



Jammertest 2024 Test Catalog

Jammertest Consortium

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Administration

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Introduction

Jammertest is a government initiative to create a testbed for industry, academia and other authorities in ensure robust use of Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS). A testbed is a controlled environment where activities that are not allowed under normal conditions can be carried out safely under control of the authorities. Jammertest is a specific type of testbed where five Norwegian authorities have come together and creates an environment where GNSS jamming, spoofing and meaconing is present under controlled conditions in a real world outdoor environment.

This test plan describes all planned test cases that can be executed at the Jammertest event at Bleik, Andøya. For Jammertest a selected number of tests from this plan will be included in a transmission plan. The transmission plan is available just before the Jammertest event starts. After the Jammertest event the organizers will publish a transmission log that contains all tests that were run and at what time they were run. The time schedule during the live event will be given in local time, UTC time + 2 (CEST).

A machine readable test plan is available in JSON format, and this document is built based on the machine readable test plan. The numbering of the tests are persistent and will, hence over the years the same number will indicate the same test and new varieties of the tests will be given new numbers. Tests are stacked together in large test groups and test and varieties of tests are linked to the test group and tests via a numbering system.

TestGroup.Test.TestVariety

Some tests have 2 numbers, test group and the specific test. Others may have 3 numbers due to the fact that a specific variety has been added. For example if power is reduced a new test variety is created.

Naming of the jammers are linked to the jammers specification document that list all jammers with relevant information about the jammer.

This document is auto updated based on changes to the machine readable file, there is no version code apart from the time and date when the document is produced. In the Github repository all produced versions are stored in the history of this file.

Spesifications of tests

Tests are split into large test groups. Within a testgroup there is a logical connection between the tests that related to the usecase. Hence each test group has a *Rationale* why this is test is created, this also gives a hint about what to expect when subjected to this test. As we are on the bleeding edge of GNSS disturbances this section may be updated between Jammertests based on new knowledge created.

Technical details are stored in the *Test setup* section of the document. The *Areas* section of the document refer to where the test can be run. Here participants need to keep track of in which area they where and this also gives an indication of which areas where the organizers are capable of running the tests. There is also a location out at sea.



For those wanting more information or have feedback about the test group a technical contact is provided.

For each test group a set of tests and test varieties are listed with their unique identification number and name, a text that describes the test. An approximate power number for the transmission. If the test is an automated ramp test then the power range is given. A time estimate of how long the test takes to conclude is given in minutes. Between tests there are also grace periods to allow systems to regain normal operation. These are not given as they are dependent on equipment and needs to be discussed with participants beforehand. The actual grace time will be calculated from the transmission log. The location of the transmitter equipment is also given in the test, this is a coarse human readable description of where the transmitting antenna is located. All participants are encouraged to make their own notes on the location of the transmitting antenna if detailed information is needed. There is also a comment field that can be used to document any other relevant information related to the specific test.

0 Grace period

0.0: Mandatory briefings

Rationale

In order for everyone to have a good time and ensure a safe event, there will be mandatory briefings.

Test description

These are the mandatory safety briefings. These briefings will also be used to go through the plan for the day and the afternoon brief will contain important observations from the day.

Additional information

Mandatory!

Test within this testgroup

0.0.1 Mandatory morning briefing

No RF interference expected.

Power or power range

Min: 0W

Max: 0W

Test bands/constellation

'N/A'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

0.0.2 Mandatory afternoon briefing

No RF interference expected.

Power or power range

Min: 0W

Max: 0W

Test bands/constellation

'N/A'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

0.1: Grace period

Rationale

In order for equipment to return to normal operation after interference, a grace period is provided between tests.

Test description

This period can be used to make sure that equipment is ready for upcoming tests.

Test within this testgroup

0.1.1 Grace period

No RF interference expected in this test.

Power or power range

Min: 0W

Max: 0W

Test bands/constellation

'N/A'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

1 jamming

1.1: Continuous stationary low power jamming with commercially available jammers

Rationale

The main objective is to observe how the J/S signal affect the availability of PNT, and/or how it produces inaccurate PNT data, when the jamming signal (J) is generated by low-power jammers commercially available online.

Additional information

Spesification of jammers can be found in appendix A

Test within this testgroup

1.1.1 Jammer S1.1

Test with jammer S1.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.01W

Max: 0.0316W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', ' E1', ' B1l', ' B1C'

Transmitter equipment

'S1.1'

1.1.2 Jammer S1.2

Test with jammer S1.2

Power or power range

Min: 0.01W

Max: 0.0316W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', ' E1', ' B1l', ' B1C'

Transmitter equipment

'S1.2'

1.1.3 Jammer S1.3

Test with jammer S1.3

Power or power range

Min: 0.01W

Max: 0.0316W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C'

Transmitter equipment

'S1.3'

1.1.4 Jammer S2.1

Test with jammer S2.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.1'

1.1.5 Jammer S2.2

Test with jammer S2.2

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.2'

1.1.6 Jammer S2.3

Test with jammer S2.3

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.3'

1.1.7 Jammer S2.4

Test with jammer S2.4

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.4'

1.1.8 Jammer U1.1

Test with jammer U1.1

Power or power range

Min: 0W

Max: 0W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'U1.1'

1.1.9 Jammer U1.2

Test with jammer U1.2

Power or power range

Min: 0W

Max: 0W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1I', 'B1C', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'U1.2'

1.1.10 Jammer U1.3

Test with jammer U1.3

Power or power range

Min: 0W

Max: 0W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1I', 'B1C', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'U1.3'

1.1.11 Jammer U1.4

Test with jammer U1.4

Power or power range

Min: 0W

Max: 0W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1I', 'B1C', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'U1.4'

1.1.12 Jammer H1.1

Jammer H1.1 - high power, GPS L1+L2, wideband modulation. Will be activated in high power mode, for GPS L1 and L2 with modulation set for wideband.

Power or power range

Min: 0.0003W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'H1.1'

1.1.13 Jammer H1.2

Jammer H1.2

Power or power range

Min: 0.0631W

Max: 0.0631W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C'

Transmitter equipment

'H1.2'

1.1.14 Jammer H3.1

Jammer H3.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1I'

Transmitter equipment

'H3.1'

1.1.15 Jammer H3.2

Jammer H3.2

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1I'

Transmitter equipment

'H3.2'

1.1.16 Jammer H3.3

Jammer H3.3

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'L2', 'L5', 'E5a', 'B2a'

Transmitter equipment

'H3.3'

1.1.17 Jammer H4.1

Jammer H4.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.3981W

Max: 0.631W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1I', 'E6', 'G2', 'B3I', 'L2', 'G2', 'B2b', 'E5b', 'L5', 'G3', 'B2a', 'E5a/b'

Transmitter equipment

'H4.1'

1.1.18 Jammer H6.1

Jammer H6.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.631W

Max: 0.631W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.1'

1.1.19 Jammer H6.2

Jammer H6.2

Power or power range

Min: 0.3981W

Max: 1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'L5', 'G3', 'B2a/b', 'E5a/b', 'L2', 'G2', 'G3', 'B2b', 'B3l', 'E5b', 'E6'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.2'

1.1.20 Jammer H6.3

Jammer H6.3

Power or power range

Min: 0.3981W

Max: 1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'L5', 'G3', 'B2a/b', 'E5a/b', 'L2', 'G2', 'G3', 'B2b', 'B3l', 'E5b', 'E6'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.3'

1.1.21 Jammer H6.4

Jammer H6.4

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.4'

1.1.22 Jammer H6.5

Jammer H6.5

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.5'

1.1.23 Jammer H6.6

Jammer H6.6

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.6'

1.1.24 Jammer H8.1

Jammer H8.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.631W
Max: 0.631W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H8.1'

1.1.25 Jammer F6.1

Jammer F6.1 - Full power antenna F2 to F6

Power or power range

Min: 0.5012W
Max: 6.31W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1I', 'G1', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3I', 'B2b', 'E6', 'L5', 'E5a', 'B2a'

Transmitter equipment

'F6.1'

1.1.26 Jammer H1.3

Jammer H1.3

Power or power range

Min: 0W

Max: 0W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C'

Transmitter equipment

'H1.3'

1.1.27 Jammer H2.1

Jammer H2.1

Power or power range

Min: 0W

Max: 0W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'H2.1'

1.1.28 Jammer H2.2

Jammer H2.2

Power or power range

Min: 0W

Max: 0W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'H2.2'

1.2: Continuous stationary high-power jamming with CW

Rationale

The main objective is to observe how the Jammer signal to GNSS signal (J/S) ratio affect the availability of PNT, and/or how it produces inaccurate PNT data.

Test description

The use of continuous high-power jamming will block GNSS signals in a large area at the event. The attendees may therefore test their equipment at different ranges to such a high-power jammer. There will be transmitted with a continuous wave (CW) modulation (single frequency component) using Right Hand Circular Polarized (RHCP) antennas. The use of a 20W jammer will result in among the highest J/S ratios during the event. The attendees can change distance to the transmitter and observe the changes and try to identify the protection ratio for their GNSS receiving system.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

1.2.1 20W CW: L1

20W CW: L1

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.2.2 20W CW: L1, G1

20W CW: L1, G1

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.2.3 20W CW: L1, G1, L2

20W CW: L1, G1, L2

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.2.4 20W CW: L1, G1, L2, L5

20W CW: L1, G1, L2, L5

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2', 'L5'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.3: Continuous stationary high-power jamming with sweep/chirp

Rationale

The main objective is to observe how the Jammer signal to GNSS signal (J/S) ratio affect the availability of PNT, and/or how it produces inaccurate PNT data.

Test description

The use of continuous high-power jamming will block GNSS signals in a large area at the event. The attendees may therefore test their equipment at different ranges to such a high-power jammer. There will be transmitted with a sweep/chirp modulation using Right Hand Circular Polarized (RHCP) antennas. Sweep/chirp modulation means that the frequency component will sweep back and forth inside the specific frequency band with a given sweep rate. The use of a 20W jammer will result in among the highest J/S ratios during the event. The attendees can change distance to the transmitter and observe the changes and try to identify the protection ratio for your GNSS receiving system.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

1.3.1 20W chirp: L1

20W chirp: L1

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.3.2 20W chirp: L1, G1

20W chirp: L1, G1

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.3.3 20W chirp: L1, G1, L2

20W chirp: L1, G1, L2

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.3.4 20W chirp: L1, G1, L2, L5

20W chirp: L1, G1, L2, L5

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2', 'L5'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.4: Continuous stationary high-power jamming with PRN

Rationale

The main objective is to observe how the Jammer signal to GNSS signal (J/S) ratio affect the availability of PNT, and/or how it produces inaccurate PNT data.

Test description

The use of continuous high-power jamming will block out a large area at the event. The attendees may therefore test the range of such a high-power jammer. There will be transmitted with a Pseudo Random Noise (PRN) modulation using Right Hand Circular Polarized (RHCP) antennas. PRN signals have the same spectral form as the true signals sent from the GNSS satellites but with different spreading codes. The spreading codes are Binary Phase Shift Keying (BPSK) modulated onto the centre frequency of the specific GNSS band. The use of a 20W jammer will result in among the highest J/S ratios during the event. The attendees can change distance to the transmitter and observe the changes and try to identify the protection ratio for your GNSS receiving system.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

1.4.1 20W PRN: L1

20W PRN: L1

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.4.2 20W PRN: L1, G1

20W PRN: L1, G1

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.4.3 20W PRN: L1, G1, L2

20W PRN: L1, G1, L2

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.4.4 20W PRN: L1, G1, L2, L5

20W PRN: L1, G1, L2, L5

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2', 'L5'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.5: Continuous stationary high-power jamming with "real world" PRN

Rationale

The type of jamming employed in this test is the same as real world signals observed in Europe, where the jammer parameters were found after demodulating a captured baseband stream.

Test description

The tests will be performed with BPSK modulation with a pseudo random symbol rate of 3 Mbaud at GPS L1 and 10.23 Mbaud at Glonass G1. The test cases refer to which centre frequency the signal will be centred at, based on the named GNSS bands.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

1.5.1 20W: L1, PRN (BPSK-modulated with 3 Mbaud symbolrate)

20W: L1, PRN (BPSK-modulated with 3 Mbaud symbolrate)

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.5.2 20W: G1, PRN (BPSK-modulated with 10 Mbaud symbolrate)

20W: G1, PRN (BPSK-modulated with 10 Mbaud symbolrate)

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.6: Stationary high-power jamming, ramp power with PRN

Rationale

The main objective is to observe how the J/S signal affect the loss of PNT, and/or how it produces inaccurate PNT data, and at which power level. This will allow for evaluation of the sensitivity thresholds for various systems.

Test description

The attendees should be at a stationary location with a known distance to the jammer, so they can observe how different levels will affect the PNT. Comparing the ramping tests from different sites, will give the opportunity to compare signals arriving from different angles and also to see the difference between signals going along earth/ground and coming from above.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

1.6.1 0.1 μ W to 20W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1

0.1 μ W to 20W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W
Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.6.2 0.1 μ W to 20W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1, G1

0.1 μ W to 20W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1, G1

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W
Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.6.3 0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1, G1, L2

0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1, G1, L2

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.6.4 0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1, G1, L2, L5

0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1, G1, L2, L5

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2', 'L5'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.7: Stationary high-power jamming, ramp power with CW

Rationale

The main objective is to observe how the J/S signal affect the loss of PNT, and/or how it produces inaccurate PNT data, and at which power level. This will allow for evaluation of the sensitivity thresholds for various systems.

Test description

The attendees should be at a stationary location with a known distance to the jammer, so they can observe how different levels will affect the PNT.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

1.7.1 0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments CW: L1

0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments CW: L1

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.7.2 0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments CW: L1, G1

0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments CW: L1, G1

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.7.3 0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments CW: L1, G1, L2

0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments CW: L1, G1, L2

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.7.4 0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments CW: L1, G1, L2, L5

0.1μW to 20W, 2 dB increments CW: L1, G1, L2, L5

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2', 'L5'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.8: Stationary pyramid jamming with PRN for all GNSS bands sequentially

Rationale

This 'pyramid' is intended to test the potential fallback behaviour of modern multi-constellation multi frequency receivers.

Test description

The jamming is performed with PRN modulation. The tests will jam most GNSS bands, incrementally adding bands to the list of jammed signals, then removing them in the reverse order. After the last test, a break should be added to allow receivers to default back to normal.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

1.8.1 20W PRN: E6, E5b, L5, G2, L2, B1l, G1, L1

20W PRN: E6, E5b, L5, G2, L2, B1l, G1, L1 The test will start with only E6 and continue adding bands according to the list in the test name until all bands have been added. The test will continue by removing the bands one by one in the reverse order ending with E6.

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'E6', 'E5b', 'L5', 'G2', 'L2', 'B1l', 'G1', 'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.9: Stationary inverted pyramid jamming with PRN for all GNSS bands sequentially

Rationale

This 'inverted pyramid' is intended to test the potential fallback behaviour of modern multi-constellation multi frequency receivers.

Test description

The jamming is performed with PRN modulation. The tests will jam most GNSS bands, incrementally removing bands to the list of jammed signals, then adding them in the reverse order. The test will start with removing L1 and continue removing bands according to the list in the test name until only E5b remains. The test will continue by adding the bands back in the reverse order ending with L1. After the last test, a break should be added to allow receivers to default back to normal.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

1.9.1 20W PRN: E5b, L5, E6, G2, L2, B1l, G1, L1

20W PRN: E5b, L5, E6, G2, L2, B1l, G1, L1 The test will start with removing L1 and continue removing bands according to the list in the test name until only E5b remains. The test will continue by adding the bands back in the reverse order ending with L1.

Power or power range

Min: 20W

Max: 20W

Test bands/constellation

'E6', 'E5b', 'L5', 'G2', 'L2', 'B1l', 'G1', 'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.10: Motorcade with low-power commercially available jammers (placed on stationary vehicle)

Rationale

These tests will explore the impact on other cars caused by a jammer placed in a parked car.

Test description

Jammers used in this test are commercially available jammers. The jammers are to be placed on the roof of a vehicle.

Test within this testgroup

1.10.1 Driving while passing a parked car with GPS (L1 & L2) jammer - jammer S2.1

Test with jammer S2.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.1'

1.10.2 Driving while passing a parked car with multi-band jammer - jammer H6.4

Jammer H6.4

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.4'

1.10.3 Vehicle starting in GPS (L1 & L2) denied environment - jammer S2.1

Test with jammer S2.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.1'

1.10.4 Vehicle starting in multi-band denied environment - jammer H6.4

Jammer H6.4

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.4'

1.11: Motorcade with low-power commercially available jammers (mobile placement in cars)

Rationale

This setup is to simulate meeting a vehicle with a jammer inside of it.

Test description

Jammers used in this test are commercially available jammers.

Test within this testgroup

1.11.1 Driving with GPS (L1 & L2) jammer in test vehicle - jammer S2.1

Test with jammer S2.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.1'

1.11.2 Driving with GPS (L1 & L2) jammer in vehicle in front of the test vehicle - jammer S2.1

Test with jammer S2.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.1'

1.11.3 Driving with GPS (L1 & L2) jammer in vehicle behind the test vehicle - jammer S2.1

Test with jammer S2.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.1'

1.11.4 Driving with GPS (L1 & L2) jammer in vehicle overtaking the test vehicle - jammer S2.1

Test with jammer S2.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.1'

1.11.5 Driving with GPS (L1 & L2) jammer in vehicle being overtaken by the test vehicle jammer S2.1

Test with jammer S2.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.0316W

Max: 0.1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1', 'B1l', 'B1C', 'L5', 'E5a/b', 'B2a/b', 'G3'

Transmitter equipment

'S2.1'

1.11.6 Driving with multi-band jammer in test vehicle - jammer H6.4

Jammer H6.4

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.4'

1.11.7 Driving with multi-band jammer in vehicle in front of the test vehicle - jammer H6.4

Jammer H6.4

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.4'

1.11.8 Driving with multi-band jammer in vehicle behind the test vehicle - jammer H6.4

Jammer H6.4

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.4'

1.11.9 Driving with multi-band jammer in vehicle overtaking the test vehicle - jammer H6.4

Jammer H6.4

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.4'

1.11.10 Driving with multi-band jammer in vehicle being overtaken by the test vehicle -jammer H6.4

Jammer H6.4

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.4'

1.12: Low power jamming with commercially available multi-band jammers in different placements in the terrain

Rationale

The main objective is to simulate meeting several "more dangerous" jammers, multi-band jammers.

Test description

The test will use three multiband jammers, spaced out in the terrain in different places. Attendees can move around or station themselves so that they can experience the different constellation and observe how their equipment and systems behave in a complicated GNSS RFI environment.

Additional information

The precise positions for each jammer will have to be decided in field, to best accommodate participants wishes and practical concerns (like terrain). The coordinates for each position, X, Y and Z, will have to be written down in field to help later analysis of the test results.

Test within this testgroup

1.12.1 All jammers stationary; activate Jammer F6.1, H6.5 and H3.3 sequentially

Sequential activation of jammers. Max/min power does not account for multiple jammers being active at once.

Power or power range

Min: 0.5012W

Max: 6.31W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'F6.1', 'H6.5', 'H3.3'

1.12.2 All jammers stationary in new placements; activate Jammer F6.1, H6.5 and H3.3 sequentially

Sequential activation of jammers. Max/min power does not account for multiple jammers being active at once.

Power or power range

Min: 0.5012W

Max: 6.31W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'F6.1', 'H6.5', 'H3.3'

1.12.3 Jammers F6.1 and H6.5 stationary, Jammer H3.3 mobile; all jammers activated simultaneously

Max/min power does not account for multiple jammers being active at once.

Power or power range

Min: 0.5012W

Max: 6.31W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'F6.1', 'H6.5', 'H3.3'

1.13: Jamming attacks on ships

Rationale

The objective is to simulate the conditions of which a jammer can appear on ships like ferries.

Test description

Exact locations and tests will be chosen on site according to layout of ship and available time schedule.

Test within this testgroup

1.13.1 Mobile jammer (H8.1) (L1 only) on the car deck outside car

Jammer H8.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.631W

Max: 0.631W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'H8.1'

1.13.2 Mobile jammer (H8.1) (L1 only) on the car deck inside car

Jammer H8.1

Power or power range

Min: 0.631W

Max: 0.631W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'H8.1'

1.13.3 Mobile jammer (H6.6) (L1+L2) - on the car deck outside car

Jammer H6.6

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.6'

1.13.4 Mobile jammer (H6.6) (L1+L2) - on the car deck inside car

Jammer H6.6

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.6'

1.13.5 Mobile jammer (H6.6) (multi-band) - on the car deck outside car

Jammer H6.6

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', 'B2a', 'E5a', 'L2', 'G2', 'B3l', 'E6', 'L1', 'E1', 'B1C', 'B1l', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.6'

1.13.6 Mobile jammer (H6.6) (multi-band) - on the car deck inside car

Jammer H6.6

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', ' B2a', ' E5a', ' L2', ' G2', ' B3l', ' E6', ' L1', ' E1', ' B1C', ' B1l', ' G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.6'

1.13.7 Mobile jammer (H6.6) (multi-band) - on deck close to the ship's antennas (by the bridge)

Jammer H6.6

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', ' B2a', ' E5a', ' L2', ' G2', ' B3l', ' E6', ' L1', ' E1', ' B1C', ' B1l', ' G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.6'

1.13.8 Mobile jammer (H6.6) (multi-band) - inside public areas of boat (under the bridge)

Jammer H6.6

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1.58W

Test bands/constellation

'L5', ' B2a', ' E5a', ' L2', ' G2', ' B3l', ' E6', ' L1', ' E1', ' B1C', ' B1l', ' G1'

Transmitter equipment

'H6.6'

1.14: Stationary high-power jamming, ramp power with PRN - Ramnan (200 W)**Rationale**

The main objective is to observe how the J/S signal affect the loss of PNT, and/or how it produces inaccurate PNT data, and at which power level. This will allow for evaluation of the sensitivity thresholds for various systems.

Test description

The jammer will be placed at a mountainside. This will allow for attendees to evaluate the difference between signals arriving from in the horizontal plane and signals arriving with some elevation above the horizontal. Each test will last for 15.67 minutes, with a 15-minute break between each test.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be "Porcus Major" F8.1, see appendix A. The last step, from 52 dBm to 53.0103 dBm (200 W), will be a 1.0103 dB increment, not a 2 dB increment.

Test within this testgroup

1.14.1 0.1 μ W to 200 W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1

Power ramp using F8.1

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W

Max: 200W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.14.2 0.1 μ W to 200 W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1, G1

Power ramp using F8.1

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W

Max: 200W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.14.3 0.1 μ W to 200 W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1, G1, L2

Power ramp using F8.1

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W

Max: 200W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.14.4 0.1 μ W to 200 W, 2 dB increments PRN: L1, G1, L2, L5

Power ramp using F8.1

Power or power range

Min: 1e-07W

Max: 200W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'G1', 'L2', 'L5'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

1.15: Stationary low-power jamming of L1-only and G1-only**Rationale**

The main objective is to test receivers' ability to change between using GPS and Glonass when one or the other is denied.

Test description

A 20 MHz wideband (WB) white noise signal will be active on either L1 or G1. Signal power will be ramped up during the first test, and then kept at the achieved maximum power for the remainder of the tests.

Additional information

Each test will have a short break after it is completed. When L1-only and G1-only is combined in a test, the transmission will change from the first to the second instantly.

Test within this testgroup**1.15.1 WB, L1-only**

Low-power jamming

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W

Max: 1W

1 jamming

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

1.15.2 WB, G1-only

Low-power jamming

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W

Max: 1W

Test bands/constellation

'G1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

1.15.3 WB, G1-only then L1-only

Low-power jamming

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W

Max: 1W

Test bands/constellation

'G1', 'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

1.15.4 WB, L1-only then G1-only

Low-power jamming

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W

Max: 1W

Test bands/constellation

'G1', 'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2 Spoofing

2.1: Incoherent spoofing from stationary spoofer using synthetic ephemerides

Rationale

These are very basic attacks that can be performed with easily available software and hardware. These attacks can give an indication to the receivers' resiliency to spoofing attacks. Most receivers will probably see these attacks as noise initially, effectively working as a jamming signal.

Test description

Simulated signals will be transmitted from a stationary antenna. Generated spoofing scenarios will use satellite ephemerides different from live sky satellites. Simulated signals may use one or more constellations and one or more signal bands.

Initial positions are either False (e.g. 70 N, 10 E) or True (target location at transmitter antenna location). Initial time is either False (e.g. a jump in time) or True (± 100 ns timing error for a receiver at target location). Some test scenarios may be started with jamming (lasting for 5 min, one or several signal bands, before the spoofing transmission is activated). Some spoofing scenarios may be accompanied by continuous jamming (one or several signal bands). Static scenarios are a fixed position, while motion scenarios are a drive around the area. For each dynamic test, the motion is first spoofed to a fixed start position for 5 minutes before the dynamic motion starts.

Additional information

Expected range/power of spoofing signals: A radius of approximately 1.5 kilometre from the transmitter, depending on terrain and building signal shielding.

Test within this testgroup

2.1.1 Large position and time jump, gradually increasing signal strength

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming Simulated position: 70 N, 10 E Simulated start time: 01.10.2023 12:00

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.1.2 Large position and time jump

Signals: GPS L1 C/A Galileo E1 No jamming Position: 70 N, 10 E Simulated start time: 01.10.2023 12:00

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.1.3 Large position and time jump, with jamming

Signals: GPS L1 C/A Galileo E1 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, E6, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission, then continuous on other bands than the ones spoofed. Simulated position: 70 N, 10 E Simulated start time: 01.10.2023 12:00

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.1.4 Simulated driving (route 1)

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, E6, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission. Simulated start position: Transmitter location Simulated start time: 01.10.2023 12:00

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.1.5 Simulated driving, true reference time (route 1)

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, E6, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission. Simulated start position: Transmitter location
Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.2: Incoherent spoofing from stationary spoofer using broadcast(true) ephemerides

Rationale

These spoofing tests use ephemerides (navigation data) identical to those broadcasted by the actual satellites, but the transmitted spoofing signals do not align with those received from actual satellites. Receivers using the spoofed signals will generate jumps in the navigation solution, either in position, timing and/or velocity.

Test description

Simulated signals will be transmitted from a stationary antenna. Generated spoofing scenarios will use broadcast satellite ephemeris data. Simulated signals may use one or more constellations and one or more signal bands.

Initial positions are either False (e.g. 70 N, 10 E) or True (target location at transmitter antenna location). Initial time is either False (e.g. a jump in time/date) or True (\pm 100 ns timing error for a receiver at target location). Some test scenarios may be started with jamming (lasting for 5 min, one or several signal bands, before the spoofing transmission is activated). Some spoofing scenarios may be accompanied by continuous jamming (one or several signal bands).

Static scenarios are a fixed position, while motion scenarios are a simulated drive around the area. There will be a break between each test to allow receivers to reacquire fix onto real satellite signals. For each dynamic test, the motion is first spoofed to a fixed start position for 5 minutes before the dynamic motion starts.

Additional information

Expected range/power of spoofing signals: A radius of approximately 1.5 kilometre from the transmitter, depending on terrain and building signal shielding.

Test within this testgroup

2.2.1 Large position jump

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming Simulated position: 70 N, 10 E Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.2.2 Small position jump, large time jump

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, E6, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission, then continuous on other bands than the ones spoofed. Simulated position: North end of the football field - 69.27701401, 15.969328354, 45 m hae. (Height Above Ellipsoid) Simulated start time: 01.10.2023 12:00

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.2.3 Small position jump

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming Simulated position: North end of the football field - 69.27701401, 15.96932835, 45 m hae. (Height Above Ellipsoid) Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.2.4 Flying (route 2) - "helicopter scenario"

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming Simulated start position: Over the sea 1 km N (Midnattskjæran) at 200 m height Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals Spoofing transmission will be corrected for signal delay to simulated start position. Helicopter at start position should see coherent signals.

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.2.5 Fixed position

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming Simulated position: Cemetery - 69.2824699, 15.9906568, 48 m hae. (Height Above Ellipsoid) Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.2.6 Large position jump #2

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming Simulated position: 69.25 N, 14.9 E Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.3: Coherent spoofing from stationary spoofer using broadcast(true) ephemerides

Rationale

These spoofing tests use ephemerides (navigation data) identical to those broadcasted by the actual satellites. The transmitted spoofing signals are intended to align (to within a few 100 ns) with those received from actual satellites at the target location. Receivers using the spoofed signals at rest at the target location will initially generate no major changes in the navigation solution, either in position, timing and/or velocity, compared to the solution estimated from actual satellite signals.

Test description

Simulated signals will be transmitted from a stationary antenna. Generated spoofing scenarios will use broadcast satellite ephemeris data. Simulated signals may use one or more constellations and one or more signal bands.

Initial positions are True (target location at transmitter antenna location). Initial time is True (\pm 100 ns timing error for a receiver at target location). Some test scenarios may be started with jamming (lasting for 5 min, one or several signal bands, before the spoofing transmission is activated). Some spoofing scenarios may be accompanied by continuous jamming (one or several signal bands).

For all tests in this group, spoofing transmission will be corrected for signal delay to simulated start position.

Static scenarios are a fixed position, while motion scenarios are a simulated drive around the area. There will be a break between each test to allow receivers to reacquire fix onto real satellite signals. For each dynamic test, the motion is first spoofed to a fixed start position for 5 minutes before the dynamic motion starts.

Additional information

Expected range/power of spoofing signals: A radius of approximately 1.5 kilometre from the transmitter, depending on terrain and building signal shielding.

Test within this testgroup

2.3.1 Simulated driving (route 1). GPS only with initial jamming.

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, E6, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission. Simulated start position: Bleik community house parking lot
Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.3.2 Simulated driving (route 1). Galileo only with initial jamming.

Signals: Galileo E1, E5 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, E6, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission. Simulated start position: Bleik community house parking lot Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.3.3 Simulated driving (route 1) with initial jamming.

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, E6, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission. Simulated start position: Bleik community house parking lot Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.3.4 Simulated driving (route 1). GPS only.

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 No jamming Simulated start position: Bleik community house parking lot Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.3.5 Simulated driving (route 1). GPS L1 and Galileo E1.

Signals: GPS L1 C/A Galileo E1 No jamming Simulated start position: Bleik community house parking lot Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.3.6 Simulated driving (route 1)

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming Simulated start position: Bleik community house parking lot Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.3.7 Flying (route 4) - "drone scenario"

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming Simulated start position: 69.277014014, 15.969328354, 40 mhae. Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.3.8 Sailing (route 5) - "ship scenario"

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming Simulated start position: Bleik harbour
Simulated start time: Referenced to live GPS-signals

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.4: Incoherent time spoofing from stationary spoofer using synthetic ephemerides

Rationale

These are synchronized spoofing scenarios in the sense that the navigation solution (position, velocity and clock bias) should not initially change significantly for a receiver at the target location. The scenarios are incoherent in the sense that spoofing signals are different from those received from the actual satellites.

Test description

Simulated signals will be transmitted from a stationary antenna. Generated spoofing scenarios will use satellite ephemerides different from live sky satellites. Simulated signals may use one or more constellations and one or more signal bands.

Initial positions are True (target location at transmitter antenna location). Some test scenarios may be started with jamming (lasting for 5 min, one or several signal bands). Some spoofing scenarios may be accompanied by continuous jamming (one or several signal bands).

There will be a small break between each test and a larger break after the test group is over to allow receivers to reacquire fix onto real satellite signals.

Additional information

Expected range/power of spoofing signals: A radius of approximately few hundred metres from the transmitter, depending on terrain and building signal shielding.

Test within this testgroup

2.4.1 Time offset 15 minutes from real time. GPS L1 and Galileo E1

Signals: GPS L1 C/A and Galileo E1 only.

Power or power range

Min: 1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.4.2 Time offset 15 minutes from real time.

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming. Fixed spoofed position: 69.27547832, 15.96832496, 35 m hae. Time offset is + 15 minutes (900 seconds), so "into the future". Spoofing power ramp -35 dBm to +15 dBm in steps of 5 dB every two minutes.

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.4.3 Time offset -3 minutes from real time

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming. Fixed spoofed position: 69.27547832, 15.96832496, 35 m hae. Time offset is - 3 minutes (180 seconds), so "back into the past". Spoofing power will start at -20 dBm and be stepped up to 15 dBm in one step.

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

**2.4.4 Static + Frequency step (spoofing signal transmission rate change).
GPS L1 C/A only**

Signals: GPS L1 C/A only.

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.4.5 Static + Frequency step (spoofing signal transmission rate change)

Signals: GPS L1 C/A Galileo E1 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission. Fixed spoofed position: 69.27547832, 15.96832496, 35 m hae. Spoofing power will be at 0 dBm. Frequency steps are added (10 ns/s) and starts five minutes after the spoofing starts.

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.5: Coherent time spoofing from stationary spoofer using broadcast(true) ephemerides

Rationale

Scenarios in these tests is intended not to alter the navigation solution at for receivers at the target position for position and velocity estimates. Clock bias estimates should be affected by the frequency step in test 1 - 3, but not in 4 - 7.

Test description

Simulated signals will be transmitted from a stationary antenna. Generated spoofing scenarios will use broadcast satellite ephemeris data. Simulated signals may use one or more constellations and one or more signal bands.

Initial positions are True (target location at transmitter antenna location). Initial time is True (± 100 ns timing error for a receiver at target location). Some test scenarios may be started with jamming (lasting for 5 min, one or several signal bands). Some spoofing scenarios may be accompanied by continuous jamming (one or several signal bands).

There will be a short break between each test and a larger break after the test group is over to allow receivers to reacquire fix onto real satellite signals.

Additional information

Expected range/power of spoofing signals: A radius of approximately few hundred metres from the transmitter, depending on terrain and building signal shielding.

Test within this testgroup

2.5.1 Static + Frequency step (spoofing signal transmission rate change)

Signals: GPS L1 C/A Galileo E1 No jamming. Fixed spoofed position: 69.27547832, 15.96832496, 35 m hae. Frequency steps are added (10 ns/s), and starts five minutes after the spoofing starts. Spoofing power will be at -20 dBm.

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.5.2 Static + Frequency step (spoofing signal transmission rate change) with jamming

Signals: GPS L1 C/A Galileo E1 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission, then continuous on other bands than the ones spoofed. Fixed spoofed position: 69.27547832, 15.96832496, 35 m hae. Frequency steps are removed (10 ns/s) and starts five minutes after the spoofing starts. Spoofing power will be at 0 dBm.

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.5.3 Static + Nav data manipulation (clock/frequency related). L1/E1 only

Signals: GPS L1 C/A Galileo E1 No jamming. Fixed spoofed position: 69.27547832, 15.96832496, 35 m hae. Spoofing power will be at -20 dBm.

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.5.4 Static + Nav data manipulation (clock/frequency related). with jamming.

Signals: GPS L1 C/A Galileo E1 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission, then continuous on other bands than the ones spoofed. Fixed spoofed position: 69.27547832, 15.96832496, 35 m hae. Spoofing power ramp -35 dBm to +15 dBm in steps of 5 dB every two minutes.

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.5.5 Static + UTC-parameter navigation data manipulation.

Signals: GPS L1 C/A Galileo E1 5 minutes of initial jamming (L1, G1, B1l, L2, E5b, L5 with 2 W) prior to spoofing transmission. Fixed spoofed position: 69.27547832, 15.96832496, 35 m hae. Spoofing power will be at -20 dBm. Spoofing says that back in 2016, there was 19 leap seconds instead of 18.

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.5.6 Time offset 15 minutes from real time - harbour

Signals: GPS L1 C/A, L2C, L5 Galileo E1, E5 No jamming. Fixed spoofed position: Bleik harbour Time offset is + 15 minutes (900 seconds), so "into the future".

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2', 'L5', 'E1', 'E5a', 'E5b'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.6: Incoherent GPS position and time spoofing from mobile spoofer

Rationale

The objective is to simulate a vehicle-borne spoofing device "out in the wild", so that attendees can experience how a mobile spoofing source affects their (stationary or mobile) equipment and systems.

Test description

There will be a break between each test to allow receivers to reacquire fix onto real satellite signals (total of 50 min for each test). The spoofed signals will be on GPS L1 only. All spoofing tests will be combined with jamming on Glonass G1.

Additional information

Starting position will be approximately 69.194875 N, 15.837719 E in all scenarios.

Test within this testgroup

2.6.1 Spoofer (in vehicle) stationary with moving spoofed position.

Spoofer (in vehicle) stationary; spoofed position starts static and approximately true. After 10 min spoofed position starts to move south with constant speed (15 m/s) while spoofer is still stationary.

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.6.2 Spoofer (in vehicle) stationary and then moving with fixed spoofed position.

Spoofer (in vehicle) starts stationary for 10 min, and then begins to drive south along Stavedalsveien (FV7702); spoofed position remains fixed and approximately as the true position from start throughout the test.

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.6.3 Spoofer (in vehicle) moving with fixed spoofed position.

Spoofer (in vehicle) moves south along Stavedalsveien (FV7702) from the start while being spoofed to a fixed position at 70 N, 10 E.

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.6.4 Spoofer (in vehicle) stationary and then moving with first fixed and then moving spoofed position.

Spoofer (in vehicle) starts stationary for 10 min, then vehicle begins to drive south along Stavedalsveien (FV7702); spoofed position is approximately true for the first 10 min, then starts to move directly south with constant speed (15 m/s) in a slightly different direction than the vehicle.

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W
Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.7: Stationary incoherent spoofing with extreme timeshifts (+/- 1 to 2 years)

Rationale

Some equipment will use GNSS to synchronize time and this time and different subsystems can use this time for checking validity of licences, certificates etc. This test can be used to check for unintended effects of large time shifts on equipment and subsystems.

Test description

Providing a date 2 years back in time or 2 years ahead can cause denial of service for certain services.

Additional information

The effect on subsystems is not known and hence care should be taken to limit the range of the transmission to include only systems that we want to test.

Test within this testgroup

2.7.1 Pos=True, Time=2 years backwards, Jamming=True, Scenario=Static+motion

Time will be shifted by 2 years in the past. The test will be preceded by jamming (L1, G1, B1l, L2, E5b, L5) The jamming will continue during spoofing except on L1/E1

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

2.7.2 Pos=True, Time=2 years forward, Jamming=True, Scenario=Static+motion

Time will be shifted by 2 years in the future. The test will be preceded by jamming (L1, G1, B1l, L2, E5b, L5) The jamming will continue during spoofing except on L1/E1

Power or power range

Min: 0.1W

Max: 100W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'E1'

Transmitter equipment

'N/A'

3 Meaconing

3.1: Stationary meaconing with varying power from single receiver

Rationale

The objective is to observe how equipment and systems behave under meaconing from a single receiver, with and without initial jamming. Attendees should try to observe PNT changes and/or loss of PNT, and monitor the changes when their equipment and systems are exposed to two different power levels. Maybe especially interesting is to see if the effects of movement and speed, coupled with other sensor data, will result the total output. Some tests might be repeated, so that it is possible to try to detect differences between for example stationary and mobile test objects, or to allow for configuration of other participants setups to test different variables in the same RFI environment. Some tests might be repeated, so that it is possible to try to detect differences between for example stationary and mobile test objects, or to allow for configuration of other participants setups to test different variables in the same RFI environment.

Test description

GNSS re-transmission of real live sky signals from one receiver, where the GNSS environment will have wrong position with real satellite data, only slightly time delayed. The test will re-transmit on L1 and L2 bands, where the employed antennas RX1 and RX2 have cut-off frequencies at 1562 – 1588 MHz (L1) & 1216 – 1240 MHz (L2) and 1564 – 1586 MHz (L1) & 1218 – 1238 MHz (L2), respectively. This means that the Glonass G1 satellites shouldn't be visible, but some Beidou B1I satellites might be, especially on RX1. The tests are performed with constant power outputs, some with initial jamming and some without. There are planned a 10-minute break between each test. The meaconed position is for RX1: TBD1 and for RX2: TBD2.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

3.1.1 RX1 at 1 W

1 W meaconing from receiver RX1
Power or power range
Min: 1W
Max: 1W
Test bands/constellation
'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.1.2 RX1 at 1 W with initial jamming

1 W meaoning from receiver RX1 preceded by 5 min jamming (PRN L1, L2, L5 and G1 at 20 W)

Power or power range

Min: 1W

Max: 1W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.1.3 RX1 at 10 W

10 W meaoning from receiver RX1

Power or power range

Min: 10W

Max: 10W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.1.4 RX1 at 10 W with initial jamming

10 W meaoning from receiver RX1 preceded by 5 min jamming (PRN L1, L2, L5 and G1 at 20 W)

Power or power range

Min: 10W

Max: 10W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.1.5 RX2 at 10 W

10 W meaoning from receiver RX2

Power or power range

Min: 10W

Max: 10W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.2: Stationary meaoning from two receivers

Rationale

The objective is to observe how equipment and systems behave under meaoning from two receivers, with and without initital jammming. Attendees should try to observe PNT changes and/or loss of PNT, and monitor the changes when their equipment and systems are exposed to two different power levels. Maybe especially interesting is to see if the effects of movement and speed, coupled with other sensor data, will result the total output.

Test description

GNSS re-transmission of real live sky signals from two receivers (RX1 and RX2), with the same receivers specifications as listed in "Meaoning testgroup 1". TheThe tests are performed with constant power outputs, some with initial jamming and some without. There is planned a 10-minute break between each test.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

3.2.1 RX1+RX2 at 10 W

10 W meaoning from receivers RX1+RX2, activated at the same time

Power or power range

Min: 10W

Max: 10W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.2.2 RX1+RX2 at 10 W with initial jamming

10 W meaoning from receivers RX1+RX2, activated at the same time, preceded by 5 min jamming (PRN L1, L2, L5 and G1 at 20 W)

Power or power range

Min: 10W
Max: 10W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.2.3 RX1+RX2 at 10 W at different times

10 W meaoning from receivers RX1+RX2, activated at different times. RX2 activated 5 minutes after RX1

Power or power range

Min: 10W
Max: 10W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.2.4 RX1+RX2 at 10 W alternating

10 W meaoning from receivers RX1+RX2, alternating. RX1 activated first, then turned off after 1 minute while RX2 is turned on. RX2 is then turned off after 1 minute and RX1 is turned on. Repeat for five cycles.

Power or power range

Min: 10W
Max: 10W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.2.5 RX1+RX2 at 10 W alternating with breaks

10 W meaoning from receivers RX1+RX2, alternating with breaks. Rx1 activated first and left on for 1 minute, before being turned off and waiting for 1 minute. RX2 is then turned on and left on for 1 minute before being turned off and waiting 1 minute. Repeat for three cycles.

Power or power range

Min: 10W

Max: 10W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.3: Stationary meaoning from two receivers

Rationale

The objective is to observe how equipment and systems behave under meaoning from a single receiver, with and without initital jammming. Attendees should try to observe PNT changes and/or loss of PNT, and monitor the changes when their equipment and systems are exposed to two different power levels. Maybe especially interesting is to see if the effects of movement and speed, coupled with other sensor data, will result the total output.

Test description

GNSS re-transmission of real live sky signals from two receiver (RX1 and RX2), with the same receivers specifications as listed in "Meaoning testgroup 1". TheThe tests are performed both with constant power outputs (1 W or 10 W), some with initial jamming and some without. There are planned a 10-minute break between each test, with some extra breaks before eventual repeats. Some tests might be repeated, so that it is possible to try to detect differences between for example stationary and mobile test objects, or to allow for configuration of other participants setups to test different variables in the same RFI environment . The meaoned position is (for RX1): TBD1.

Additional information

The jammer employed will be F8.1 "Porcus Major", see appendix A.

Test within this testgroup

3.3.1 RX1+RX2 at 10 W

10 W meaoning from receivers RX1+RX2, activated at the same time

Power or power range

Min: 10W

Max: 10W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'

3.3.2 RX1+RX2 at 10 W with initial jamming

10 W meaconing from receivers RX1+RX2, activated at the same time, preceded by 5 min jamming (PRN L1, L2, L5 and G1 at 20 W)

Power or power range

Min: 10W

Max: 10W

Test bands/constellation

'L1', 'L2'

Transmitter equipment

'F8.1'