## Math 327 Homework 1

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- 1. Let x and y be two positive numbers.
  - (i) Use the mathematical induction to show that if x < y, then  $x^n < y^n$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

First, we let k = 1. Given that x < y,  $x^k < y^k = x^1 < y^1 = x < y$  which we are given so it is true.

Now, we assume this is true for k. We want to show that it is true for k+1.

$$x^k < y^k$$

Since x < y, we can multiply both sides by x to get

$$x^{k+1} < y^k x$$

Knowing that  $x < x^k < y^k$ , we can substitute x for  $y^k$  since the inequality will still hold. Thus, we can write

$$x^{k+1} < y^k y^k$$

$$x^{k+1} < y^{k+1}$$

(ii) Deduce that if  $x^n < y^n$  for some  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , then x < y.

Assume that  $x^n < y^n$  for all n, but  $x \ge y$ . We then have two cases,

Case 1: x = u.

If x = y. We can thus multiply both sides by x and y respectively (they are both equal, so the order is irrelevant) n times to get  $x^n = y^n$  for all n. This is a contradiction to our original statument of  $x^n < y^n$ , so  $x \neq y$ .

Case 2: x > y.

If x > y, we can multiply both sides by y n times to get

$$xy^n > yy^n$$

Since  $x^n < y^n$ , we can substitute  $y^n$  for  $x^n$  since the inequality will still hold. Thus, we can write

$$xx^n > yy^n$$

$$x^{n+1} > y^{n+1}$$

For all n. However, if we plug in n = n - 1, we get

$$x^n < y^n$$

which is a contradiction to our original statement of  $x^n < y^n$ , so x cannot be less than y. Thus, we have shown that x < y.

- 2. Do problem 17 on page 11 of the textbook  $[{\bf F}]$
- 3. Suppose that S is a non-empty set of real numbers that is bounded. Prove that  $\inf S \leq \sup S$ , and the quality holds if and only if S consists of exactly one number.
- 4. Do Problem 10 on page 11 of the textbook [F].