



First Weekly Assignment on Database

Q1 a). Create a new table to track the Post Office location.

Post Office (po id, po name, po address, city, po state, po pincode)

po id is the primary key and should be numeric.

po_name, po_address, and po_city is between 1 and 35 characters. – These should not be null.

po state is 2 characters

po_pincode is 5 numbers. Check for one of the following pin codes – 75081, 75080, 75082, 75079, 75078

- b). Write insert query for the above table (Post Office). Enter 5 rows in the table.
- c). Write a query that will display all the Post Office records of a State. Display the address of Post Office in a same city.
- d). In which city having maximum number of post office, show the pincodes of those cities.
- Q2. Create a store procedure that receives the first name of the person table as input and the last name as output.
- Q3. Create a query to show the account number and customerid from the customer table for the customer without sales orders.
- Q4. Create a query to show the top 10 customerIDs of users with more Orders.
- Q5. Creating procedure without parameters
- Q6..Creating Procedure with (IN/OUT/INOUT) Parameters.

Q7.Write a MySQL stored procedure that takes an integer parameter representing a student's score. Based on the score, the procedure should return one of the following grades using IF-ELSE:

- i) Score>=90:"A"
- ii) Score>=80:"B"
- iii) Score>=70:"C"
- iv) Score>=60:"D"
- v)Score<60:"Fail"

Q8. Write a MySQL stored procedure that uses a loop to iterate through a list of numbers from 1 to 20.

Q9. Create a stored procedure named CalculateFactorial that accepts a single integer parameter, n. Inside the procedure, use a loop to calculate the factorial of n.

Q10. Create a stored procedure named **GenerateFibonacciSequence** that accepts a single integer parameter, n, representing the number of terms in the Fibonacci sequence.