

# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

# Title: Creating, Displaying HTML Pages using Basic HTML tags

WEB PROGRAMMING LAB
CSE 302



GREEN UNIVERSITY OF BANGLADESH

# 1 Objective(s)

- To be familiar with HTML.
- Creating and displaying HTML pages using basic tags.
- Multimedia attachment to web pages.
- To learn text formatting tags in HTML.

## 2 Problem analysis

This manual will help the students to learn the basic HTML tags that will help to create web pages. HTML tags like heading, paragraph, link, image, line break, formatting text, multimedia attachment will help to design a basic web page.

## 3 Structure of HTML Page

- The entire web page is enclosed within <html> and </html>
- Within these tags two distinct sections are created head and body
- Head:

```
<head>
<title> ..... </title>
</head>
```

• Body: indicate the start and end of main body of textual information

```
<body>
......<br/>
</body>
```

• HTML files have .html extension

```
1
   Example:
   <!DOCTYPE html>
2
   <html>
3
        <head>
4
5
           <title>Home Page</title>
6
        </head>
7
   <body>
8
9
         Welcome to all
10
   </body>
   </html>
```

# 4 HTML Tags

#### 4.1 HTML Headings

HTML headings are defined with the  $\langle h1 \rangle$  to  $\langle h6 \rangle$  tags.

Figure 1: First HTML File

```
1
   Example:
2
   <!DOCTYPE html>
3
   <html>
4
       <head>
5
          <title>Home Page</title>
6
7
      </head>
8
9
      <body>
10
           <h1>Heading 1</h1>
           <h2>Heading 2</h2>
11
12
           <h3>Heading 3</h3>
           <h4>Heading 4</h4>
13
           <h5>Heading 5</h5>
14
           <h6>Heading 6</h6>
15
16
17
      </body>
18
   </html>
```

Figure 2: HTML Headings

#### 4.2 HTML Paragraphs

HTML paragraphs are defined with the  $\langle p \rangle$  tag.

```
1
   Example:
2
   <!DOCTYPE html>
3
   <html>
      <head>
4
         <title>Home Page</title>
5
6
7
      </head>
8
     <body>
9
10
      >
11
         This paragraph
         contains a lot of lines
12
13
         in the source code,
14
         but the browser
         ignores it.
15
16
         17
18
         >
         This paragraph
19
20
         contains
                         a lot of spaces
21
         in the source
                        code,
         but the
22
                       browser
23
         ignores it.
24
         25
26
     </body>
27
   </html>
```

```
♦ home.html ×
      <!DOCTYPE html>
            <title>Home Page</title>
            This paragraph
            contains a lot of lines
            in the source code,
            but the browser
            ignores it.
            This paragraph
                             a lot of spaces
            contains
            in the source
                                 code,
            but the
                           browser
            ignores it.
```

Figure 3: HTML Paragraph tag

#### 4.3 HTML single line break

• The **<br/>br>** tag inserts a single line break.

Figure 4: HTML single line break tag

#### 4.4 HTML Formatting text

- **<b> -** Bold text
- <strong> Important text
- $\langle i \rangle$  Italic text
- <em> Emphasized text
- <mark> Marked text
- <small> Smaller text
- <del> Deleted text
- <ins> Inserted text
- <sup> Superscript text

```
1
  Example:
   <!DOCTYPE html>
2
   <html>
3
4
5
        <title>Home Page</title>
6
7
     </head>
8
9
    <body>
10
     <b>This text is bold.</b>
11
12
     <strong>This text is important!</strong>
     <i>This text is italic.</i>
13
      <em>This text is emphasized.</em>
14
15
      <small>This is some smaller text.</small>
16
17
     Please mark the <mark>word</mark>.
```

Figure 5: Text Formatting using HTML tags

#### 4.5 HTML Links: Hyperlinks

- $\langle a \rangle$  tag defines a hyperlink.
- You can click on a link and jump to another document.
- The most important attribute of the **<a>** element is the **href** attribute, which indicates the link's destination.

#### Link to an Email Address

• Use mailto: inside the href attribute to create a link that opens the user's email program

```
Example:
1
2
  <!DOCTYPE html>
3
  <html>
      <head>
4
5
         <title>Home Page</title>
6
      </head>
7
8
9
     <body>
```

Figure 6: HTML Hyperlink tags

#### 4.6 HTML Multimedia Attachment

#### 4.6.1 Adding images to web pages

- <img> tag is used to add images to web pages.
- SRC attribute of the <img> tag is used to indicate the source of the image.

```
• We can add an image by

<img src="image-name">

<img src="abc.jpg">
```

#### Attributes of <img> tag:

- Height and width: <img src=image-name height=100 width=100>
- Alt attribute: <img src=image-name alt=image description>
- Align attribute: <img src=image-name align=left> Left, right, top, bottom, middle
- We can put images between  $\langle a \rangle$  and  $\langle a \rangle$  tags instead of text to link other documents or portions of the page.

```
<a href="page-reference"> <img src="image-srource"></a> <a href="abc.html"> <img src="img.jpg"></a>
```

```
8
     <body>
9
      Adding images to web pages <br>
         <img src="Logo.png" width="100" height="100" alt="GUB Logo">
10
      <br>
11
12
       Using an image as a link, <br>
            <a href="http://cse.green.edu.bd/">
13
               <img src="image/cse.jpg" width="100" height="100" alt="CSE">
14
15
            </a>
16
      17
18
     </body>
   </html>
19
```

Figure 7: Adding image to a webpage

#### 4.6.2 Adding video to web page

- The **<video>** tab is used to add a video to a web page.
- This tag is provided in HTML5
- The src attribute of the **video** tag is used to indicate the source of the video.
- We can add a video to our page as <video src="abc.mp4"></video>

#### Attributes of <video> tag:

- Auto-play
- Controls
- Loop

```
6
7
      </head>
8
     <body>
9
      <b>Adding video to web pages </b><br><br>
10
         <video src="video.mp4" height="300" controls></audio>
11
12
      13
14
     </body>
   </html>
15
```

Figure 8: Adding video to a webpage

#### 4.6.3 Adding audio to web page

- The **<audio>** tab is used to add a audio to a web page.
- This tag is provided in HTML5
- The **src** attribute of the **<audio>** tag is used to indicate the source of the audio.
- We can add a audio to our page as <audio src="abc.mp3">

#### Attributes of <audio> tag:

- Auto-play
- Controls
- Loop

```
8 | 9 | <body>
10 | <b>Adding audio to web pages </b><br>> 11 | <audio src="audio.mp3" width="100" height="100" controls></audio>
12 | 
13 | </body>
15 | </html>
```

Figure 9: Adding audio to a webpage

# 5 Input/Output

Output of the program is given below. (Figure 10, 11)

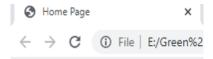
#### 6 Discussion & Conclusion

Based on the focused objective(s) to understand about creating a website using HTML the additional lab exercise made me more confident towards the fulfilment of the objectives(s).

# 7 Lab Task(Please implement yourself and show the output to the instructor)

Create a html page named as "LabTask1.html". Then you need to show the following sample output windows. In these windows you need to use the following tags.

- Set the title of the page as "Basic Html Tags"
- Within the body perform the following
  - Different heading tags (h1 to h6)
  - Paragraph
  - Horizontal line
  - Line Break
  - Hyperlink tags. You have to create a link to visit the website of Green University of Bangladesh.
     Besides this, you have to create a link to your own email address the same as "Sample Output Window 1". (Figure 12)



# **Heading 1**

# Heading 2

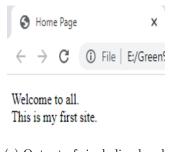
#### Heading 3

Heading 4

Heading 5

Heading 6

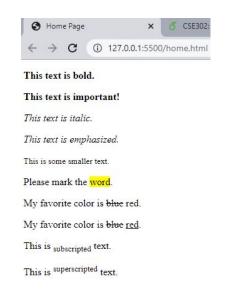
(a) Output of HTML Heading



(c) Output of single line break



(b) Output of HTML Paragraph



(d) Output of HTML Text Formatting



(e) Output of HTML Hyperlink

Figure 10: Creating, Displaying HTML page using HTML tags

• In Sample Output Window 2, you must use the following tags. (Figure 13)
Bold, italic, sub-script, super-script, emphasized, strike tags. You may also need other tags to find the accurate output window.

Adding images to web pages



Using an image as a link,



(a) Output of adding image to a web page



(b) Output of adding audio to a web page



(c) Output of adding video to a web page

Figure 11: Multimedia Attachment

Sample Output Window 1



Basic HTML Tags

#### Heading H1

Heading H2
Heading H3
Heading H4
Heading H5

This is a paragraph. HTML is the standard markup language for Web pages. With HTML you can create your own Website. HTML is easy to learn - You will enjoy it!

Hyou want to learn more about the course, please click the link. Green University, of Bangladesh

or seed an enail of Drawis Tanium.

(a) Lab Task 1

#### Sample Output Window 2:

This is **bold** This is bold This is big font This is big font This is big font This is *italic* This is italic Was \$56; now \$40 Was \$50; now \$40 This is small This is small  $H_2O$  H2O May  $5^{th}$  2005 May  $5^{th}$  2006 May  $5^{th}$  2006 May  $5^{th}$  2006 May  $5^{th}$  2007 May  $5^{th}$  2007 May  $5^{th}$  2007 May  $5^{th}$  2007 May  $5^{th}$  2008 May  $5^$ 

(b) Lab Task 2

Logical style

# 8 Lab Exercise (Submit as a report)

Report will be given in the next lab class.

# 9 Policy

Copying from internet, classmate, seniors, or from any other source is strongly prohibited. 100% marks will be deducted if any such copying is detected.