The Elements of Style

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January 23, 2023

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Foreword

Introduction

1 Elementary Rules of Usage

- 1.1 Form the possessive singular of nouns by adding 's.
- 1.2 In a series of 3 or more terms with a single conjunction, use a comma after each term except the last.
- 1.3 Enclose parenthetic expressions between commas.
- 1.4 Place a comma before a conjunction introducing an independent clause.
- 1.5 Do not join independent clauses with a comma.
- 1.6 Do not break sentences in 2.
- 1.7 Use a colon after an independent clause to introduce a list of particulars, an appositive, an amplification, or an illustrative quotation.
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- 1.9 The number of the subject determines the number of the verb.
- 1.10 Use the proper case of pronoun.
- 1.11 A participal phrase at the beginning of a sentence must refer to the grammatical subject.

2 Elementary Principles of Composition

- 2.1 Choose a suitable design & hold to it.
- 2.2 Make the paragraph the unit of composition: 1 paragraph to each topic.
- 2.3 Use the active voice.
- 2.4 Put statements in positive form.
- 2.5 Use definite, specific, concrete language.
- 2.6 Omit needless words.
- 2.7 Avoid a succession of loose sentences.
- 2.8 Express coordinate ideas in similar form.
- 2.9 Keep related words together.
- 2.10 In summaries, keep to 1 tense.
- 2.11 Place the emphatic words of a sentence at the end.
- 3 A Few Matters of Form
- 4 Words & Expressions Commonly Misused
- 5 An Approach to Style (With a List of Reminders)
- 5.1 Place yourself in the background.

"Write in a way that draws the reader's attention to the sense & substance of the writing, rather than to the mood & temper of the author. If the writing is solid & good, the mood & temper of the writer will eventually be revealed & not at the

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expense of the work. Therefore, the 1st piece of advice is this: to achieve style, begin by affecting none – i.e., place yourself in the background. A careful & honest writer does not need to worry about style. As you become proficient in the use of language, your style will emerge, because you yourself will emerge, & when this happens you will find it increasingly easy to break through the barriers that separate you from other minds, other hearts – which is, of course, the purpose of writing, as well as its principal reward. Fortunately, the act of composition, or creation, disciplines the mind; writing is 1 way to go about thinking, & the practice & habit of writing not only drain the mind but supply it, too." – Strunk Jr. and White, 2019, p. 78

5.2 Write in a way that comes naturally.

"Write in a way that comes easily & naturally to you, using words & phrases that come readily to hand. But do not assume that because you have acted naturally your product is without flaw.

The use of language begins with imitation. The infant imitates the sounds made by its parents; the child imitates 1st the spoken language, then the stuff of books. The imitative life continues long after the writer is secure in the language, for it is almost impossible to avoid imitating what one admires. Never imitate consciously, but do not worry about being an imitator; take pains instead to admire what is good. Then when you write in a way that comes naturally, you will echo the halloos that bear repeating." – Strunk Jr. and White, 2019, p. 79

- 5.3 Work from a suitable design.
- 5.4 Write with nouns & verbs.
- 5.5 Revise & rewrite.
- 5.6 Do not overwrite.
- 5.7 Do not overstate.
- 5.8 Avoid the use of qualifiers.
- 5.9 Do not affect a breezy manner.
- 5.10 Use orthodox spelling.
- 5.11 Do not explain too much.
- 5.12 Do not construct awkward adverbs.
- 5.13 Make sure the reader knows who is speaking.
- 5.14 Avoid fancy words.
- 5.15 Do not use dialect unless your ear is good.
- 5.16 Be clear.
- 5.17 Do not inject opinion.
- 5.18 Use figures of speech sparingly.
- 5.19 Do not take shortcuts at the cost of clarity.
- 5.20 Avoid foreign languages.
- 5.21 Prefer the standard to the offbeat.

6 Afterword

References

Strunk Jr., William and E. B. White (2019). The Elements of Style. Fourth edition, p. 110.