MALARIA

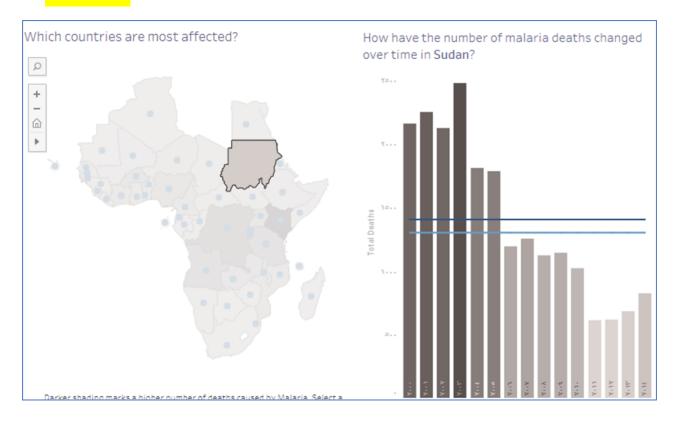
It is a disease caused by a parasitic organism called plasmodium, which is contagious, and is transmitted by mosquitoes. This parasite infiltrates the red blood cells in the human body and destroys them, and because of it many deaths occurred in the world.

-Symptoms of malaria ..

High fever, a rapid drop in temperature with excessive sweating, severe headache and fatigue, muscle pain, nausea and vomiting.

Malaria Deaths in Africa: 2000-2014

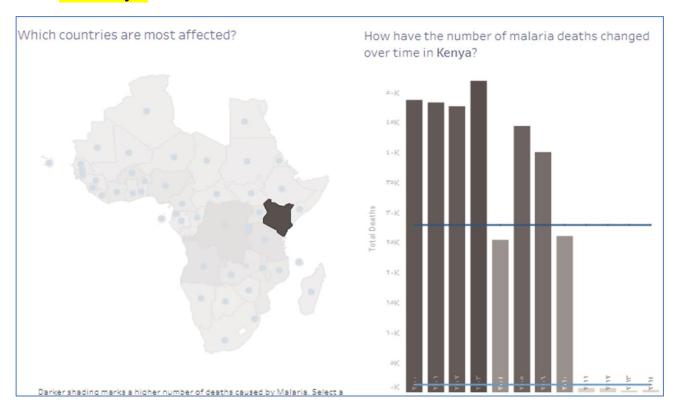
1- Sudan



Sudan suffers from a high burden of infected people and malaria-related deaths. However, the national program to combat malaria, with the support of the World Health Organization, succeeded in reducing the number of malaria cases from more than four million cases in 2000 to less than a million in 2010. And between 2000 and 2010 it decreased The number of deaths increased by 75%.

I discovered this information by clicking on Sudan in the map, and it shows the approximate number of deaths from the above-shown graph.

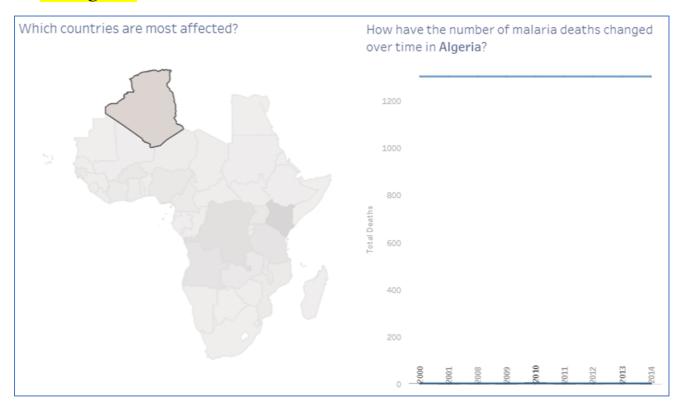
2-Kenya



The number of deaths in Kenya due to malaria more than halved, or 60%, equivalent to 9,358 deaths, from 2000 to 2014. Before 2003, there were about 17,306-18133 deaths annually. After 2003, the number of deaths began to decrease significantly, reaching 2,100 annually. In 2005 cases increased dramatically, and then began to decline again.

I found this information by clicking Kenya on the map, and it shows the approximate number of deaths from the above graph.

<mark>3- Algeria</mark>



The number of deaths in Algeria is very insignificant at 3% over all years.

This is auspicious.

I found this information by clicking on Algeria on the map, and it shows the approximate number of deaths from the above graph.