researchers observe what insights users gain on their own.
- Open ended protocol Users explore the data in a way that they choose



Toward insight: eliminating benchmark tasks(contd...)

- Users are instructed to explore the data and report their insights until they feel that they have learned all that they can from the data
- Coding method metrics:
 - Insight category
 - Complexity
 - Time to generate
 - Errors
 - Depth [coded 1 to 5]
- Users should be from the target domain



Toward insight: eliminating benchmark tasks(contd...)

Advantage: It reveals what insights visualization users gained

Researchers can then compare visualizations on insight related measures such as,

- Number of insights
- Speed at which insights were generated
- Domain value of the insights
- Insights gained by users vs. insights expected
- Which features of the visualization helped achieve insight, and which caused problems for the users?

This directly leads to visualization refinement and improvement



Toward insight: eliminating benchmark tasks(contd...)

Problems:

- Long insight time depending on data and domain complexity
- More effort by the experimenters to capture and code results
- Motivated, domain knowledgeable users who will not merely follow instructions but generate insight in a self-directed manner
- Domain experts to assist in coding results along with visualization experts



Conclusion

- Both types of controlled experiments are needed:
 - Benchmark tasks experiments: Identifies low-level effects
 - Eliminating Benchmark Tasks: Provide **richer view** of the broader insight of visualization
- Expects a better results, If both approaches are combined into single

Future Steps:

- Try running the same experiment with each method to see how they differ
- Examine and adapt other uncontrolled evaluation methods to better gauge insight

Ultimately determine whether visualizations are achieving their grand purpose



Resources

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Thank You! Any Questions?



