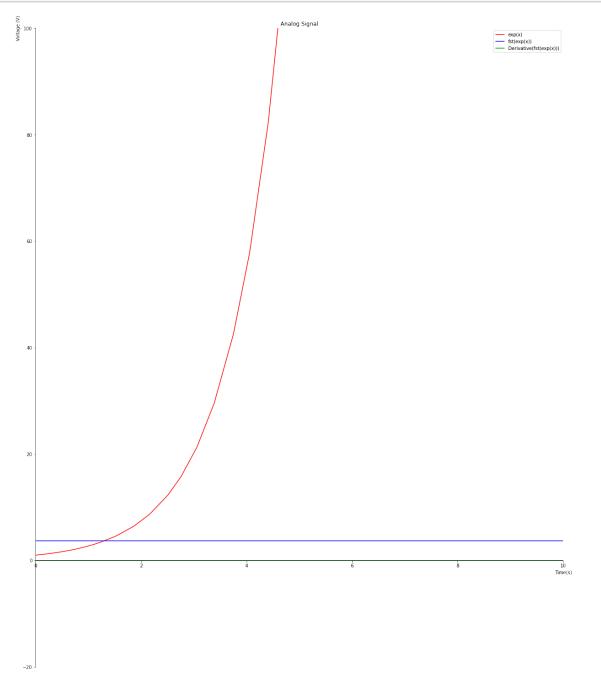
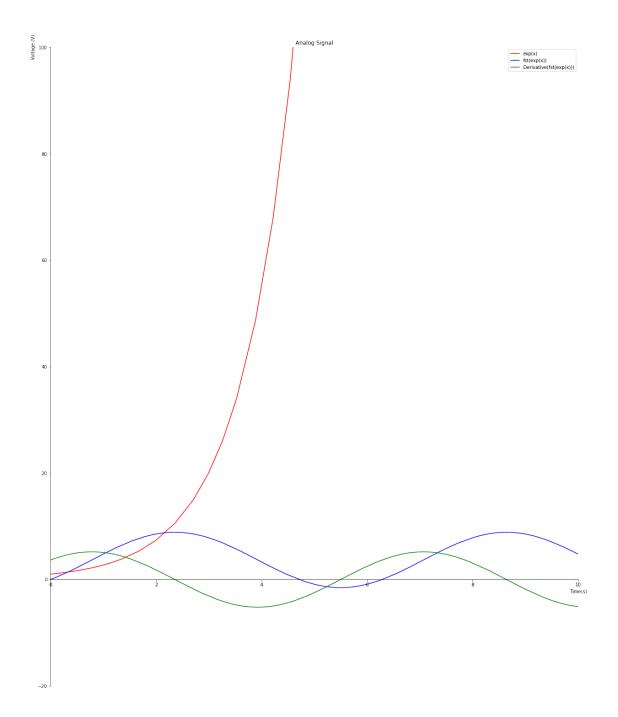
Fourier Series Stuff

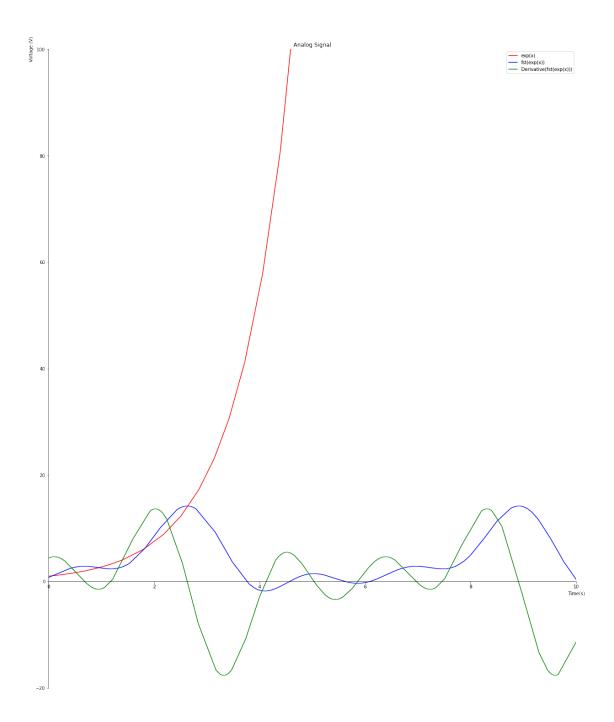
December 28, 2021

```
[4]: Nicholas Caudill nscaudill2020@manchester.edu github.com/nsc9
                                       from sympy import symbols, E, fourier_series, pi, Derivative, Eq, plot
                                        # Example
                                        # Computing the Fourier series of f(x)=e^{**}x at n=3, a=-pi, b=pi:
                                       x = symbols('x')
                                       f = E**x
                                       f
[4]: e^x
 [5]: fs = fourier_series(f, (x, -pi, pi))
                                       fst = fs.truncate(n=3)
[5]: \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{2}\right)\sin\left(x\right)}{\pi} + \frac{\left(-\frac{2e^{\pi}}{5} + \frac{2}{5e^{\pi}}\right)\sin\left(2x\right)}{\pi} + \frac{\left(-\frac{e^{\pi}}{2} + \frac{1}{2e^{\pi}}\right)\cos\left(x\right)}{\pi} + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{5e^{\pi}} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{5}\right)\cos\left(2x\right)}{\pi} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{5}\cos\left(2x\right)}{\pi} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{5}\cos\left(2x\right)\cos\left(2x\right)}{\pi} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{
 [6]: # Compute the derivative of the Fourier series of e**x
                                       e5 = Derivative(fst)
                                       e6 = e5.doit()
                                      Eq(e5,e6)
                                  \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{2} \right) \sin{(x)}}{\pi} + \frac{\left( -\frac{2e^{\pi}}{5} + \frac{2}{5e^{\pi}} \right) \sin{(2x)}}{\pi} + \frac{\left( -\frac{e^{\pi}}{2} + \frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} \right) \cos{(x)}}{\pi} + \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{5e^{\pi}} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{5} \right) \cos{(2x)}}{\pi} + \frac{-\frac{1}{e^{\pi}} + e^{\pi}}{2\pi} \right) = -\frac{\left( -\frac{e^{\pi}}{2} + \frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} \right) \sin{(x)}}{\pi} - \frac{2\left( -\frac{1}{5e^{\pi}} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{5} \right) \sin{(2x)}}{\pi} + \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{2} \right) \cos{(x)}}{\pi} + \frac{2\left( -\frac{2e^{\pi}}{5} + \frac{2}{5e^{\pi}} \right) \cos{(2x)}}{\pi} = -\frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{5} \right) \sin{(2x)}}{\pi} + \frac{\left( -\frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} + \frac{e^{\pi}}{2} \right) \cos{(x)}}{\pi} + \frac{2\left( -\frac{2e^{\pi}}{5} + \frac{2}{5e^{\pi}} \right) \cos{(2x)}}{\pi} = -\frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} + \frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} + \frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} \sin{(x)} + \frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} + \frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} \sin{(x)} + \frac{1}{2e^{\pi}} \sin
 [8]: u = 2
                                       for i in ([u**q for q in range(8)]):
                                                                     p = plot(f,fs.truncate(n=i),Derivative(fs.truncate(n=i)).doit(),legend = __
                                              →True,xlim = (0,10),ylim = (-20,100),title="Analog Signal", xlabel =
                                              → "Time(s)", ylabel = "Voltage (V)", size = (17,20), steps=1, show=False
                                                                                                     ) # here we are doing the same math above and plotting but with loops,
                                              →varying our n values of fourier equation
                                                                     p[0].line_color = 'r'
```

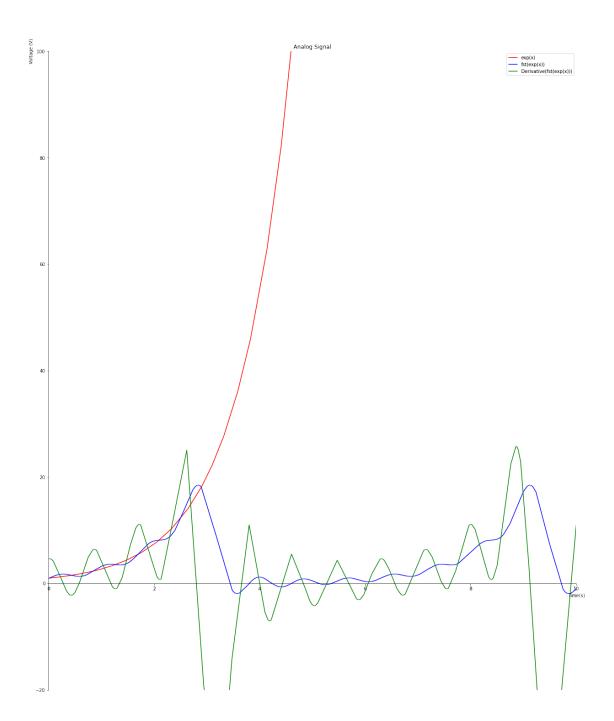




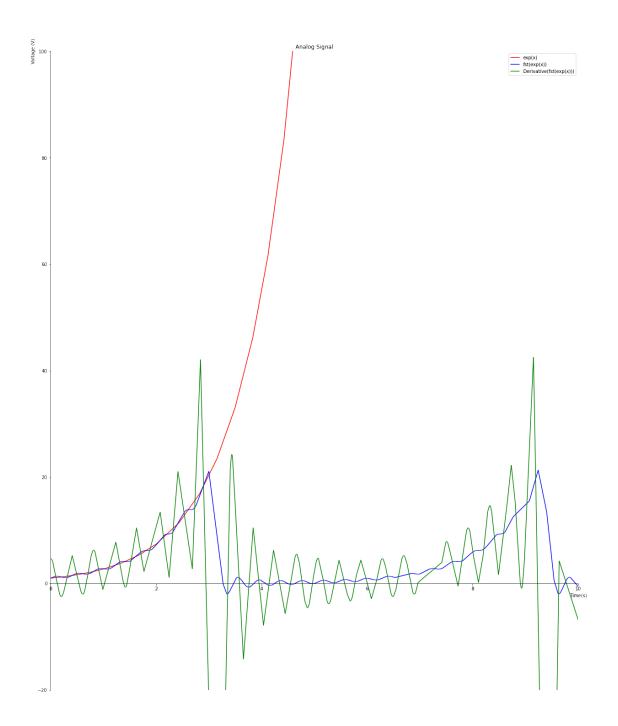
i or n = 2



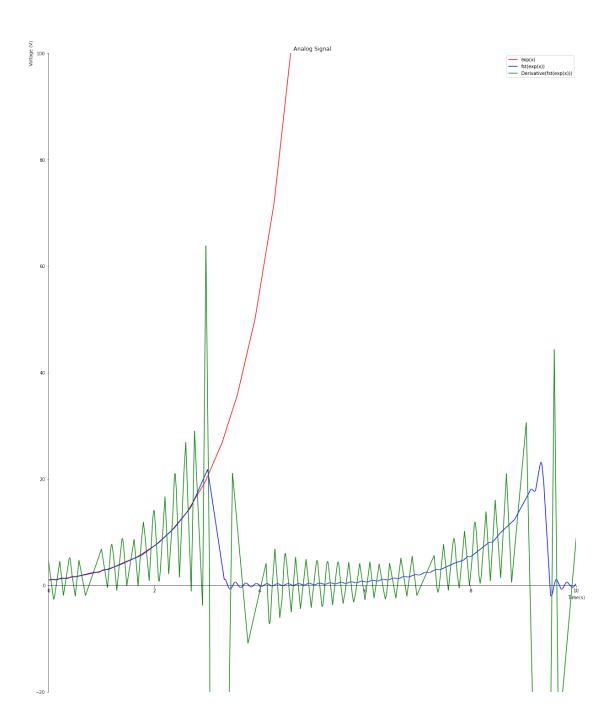
i or n = 4



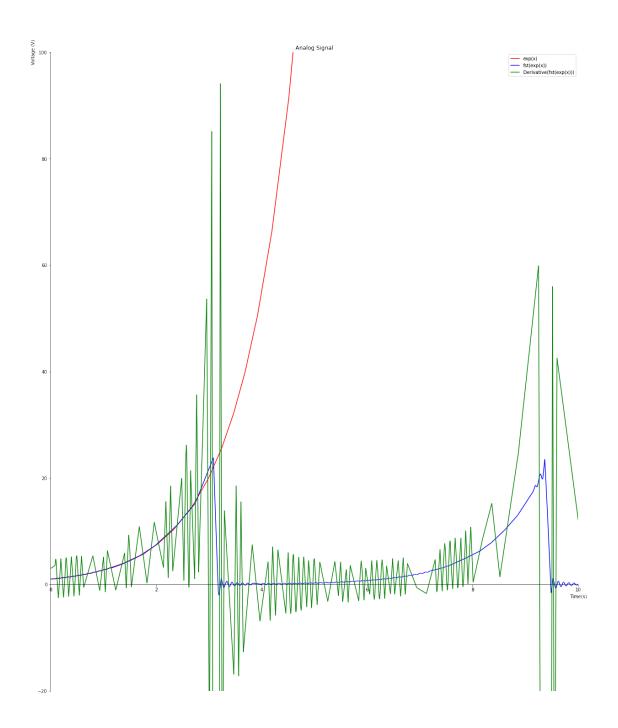
i or n = 8



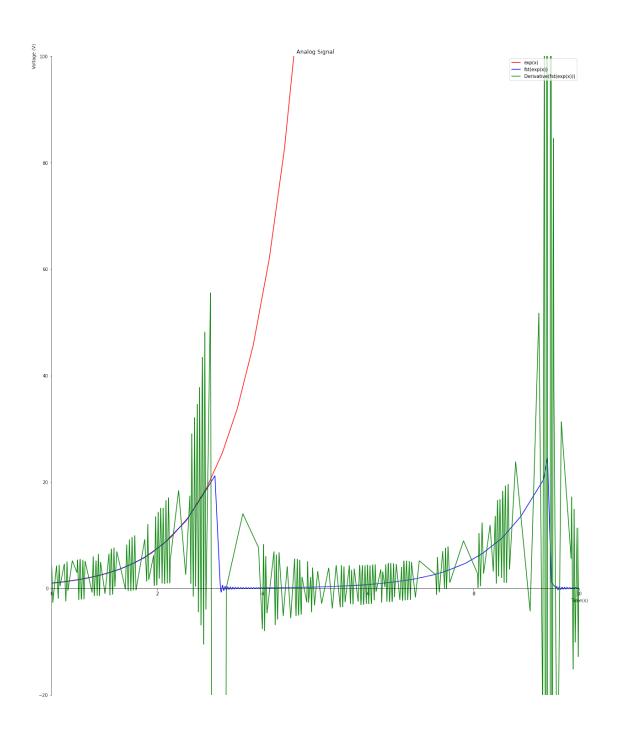
i or n = 16



i or n = 32



i or n = 64



i or n = 128

[10]: print(fst) # at n = 3, a = -pi, b = pi
$$(-\exp(-pi)/2 + \exp(pi)/2)*\sin(x)/pi + (-2*\exp(pi)/5 + 2*\exp(-pi)/5)*\sin(2*x)/pi$$

```
+ (-\exp(pi)/2 + \exp(-pi)/2)*\cos(x)/pi + (-\exp(-pi)/5 + \exp(pi)/5)*\cos(2*x)/pi + (-\exp(-pi) + \exp(pi))/(2*pi)
```

[11]: print(Derivative(fst).doit())

```
-(-\exp(pi)/2 + \exp(-pi)/2)*\sin(x)/pi - 2*(-\exp(-pi)/5 + \exp(pi)/5)*\sin(2*x)/pi + (-\exp(-pi)/2 + \exp(pi)/2)*\cos(x)/pi + 2*(-2*\exp(pi)/5 + 2*\exp(-pi)/5)*\cos(2*x)/pi
```