

Name: Ruby Mayer

Child ID:

**Date of Testing:** 09/02/2020

Chronological Age: 3 years, 1 month, 3 days

Gender: Female

Location: Riverside Early Intervention

Date of Birth: 07/30/2017

Examiner(s)

Label: Initial Eval

The Battelle® Developmental Inventory, Third Edition™ (BDI-3™) is an early childhood instrument based on the concept of developmental milestones. As a child develops, he or she typically attains critical skills and behaviors sequentially, from simple to complex. The BDI-3 measures a child's progress along this developmental continuum in global domains and discrete skill sets in the following areas: Adaptive, Social-Emotional, Communication, Motor, and Cognitive.

Domain(s)/Subdomain(s) Administered

BDI-3 Developmental Record Form

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#### **Table of Scores**

Domain / Subdomain	Sum of Scaled Scores	Developmental Quotient	Percentile Rank	95% Confidence Interval
Adaptive	18	94	34	87-101
Social-Emotional	28	96	39	92-100
Communication	12	76	5	72-82
Motor	26	91	27	85-97
Cognitive	19	78	7	74-84
Domain / Subdomain	Sum of Scaled Scores	Developmental Quotient	Percentile Rank	90% Confidence Interval
BDI-3 Total	103	86	18	84-88

Domain / Subdomain	RS	SS	PR	Z-Score	AE	RDI	css	CSS 90%	T-Score	NCE
Adaptive			34	- 0.40		82/90			46	42
Self-Care	37	8	25	- 0.67	31	73/90	495	488 - 502	43	36
Personal Responsibility	12	10	50	0.00	36	88/90	500	491 - 508	50	50
Social-Emotional			39	- 0.27		82/90			47	44
Adult Interaction	37	10	50	0.00	40	89/90	504	496 - 512	50	50
Peer Interaction	15	9	37	- 0.33	30	81/90	495	488 - 502	47	43
Self-Concept and Social Role	31	9	37	- 0.33	28	73/90	494	487 - 501	47	43
Communication			5	<b>–</b> 1.60		25/90			34	16
Receptive Communication	28	7	16	<b>–</b> 1.00	27	32/90	478	468 - 487	40	29
Expressive Communication	30	5	5	- 1.67	23	19/90	469	461 - 477	33	15
Motor			27	- 0.60		68/90			44	37
Gross Motor	58	8	25	- 0.67	30	68/90	494	487 - 502	43	36
Fine Motor	32	10	50	0.00	35	85/90	498	486 - 511	50	50
Perceptual Motor	12	8	25	- 0.67	24	42/90	480	460 - 500	43	36
Cognitive			7	- 1.47		32/90			35	19
Attention and Memory	24	6	9	- 1.33	17	21/90	472	462 - 481	37	22
Reasoning and Academic Skills	7	6	9	- 1.33	<24	53/90	479	469 - 488	37	22
Perception and Concepts	14	7	16	- 1.00	28	25/90	471	459 - 484	40	29

#### **Score Descriptors**

Raw Score (RS) - A raw score is the summation of the points given for each item within a subdomain or area.

- **SS Standard Score or Scale Score -** Domain Standard Scores (SS), also called Developmental Quotients (DQ), have a mean of 100 and standard deviation of 15. A Domain SS of 85 falls at the 16th percentile, 100 at the 50th, and a SS of 115 falls at the 84th percentile. Subdomain scaled scores have a mean of 10 and standard deviation of 3. A scaled score of 7 falls at the 16th percentile, a scaled score of 10 falls at the 50th, and a scaled score of 13 falls at the 84th percentile.
- **PR Percentile Rank** scores reflect a child's relative position within the normative sample for his or her age group.
- **Z-Score** A Z-Score is a score that is measured in terms of standard deviations from the average, or mean, and is expressed as 0, positive numbers, or negative numbers. A Z-score of 0 falls at the mean.
- **AE Age Equivalent** indicates the age at which a specific raw score is equal to the median (50th percentile) obtained by children of a given age.
- **CSS Change Sensitive Score** the CSS represents a discrete point on the developmental milestone continuum underlying each subdomain. The CSS scale is centered so that a score of 500 on each subdomain represents the developmental level of a typical 36-month-old child and is best used to compare two administrations of the BDI-3 in order to assess change over time.
- **RDI -** The Relative Developmental Index (RDI) is expressed as a fraction, with the bottom number as 90, or 90% proficiency for the examinee's age group. The numerator is a number ranging from 0 to 100 and expresses the examinee's proficiency.
- T-Score A T-Score is a score that has a mean of 50 and a standard deviation of 10.
- **NCE** The Normal Curve Equivalent is another commonly reported type of standard score that has a mean of 50 and a standard deviation of 21.06.



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DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Adaptive: Self-Care	Washes his or her hands.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Self-Care	Distinguishes between food items and nonfood items.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Self-Care	Removes his or her shoes by untying or unfastening them without assistance.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Self-Care	Participates in brushing his or her teeth with assistance.	EMERGING
Adaptive: Self-Care	Drinks from a cup independently and with little spilling.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Self-Care	Shows signs of pretoileting readiness.	EMERGING
Adaptive: Self-Care	Removes clothing without fasteners independently.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Self-Care	Washes and dries his or her hands independently.	EMERGING
Adaptive: Self-Care	Expresses a need to use the toilet.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Adaptive: Self-Care	Puts on lower-body clothing.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Self-Care	Has bowel movements in the toilet regularly.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Adaptive: Self-Care	Puts on shoes independently.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Self-Care	Chooses the appropriate utensil for the food he or she is eating.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Adaptive: Self-Care	Sleeps through the night without wetting the bed.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Adaptive: Self-Care	Dresses and undresses independently.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE

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DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Explores his or her environment safely and independently.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Understands that hot is dangerous.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Indicates or describes an illness, ailment, or injury to an adult.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Shows care when handling something delicate or fragile.	MASTERED
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Uses appropriate behavior in public settings.	EMERGING
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Demonstrates caution and avoids common dangers.	EMERGING
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Responds to instructions given in a small group and begins the task without being reminded.	EMERGING
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Accesses a computer, tablet, or other electronic device independently.	EMERGING
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Initiates and organizes his or her own activities.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Follows established rules when playing simple games.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Adaptive: Personal Responsibility	Continues to work on a learning task with minimal guidance.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Responds positively to adult recognition and encouragement.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Mimics a familiar adult's facial expressions.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Responds positively when familiar adults or adults in authority initiate social contact.	MASTERED



Mastered





DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Recognizes an adult's happy or sad emotions.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Initiates social contact or interactions with familiar adults.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Joins in or imitates an adult's performance of simple tasks.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Seeks help from adults other than his or her parents or caregiver.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Follows adult directions with little or no resistance.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Follows the rules given by an adult for playing simple group games with peers.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Solicits feedback from adults.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Waits patiently for a teacher's or other adult's attention.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Adult Interaction	Accepts constructive criticism from an adult.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Shows awareness of the presence of other children.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Plays independently in the company of peers.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Enjoys playing with other children.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Imitates other children's play activities.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Mimics or responds to peers' emotions.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Responds differently to familiar and unfamiliar children.	EMERGING



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DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Initiates social contact with peers during play.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Shows sympathy or concern for peers.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Plays next to peers, using the same materials, but does not influence or disturb the other children's play.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Plays cooperatively with peers.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Shows interest in being included in peer groups.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Shares property with peers.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Engages in highly coordinated pretend play.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Willingly takes turns and shares.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Actively participates in peer relationships.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Peer Interaction	Plays cooperatively in rule-regulated games with peers.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Appropriately communicates negative emotions.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Exhibits apprehension or fear in new situations.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Expresses ownership or possession.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Identifies himself or herself in a mirror.	EMERGING



Mastered





DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Transitions from one activity or setting to another.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Shows pride in his or her work or accomplishments.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Uses symbolic representation in make-believe play.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Recovers from distress in a reasonable amount of time when comforted.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Willingly tries new things.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Initiates social interactions with others.	EMERGING
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Engages in adult role-playing and imitation.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Demonstrates knowledge of his or her age.	MASTERED
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	States his or her first and last names.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Follows classroom rules and agreements.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Social-Emotional: Self-Concept and Social Role	Recognizes another's need for help and offers assistance.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Communication: Receptive Communication	Identifies family members or pets when named.	MASTERED
Communication: Receptive Communication	Responds to simultaneous verbal and gestural commands.	MASTERED



Mastered





DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Communication: Receptive Communication	Associates spoken words with familiar objects.	MASTERED
Communication: Receptive Communication	Points to body parts when named.	EMERGING
Communication: Receptive Communication	Looks at or points to an object across the room when it is named.	MASTERED
Communication: Receptive Communication	Understands the simple possessive forms <i>your</i> and <i>my</i> .	EMERGING
Communication: Receptive Communication	Understands simple action verbs.	MASTERED
Communication: Receptive Communication	Responds to the prepositions on and out.	EMERGING
Communication: Receptive Communication	Responds to where and when questions.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Communication: Receptive Communication	Recognizes actions in pictures.	EMERGING
Communication: Receptive Communication	Understands simple negatives.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Communication: Receptive Communication	Identifies pictures of objects by their use.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Communication: Receptive Communication	Understands what and who questions.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Communication: Expressive Communication	Uses meaningful one-word utterances to express wants or needs.	MASTERED
Communication: Expressive Communication	Uses 10 or more words in a functional way.	MASTERED



Mastered



**Emerging** 



DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Communication: Expressive Communication	Uses lip sounds (/p/, /m/, /b/).	MASTERED
Communication: Expressive Communication	Uses two-word utterances to express meaningful relationships.	EMERGING
Communication: Expressive Communication	Answers what questions.	EMERGING
Communication: Expressive Communication	Uses speech sounds (/k/, /d/, /g/).	EMERGING
Communication: Expressive Communication	Has a functional vocabulary of at least 100 words.	EMERGING
Communication: Expressive Communication	Communicates using simple sentences.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Communication: Expressive Communication	Uses three-word phrases meaningfully.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Communication: Expressive Communication	Asks questions that begin with what.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Motor: Gross Motor	Runs 10 feet while maintaining balance.	MASTERED
Motor: Gross Motor	Kicks a ball forward while maintaining balance.	MASTERED
Motor: Gross Motor	Throws a ball 5 feet forward with direction.	MASTERED
Motor: Gross Motor	Walks backward 10 or more steps.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Motor: Gross Motor	Walks up stairs, alternating feet, without assistance from a person.	EMERGING
Motor: Gross Motor	Jumps forward with both feet together.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE



Mastered





DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Motor: Gross Motor	Walks forward two or more steps in a straight line, alternating feet.	EMERGING
Motor: Gross Motor	Imitates the bilateral movements of an adult.	EMERGING
Motor: Gross Motor	Walks down stairs, alternating feet, without assistance from a person.	EMERGING
Motor: Gross Motor	Jumps forward three or more times with his or her feet together.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Motor: Gross Motor	Catches a large ball from 5 feet away, using both hands.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Motor: Gross Motor	Hops forward on one foot without support.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Motor: Fine Motor	Scribbles.	MASTERED
Motor: Fine Motor	Extends or points with his or her index finger independent of the thumb and other fingers.	MASTERED
Motor: Fine Motor	Scribbles linear and/or circular patterns.	MASTERED
Motor: Fine Motor	Uses his or her fingertips to grasp a pencil or crayon.	EMERGING
Motor: Fine Motor	Cuts paper with scissors.	EMERGING
Motor: Fine Motor	Holds paper with one hand while drawing or writing with the other hand.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Motor: Fine Motor	Imitates finger movements.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Motor: Fine Motor	Strings four large beads.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Motor: Perceptual Motor	Dumps an object from a bottle.	MASTERED



Mastered





DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Motor: Perceptual Motor	Places two objects in a bottle.	MASTERED
Motor: Perceptual Motor	Places four rings on a post in any order.	MASTERED
Motor: Perceptual Motor	Stacks four blocks vertically.	EMERGING
Motor: Perceptual Motor	Imitates a vertical line.	EMERGING
Motor: Perceptual Motor	Imitates a horizontal line.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Motor: Perceptual Motor	Builds a three-block bridge.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Motor: Perceptual Motor	Copies a circle.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Cognitive: Attention and Memory	Recognizes that a person still exists when out of view.	MASTERED
Cognitive: Attention and Memory	Uncovers a hidden toy.	MASTERED
Cognitive: Attention and Memory	Searches for a removed object.	MASTERED
Cognitive: Attention and Memory	Remains engaged in an activity for at least 5 minutes.	EMERGING
Cognitive: Attention and Memory	Looks at, points to, touches, or names pictures in a book.	EMERGING
Cognitive: Attention and Memory	Occupies himself or herself for 10 or more minutes without demanding attention.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Cognitive: Attention and Memory	Finds an object hidden under one of two cups following a 3-second delay.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE



Mastered



Emerging



DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Cognitive: Attention and Memory	Selects the hand hiding a toy following a 10-second delay.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Cognitive: Reasoning and Academic Skills	Reaches around a barrier to obtain a toy.	MASTERED
Cognitive: Reasoning and Academic Skills	Experiments with variations of causal behavior.	MASTERED
Cognitive: Reasoning and Academic Skills	Pulls a cloth to obtain an object.	MASTERED
Cognitive: Reasoning and Academic Skills	Shows interest and enjoyment in age-appropriate books or printed materials.	EMERGING
Cognitive: Reasoning and Academic Skills	Matches colors.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Cognitive: Reasoning and Academic Skills	Demonstrates how to hold a book in preparation for reading.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Cognitive: Reasoning and Academic Skills	Names the colors red, yellow, and blue.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Visually explores the environment.	MASTERED
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Shows awareness of new situations.	MASTERED
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Feels and explores objects.	MASTERED
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Imitates simple facial gestures.	EMERGING
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Places a circle and a square in a form board.	EMERGING



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DOMAIN: SUBDOMAIN	SKILL	MASTERY
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Matches a circle, square, and triangle.	EMERGING
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Identifies familiar objects by their use.	EMERGING
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Identifies big and little shapes.	MASTERED
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Identifies colors of familiar objects not in view.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Identifies the longer of two lines.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE
Cognitive: Perception and Concepts	Sorts by color with a demonstration.	FUTURE LEARNING OBJECTIVE

# K Help Your Child Learn and Grow

You can help your child learn and grow. Talk, read, sing, and play together every day. Below are some activities to enjoy with your 3-year-old child today.

#### What You Can Do for Your 3-Year-Old:

- Go to play groups with your child or other places where there are other children, to encourage getting along with others.
- Work with your child to solve the problem when he is upset.
- Talk about your child's emotions. For example, say "I can tell you feel
  mad because you threw the puzzle piece." Encourage your child to
  identify feelings in books.
- Give your child instructions with 2 or 3 steps. For example, "Go to your room and get your shoes and coat."
- Read to your child every day. Ask your child to point to things in the pictures and repeat words after you.
- Set rules and limits for your child, and stick to them. If your child breaks a rule, give her a time out for 30 seconds to 1 minutes in a chair or in her room, Praise your child for following the rules.
- Give your child an "activity box" with paper, crayons, and coloring books. Color and draw lines and shapes with your child.

- Play matching games. Ask your child to find objects in books or around the house that are the same.
- Play counting games. Count body parts, stairs, and other things you use or see every day.
- Hold your child's hand going up and down stairs. When he can go up and down easily, encourage him to use the railing.
- Play outside with your child. Go to the park or hiking trail. Allow your child to play freely and without structured activities.

Content source: National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities, Center for Disease Control and Prevention. https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/actearly/milestones/index.html

This milestone checklist is not a substitute for a standardized, validated developmental screening tool