

Data Science – Khoa Học Dữ Liệu

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Mục lục

1 Basic Data Science – Khoa Học Dữ Liệu Cơ Bản	1
2 Miscellaneous	16
Tài liệu	16

1 Basic Data Science – Khoa Học Dữ Liệu Cơ Bản

Resources – Tài nguyên.

1. [McK22]. WES MCKINNEY. *Python for Data Analysis: Data Wrangling with pandas, NumPy & Jupyter*. [356 Amazon ratings][25357 Goodreads ratings]

Amazon review. Get definitive handbook for manipulating, processing, cleaning, & crunching datasets in Python. Updated for Python 3.10 & pandas 1.4, 3e of this hand-on guide is packed with practical case studies that show you how to solve a broad set of data analysis problems effectively. Learn latest versions of pandas, NumPy, & Jupyter in process.

Written by WES MCKINNEY, creator of Python pandas project, this book is a practical, modern introduction to data science tools in Python. Ideal for analysts new to Python & for Python programmers new to data science & scientific computing. Data files & related material are available on GitHub.

- use Jupyter notebook & IPython shell for exploratory computing
- Learn basic & advanced features in NumPy
- Get started with data analysis tools in pandas library
- Use flexible tools to load, clean, transform, merge, & reshape data
- Create informative visualizations with matplotlib
- Apply pandas groupby facility to slice, dice, & summarize datasets
- Analyze & manipulative regular & irregular time series data
- Learn how to solve real-world data analysis problems with thorough, detailed examples

About the Author. WES MCKINNEY is a Nashville-based software developer & entrepreneur. After finishing his undergraduate degree in mathematics at MIT in 2007, he went on to do quantitative finance work at AQR Capital Management in Greenwich, CT. Frustrated by cumbersome data analysis tools, he learned Python & started building what would later become pandas project. He's now an active member of Python data community & is an advocate for Python use in data analysis, finance, & statistical computing applications.

WES was later cofounder & CEO of DataPad, whose technology assets & team were acquired by Cloudera in 2014. He has since become involved in big data technology, joining Project Management Committees for Apache Arrow & Apache Parquet projects in Apache Software Foundation. In 2018, he founded Ursa Labs, a not-for-profit organization focused Apache Arrow

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development, in partnership with RStudio & 2 Sigma Investments. In 2021, he cofounded technology startup Voltron Data, where he currently works as Chief Technology Officer.

“With this new edition, WES has updated his book to ensure it remains go-to resource for all things related to data analysis with Python & pandas. I cannot recommend this book highly enough.” – PAUL BARRY, Lecturer & author of *O’Reiley; Head 1st Python*

WES MCKINNEY, cofounder & chief technology officer of Voltron Data, is an active member of Python data community & an advocate for Python use in data analysis, finance, & statistical computing applications. A graduate of MIT, he’s also a member of project management committees for Apache Software Foundation’s Apache Arrow & Apache Parquet projects.

Preface. 1e of this book was published in 2012, during a time when open source data analysis libraries for Python, especially pandas, were very new & developing rapidly. When time came to write 2e in 2016–2017, needed to update book not only for Python 3.6 (1e used Python 2.7) but also for many changes in pandas that had occurred over previous 5 years. 2022, there are fewer Python language changes (now at Python 3.10, with 3.11 coming out at end of 2022), but pandas has continued to evolve.

In 3e, goal: bring content up to date with current versions of Python, NumPy, pandas, & other projects, while also remaining relatively conservative about discussing newer Python projects having appeared in last few years. Since this book has become an important resource for many university courses & working professionals, try to avoid topics that are at risk of falling out of date within 1–2 year. That way paper copies won’t be too difficult to follow in 2023 or 2024 or beyond.

A new feature of 3e: open access online version hosted on website <https://wesmckinney.com/book>, to serve as a resource & convenience for owners of print & digital editions. Intend to keep content reasonably up to date there, so if you paper book & run into sth that doesn’t work properly, should check there for latest content changes.

Using Code Examples. Can find data files & related material for each chap in this book’s GitHub repository at <https://github.com/wesm/pydata-book>, which is mirrored to Gitee (for those who cannot access GitHub) at <https://gitee.com/wesmckinn/pydata-book>.

This book is here to help get job done. In general, if example code is offered with this book, may use it in your programs & documentation. Do not need to contact for permission unless you’re reproducing a significant portion of code. E.g., writing a program that uses several chunks of code from this book does not require permission. Selling or distributing examples from O’Reilly books does not require permission. Answering a question by citing this book & quoting example code does not require permission. Incorporating a significant amount of example code from this book into your product’s documentation does require permission.

Acknowledgments for 3e (2022). > 1 decade since started writing 1e of this book & > 15 years since originally started journey as a Python programmer. A lot has changed since then! Python has evolved from a relatively niche (ngách) language for data analysis to most popular & most widely used language powering plurality (if not majority!) of DS, ML, & AI work.

Have not been an active contributor to pandas open source project since 2013, but its worldwide developer community has continued to thrive, serving as a model of community-centric open source software development. Many “next-generation” Python projects that deal with tabular data are modeling their user interfaces directly after pandas, so project has proved to have an enduring influence on future trajectory of Python DS ecosystem.

Acknowledgments for 2e (2017). 5 years almost to day since completed manuscript for this book’s 1e in Jul 2012. A lot has changed. Python community has grown immensely, & ecosystem of open source software around it has flourished.

This new edition of book would not exist if for tireless efforts of pandas core developers, who have grown project & its user community into 1 of cornerstones of Python DS ecosystem.

With open source software projects more thinly resourced than ever relative to size of user bases, it is becoming increasingly important for businesses to provide support for development of key open source projects. It’s the right thing to do.

- 1. Preliminaries.

- 1.1. What Is This Book About? This book is concerned with nuts & bolts of manipulating, processing, cleaning, & crunching (nhai giòn tan) data in Python. Goal: offer a guide to parts of Python programming language & its data-oriented library ecosystem & tools that will equip you to become an effective data analyst. While “data analysis” is in title of book, focus is specifically on Python programming, libraries, & tools as opposed to data analysis methodology. This is Python programming you need *for* data analysis.

Sometime after WES originally published this book in 2012, people started using term *data science* as an umbrella description for everything from simple descriptive statistics to more advanced statistical analysis & ML. Python open source ecosystem for doing data analysis (or DS) has also expanded significantly since then. There are now many other books which focus specifically on these more advanced methodologies. Hope: this book serves as adequate preparation to enable you to move on to a more domain-specific resource.

Remark 1. *Some might characterize much of content of book as “data manipulation” as opposed to “data analysis.” Also use terms wrangling or munging to refer to data manipulation.*

What Kinds of Data? Primary focus is on *structured data*, a deliberately vague term that encompasses many different common forms of data, e.g.:

- * Tabular or spreadsheet-like data in which each column may be a different type (string, numeric, date, or otherwise). This includes most kinds of data commonly stored in relational databases or tab- or comma-delimited text files.

- * Multidimensional arrays (matrices).
- * Multiple tables of data interrelated by key columns (what would be primary or foreign keys for a SQL user).
- * Evenly or unevenly spaced time series.

This is by no means a complete list. Even though it may not always be obvious, a large percentage of datasets can be transformed into a structured form that is more suitable for analysis & modeling. If not, it may be possible to extract features from a dataset into a structured form. E.g., a collection of news articles could be processed into a word frequency table, which could then be used to perform sentiment analysis.

Most users of spreadsheet programs like Microsoft Excel, perhaps most widely used data analysis tool in the world, will not be strangers to these kinds of data.

- o 1.2. **Why Python for Data Analysis?** For many people, Python programming language has strong appeal. Since its 1st appearance in 1991, Python has become 1 of most popular interpreted programming languages, along with Perl, Ruby, & others. Python & Ruby have become especially popular since 2005 or so for building websites using their numerous web frameworks, like Rails (Ruby) & Django (Python). Such languages are often called *scripting* languages, as they can be used to quickly write small programs, or *scripts* to automate other tasks. I don't like term "scripting languages," as it carries a connotation that they cannot be used for building serious software. Among interpreted languages, for various historical & cultural reasons, Python has developed a large & active scientific computing & data analysis community. In last 20 years, Python has gone from a bleeding-edge or "at your own risk" scientific computing language to 1 of most important languages for DS, ML, & general software development in academia & industry.

For data analysis & interactive computing & data visualization, Python will inevitably draw comparisons with other open source & commercial programming languages & tools in wide use, e.g. R, MATLAB, SAS, Stata, & others. In recent years, Python's improved open source libraries (e.g. pandas & scikit-learn) have made it a popular choice for data analysis tasks. Combined with Python's overall strength for general-purpose software engineering, it is an excellent option as a primary language for building data applications.

- * **Python as Glue.** Part of Python's success in scientific computing: ease of integrating C, C++, & FORTRAN code - 1 phần thành công của Python trong điện toán khoa học: dễ dàng tích hợp mã C, C++, & FORTRAN. Most modern computing environments share a similar set of legacy FORTRAN & C libraries for doing linear algebra, optimization, integration, fast Fourier transforms, & other such algorithms. Same story has held true for many companies & national labs that have used Python to glue together decades' worth of legacy software.

Many programs consist of small portions of code where most of time is spent, with large amounts of "glue code" that doesn't run often. In many cases, execution time of glue code is significant; effort is most fruitfully invested in optimizing computational bottlenecks, sometimes by moving code to a lower-level language like C.

- * **Solving "2-Language" Problem.** In many organizations, common to research, prototype, & test new ideas using a more specialized computing language like SAS or R & then later port those ideas to be part of a larger production system written in, say, Java, C#, or C++. What people are increasingly finding: Python is a suitable language not only for doing research & prototyping but also for building production systems. *Why maintain 2 development environments when one will suffice?* Believe more & more companies will go down this path, as there are often significant organizational benefits to having both researchers & software engineers using same set of programming tools.

Over last decade some new approaches to solving "2-language" problem have appeared, e.g. Julia programming language. Getting most out of Python in many cases *will* require programming in a low-level language like C or C++ & creating Python bindings to that code. I.e., "just-in-time" (JIT) compiler technology provided by libraries like Numba have provided a way to achieve excellent performance in many computational algorithms without having to leave Python programming environment.

- * **Why Not Python?** While Python is an excellent environment for building many kinds of analytical applications & general-purpose systems, there are a number of uses for which Python may be less suitable.

As Python is an interpreted programming language, in general most Python code will run substantially slower than code written in a compiled language like Java or C++. As *programmer time* is often more valuable than *CPU time*, many are happy to make this trade-off. However, in an application with very low latency or demanding resource utilization requirements (e.g., a high-frequency trading systems), time spent programming in a lower-level (but also lower-productivity) language like C++ to achieve maximum possible performance might be time well spent.

– Vì Python là ngôn ngữ lập trình được thông dịch, nhìn chung hầu hết mã Python sẽ chạy chậm hơn đáng kể so với mã được viết bằng ngôn ngữ biên dịch như Java hoặc C++. Vì *thời gian lập trình* thường có giá trị hơn *thời gian CPU*, nhiều người vui vẻ chấp nhận sự đánh đổi này. Tuy nhiên, trong một ứng dụng có độ trễ rất thấp hoặc yêu cầu sử dụng tài nguyên khắt khe (ví dụ: hệ thống giao dịch tần suất cao), thời gian dành cho việc lập trình bằng ngôn ngữ cấp thấp hơn (nhưng cũng có năng suất thấp hơn) như C++ để đạt được hiệu suất tối đa có thể là thời gian được sử dụng hợp lý.

Python can be a challenging language for building highly concurrent, multithreaded applications, particularly applications with many CPU-bound threads. Reason for this: it has what is known as *global interpreter lock* (GIL), a mechanism that prevents interpreter from executing > 1 Python instruction at a time. Technical reasons for why GIL exists are beyond scope of this book. While it is true that in many big data processing applications, a cluster of computers may be required to process a dataset in a reasonable amount of time, there are still situations where a single-process, multithreaded system is desirable.

This is not to say: Python cannot execute truly multithreaded, parallel code. Python C extensions that use native multithreading (in C or C++) can run code in parallel without being impacted by GIL, as long as they do not need to

regularly interact with Python objects.

- 1.3. **Essential Python Libraries.** For those who are less familiar with Python data ecosystem & libraries used throughout book, a brief overview of some of them:

- * **NumPy.** **NumPy**, short for Numerical Python, has long been a cornerstone of numerical computing in Python. It provides data structures, algorithms, & library glue needed for most scientific applications involving numerical data in Python. NumPy contains, among other things:
 - A fast & efficient multidimensional array object **ndarray**
 - Functions for performing element-wise computations with arrays or mathematical operations between arrays
 - Tools for reading & writing array-based datasets to disk
 - Linear algebra operations, Fourier transform, & random number generation
 - A mature C API to enable Python extensions & native C or C++ code to access NumPy's data structures & computational facilities

Beyond fast array-processing capabilities that NumPy adds to Python, 1 of its primary uses in data analysis is as a container for data to be passed between algorithms & libraries. For numerical data, NumPy arrays are more efficient for storing & manipulating data than the other built-in Python data structures. Also, libraries written in a lower-level language, e.g. C or FORTRAN, can operate on data stored in a NumPy array without copying data into some other memory representation. Thus, many numerical computing tools for Python either assume NumPy arrays as a primary data structure or else target interoperability with NumPy.

- * **pandas.** **pandas** provides high-level data structures & functions designed to make working with structured or tabular data intuitive & flexible. Since its emergence in 2010, it has helped enable Python to be a powerful & productive data analysis environment. Primary objects in pandas that will be used in this book are **DataFrame**, a tabular, column-oriented data structure with both row & column labels, & **Series**, a 1D labeled array object.

pandas blends array-computing ideas of NumPy with kinds of data manipulation capabilities found in spreadsheets & relationship databases (e.g. SQL). It provides convenient indexing functionality to enable you to reshape, slice & dice, perform aggregations (thực hiện tổng hợp), & select subsets of data. Since data manipulation, preparation, & cleaning are such important skills in data analysis, pandas is 1 of primary focuses of this book.

As a bit of background, MCKINNEY started building pandas in early 2008 during his tenure at AQR Capital Management, a quantitative investment management firm. At time, MCKINNEY had a distinct set of requirements that were not addressed by any single tool at his disposal:

- Data structures with labeled axes supporting automatic or explicit data alignment – this prevents common errors resulting from misaligned data & working with differently indexed data coming from different sources
- Integrated time series functionality
- Same data structures handle both time series data & non-time series data
- Arithmetic operations & reductions that preserve metadata
- Flexible handling of missing data
- Merge & other relational operations found in popular databases (e.g., SQL-based)

Wanted to be able to do all of these things in 1 place, preferably in a language well suited to general-purpose software development. Python was a good candidate language for this, but at that time an integrated set of data structures & tools providing this functionality did not exist. As a result of having been built initially to solve finance & business analytics problems, pandas features especially deep time series functionality & tools well suited for working with time-indexed data generated by business processes.

MCKINNEY spent a large part of 2011 & 2012 expanding pandas's capabilities with some of former AQR colleagues, ADAM KLEIN, CHANG SHE. In 2013, stopped being as involved in day-to-day project development, & pandas has since become a fully community-owned & community-maintained project with well > 2000 unique contributors around world.

For users of R language for statistical computing, **DataFrame** name will be familiar, as object was named after similar R **data.frame** object. Unlike Python, data frames are built into R programming language & its standard library. As a result, many features found in pandas are typically either part of R core implementation or provided by add-on packages.

pandas name itself is derived from *panel data*, an econometrics term for multidimensional structured datasets, & a play on phrase *Python data analysis*.

- * **matplotlib.** **matplotlib** is most popular Python library for producing plots & other 2D data visualizations. It was originally created by JOHN D. HUNTER & is now maintained by a large team of developers. It is designed for creating plots suitable for publication. While there are other visualization libraries available to Python programmers, matplotlib is still widely used & integrates reasonably well with rest of ecosystem. Think it is a safe choice as a default visualization tool.
- * **IPython & Jupyter.** **IPython project** began in 2001 as FERNANDO PÉREZ's side project to make a better interactive Python interpreter. Over subsequent 20 years it has become 1 of most important tools in modern Python data stack. While it does not provide any computational or data analytical tools by itself, IPython is designed for both interactive computing & software development work. It encourages an *execute-explore* workflow instead of typical *edit-compile-run* workflow of many other programming languages. It also provides integrated access to OS's shell & filesystem; this

reduces need to switch between a terminal window & a Python session in many cases. Since much of data analysis coding involves exploration, trial & error, & iteration, IPython can help you get job done faster.

In 2014, FERNANDO & IPython team announced [Jupyter project](#), a broader initiative to design language-agnostic interactive computing tools. IPython web notebook became Jupyter notebook, with support now for > 40 programming languages. IPython system can now be used as a *kernel* (a programming language mode) for using Python with Jupyter. IPython itself has become a component of much broader Jupyter open source project, which provides a productive environment for interactive & exploratory computing. Its oldest & simplest “mode” is as an enhanced Python shell designed to accelerate writing, testing, & debugging of Python code. You can also use IPython system through Jupyter notebook.

Jupyter notebook system also allows you to author content in Markdown & HTML, providing you a means to create rich documents with code & text.

McKINNEY personally uses IPython & Jupyter regularly in Python work, whether running, debugging, or testing code. In [accompanying book materials on GitHub](#), you will find Jupyter notebooks containing all code examples from each chap. If cannot access GitHub where you are, can [try mirror on Gitee](#).

- * **SciPy**. [SciPy](#) is a collection of packages addressing a number of foundational problems in scientific computing. Some of tools it contains in its various modules:

- `scipy.integrate`: Numerical integration routines & differential equation solvers
- `scipy.linalg`: Linear algebra routines & matrix decompositions extending beyond those provided in `numpy.linalg`
- `scipy.optimize`: Function optimizers (minimizers) & root finding algorithms
- `scipy.signal`: Signal processing tools
- `scipy.sparse`: Sparse matrices & sparse linear system solvers
- `scipy.special`: Wrapper around SPECFUN, a FORTRAN library implementing many common mathematical functions, e.g. `gamma` function
- `scipy.stats`: Standard continuous & discrete probability distributions (density functions, samplers, continuous distribution functions), various statistical tests, & more descriptive statistics

Together, NumPy & SciPy form a reasonably complete & mature computational foundation for many traditional scientific computing applications.

- * **scikit-learn**: Since project’s inception in 2007, [scikit-learn](#) has become premier general-purpose ML toolkit for Python programmers. As of this writing, > 2000 different individuals have contributed code to project. It includes submodels for such models as:

- Classification: SVM, nearest neighbors, random forest, logistic regression, etc.
- Regression: Lasso, ridge regression, etc.
- Clustering: *k*-means, spectral clustering, etc.
- Dimensionality reduction: PCA, feature selection, matrix factorization, etc.
- Model selection: Grid search, cross-validation, metrics
- Preprocessing: Feature extraction, normalization

Along with pandas, statsmodels, & IPython, scikit-learn has been critical for enabling Python to be a productive DS programming language. While I won’t be able to include a comprehensive guide to scikit-learn in this book, I will give a brief introduction to some of its models & how to use them with other tools presented in book.

- * **statsmodels** is a statistical analysis package that was seeded by work from Stanford University statistics professor JONATHAN TAYLOR, who implemented a number of regression analysis models popular in R programming language. SKIPPER SEABOLD & JOSEF PERKTOLD formally created new statsmodels project in 2010 & since then have grown project to a critical mass of engaged users & contributors. NATHANIEL SMITH developed Patsy project, which provides a formula or model specification framework for statsmodels inspired by R’s formula system.

Compared with scikit-learn, statsmodels contains algorithms for classical (primarily frequentist) statistics & econometrics. This includes such submodules as:

- Regression models: linear regression, generalized linear models, robust linear models, linear mixed effect models, etc.
- Analysis of variance (ANOVA)
- Time series analysis: AR, ARMA, ARIMA, VAR, & other models
- Nonparametric methods: Kernel density estimation, kernel regression
- Visualization of statistical model results

statsmodels is more focused on statistical inference, providing uncertainty estimates & *p*-values for parameters. scikit-learn, by contrast, is more prediction focused.

As with scikit-learn, give a brief introduction to statsmodels & how to use it with NumPy & pandas.

- * **Other Packages**. In 2022, there are many other Python libraries which might be discussed in a book about DS. This includes some newer projects like TensorFlow or PyTorch, which have become popular for ML or AI work. Now that there are other books out there that focus more specifically on those projects, recommend using this book to build a foundation in general-purpose Python data wrangling. Then, you should be well prepared to move on to a more advanced resource that may assume a certain level of expertise.

- 1.4. Installation & Setup. Since everyone uses Python for different applications, there is no single solution for setting up Python & obtaining necessary add-on packages. Many readers will not have a complete Python development environment suitable for following along with this book, so here give detailed instructions to get set up on each OS. Use Miniconda, a minimal installation of conda package manager, along with [conda-forge](#), a community-maintained software distribution based on conda. This book uses Python 3.10 throughout, but if read in future, welcome to install a newer version of Python.

If for some reason these instructions become out-of-date by time you are reading this, can check [website for book](#) which I will endeavor to keep up to date with latest installation instructions.

* Miniconda on Windows.

* GNU/Linux. Linux details will vary a bit depending on Linux distribution type, but here give details for such distributions as Debian, Ubuntu, CentOS, & Fedora. Setup is similar to macOS with exception of how Miniconda is installed. Most readers will want to download default 64-bit installer file, which is for x86 architecture (but possible in future more users will have aarch64-based Linux machines). Installer is a shell script that must be executed in terminal. Then have a file named sth similar to Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh. To install it, execute this script with **bash**:

```
$ bash Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

Remark 2. *Some Linux distributions have all required Python packages (although outdated versions, in some cases) in their package managers & can be installed using a tool like **apt**. Setup described here uses Miniconda, as it's both easily reproducible across distributions & simpler to upgrade packages to their latest versions.*

Will have a choice of where to put Miniconda files. Recommend installing files in default location in home directory; e.g., `/home/$USER/miniconda` (with your username, naturally).

Installer will ask if wish to modify shell scripts to automatically activate Miniconda. Recommend doing this (select “yes”) as a matter of convenience.

After completing installation, start a new terminal process & verify that you are picking up new Miniconda installation:

```
(base) nqbh@nqbh-dell:~/advanced_STEM_beyond/data_science$ python
Python 3.12.7 | packaged by Anaconda, Inc. | (main, Oct 4 2024, 13:27:36) [GCC 11.2.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

To exit Python shell, type `exit()` & press Enter or press Ctrl-D.

* Miniconda on macOS.

* Installing Necessary Packages. Have set up Miniconda on system, time to install main packages will be using in this book. 1st step: configure `conda-forge` as default package channel by running commands in a shell:

```
(base) $ conda config --add channels conda-forge
(base) $ conda config --set channel_priority strict
```

Now create a new conda “environment” with `conda create` command using Python 3.10:

```
(base) $ conda create -y -n pydata-book python=3.10

(base) nqbh@nqbh-dell:~$ conda create -y -n pydata-book python=3.12.7
Retrieving notices: done
Channels:
- conda-forge
- defaults
Platform: linux-64
Collecting package metadata (repodata.json): done
Solving environment: done

## Package Plan ##

environment location: /home/nqbh/anaconda3/envs/pydata-book

added / updated specs:
- python=3.12.7
```

The following packages will be downloaded:

package	build		
----- -----			
_libgcc_mutex-0.1	conda_forge	3 KB	conda-forge
_openmp_mutex-4.5	2_gnu	23 KB	conda-forge

bzip2-1.0.8		h4bc722e_7	247 KB	conda-forge
ca-certificates-2024.12.14		hbcca054_0	153 KB	conda-forge
ld_impl_linux-64-2.43		h712a8e2_2	654 KB	conda-forge
libexpat-2.6.4		h5888daf_0	72 KB	conda-forge
libffi-3.4.2		h7f98852_5	57 KB	conda-forge
libgcc-14.2.0		h77fa898_1	829 KB	conda-forge
libgcc-ng-14.2.0		h69a702a_1	53 KB	conda-forge
libgomp-14.2.0		h77fa898_1	450 KB	conda-forge
liblzma-5.6.3		hb9d3cd8_1	109 KB	conda-forge
liblzma-devel-5.6.3		hb9d3cd8_1	368 KB	conda-forge
libns1-2.0.1		hd590300_0	33 KB	conda-forge
libsqlite-3.47.2		hee588c1_0	853 KB	conda-forge
libuuid-2.38.1		h0b41bf4_0	33 KB	conda-forge
libxcrypt-4.4.36		hd590300_1	98 KB	conda-forge
libzlib-1.3.1		hb9d3cd8_2	60 KB	conda-forge
ncurses-6.5		he02047a_1	868 KB	conda-forge
openssl-3.4.0		h7b32b05_1	2.8 MB	conda-forge
pip-24.3.1		pyh8b19718_2	1.2 MB	conda-forge
python-3.12.7		hc5c86c4_0_cpython	30.1 MB	conda-forge
readline-8.2		h8228510_1	275 KB	conda-forge
setuptools-75.7.0		pyhff2d567_0	756 KB	conda-forge
tk-8.6.13		noxft_h4845f30_101	3.2 MB	conda-forge
tzdata-2024b		hc8b5060_0	119 KB	conda-forge
wheel-0.45.1		pyhd8ed1ab_1	61 KB	conda-forge
xz-5.6.3		hbcc6ac9_1	23 KB	conda-forge
xz-gpl-tools-5.6.3		hbcc6ac9_1	33 KB	conda-forge
xz-tools-5.6.3		hb9d3cd8_1	88 KB	conda-forge

Total: 43.4 MB

The following NEW packages will be INSTALLED:

_libgcc_mutex	conda-forge/linux-64::_libgcc_mutex-0.1-conda_forge
_openmp_mutex	conda-forge/linux-64::_openmp_mutex-4.5-2_gnu
bzip2	conda-forge/linux-64::bzip2-1.0.8-h4bc722e_7
ca-certificates	conda-forge/linux-64::ca-certificates-2024.12.14-hbcca054_0
ld_impl_linux-64	conda-forge/linux-64::ld_impl_linux-64-2.43-h712a8e2_2
libexpat	conda-forge/linux-64::libexpat-2.6.4-h5888daf_0
libffi	conda-forge/linux-64::libffi-3.4.2-h7f98852_5
libgcc	conda-forge/linux-64::libgcc-14.2.0-h77fa898_1
libgcc-ng	conda-forge/linux-64::libgcc-ng-14.2.0-h69a702a_1
libgomp	conda-forge/linux-64::libgomp-14.2.0-h77fa898_1
liblzma	conda-forge/linux-64::liblzma-5.6.3-hb9d3cd8_1
liblzma-devel	conda-forge/linux-64::liblzma-devel-5.6.3-hb9d3cd8_1
libns1	conda-forge/linux-64::libns1-2.0.1-hd590300_0
libsqlite	conda-forge/linux-64::libsqlite-3.47.2-hee588c1_0
libuuid	conda-forge/linux-64::libuuid-2.38.1-h0b41bf4_0
libxcrypt	conda-forge/linux-64::libxcrypt-4.4.36-hd590300_1
libzlib	conda-forge/linux-64::libzlib-1.3.1-hb9d3cd8_2
ncurses	conda-forge/linux-64::ncurses-6.5-he02047a_1
openssl	conda-forge/linux-64::openssl-3.4.0-h7b32b05_1
pip	conda-forge/noarch::pip-24.3.1-pyh8b19718_2
python	conda-forge/linux-64::python-3.12.7-hc5c86c4_0_cpython
readline	conda-forge/linux-64::readline-8.2-h8228510_1
setuptools	conda-forge/noarch::setuptools-75.7.0-pyhff2d567_0
tk	conda-forge/linux-64::tk-8.6.13-noxft_h4845f30_101
tzdata	conda-forge/noarch::tzdata-2024b-hc8b5060_0
wheel	conda-forge/noarch::wheel-0.45.1-pyhd8ed1ab_1
xz	conda-forge/linux-64::xz-5.6.3-hbcc6ac9_1
xz-gpl-tools	conda-forge/linux-64::xz-gpl-tools-5.6.3-hbcc6ac9_1
xz-tools	conda-forge/linux-64::xz-tools-5.6.3-hb9d3cd8_1

Downloading and Extracting Packages:

```
Preparing transaction: done
Verifying transaction: done
Executing transaction: done
#
# To activate this environment, use
#
#     $ conda activate pydata-book
#
# To deactivate an active environment, use
#
#     $ conda deactivate
```

After installation completes, activate environment with `conda activate`:

```
(base) nqbh@nqbh-dell:~$ conda activate pydata-book
(pydata-book) nqbh@nqbh-dell:~$
```

Remark 3. *Necessary to use `conda activate` to activate your environment each time you open a new terminal. Can see information about active conda environment at any time from terminal by running `conda info`.*

Now, install essential packages used throughout book (along with their dependencies) with `conda install`:

```
(pydata-book) $ conda install -y pandas jupyter matplotlib

(pydata-book) nqbh@nqbh-dell:~$ conda install -y pandas jupyter matplotlib
Channels:
- conda-forge
- defaults
Platform: linux-64
Collecting package metadata (repodata.json): done
Solving environment: done

## Package Plan ##

environment location: /home/nqbh/anaconda3/envs/pydata-book

added / updated specs:
- jupyter
- matplotlib
- pandas
```

The following packages will be downloaded:

package	build		
alsa-lib-1.2.13	hb9d3cd8_0	547 KB	conda-forge
anyio-4.8.0	pyhd8ed1ab_0	113 KB	conda-forge
argon2-cffi-23.1.0	pyhd8ed1ab_1	18 KB	conda-forge
argon2-cffi-bindings-21.2.0	py312h66e93f0_5	34 KB	conda-forge
arrow-1.3.0	pyhd8ed1ab_1	98 KB	conda-forge
asttokens-3.0.0	pyhd8ed1ab_1	28 KB	conda-forge
async-lru-2.0.4	pyhd8ed1ab_1	15 KB	conda-forge
attrs-24.3.0	pyh71513ae_0	55 KB	conda-forge
babel-2.16.0	pyhd8ed1ab_1	6.2 MB	conda-forge
beautifulsoup4-4.12.3	pyha770c72_1	115 KB	conda-forge
bleach-6.2.0	pyhd8ed1ab_3	129 KB	conda-forge
bleach-with-css-6.2.0	hd8ed1ab_3	6 KB	conda-forge
brotili-1.1.0	hb9d3cd8_2	19 KB	conda-forge
brotili-bin-1.1.0	hb9d3cd8_2	18 KB	conda-forge
brotili-python-1.1.0	py312h2ec8cdc_2	342 KB	conda-forge
cached-property-1.5.2	hd8ed1ab_1	4 KB	conda-forge
cached_property-1.5.2	pyha770c72_1	11 KB	conda-forge
cairo-1.18.2	h3394656_1	956 KB	conda-forge

certifi-2024.12.14		pyhd8ed1ab_0	158 KB	conda-forge
cffi-1.17.1		py312h06ac9bb_0	288 KB	conda-forge
charset-normalizer-3.4.1		pyhd8ed1ab_0	46 KB	conda-forge
comm-0.2.2		pyhd8ed1ab_1	12 KB	conda-forge
contourpy-1.3.1		py312h68727a3_0	270 KB	conda-forge
cycler-0.12.1		pyhd8ed1ab_1	13 KB	conda-forge
cyrus-sasl-2.1.27		h54b06d7_7	214 KB	conda-forge
dbus-1.13.6		h5008d03_3	604 KB	conda-forge
debugpy-1.8.11		py312h2ec8cdc_0	2.5 MB	conda-forge
decorator-5.1.1		pyhd8ed1ab_1	14 KB	conda-forge
defusedxml-0.7.1		pyhd8ed1ab_0	23 KB	conda-forge
double-conversion-3.3.0		h59595ed_0	77 KB	conda-forge
entrypoints-0.4		pyhd8ed1ab_1	11 KB	conda-forge
exceptiongroup-1.2.2		pyhd8ed1ab_1	20 KB	conda-forge
executing-2.1.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	28 KB	conda-forge
expat-2.6.4		h5888daf_0	135 KB	conda-forge
font-ttf-dejavu-sans-mono-2.37		hab24e00_0	388 KB	conda-forge
font-ttf-inconsolata-3.000		h77eed37_0	94 KB	conda-forge
font-ttf-source-code-pro-2.038		h77eed37_0	684 KB	conda-forge
font-ttf-ubuntu-0.83		h77eed37_3	1.5 MB	conda-forge
fontconfig-2.15.0		h7e30c49_1	259 KB	conda-forge
fonts-conda-ecosystem-1		0	4 KB	conda-forge
fonts-conda-forge-1		0	4 KB	conda-forge
fonttools-4.55.3		py312h178313f_1	2.7 MB	conda-forge
fqdn-1.5.1		pyhd8ed1ab_1	16 KB	conda-forge
freetype-2.12.1		h267a509_2	620 KB	conda-forge
graphite2-1.3.13		h59595ed_1003	95 KB	conda-forge
h11-0.14.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	51 KB	conda-forge
h2-4.1.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	51 KB	conda-forge
harfbuzz-10.1.0		h0b3b770_0	1.5 MB	conda-forge
hpack-4.0.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	29 KB	conda-forge
httpcore-1.0.7		pyh29332c3_1	48 KB	conda-forge
httpx-0.28.1		pyhd8ed1ab_0	62 KB	conda-forge
hyperframe-6.0.1		pyhd8ed1ab_1	17 KB	conda-forge
icu-75.1		he02047a_0	11.6 MB	conda-forge
idna-3.10		pyhd8ed1ab_1	49 KB	conda-forge
importlib-metadata-8.5.0		pyha770c72_1	28 KB	conda-forge
importlib_resources-6.5.2		pyhd8ed1ab_0	33 KB	conda-forge
ipykernel-6.29.5		pyh3099207_0	116 KB	conda-forge
ipython-8.31.0		pyh707e725_0	587 KB	conda-forge
ipywidgets-8.1.5		pyhd8ed1ab_1	111 KB	conda-forge
isoduration-20.11.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	19 KB	conda-forge
jedi-0.19.2		pyhd8ed1ab_1	824 KB	conda-forge
jinja2-3.1.5		pyhd8ed1ab_0	110 KB	conda-forge
json5-0.10.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	31 KB	conda-forge
jsonpointer-3.0.0		py312h7900ff3_1	17 KB	conda-forge
jsonschema-4.23.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	73 KB	conda-forge
jsonschema-specifications-2024.10.1		pyhd8ed1ab_1	16 KB	conda-forge
jsonschema-with-format-nongpl-4.23.0		hd8ed1ab_1	7 KB	conda-forge
jupyter-1.1.1		pyhd8ed1ab_1	9 KB	conda-forge
jupyter-lsp-2.2.5		pyhd8ed1ab_1	54 KB	conda-forge
jupyter_client-8.6.3		pyhd8ed1ab_1	104 KB	conda-forge
jupyter_console-6.6.3		pyhd8ed1ab_1	26 KB	conda-forge
jupyter_core-5.7.2		pyh31011fe_1	56 KB	conda-forge
jupyter_events-0.11.0		pyhd8ed1ab_0	22 KB	conda-forge
jupyter_server-2.15.0		pyhd8ed1ab_0	320 KB	conda-forge
jupyter_server_terminals-0.5.3		pyhd8ed1ab_1	19 KB	conda-forge
jupyterlab-4.3.4		pyhd8ed1ab_0	6.9 MB	conda-forge
jupyterlab_pygments-0.3.0		pyhd8ed1ab_2	18 KB	conda-forge
jupyterlab_server-2.27.3		pyhd8ed1ab_1	48 KB	conda-forge
jupyterlab_widgets-3.0.13		pyhd8ed1ab_1	182 KB	conda-forge
keyutils-1.6.1		h166bdaf_0	115 KB	conda-forge
kiwisolver-1.4.7		py312h68727a3_0	69 KB	conda-forge
krb5-1.21.3		h659f571_0	1.3 MB	conda-forge

lcms2-2.16	hb7c19ff_0	239 KB	conda-forge
lerc-4.0.0	h27087fc_0	275 KB	conda-forge
libblas-3.9.0	26_linux64_openblas	16 KB	conda-forge
libbrotlicommon-1.1.0	hb9d3cd8_2	67 KB	conda-forge
libbrotlidec-1.1.0	hb9d3cd8_2	32 KB	conda-forge
libbrotlienc-1.1.0	hb9d3cd8_2	275 KB	conda-forge
libcblas-3.9.0	26_linux64_openblas	16 KB	conda-forge
libclang-cpp19.1-19.1.6	default_hb5137d0_0	19.6 MB	conda-forge
libclang13-19.1.6	default_h9c6a7e4_0	11.3 MB	conda-forge
libcups-2.3.3	h4637d8d_4	4.3 MB	conda-forge
libdeflate-1.23	h4ddbbb0_0	71 KB	conda-forge
libdrm-2.4.124	hb9d3cd8_0	237 KB	conda-forge
libedit-3.1.20240808	pl5321h7949ede_0	132 KB	conda-forge
libegl-1.7.0	ha4b6fd6_2	44 KB	conda-forge
libgfortran-14.2.0	h69a702a_1	53 KB	conda-forge
libgfortran5-14.2.0	hd5240d6_1	1.4 MB	conda-forge
libgl-1.7.0	ha4b6fd6_2	132 KB	conda-forge
libglib-2.82.2	h2ff4ddf_0	3.7 MB	conda-forge
libglvnd-1.7.0	ha4b6fd6_2	129 KB	conda-forge
libglx-1.7.0	ha4b6fd6_2	74 KB	conda-forge
libiconv-1.17	hd590300_2	689 KB	conda-forge
libjpeg-turbo-3.0.0	hd590300_1	604 KB	conda-forge
liblapack-3.9.0	26_linux64_openblas	16 KB	conda-forge
libllvm19-19.1.6	ha7bfdaf_0	38.3 MB	conda-forge
libntlm-1.8	hb9d3cd8_0	33 KB	conda-forge
libopenblas-0.3.28	pthreads_h94d23a6_1	5.3 MB	conda-forge
libopengl-1.7.0	ha4b6fd6_2	50 KB	conda-forge
libpciaccess-0.18	hd590300_0	28 KB	conda-forge
libpng-1.6.45	h943b412_0	283 KB	conda-forge
libpq-17.2	h3b95a9b_1	2.5 MB	conda-forge
libsodium-1.0.20	h4ab18f5_0	201 KB	conda-forge
libstdcxx-14.2.0	hc0a3c3a_1	3.7 MB	conda-forge
libstdcxx-ng-14.2.0	h4852527_1	53 KB	conda-forge
libtiff-4.7.0	hd9ff511_3	418 KB	conda-forge
libwebp-base-1.5.0	h851e524_0	420 KB	conda-forge
libxcb-1.17.0	h8a09558_0	387 KB	conda-forge
libxcbcommon-1.7.0	h2c5496b_1	579 KB	conda-forge
libxml2-2.13.5	h8d12d68_1	674 KB	conda-forge
libxslt-1.1.39	h76b75d6_0	248 KB	conda-forge
markupsafe-3.0.2	py312h178313f_1	24 KB	conda-forge
matplotlib-3.10.0	py312h7900ff3_0	16 KB	conda-forge
matplotlib-base-3.10.0	py312hd3ec401_0	7.8 MB	conda-forge
matplotlib-inline-0.1.7	pyhd8ed1ab_1	14 KB	conda-forge
mistune-3.1.0	pyhd8ed1ab_0	67 KB	conda-forge
munkres-1.1.4	pyh9f0ad1d_0	12 KB	conda-forge
mysql-common-9.0.1	h266115a_4	605 KB	conda-forge
mysql-libs-9.0.1	he0572af_4	1.3 MB	conda-forge
nbclient-0.10.2	pyhd8ed1ab_0	27 KB	conda-forge
nbconvert-core-7.16.5	pyhd8ed1ab_1	185 KB	conda-forge
nbformat-5.10.4	pyhd8ed1ab_1	99 KB	conda-forge
nest-asyncio-1.6.0	pyhd8ed1ab_1	11 KB	conda-forge
notebook-7.3.2	pyhd8ed1ab_0	8.6 MB	conda-forge
notebook-shim-0.2.4	pyhd8ed1ab_1	16 KB	conda-forge
numpy-2.2.1	py312h7e784f5_0	8.1 MB	conda-forge
openjpeg-2.5.3	h5fbd93e_0	335 KB	conda-forge
openldap-2.6.9	he970967_0	766 KB	conda-forge
overrides-7.7.0	pyhd8ed1ab_1	29 KB	conda-forge
packaging-24.2	pyhd8ed1ab_2	59 KB	conda-forge
pandas-2.2.3	py312hf9745cd_1	14.7 MB	conda-forge
pandocfilters-1.5.0	pyhd8ed1ab_0	11 KB	conda-forge
parso-0.8.4	pyhd8ed1ab_1	74 KB	conda-forge
pcre2-10.44	hba22ea6_2	930 KB	conda-forge
pexpect-4.9.0	pyhd8ed1ab_1	52 KB	conda-forge
pickleshare-0.7.5	pyhd8ed1ab_1004	11 KB	conda-forge

pillow-11.1.0		py312h80c1187_0	40.8 MB	conda-forge
pixman-0.44.2		h29eaf8c_0	372 KB	conda-forge
pkgutil-resolve-name-1.3.10		pyhd8ed1ab_2	10 KB	conda-forge
platformdirs-4.3.6		pyhd8ed1ab_1	20 KB	conda-forge
prometheus_client-0.21.1		pyhd8ed1ab_0	48 KB	conda-forge
prompt-toolkit-3.0.48		pyha770c72_1	264 KB	conda-forge
prompt_toolkit-3.0.48		hd8ed1ab_1	6 KB	conda-forge
psutil-6.1.1		py312h66e93f0_0	476 KB	conda-forge
pthread-stubs-0.4		hb9d3cd8_1002	8 KB	conda-forge
ptyprocess-0.7.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	19 KB	conda-forge
pure_eval-0.2.3		pyhd8ed1ab_1	16 KB	conda-forge
pycparser-2.22		pyh29332c3_1	108 KB	conda-forge
pygments-2.19.1		pyhd8ed1ab_0	868 KB	conda-forge
pyparsing-3.2.1		pyhd8ed1ab_0	91 KB	conda-forge
pyside6-6.8.1		py312h91f0f75_0	10.4 MB	conda-forge
pysocks-1.7.1		pyha55dd90_7	21 KB	conda-forge
python-dateutil-2.9.0.post0		pyhff2d567_1	217 KB	conda-forge
python-fastjsonschema-2.21.1		pyhd8ed1ab_0	221 KB	conda-forge
python-json-logger-2.0.7		pyhd8ed1ab_0	13 KB	conda-forge
python-tzdata-2024.2		pyhd8ed1ab_1	139 KB	conda-forge
python_abi-3.12		5_cp312	6 KB	conda-forge
pytz-2024.1		pyhd8ed1ab_0	184 KB	conda-forge
pyyaml-6.0.2		py312h66e93f0_1	202 KB	conda-forge
pyzmq-26.2.0		py312hbf22597_3	369 KB	conda-forge
qhull-2020.2		h434a139_5	540 KB	conda-forge
qt6-main-6.8.1		h588cce1_2	49.2 MB	conda-forge
referencing-0.35.1		pyhd8ed1ab_1	41 KB	conda-forge
requests-2.32.3		pyhd8ed1ab_1	57 KB	conda-forge
rfc3339-validator-0.1.4		pyhd8ed1ab_1	10 KB	conda-forge
rfc3986-validator-0.1.1		pyh9f0ad1d_0	8 KB	conda-forge
rpds-py-0.22.3		py312h12e396e_0	346 KB	conda-forge
send2trash-1.8.3		pyh0d859eb_1	22 KB	conda-forge
six-1.17.0		pyhd8ed1ab_0	16 KB	conda-forge
sniffio-1.3.1		pyhd8ed1ab_1	15 KB	conda-forge
soupsieve-2.5		pyhd8ed1ab_1	36 KB	conda-forge
stack_data-0.6.3		pyhd8ed1ab_1	26 KB	conda-forge
terminado-0.18.1		pyh0d859eb_0	22 KB	conda-forge
tinycss2-1.4.0		pyhd8ed1ab_0	28 KB	conda-forge
tomli-2.2.1		pyhd8ed1ab_1	19 KB	conda-forge
tornado-6.4.2		py312h66e93f0_0	821 KB	conda-forge
traitlets-5.14.3		pyhd8ed1ab_1	107 KB	conda-forge
types-python-dateutil-2.9.0.20241206		pyhd8ed1ab_0	22 KB	conda-forge
typing-extensions-4.12.2		hd8ed1ab_1	10 KB	conda-forge
typing_extensions-4.12.2		pyha770c72_1	39 KB	conda-forge
typing_utils-0.1.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	15 KB	conda-forge
unicodedata2-15.1.0		py312h66e93f0_1	360 KB	conda-forge
uri-template-1.3.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	23 KB	conda-forge
urllib3-2.3.0		pyhd8ed1ab_0	98 KB	conda-forge
wayland-1.23.1		h3e06ad9_0	314 KB	conda-forge
wcwidth-0.2.13		pyhd8ed1ab_1	32 KB	conda-forge
webcolors-24.11.1		pyhd8ed1ab_0	18 KB	conda-forge
webencodings-0.5.1		pyhd8ed1ab_3	15 KB	conda-forge
websocket-client-1.8.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	46 KB	conda-forge
widgetsnbextension-4.0.13		pyhd8ed1ab_1	877 KB	conda-forge
xcb-util-0.4.1		hb711507_2	19 KB	conda-forge
xcb-util-cursor-0.1.5		hb9d3cd8_0	20 KB	conda-forge
xcb-util-image-0.4.0		hb711507_2	24 KB	conda-forge
xcb-util-keysyms-0.4.1		hb711507_0	14 KB	conda-forge
xcb-util-renderutil-0.3.10		hb711507_0	17 KB	conda-forge
xcb-util-wm-0.4.2		hb711507_0	50 KB	conda-forge
xkeyboard-config-2.43		hb9d3cd8_0	380 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libice-1.1.2		hb9d3cd8_0	57 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libsm-1.2.5		he73a12e_0	27 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libx11-1.8.10		h4f16b4b_1	818 KB	conda-forge

xorg-libxau-1.0.12		hb9d3cd8_0	14 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxcomposite-0.4.6		hb9d3cd8_2	13 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxcursor-1.2.3		hb9d3cd8_0	32 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxdamage-1.1.6		hb9d3cd8_0	13 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxdmcp-1.1.5		hb9d3cd8_0	19 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxext-1.3.6		hb9d3cd8_0	49 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxfixes-6.0.1		hb9d3cd8_0	19 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxi-1.8.2		hb9d3cd8_0	46 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxrandr-1.5.4		hb9d3cd8_0	29 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxrender-0.9.12		hb9d3cd8_0	32 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxtst-1.2.5		hb9d3cd8_3	32 KB	conda-forge
xorg-libxxf86vm-1.1.6		hb9d3cd8_0	17 KB	conda-forge
yaml-0.2.5		h7f98852_2	87 KB	conda-forge
zeromq-4.3.5		h3b0a872_7	328 KB	conda-forge
zipp-3.21.0		pyhd8ed1ab_1	21 KB	conda-forge
zstandard-0.23.0		py312hef9b889_1	410 KB	conda-forge
zstd-1.5.6		ha6fb4c9_0	542 KB	conda-forge

Total: 295.3 MB

The following NEW packages will be INSTALLED:

alsa-lib	conda-forge/linux-64::alsa-lib-1.2.13-hb9d3cd8_0
anyio	conda-forge/noarch::anyio-4.8.0-pyhd8ed1ab_0
argon2-cffi	conda-forge/noarch::argon2-cffi-23.1.0-pyhd8ed1ab_1
argon2-cffi-bindings	conda-forge/linux-64::argon2-cffi-bindings-21.2.0-py312h66e93f0_5
arrow	conda-forge/noarch::arrow-1.3.0-pyhd8ed1ab_1
asttokens	conda-forge/noarch::asttokens-3.0.0-pyhd8ed1ab_1
async-lru	conda-forge/noarch::async-lru-2.0.4-pyhd8ed1ab_1
attrs	conda-forge/noarch::attrs-24.3.0-pyh71513ae_0
babel	conda-forge/noarch::babel-2.16.0-pyhd8ed1ab_1
beautifulsoup4	conda-forge/noarch::beautifulsoup4-4.12.3-pyha770c72_1
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brotli-python	conda-forge/linux-64::brotli-python-1.1.0-py312h2ec8cdc_2
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font-ttf-source-code	conda-forge/noarch::font-ttf-source-code-pro-2.038-h77eed37_0
font-ttf-ubuntu	conda-forge/noarch::font-ttf-ubuntu-0.83-h77eed37_3
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fonts-conda-ecosystem	conda-forge/noarch::fonts-conda-ecosystem-1-0
fonts-conda-forge	conda-forge/noarch::fonts-conda-forge-1-0
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jsonschema-with-f~	conda-forge/noarch::jsonschema-with-format-nongpl-4.23.0-hd8ed1ab_1
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libcups	conda-forge/linux-64::libcups-2.3.3-h4637d8d_4
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libpq	conda-forge/linux-64::libpq-17.2-h3b95a9b_1
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xcb-util-renderut~	conda-forge/linux-64::xcb-util-renderutil-0.3.10-hb711507_0
xcb-util-wm	conda-forge/linux-64::xcb-util-wm-0.4.2-hb711507_0
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xorg-libx11	conda-forge/linux-64::xorg-libx11-1.8.10-h4f16b4b_1
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xorg-libxrender	conda-forge/linux-64::xorg-libxrender-0.9.12-hb9d3cd8_0
xorg-libxtst	conda-forge/linux-64::xorg-libxtst-1.2.5-hb9d3cd8_3
xorg-libxxf86vm	conda-forge/linux-64::xorg-libxxf86vm-1.1.6-hb9d3cd8_0
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zipp	conda-forge/noarch::zipp-3.21.0-pyhd8ed1ab_1
zstandard	conda-forge/linux-64::zstandard-0.23.0-py312hef9b889_1
zstd	conda-forge/linux-64::zstd-1.5.6-ha6fb4c9_0

Downloading and Extracting Packages:

Preparing transaction: done

Verifying transaction: done

Executing transaction: done

Will be using some other packages, too, but these can be installed later once they are needed. There are 2 ways to install packages: with `conda install` & with `pip install`. `conda install` should always be preferred when using Miniconda, but some packages are not available through conda, so if `conda install $package_name` fails, try `pip install $package_name`.

- 2. Python Language Basics, IPython, & Jupyter Notebooks.
- 3. Built-In Data Structures, Functions, & Files.
- 4. NumPy Basics: Arrays & Vectorized Computation.
- 5. Getting Started with pandas.
- 6. Data Loading, Storage, & File Formats.
- 7. Data Cleaning & Preparation.
- 8. Data Wrangling: Join, Combine, & Reshape.
- 9. Plotting & Visualization.
- 10. Data Aggregation & Group Operations.
- 11. Time Series.
- 12. Introduction to Modeling Libraries in Python.
- 13. Data Analysis Examples.
- A. Advanced NumPy.
- B. More on IPython System.

2 Miscellaneous

Tài liệu

[McK22] Wes McKinney. *Python for Data Analysis: Data Wrangling with pandas, NumPy, & Jupyter*. 3rd edition. O'Reilly Media Publisher, 2022, p. 579.