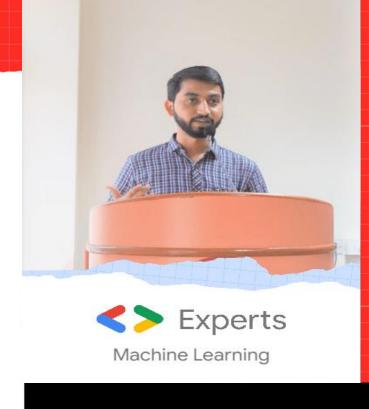


MLOps for Computer Vision using TensorFlow







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Content

- 1. What is MLOps?
- 2. Building Blocks of an ML application
- 3. Understanding the MNIST dataset
- 4. Building your custom character recognizer
- 5. Some interesting examples built with TensorFlow

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What is MLOps?



MLOps = ML + DevOps

- Practice of applying DevOps practices to automate the building, deployment, and monitoring of ML pipelines.
- MLOps makes it easier to create end-to-end ML applications, and are not just confined to model training.
- Regular ML workflows like data gathering, labeling, transformation, model training, validation, serving, monitoring, and retraining are streamlined.
- TensorFlow Extended (TFX) is an end-to-end platform for deploying production ML pipelines.
- Some companies that are using TFX:







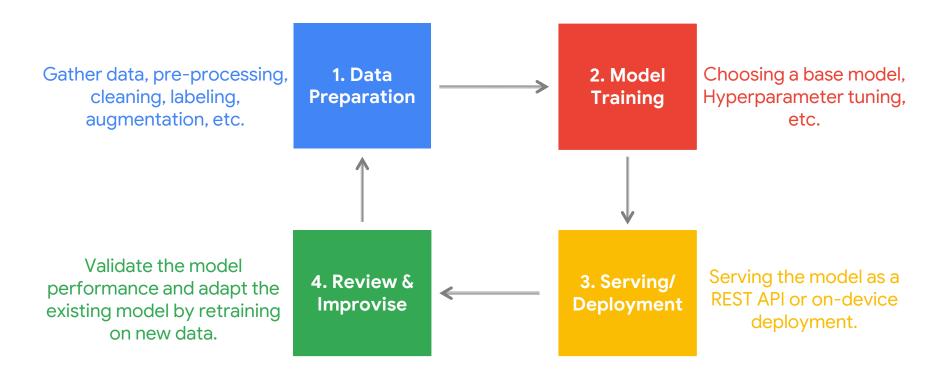


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Building Blocks of an ML application



ML Lifecycle

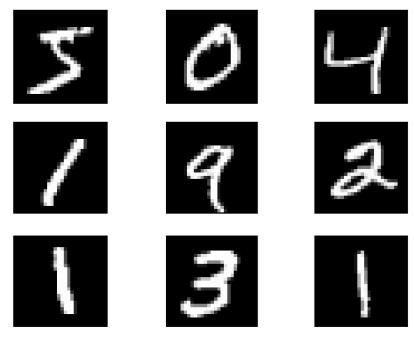


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Understanding the MNIST dataset

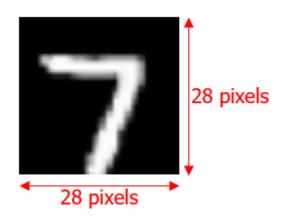


If you remember this,



Your childhood was awesome.

- Often referred to as the "Hello World" of Computer Vision, the MNIST digit dataset is a classic example of Image Classification.
- MNIST Modified National Institute of Standards and Technology is a database of handwritten digit recognition over 60k images for the digits 0-9.
- Every digit in the MNIST dataset is a 28 x 28 binary or grayscale image with the digits in white color and a black background.



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Building your custom character recognizer



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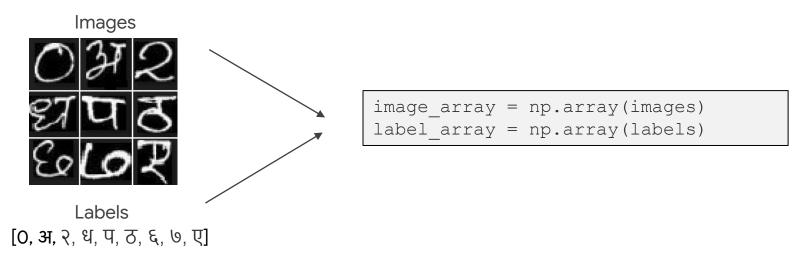
Hindi Character Recognizer





Data Preparation: Synthesize MNIST-like data for your custom dataset

1. Convert images and labels to NumPy arrays.



2. Normalize the input image array so that each pixel value is between 0 and 1.



Model Training:

Define the hyperparameters and model architecture.

```
model = keras.Sequential([
keras.layers.InputLayer(input_shape=(28, 28)),
keras.layers.Reshape(target_shape=(28, 28, 1)),
keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation=tf.nn.relu),
keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation=tf.nn.relu),
keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)), keras.layers.Dropout(0.25),
keras.layers.Flatten(), keras.layers.Dense(NO_OF_CLASSES)
])
```

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
loss=tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True),
metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=50)
```

Complete Colab notebook:

https://github.com/NSTiwari/Hindi-Character-Recognition-on-Android-using-TensorFlow-Lite

Serving/Depoyment:

- Any ML workflow is incomplete without the deployment of the model.
- TensorFlow models can be of the following formats depending upon where they need to be deployed.







Browser/Web Application (TensorFlow.js)



(TensorFlow Lite)

```
converter = tf.lite.TFLiteConverter.from_keras_model(model)
tflite_float_model = converter.convert()

with open('model.tflite', 'wb') as f:
f.write(tflite_float_model)
```

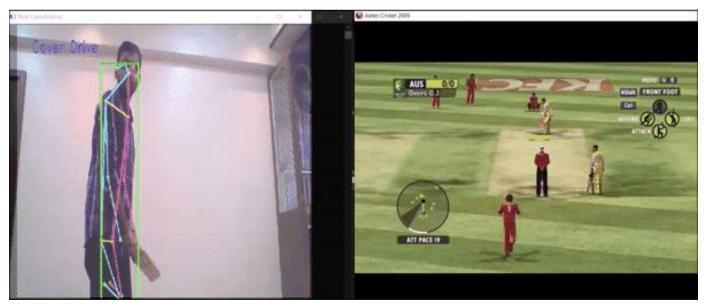
E2E Flow: The final TF Lite model is deployed on an Android application.





examples





Pose Classifier-based Video Game Controller - Ashes Cricket 2009



Real-time object detection – GTA Vice City



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Thank you.





github.com/NSTiwari



medium.com/@tiwarinitin1999





Machine Learning