So the Vim tutor basically just had me go through the tutorial
and showed me how to do some basic operations on the Vim editor.

Things learned so far:
:q! exits without saving,
i allows you to type
A allows you to append
o allows you to open a line below the cursor
O allows you to open a line above the cursor
:wq exits and saves
dw deletes word from cursor highlighted point till end of word
d$ deletes line from cursor highlighted point till end on line
dd deletes entire row
dnw (where n=number) deletes an amount of characters
corresponding to that number
ndd deletes n rows
u undoes 1 thing
U undoes an entire line
CTRL-R re-does the commands so if you undid too much you can get
it back
motion: - w end of word
        - $ end of line
        - e beginning of word (?)
        - 0 next line
p inserts a deleted line/s where below where the cursor is placed
r (letter) replaces a character with another one
ce allows you to change a word from that point onwards
c$ allows you to replace a line
CTRL-G gives you the position in a file
G brings you to end of file
gg bring you to beginning of file
number G brings you to that line of the file
/ word searches for that word in the file
? word does the same, just in the backward direction
n brings you to another result of the search
N brings you back to a previous one (backward)
CTRL-O moves you to the previous location
CTRL-I moves you back from there
% brings you to the matching (, [, { your cursor is on
:s/old/new/g substitutes the old with the new (globally)
if you don't want it global, but just for one occurrence, then
neglect the /g
Type :! followed by an external command executes that command
:!del FILENAME to delete that file
:w FILENAME to save the file
v motion allows you to highlight text to delete, save, change,
etc.
:r FILENAME inserts contents of that file below the cursor
:r !dir reads the output of the dir command and puts it below
the cursor position

y copies highlighted text so you can paste it w/ p
R places you into replace mode (each character you type replaces
a pre-existing one)