



RESTful API

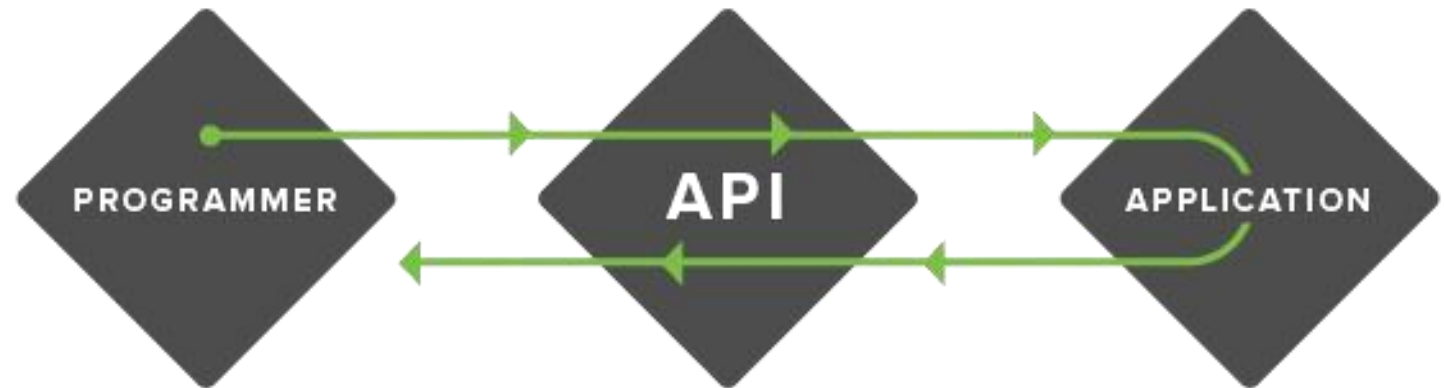
DELETE POST PUT GET

Introduction to RESTful API

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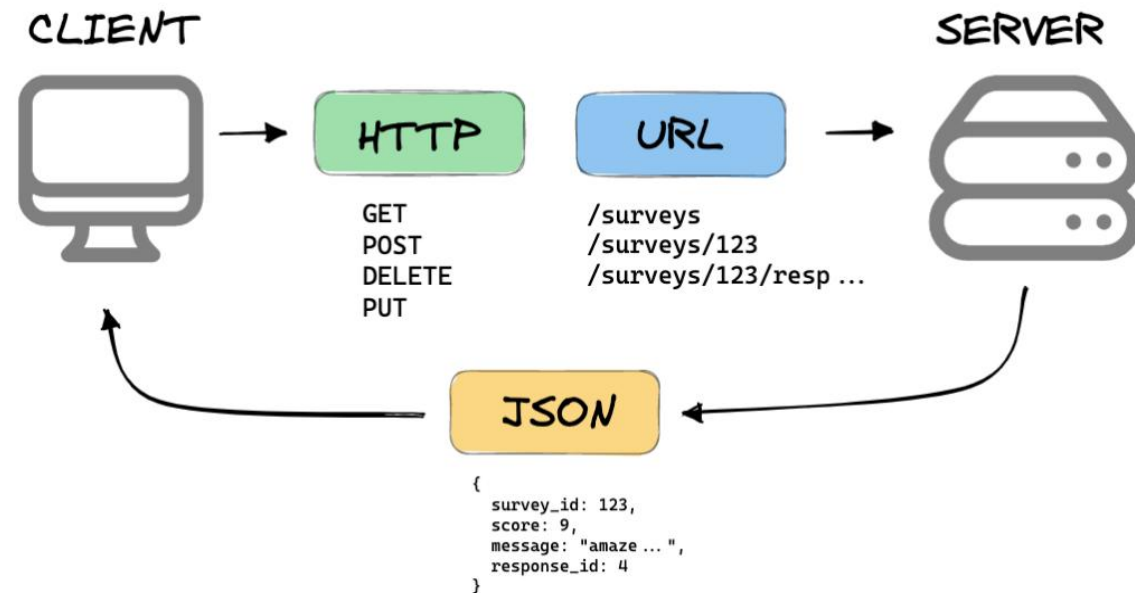
What is an API?

- **A**pplication **P**rogramming **I**nterface
- Allows two software systems to **communicate with each other**



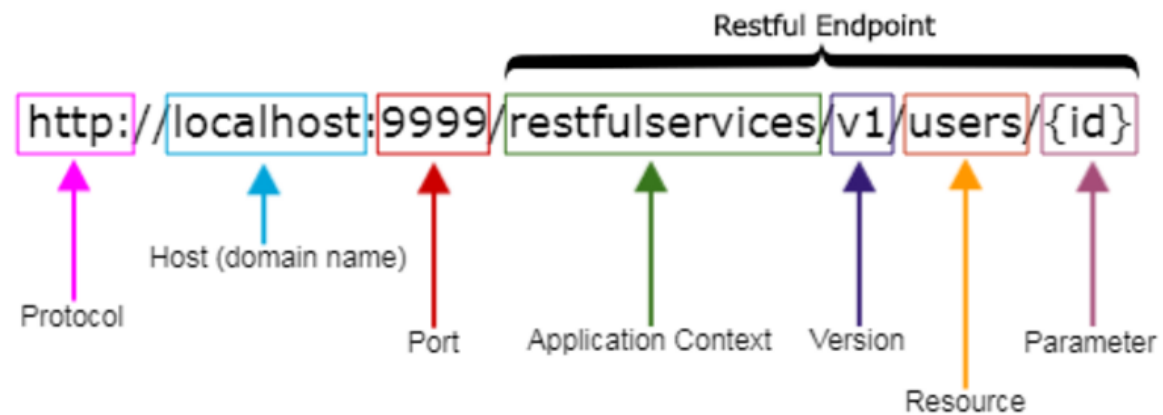
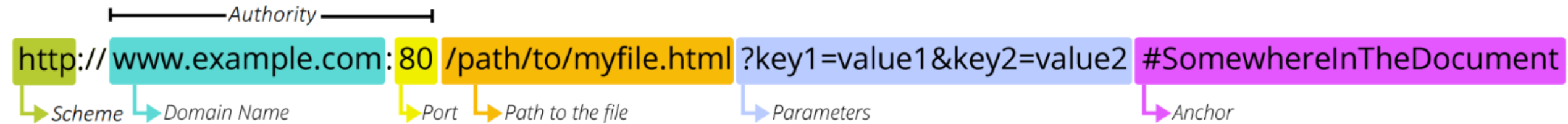
What is REST API

- REST stands for Representational State Transfer
- It is an **architectural style for building web services**
- REST uses standard HTTP methods like GET, POST, PUT, DELETE





URL Example

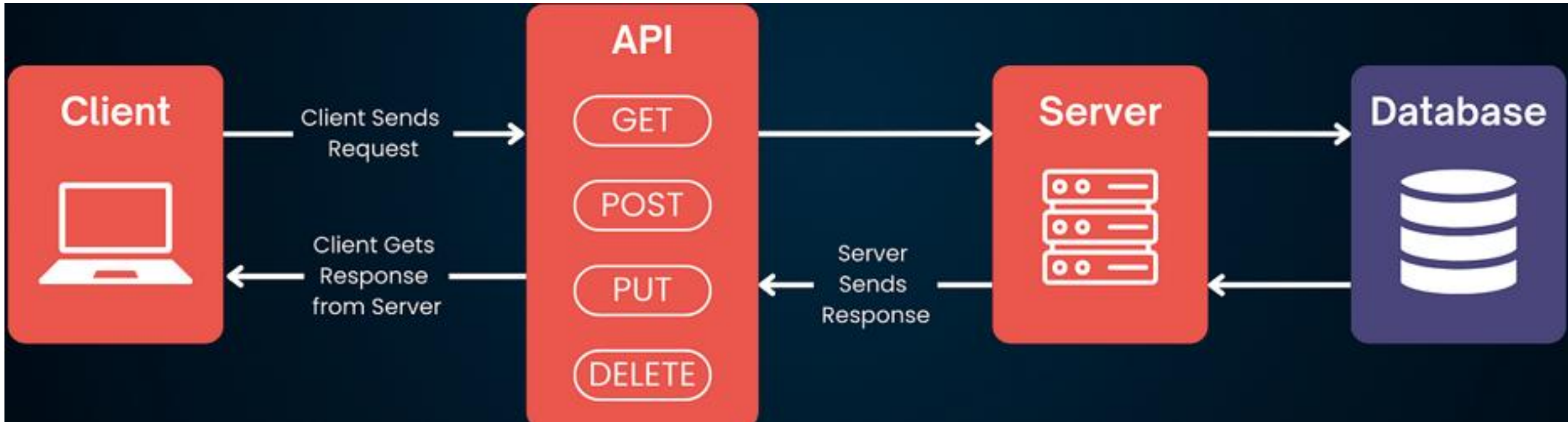


Rest API vs RESTful API

Term	Meaning
REST API	Refers to an API that follows some or most principles of REST.
RESTful API	Refers to an API that strictly follows the REST architectural style.

“Every RESTful API is a REST API, but not every REST API is truly RESTful.”

Big Picture



How REST API Works

HTTP Method	Action	Examples
GET	Obtain information about a resource	<code>http://example.com/api/orders</code> (retrieve order list)
GET	Obtain information about a resource	<code>http://example.com/api/orders/123</code> (retrieve order #123)
POST	Create a new resource	<code>http://example.com/api/orders</code> (create a new order, from data provided with the request)
PUT	Update a resource	<code>http://example.com/api/orders/123</code> (update order #123, from data provided with the request)
DELETE	Delete a resource	<code>http://example.com/api/orders/123</code> (delete order #123)

CURD vs HTTP

CURD	HTTP Method	URL	Note
CREATE	POST	/api/v1/users	Create User
READ	GET	/api/v1/users	List Users
READ	GET	/api/v1/users/:id	Get User By Id
Update	PUT	/api/v1/users/:id	Update By Id
Delete	Delete	/api/v1/users/:id	Delete By Id
Update	Patch	/api/v1/users/:id	Partially Update By Id

HTTP Status Codes



HTTP Status Codes

Level 200

200: OK
201: Created
202: Accepted
203: Non-Authoritative
Information
204: No content

Level 400

400: Bad Request
401: Unauthorized
403: Forbidden
404: Not Found
409: Conflict

Level 500

500: Internal Server Error
501: Not Implemented
502: Bad Gateway
503: Service Unavailable
504: Gateway Timeout
599: Network Timeout

Why use REST APIs

- Simplicity and scalability
- Platform and language independence
- Lightweight and fast
- Characteristics
 - Stateless communication
 - Resource-Based URLs
 - Use stranded HTTP protocols
 - Support multiple data formats (JSON, XML)

Let's get some hands-on Experience