

1/10/24

TIC-TAC-TOE Game

Code:

```
import random

def check_win(board, r, c):
    if board[r - 1][c - 1] == 'X':
        ch = "O"
    else:
        ch = "X"
    if ch not in board[r - 1] and '-' not in board[r - 1]:
        return True
    elif ch not in (board[0][c - 1], board[1][c - 1], board[2][c - 1]) and '-' not in (board[0][c - 1], board[1][c - 1], board[2][c - 1]):
        return True
    elif ch not in (board[0][0], board[1][1], board[2][2]) and '-' not in (board[0][0], board[1][1], board[2][2]):
        return True
    elif ch not in (board[0][2], board[1][1], board[2][0]) and '-' not in (board[0][2], board[1][1], board[2][0]):
        return True
    return False

def display_board(board):
    for row in board:
        print(row)

def find_block_move(board):
    # Check rows and columns for blocking opportunity
    for i in range(3):
        # Check rows
        if board[i].count('X') == 2 and board[i].count('-') == 1:
            return i, board[i].index('-')
        # Check columns
        col = [board[0][i], board[1][i], board[2][i]]
        if col.count('X') == 2 and col.count('-') == 1:
            return col.index('-'), i

    # Check diagonals for blocking opportunity
```

```

diag1 = [board[0][0], board[1][1], board[2][2]]
if diag1.count('X') == 2 and diag1.count('-') == 1:
    idx = diag1.index('-')
    return idx, idx

diag2 = [board[0][2], board[1][1], board[2][0]]
if diag2.count('X') == 2 and diag2.count('-') == 1:
    idx = diag2.index('-')
    return idx, 2 - idx

return None # No blocking move found

def bot_move(board):
    # First, check if there's a move to block the human
    block_move = find_block_move(board)
    if block_move:
        r, c = block_move
        board[r][c] = 'O'
        print(f"Bot blocked X at position: ({r + 1}, {c + 1})")
        display_board(board)
        return r + 1, c + 1

    # Otherwise, make a random move
    available_moves = [(r, c) for r in range(3) for c in range(3) if
board[r][c] == '-']
    if available_moves:
        move = random.choice(available_moves)
        board[move[0]][move[1]] = 'O'
        print(f"Bot placed O at position: ({move[0] + 1}, {move[1] + 1})")
        display_board(board)
        return move[0] + 1, move[1] + 1 # Return the move for win check
    return None, None

# Initial board setup
board = [['-', '-', '-'], ['- ', '- ', '- '], ['- ', '- ', '- ']]
display_board(board)

xo = 1 # 1 for human, 0 for bot
flag = 0 # Flag to check for win or draw

```

```

while '-' in board[0] or '-' in board[1] or '-' in board[2]:

    if xo == 1: # Human's turn (X)
        print("Enter position to place X (row and column between 1-3):")
        x = int(input())
        y = int(input())
        if x > 3 or y > 3 or x < 1 or y < 1:
            print("Invalid position")
            continue
        if board[x - 1][y - 1] == '-':
            board[x - 1][y - 1] = 'X'
            xo = 0 # Switch to bot's turn
            display_board(board)
        else:
            print("Invalid position")
            continue

        if check_win(board, x, y):
            print("X wins!")
            flag = 1
            break

    else: # Bot's turn (O)
        print("Bot's turn:")
        x, y = bot_move(board)
        if x and y: # If bot made a valid move
            xo = 1 # Switch back to human's turn
            if check_win(board, x, y):
                print("O (Bot) wins!")
                flag = 1
                break

if flag == 0:
    print("Draw")
print("Game Over")

```

01/10/24

classmate

Date

Page

LAB-1

TIC - TAC - TOE GAME

ALGORITHM:

check-win(board, r, c)

Step-1: Identify which letter was played (X or O)

Step-2: Check the corresponding row, column and diagonals for a win

- If all cells in a row, column or diagonal match the player's letter (with no empty cells) return true
- Else return False

display-board(board)

Step 1: Print all rows of the board

find-block-move(board):

Step-1: Check each row, col, diagonals for two X and one empty spot (-)

- If found X, return the position to block the player
- If no block return none.

bot-move(board)

Step-1: Call find-block-move(board). If found place O there

Step-2: If no block is needed, choose a random available move.

Main algo:

Step-1: Initialize 3x3 board with '-'

Step-2: Set XO (1 for player, 0 for bot)

and flag to check the game status.

Step-3: While there empty spots

• If player's turn(x)

→ prompt for row and column

→ validate the place position and place x.

→ check for win

Bot's turn(o)

Step-4:

→ call bot-move(board)
check for win

Step-4: If no winner, print 'Draw'

Step-5: Print game over.

Output:

```
[ - - - ]
[ - - - ]
[ - - - ]
```

Enter position to place x

1

1

```
[ x - - ]
[ - - - ]
[ - - - ]
```

Bot's turn

Bot played at position (3,3)

```
[ x - - ]
[ - - - ]
[ - - o ]
```

Enter position to place x

1

2

x	x	-
-	-	-
-	-	o

Bot's turn:

Bot blocked x at position (1, 3).

x	x	o
x	-	-
-	-	o

Enter position of x

2

3

x	x	o
-	x	-
-	o	o

Bot's turn:

Bot blocked x at position (3, 2)

x	x	o
-	x	-
o	o	o

o (Bot) won!

Game over.

State space
tree

x	o	x
o	o	x
-	-	-

x	o	x
o	o	x
x	-	-

x	o	x
o	o	x
x	-	-

x	o	x
o	o	x
o	-	-

x	o	x
o	o	x
x	o	-

x	o	x
o	o	x
x	-	o

x	o	x
o	o	x
o	o	-

x	o	x
o	o	x
o	-	-

x	o	x
o	o	x
o	x	x

x	o	x
o	o	x
x	-	o

x	o	x
o	o	x
x	x	o